THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

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DEFENSE MAY CALL FOR CHARACTER WITNESSES TODAY

MEXIC SITUATION GRAVE; GEN. HUERTA'S DEFIANCE MAY RESULT IN TROUBLE

Official Washington Regards Situation as Even Graver Than That Which Preceded the War With Spain.

PRESIDENT REALIZES GRAVITY OF THE CASE, BUT HOPES FOR PEACE

Wilson Regards as Almost Incredible Some of the Statements Issued on Behalf of Huerta — Huerta's Course May Drive United States to Recognize His Foes.

Washington, August 7.—The American government tonight was confronted by what official Washington regarded as the most delicate situation in its relations with Mexico that has yet developed since armed revolution disturbed the peace of the southern republic.

The threatened rebuff from the Huerta administration to the mission of John Lind, personal representative of President Wilson, en route to Mexico City to expound the hopes of the United States for a suspension of hostilities and an orderly constitutional election in Mexico, drew from Senator Bacon, chairman of the foreign relations committee, a declaration on the floor of the senate today that the present situation was the "gravest in years, much graver than confronted us when the Cuban question was here."

WILSON REALIZES GRAVITY.

President Wilson realizes the gravity of the situation and manifested during the day his displeasure at the attitude of some members of the minority party in congress, telling callers that he believed certain republicans were making it difficult for him to handle the situation in a peaceful manner.

On this account, Mr. Wilson justified tonight the strong and emphatic language of Senator Bacon, who, during a debate in the senate on the resolution of Senator Clarke, of Wyoming, republican, demanding a general investigation of Mexican affairs, had referred to the resolution as openly "disrespectful" and "flouting in the face of the president," while the latter was endeavoring to put into effect a peace policy. The resolution was finally forced off the day's calendar.

Peaceful Solution Hoped For.

President Wilson was unmoved by advices from Mexico City depicting the Huerta government as inimical to Mr. Lind's mission. He let it be known, too, that so far as he was able to learn, there was not the slightest demand from the American people for intervention, and declined to discuss alternatives that might be used in the event that the efforts of the American government to help restore peace in Mexico were rejected.

The president is confidently hopeful that a peaceful solution of the Mexican trouble can be effected. He made it plain to callers that until advised officially to the contrary he would continue to regard as incredible the statements issued on behalf of President Huerta, declaring Mr. Lind's presence in Mexico undesirable. While there is little disposition to doubt the veracity of Dr. Nelson Dingley, describing the attitude of the Huerta government against Lind there is hope among other administration officials that upon mature reflection no such intimations formally will be conveyed to the Washington authorities.

Huerta Will Make Mistake.

The president is known to toll the opinion that the Huerta administration would make a vital mistake to refuse at this stage of the situation to receive an envoy from the chief executive of the United States, even though the emissary lacked diplomatic status Mr. Lind, it was pointed out, was purposely sent without credentials so he might deal freely with propositions of all factions in Mexico, who might inquire as to the views of the Washington administration.

It is expected an announcement of

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You Have the Advantage of Your Father

When he was your age and wanted a job he had to go out and tramp around looking for it.

Unless some friend of his or his father knew of an opening.

But all you need do to find a job is to read the Want Ads in The Constitution.

They are the representatives of business men who need your services and will pay you well.

Or, if you've a definite idea of what you want and don't find it advertised, go after it with a Wanted Situation ad.

As your paid representative, it will be read by business men who know as well as you that—

"You Can't Get Something For Nothing."

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION
"The Standard Southern Newspaper"

WHAT WILL HUERTA DO TO ENVOY LIND?

That Question Keeps Mexico City Guessing — Huerta's Prestige Strengthened by Defiance of Washington.

Mexico City, August 7.—President Huerta's prestige among Mexicans in the capital undoubtedly has been strengthened by what is regarded as his defiance of the United States. Even those who had been lukewarm in their support of the administration profess admiration for the soldier-president, who dared to talk back to Washington, although not all of them agree as to the wisdom of his course and many of them consider that he acted precipitately in view of the officially-defined intentions of Washington.

Just what course President Huerta will take in the event that John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative, continues his trip to Mexico City, is a matter of speculation. No official declaration has been made as to what this course will be.

It is assumed that Mr. Lind might enter the republic at Vera Cruz and come to the capital without molestation, since the question of his credentials could not be expected to be answered until his arrival here, but whether he shall be expelled or merely ignored remains undetermined.

How Huerta Will Treat Lind.

Keen interest is being evinced as to what the attitude of Washington will be in the face of President Huerta's defiance, and speculation is divided as to whether Mr. Lind will be recalled or be permitted to continue as far as he can and thus force the issue upon President Huerta.

Mexicans, generally, of the conservative class, appear to believe that Huerta will not drive Lind from the country, but will be content with ignoring him, except, perhaps, for subjecting him to surveillance in order to see that he does nothing possible of being construed as mixing in the politics of the country.

Unless radical change is effected in the sentimental of the American, Lind will not be given an opportunity to talk with President Huerta, even though he is permitted to remain in the capital; nor will he be any more successful in meeting any official of the government.

Huerta Stands on Note.

The note issued by the Mexican foreign office late last night saying that John Lind would be persona non-grata unless he brought "credentials in due form together with recognition of the government of Mexico," is regarded as a reply to Secretary of State Bryan's message of yesterday to the effect that the government of Mexico should await Washington's communication and not give weight to sensational misrepresentations, although the Mexican note was prepared in advance of the receipt of Secretary Bryan's message. The exchange of communications was almost simultaneous.

Mexic Editors Laud Huerta.

Native newspapers today express loud praise of Provisional President Huerta's declaration that John Lind will be persona non-grata in Mexico.

The Independent declares that the provisional president's action constitutes "irreproachable logic."

The Imparcial says the declaration will present to all nations the attitude of Mexico in the face of the menace of intervention by the American government.

El Pais says: "The dignity and decorum of Mexico are in firm hands."

MAJOR W. W. SCREWS ANSWERS LAST CALL

Veteran Editor of The Montgomery Advertiser Passes Suddenly.

Montgomery, Ala., August 7.—Major William Wallace Screws, editor of the Montgomery Advertiser, died suddenly tonight at his country home at Coosada, fourteen miles from town, of an attack of acute indigestion. With him at the time of his death were his wife and two of his sons, Benjamin Screws and Holt Screws.

Major Screws was born February 25, 1839, in Barbour county, Ala. He was without college advantages, but received a good common school education. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in Montgomery before the Civil war. He enlisted early in that struggle and saw service in Tennessee, Kentucky and Virginia, being captured in the spring of 1865.

He became connected with the Advertiser at the close of the war, and this connection continued until his death. Major Screws served as secretary of state for Alabama four years, and from 1893 to 1897, he was postmaster at Montgomery. He was the author of books relating to the history of Alabama. He was prominent in Masonic circles, and in the Episcopal church. A wife and three sons survive.

Steamer Sinks With Crew.

Valparaiso Chile, August 7.—The Chilean steamer Isodora was wrecked today off Cape Carranza and all the members of the crew except one drowned. The steamer is a total loss. The Isodora was a coasting vessel of 729 tons and was built in Valparaiso.

CAREY'S CONDUCT AS PARK MANAGER MAY BRING PROBE

Board Adopts Resolutions Attacking Management of Department, and Charges Before Council Are Rumored.

POLITICS BEHIND ATTACK INTIMATES PARK HEAD

Carey Says He Realizes This Is His Last Term Under Existing Conditions — Attacks Actions of Cochran.

The contracts for the electrical underground wiring in Piedmont park, amounting to approximately $829, have been repudiated by the park commission and Park Manager Dan Carey is menaced today with charges of insubordination which are said to be brewing in council.

Following a "split" between Park President J. O. Cochran and General Manager Carey, resolutions attacking the management of the park department were offered and adopted, 3 votes against 3, at the meeting Thursday afternoon.

Acts On Carey's Orders.

The resolution severely reprimands Manager Carey for alleged unbecoming conduct.

City Electrician R. C. Turner called for the bids in July. He asserts that he acted under instructions from Manager Carey's department.

One contract for the conduits, wiring and fixtures for the bath house, amounting to $166.21 was given to the Woodward Electric company. The Rustell Electric company got a contract to put in a part of the underground system for $201.91, and the National India Rubber company was given the contract to furnish certain material, amounting to $402.31.

In his resolution President Cochran charges that Manager Carey has signed and authorized the execution of the contracts without getting the consent of the board. He makes the further charge that Manager Carey approved the vouchers and bills for the work without informing the board, and that he knew at the time that there were no funds to the credit of Piedmont park with which to pay for the work. He also made the charge that Manager Carey in entering into the contracts, violated the law and jeopardized the good name and credit of the city.

Commissioner Reynolds and Van Houten and Councilman Sam Shepard went to the defense of Manager Carey.

Politics, Says Carey.

"It looks to me like politics behind the attack," Manager Carey says. "The board planned the work I contracted for for more than three years, and had it not been for a misunderstanding between myself and City Electrician Turner the contracts would not have been made. President Cochran and several members of the board know that the work was being done under the contracts, but they made no effort to stop it, although it was their duty.

Manager Carey denied satements in the resolution that there are no funds to the credit of Piedmont park to pay for the work. He showed that in addition to $829 which can be used to disburse the contracts and $231 which must be paid to the Southern Bitulithic company, there is a balance of $720 to the credit of the improvement fund.

Three years ago the park board agreed to wire the bathhouse at Piedmont lake, and under requests, Manager Carey conferred with the city electrician to get bids.

He says he sternly asked Turner to call for bids. On the other hand, Turner insists that Carey instructed him to make the contracts and hasten the work. When the bills were presented to the improvement committee, Commissioner Burnett raised the question that Manager Carey exceeded his authority by not informing the board when the award of the contracts was made.

Make Effort to Impeach.

It was learned Thursday that members consulted City Attorney James L. Mayson and insisted that Manager Carey be impeached.

Commissioner Cochran would not discuss this phase of the affair. He said he offered his resolution because he thought the board would be satisfied by removing Manager Carey. He denied that he was inspired by political motives.

Manager Carey does not attempt to shift the blame from his shoulders to those of City Electrician Turner. He insists that the whole affair is a misunderstanding, and that he will assume responsibility.

There is no record in the city electrician's office to show that Manager Carey ordered the work started. But Turner declares that it was his understanding that the park department so ordered.

Discussing the attitude of the board, Manager Carey said:

"By adopting the resolution, the board takes the position that it does not believe my statement that the work was done through error, I acted square through the entire matter."

Commissioner Reynolds raised the point that in the general manager's report of July 4, attention was called to the fact that the underground system had been started in Piedmont. He insisted that the board was guilty for not then calling a halt. Commissioner Van Houten vigorously opposed the Cochran resolution because it was an effort, he said, to burden Manager

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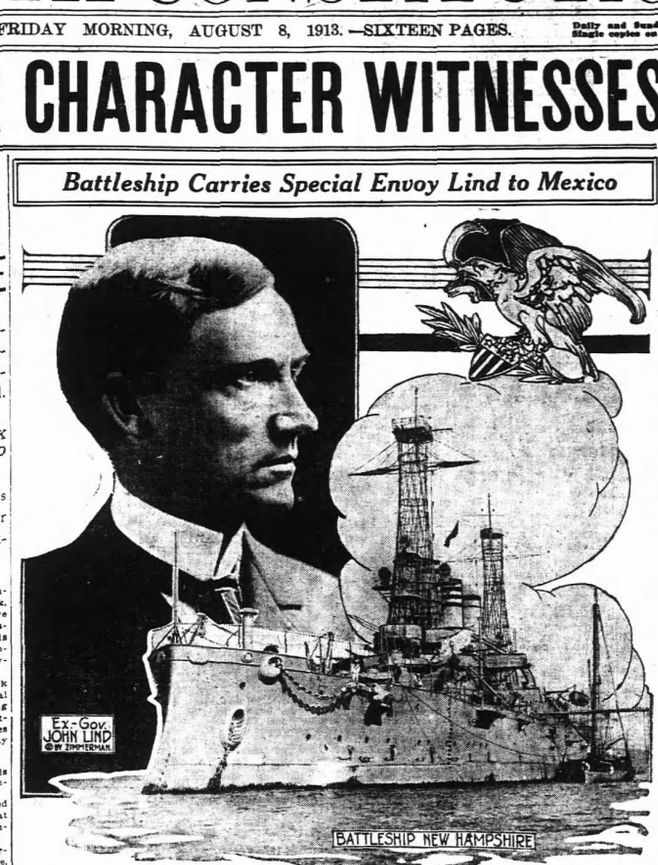
Battleship Carries Special Envoy Lind to Mexico



Ex-Governor John Lind, of Minnesota, the president's personal representative and mediator in the City of Mexico, has embarked on the United States battleship New Hampshire at Galveston for Mexico. It was estimated that the battleship would land him at Vera Cruz August 10. The railroad is open between Vera Cruz and the City of Mexico, and the journey usually takes about twelve hours. Mr. Lind therefore may be expected to be ready to begin his important duties the week beginning August 11. Mr. Lind will endeavor to persuade President Huerta to retire from office to arrange for the holding of an election that will result in the choice of a president by constitutional means. Ex-Governor Lind has had no experience in diplomacy and has not resided in a Latin-American country. He served in the house of representatives when William J. Bryan was a congressman, and his choice for the important office of mediator is credited to Mr. Bryan. During the time that he and Mr. Bryan were in congress Mr. Lind was a republican. He bolted the republican party in 1896 on account of his adherence to free silver views and became a follower of Mr. Bryan. He remained in the democratic party in the Roosevelt-Parker campaign of 1904 and the Taft-Wilson campaign of 1912. Mr. Lind was born in Sweden fifty-nine years ago and came to the United States when he was fourteen years old. He began the practice of law in New Ulm in 1877. He was receiver of the United States land office at Tracy, Minn., from 1881 to 1885, a member of congress from 1887 to 1893, a lieutenant in the Twelfth Minnesota volunteers during the Spanish-American war, and the unsuccessful democratic candidate for governor of Minnesota in 1896, was elected governor in 1898. He was defeated for re-election in 1900 and again served as a member of congress from 1903 to 1905. His home is in Minneapolis. Mr. Lind lost his left arm in an accident when he was a young man.

Time for State to Pay Up, Declares Governor Slaton; Has Faith in Legislature

Declaring that it is high time for Georgia to pay her debts, Governor John M. Slaton last night gave out a ringing message to the people dealing with the financial condition of the state.

The only honest way, he urges, is for the state to pay its debts, and under no conditions to spend more than it takes in. He declares that Georgia should set an example for business probity and not permit kiting processes.

"Certainly the governor," declares Mr. Slaton, "should not be required to draw warrants on a treasury in which there is no money."

Governor Slaton's Message.

Governor Slaton's Message in full is as follows:

"Of course I know the human nature of the situation. Other legislatures have been spending and this one is called upon to pay up. All of us like to spend liberally, but none of us like the day of settlement. We enjoy living well during the year, but do not like to pay up when the time comes for the reckoning.

"I believe if a man has 15 cents in his pocket he should make his dinner on a sandwich, but he can't have terrapin stew and pie.

"For 1911 the legislature appropriated about $156,000 more than its revenue; in 1912, $427,000; in 1913, $349,000 more than the estimated revenue. These are the treasurer's figures, making a sum total of $932,000 of appropriations in excess of revenue. This year the general appropriation bill that went to the senate exceeded the anticipated revenue $280,000, making a deficit of $1,212,000, supposing there is no decrease of taxable values.

"It will be thus seen that while the tax limit is 5 mills, the legislature has been appropriating about 6 mills without raising the money. The result of this course is manifest to anybody.

Mandate of the People.

"When the constitutional limitation of 5 mills was adopted nobody supposed the legislature would appropriate in excess of the amount raised by that levy. It was a mandate by the people that they only desired such governmental functions, whether schools, pensions or anything else, as that amount would pay for.

"But the legislature appropriated beyond that sum. A huge deficit exists. The people have enjoyed the

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BOLT KILLS SON OF H. M. STANLEY

Labor Commissioner's Thirteen-Year-Old Boy, John, Found Lying Dead in Field at Dublin.

Dublin, Ga., August 7.—(Special.)—Young John Stanley, son of H. M. Stanley, commissioner of commerce and labor, was killed by lightning here this afternoon during a rain that fell about 6 o'clock. He was found dead on his face in the edge of a cotton patch near the residence of William Pritchett, whose family he had been visiting for some time.

With his brother, Harry Stanley, he was returning from a rabbit hunting to get out of the rain that was coming. Harry reached the home of Mr. Pritchett several minutes ahead and the rain came down hard just after he got under shelter. John did not reach the house, but after the rain had slackened up a little negro informed Mr. Pritchett that some one was lying in the field near the house apparently dead.

Mr. Pritchett, with Harry Stanley, went to investicate and found John lying upon his face dead. He had apparently been dead for about half an hour, although there was no mark upon the body save a small burned place on the back of his head near the neck. The lightning left few other marks upon the body, the bolt seeming to have entered through the top of the head and killed him instantly.

The death of the boy is a great shock to all the people of the city, most of whom had known him for a long time. He was a native of Dublin and was about 13 years of age, a bright, manly young boy, very popular among his friends. The body will be taken tomorrow to Decatur, where the interment will occur Saturday.

Bloody Fighting in Teheran.

Teheran, August 7.—Two score or more men were killed or wounded in street fighting between Persian troops and Bakhtiari tribesmen today. Then peace was restored and the tribesmen submitted. The Bakhtiaris are a nomadic, semi-independent people, who inhabit western Persia near the Turkish frontier. They are allied to the Kurds. The clansmen were a potent factor in the last revolution.

INHERITANCE TAX PASSED BY HOUSE

Swift Substitute Bill Receives an Overwhelming Majority. What the Measure Provides.

The house on Thursday passed the Swift inheritance bill by a vote of 125 to 13.

This measure is a substitute for the three bills introduced by Messrs. Cole of Bartow, Ledbetter of Polk, and Swift of Muscogee, and was amended by general judiciary committee No. 1.

The bill provides for a levy of a tax upon all real and personal property in the state which shall pass on the death of a decedent by will or by the laws regulating decedent and distribution, or by deed, grant or gift, except in cases of a bona fide purchase for a full consideration.

A tax of 1 per cent is levied on such property in excess of $5,000 passing to any immediate kin or adopted children of a decedent. A tax of 5 per cent is levied on all property affected by this bill passing to any person, corporation, association other than those included in the 1 per cent class.

This measure, which has been in force in two states in the union for eighty-five years, and is now in effect in thirty-eight states, is by the vote of the house one of the most popular measures ever passed in the state, and is considered as probably the fairest means of taxation possible.

Ten-Minute Limit.

With a ten-minute limit on speeches in debate, Mr. Smith, of Fulton, took the floor, discussing the good effects of the law in other states, the increase in this state's revenues that might be expected from the passage of the bill, and touching upon the constitutionality.

Mr. Slaton, of Bryan, pointed out that the bill does not call for an annual tax, but a tax only at the time of the transfer of the property.

An Entirely Fair Measure.

Messrs. Oliver, of Richmond, and Wright, of Floyd, argued that this bill is the fairest of all taxation by virtue of the fact that it asks for a part of a person's wealth that has put that person to no labor or suffering to get, but which is a pure gift.

It will be noted that the bill allows that children or widows may receive as much as $5,000 each without having to give any part of the sum to the state, thus being assured of being unmolested in receiving a sum for support.

The bill does not affect beneficiaries of life insurance policies.

C. B. DALTON TELLS ABOUT VISITS HE PAID THE PENCIL FACTORY WITH MANY WOMEN

Declares He Used Basement for Immoral Purposes at Same Time That Frank Was in Building, But Did Not Attempt to Say What the Superintendent's Relations With Women Were—Declares Conley Acted as Lookout for Him.

DR. LEROY W. CHILDS CALLED BY DEFENSE TO REFUTE DR. HARRIS

Harry Scott Is Also Put on Stand by Defense to Prove That Conley Lied on Many Occasions—Detective Was on the Stand When Court Adjourned for Day—Cross-Examination Fails to Shake Dr. Harris.

Shortly after Dr. H. F. Harris had completed his testimony for the state and was cross-examined in detail by Reuben Arnold, the state rested its case against Leo M. Frank.

Solicitor Dorsey had called for Frank's bank book to show that he had in his possession approximately $200—the sum Jim Conley says he gave him and then took back—but the book was not produced, and the state rested. Later the solicitor may introduce other witnesses, but not until after the defense has closed.

Interest just now centers on the possibility of the defense introducing character witnesses, in which event the state is prepared to call several witnesses in rebuttal who otherwise could not be heard. When the trial was first called, the defense had read a long list of witnesses who have known Frank for years, and who will swear to his general good character. If these witnesses are called, the trial will be drawn out for at least two weeks.

Dalton Tells Of Visits.

C. B. Dalton was the first witness called by the state Thursday morning. Dalton made a remarkably frank witness. He told of several visits he had made to the pencil factory with a Miss Daisy Hopkins and other women, and of his using the basement of the factory for immoral purposes during the time Frank was in the building with women. He did not attempt to say what the relations of Frank were with these women. He said Con-

Weather Prophecy

LOCAL SHOWERS.

Georgia—Occasional showers Friday and Saturday; warmer in north portions Friday.

Local Report.

Lowest temperature	68
Highest temperature	91
Mean temperature	80
Normal temperature	76
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.00
Deficiency since 1st of month, in.	.66
Deficiency since January 1, in.	.66

Reports From Various Stations.

STATIONS AND State of WEATHER.	Temperature 7 p.m.	Temperature High	Rain 24 hrs. ending 7 p.m.
Atlanta, rain	70	91	.56
Atlantic City, clear	72	76	1.82
Baltimore, cloudy	80	83	.02
Birmingham, clear	86	92	.00
Boston, clear	74	82	.00
Brownsville, clear	84	94	.00
Buffalo, clear	72	80	.02
Charleston, cldy	82	78	.00
Chicago, cloudy	82	82	.00
Denver, pt. cldy	86	90	.00
Des Moines, clear	84	90	.00
Galveston, clear	86	94	.00
Helena, cloudy	68	74	.00
Jacksonville, cldy	80	90	.00
Kansas City, pt. c	98	102	.00
Knoxville, clear	72	92	.00
Louisville, clear	88	92	.00
Memphis, clear	90	96	.00
Miami, cloudy	80	86	1.56
Mobile, cloudy	82	88	.00
Montgomery, clear	88	94	.00
New Orleans, cldy	80	90	.00
New York, clear	70	80	.00
Oklahoma, clear	94	100	.00
Pittsburg, cloudy	80	86	.00
Rapid City, cldy	74	78	.04
Roswell, cloudy	92	92	.00
St. Louis, pt. cldy	90	94	.00
Salt Lake City, clr	82	84	.00
S. Ste. Marie, cldy	68	76	.00
Sheridan, pt. cldy	86	90	.00
Shreveport, clear	94	98	.00
Tampa, cloudy	78	86	.00
Toledo, clear	78	86	.00
Washington, clear	78	84	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN, Section Director

ley was present in the capacity of a "lookout," and that he had paid him to act as such. Dalton gave the names and addresses of the women who had visited the pencil factory with him.

Dr. Harris On Stand.

Dr. H. F. Harris was late in arriving at the courtroom, and a recess was taken until he came. Dr. Harris took up the thread of his testimony where he left off last week, and reiterated his belief that Mary Phagan had been killed within three-quarters of an hour after she had eaten cabbage and bread. He also took up the condition of her organs, and said there must have been violence of some kind. He described the microscopic examination of the tissues he had made as bearing out this contention.

Reuben Arnold cross-examined Dr. Harris for over an hour in an effort to discredit his assertions and to show that death could have come at a later period. Dr. Harris was firm in his first position, and the cross-examination did not shake him.

Childs Testifies For Defense.

Dr. Leroy W. Childs was placed on the stand by the defense to disprove the contentions of Dr. Harris. He stated that cabbage was one of the most indigestible of foods, and might remain in the stomach for four and one-half hours without being digested.

Dr. Childs had made no examination of the dead girl, and the questions put to him by Mr. Arnold were hypothetical.

He was of the opinion that the condition of the dead girl's organs could have been produced by the digital examination of the parts made by Dr. Hurt, and that violence need not have been the case.

On cross-examination by Mr. Dorsey, Dr. Childs admitted that he was not a laboratory expert, and that he could not give expert testimony as to the existence of hydrochloric acid in the stomach under certain conditions. The best he could do was to give an opinion.

Scott On Conley's Confession.

Harry Scott, of the Pinkertons, who worked a large amount of the evidence in the case, was placed on the stand by the defense to help disprove many of the statements of the negro Conley. He testified that he had found out Conley could write on May 8. He said he had been unable to get any information from Conley about Mary Phagan's silver mesh bag.

Scott proved of value to the defense in showing that Conley had lied on numerous occasions. He was on the stand when court adjourned for the day.

Dalton Corroborates Statements Contained in Conley's Testimony

C. B. Dalton, a railroad carpenter, who was heralded as one of the "star" witnesses for the defense, was called to the stand by Solicitor Dorsey when court convened Thursday morning. The most startling statement uttered by Dalton from the stand was that he used the basement of the National Pencil company factory for clandestine meetings with girls and women.

Although not an employee of the factory, and although his acquaintance with Frank was slight, Dalton testified that the factory superintendent knew of his visits to the basement with women. Dalton named three females with whom he went into the basement. He told Solicitor Dorsey that Jim Conley, the negro sweeper at the factory, allowed him to use the basement. He gave the negro a quarter to watch on one occasion.

Dalton admitted to Attorney Luther Rosser that he did not know his birthplace.

"Were you ever employed at the National Pencil factory?" asked Solicitor Dorsey after a perfunctory examination of the witness.

"No, sir," Dalton replied.

"Did you ever go there?"

"Yes, sir."

"Do you know Daisy Hopkins?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did you ever go into Frank's office with her?"

"Yes, sir. I went into his office with her two or three times.

"Were you ever in the basement of the factory?"

"Yes, sir."

"How did you get down there?"

"I went down that ladder."

"Did Frank know that you were there?"

"I don't know if he knew that I was in the basement. He knew that I was in the building."

Women in Office With Frank.

"Was there anyone in the office with Frank when you went in there?"

"Some women."

Dalton was turned over to Attorney Rosser for cross-examination.

"When was it you saw some ladies in the office with Frank?"

"Some time last fall."

"Do you know who the ladies were —you just know that they were ladies —you don't know their names? Of the ladies was Frank's stenographer?"

"No, sir."

Dalton, questioned by Attorney Rosser, to fix the time of seeing women in the office with Frank, declared it was some time between September and December.

"Who introduced you to Frank?" asked Mr. Rosser.

"Miss Daisy Hopkins."

"Did you ever see Jim Conley there?"

"Yes."

"What was he doing when you saw him?"

"Generally sitting on a board."

Doesn't Know Birthplace.

Dalton admitted that he did not know of his birthplace. He stated that he worked for the A. B. & A. and as a carpenter, and that during the past ten years he has been doing contract work.

"When you were in Frank's office, did you ever notice if the windows had shades on them, or whether they were open?"

"I didn't," the witness replied.

"Did you see Frank in the office with ladies any time this year?"

"No, sir."

"You say you saw the negro night watchman?"

"Yes, sir."

"Have you seen him any time since?"

"No, sir."

"Did you ever go to the pencil factory with anyone else than Miss Daisy Hopkins?"

"I waited at the Busy Bee and went home with some girls from there."

"Who were they?"

"Laura Atkinson and a girl named Miss Smith."

"How many times did you pay Jim Conley to go in there?"

"I gave him a quarter one time," he said.

"Did you ever see drinks in Frank's office?"

"Yes, sir."

"What sort of drinks were they?"

Beer in Frank's Office.

"Sometimes coca-cola and sometimes it was beer."

"Can't you be more definite as to the time you met Frank than merely between September and December?"

"No, sir."

The defense, at the outset, protested vigorously against the introduction of testimony by Dalton that he saw women in the office with Frank. Judge Roan ruled that the testimony was admissible and suggested that the defense note its exceptions in the record.

Solicitor Dorsey made the declaration that he had asked the officers of the National Pencil company to produce the bank book and cash ledger for the purpose of introducing into the record the amount of cash on hand in the office on the day Mary Phagan was killed.

With this evidence and oral testimony from one or two other witnesses, the state will be ready to rest its case, the solicitor announced. "I had the books, but returned them to the pencil company with the agreement that they would be submitted when called for."

Dorsey Forces Childs to Admit Certain Portions of His Testimony Could Not Be Considered Expert

Dr. LeRoy W. Childs, who was the first witness placed upon the stand by the defense, underwent a rigorous cross-examination by Solicitor Dorsey.

The solicitor showed a keen knowledge of medicine and chemistry in the volley of questions he fired at the medical expert, and, upon one occasion, elicited the admission from the witness that he was not informed of a certain phase of laboratory work on which great stress had been laid by Dr. Roy Harris, who preceded Dr. Childs to the stand.

In concluding his testimony, Dr. Childs, when asked by the solicitor, who explained the condition in which Mary Phagan's body had been discovered, declared that it was his opinion death did not result from the blow upon the head.

Dr. Childs was on the stand at the opening of the afternoon session under direct examination of Attorney Arnold.

"State whether or not, doctor, a bruise upon an eye can be inflicted after death?"

"Such a bruise could be produced before the body is cold. Some bodies retain heat longer than others."

"Can a blow on the back of the head cause a black eye?"

"Such a blow could blacken both eyes."

Mr. Arnold then asked the witness a series of questions as to the effect of death on the organs of the body, with the purpose of indicating that the signs of violence referred to by Dr. Harris might have been from natural causes.

"Would strangulation cause congestion of blood vessels?"

"Yes."

"Hemorrhage of blood vessels could be produced by natural causes, couldn't it?"

"Yes."

"Is there any possible way for an expert examiner to determine at what time violence was committed?"

"I don't think so."

"Would you hazard an opinion of what time death had ensued, say, 15 minutes?"

"No."

"Within two days?"

"No."

Dorsey Cross-Examines.

At this point Solicitor Dorsey began the cross-examination.

"What kind of practitioner are you, doctor?" he asked.

"Surgery and general medicine."

"You have been speaking from a purely scientific standpoint, haven't you?"

"Yes."

"Do you mean to say that digestion begins in the mouth?"

"Yes."

"That is mastication, isn't it?"

"Yes."

"From a strictly scientific standpoint, as you speak, digestion begins in the mouth?"

"No, not exactly."

"Well, isn't it correct—you have just stated so?"

"Mastication is an essentially important part of digestion, but it is not literally a process of digestion. That was what I meant."

"What part do the salivary glands play in mastication?"

"I said that digestion begins in the mouth—or, that digestive process begins there. That latter question I cannot answer."

"Do you dispute the eminent authority of Dr. Crittenton?"

"I don't know. Dr. Crittenton would be in issue with other authorities."

Differs With Authorities.

"Then, he is in issue with you?"

"Yes, on that point."

"What other authority?"

"Dr. Peterson."

"Dr. Peterson is a nerve specialist, isn't he?"

"Yes, and gynicologist."

"You say that every man's stomach is a study in itself?"

"Yes."

"But you do not mean to say there are not certain fundamental laws that control every normal stomach?"

"Yes, there are certain laws."

"You say you can find free hydrochloric acid in the stomach without the presence of food?"

"Yes."

"Is that your theory?"

"Yes, it all depends upon the glands."

"But I am talking of the ordinarily normal stomach?"

"Yes, I know that."

"Do you know the Ethwald test breakfast?"

"Yes."

"Of what does it consist?"

"A slice of apple, a slice of bread and six ounces of water."

"After this breakfast has been given, is free hydrochloric acid be found in the stomach?"

"It depends entirely upon the glands."

"I'm not talking of the glands. I'm talking of a perfectly normal stomach."

"The acidity would be about two-tenths of a drahm."

Not Familiar With Chemistry.

"Give me the total acidity in degrees, doctor?"

"You are getting out of my line and into the realm of chemistry or laboratory work. I am not familiar with the figures."

"Then give to the jury the total acidity after this test breakfast."

"I prefer not to answer that question."

"Don't you know that any ordinary doctor knows how much hydrochloric acid could be found in a normal stomach after this breakfast?"

"Not necessarily so."

"Isn't it one primary teaching of every medical college in the country?"

"Not necessarily so."

"Can you tell the jury the functions of hydrochloric acid in the stomach?"

"Yes. The four prime principles of the stomach are hydrochloric acid and pepsin. They act in co-operation in the digestion of food. They also are the two active principles of gastric juice."

"Suppose, doctor, that this cabbage I have here in this vial was taken from a normal stomach with no part of the cabbage in the smaller intestines, and, upon removal, in the stomach, it was found that combined hydrochloric acid was present in 32 degrees, what would you say as to how long the substance had been in the stomach before death?"

Could Not Tell Time.

"I couldn't tell within an hour and a half of the time."

"Why couldn't you tell?"

"I recall an instance where I forced emesis on a patient where cabbage had caused indigestion and it was in a state similar to this cabbage removed from Mary Phagan's stomach."

"But that stomach was diseased, wasn't it?"

"To a certain extent."

"The structure of the stomach might have been normal, but how about the gastric juices?"

"Any normal stomach might suffer irritation."

Laughter Rules Arnold.

Here a ripple of laughter swept over the courtroom. Reuben Arnold jumped to his feet, protesting to the demeanor and charging those who had laughed at the expert's statement with being a bunch of hoodlums who had no business in a trial room.

"I'm not talking about stomach, doctor." Mr. Dorsey asked.

"One which will digest food in an expected length of time."

"Have you any more experience with cabbage tests than the lone instance in which you made the man vomit the food?"

"No. My experience was gained from that and casual observations."

"If you find in a vomit which was hours after death with a small hole in the back of her head, tongue protruding, eyes bulging, face livid, and with purple fingers and nails, with a deep indentation along the throat caused from a cord noose, how would you say she came by her death?"

"I would say not by the blow on the head."

"All right, you may come down."

Dr. Childs Differs With Harris As to Processes of Digestion

Following Dr. H. F. Harris, the final witness of the state, Dr. L. W. Childs, also an expert on matters pertaining to the various processes of digestion, was placed on the stand by the defense to refute what Dr. Harris had said about the food in Mary Phagan's stomach showing that she had been killed in about half an hour after she ate.

Dr. Childs took a decidedly opposite stand from that of his brother physician and declared that he would hazard no guess as to two hours or less as the time that death occurred after eating and also, after looking at the sample of cabbage taken from the girl's stomach, stated that he had seen cabbage look that way after it had remained in a person's stomach for 12 hours.

After ascertaining for the benefit of the jury that Dr. Childs graduated in 1906 from the medical college of the University of Michigan, and that his occupation was that of surgery and general medicine, Mr. Arnold propounded a number of hypothetical questions.

"If a person dies and the body is found at 3 o'clock in the morning when rigor mortis has set in to a certain extent," said the attorney, "and the body is then embalmed at 10 o'clock that day and later disinterred the following day, a physician finds a wound in the back of the head, say about 2 inches long, and cut through to the skull, with perhaps a drop of blood on the skull, but with no pressure on the brain and no injury to the skull, could that physician determine whether or not that wound had caused unconsciousness before death?"

"A physician might hazard a guess under those conditions you have outlined, but, personally, I would not like to do it," replied Dr. Childs.

"Would it be anything more than a guess to say that a person had become unconsciousness from that wound?"

"I would call it a guess."

Wounds Would Be Similar.

"Would not a wound made right after death resemble one made just before death?" queried Mr. Arnold.

"Yes; if it were inflicted in from one to three hours after death."

"Could you say whether it had been inflicted just before or just after death?"

"It would be a guess to say so."

"If the wound were examined nine days after death wouldn't that make it harder to determine whether or not it was made before or after death?"

"It would make it decidedly harder."

"Could a person have remained conscious after receiving such a wound as I have described?"

"Yes, that could easily be so."

"Doesn't a person often keep consciousness after having the skull fractured?"

"Yes, that is sometimes the case."

"Among what is cabbage classed when treated as a food?"

"Among the carbo-hydrates."

"State whether or not cabbage is classed among the hardest foods to digest?"

"Cabbage is classed as about the hardest among the carbo-hydrates and cellulose foods to digest."

"Where does the cabbage begin to be digested?"

"The digestion of cabbage starts in the mouth when a certain ferment in the saliva begins to mix with it."

Not Digested in Stomach.

"Does that keep up in the stomach?"

"No, the acids of the stomach neutralize the ferment and the process stops and there is no more digestion of the cabbage until it passes into the intestines."

Mr. Arnold then showed the witness the sample of cabbage taken from the dead girl's stomach, and asked him if it had been well chewed. Dr. Childs stated that from its appearance it had not been well chewed, and that had it been chewed much less that it could not have been digested at all. In answering the next question the physician stated that it usually takes about four and a half hours for cabbage to pass from the stomach to the intestines.

"Are there many things that retard indigestion?"

"Yes, the psychic influences frequently do so, that is fear and anger or fright, and similar influences," the physician replied.

"Does exercise retard or not?"

"Yes, I should say it does."

"Do you not find substances in the stomach that had been there quite a while, and yet show but little appearance of being digested?"

"Yes, that is possible."

Mr. Arnold then read from notes on Dr. Harris' testimony the condition of the cabbage in the murdered girl's stomach, and asked if from that Dr. Childs would say how long the cabbage had been there before death. The physician replied that he would not.

"How long have you seen cabbage lie in the stomach and then look no more digested than this?"

"At least twelve hours," Dr. Childs replied.

Court then adjourned for the lunch hour.

Scott Called by Defense SHOWS NEGRO LIED MANY TIMES *To Refute Conley's Story*

The defense sprang a surprise during the afternoon session when they called Detective Harry Scott to the stand to testify to the third-degree under which Jim Conley had been placed at police headquarters, and which process had exacted his three conflicting confessions.

Scott stated throughout his testimony that Conley had told conflicting stories on numerous occasions during his early imprisonment, and that he had failed to tell the detectives much of the story which he related on the witness stand Tuesday and Wednesday.

Scott's statement created a telling effect, and it is said to have caused the wavering of opinion of the negro's story. According to the detective's testimony, Conley's story, from past records, showed itself to be an unfathomably mess of fabrications.

The Pinkerton man was not removed from the stand until the adjournment of the afternoon session.

He was questioned by Luther Rosser.

"You had information on Monday following the murder that Mrs. Arthur White had seen a negro loitering on the first floor, didn't you. Did you give it to the police?"

"Yes."

"You worked in co-operation with the police, didn't you?"

"Yes."

"Did you inquire at the factory if Conley could write?"

"Yes."

"When did you first discover that he could write?"

"Sunday, May 18."

I have here a statement purporting to have been written by James Conley on May 18. Was it you present when it was made? Please examine it."

"Yes, I wrote it myself."

"Who furnished you the data?"

"Jim Conley."

"Did he furnish you any other statements?"

"Not that day."

"In the statement he gave you he recited minute details, didn't he?"

"Yes."

"None of his movements, as detailed in the first statement, included a visit to the pencil factory, did they?"

"No."

"He told you he left his home between 9 and 9:30 o'clock, didn't he?"

"Yes."

"He told you of buying beer and whisky, didn't he?"

"Yes."

Was Told Conley Could Write.

"You knew that the information that he could write came from the pencil factory?"

"Yes."

All the while the attorney plied the witness with questions he was searching through Conley's various statements made at police headquarters during the time of his confessions.

"On May 21 you dictated a statement to Conley, didn't you?"

"Yes."

"You were present, weren't you, when he was brought before Mrs. White?"

"Yes."

"What was his behavior?"

"He was nervous."

"Did he make any movements with his mouth as a signal to his wife?"

"No."

"Describe them."

Scott illustrated with his mouth a lip motion he attributed to Conley.

"Didn't he verbally deny to you on May 18 that he had connection with the murder?"

"Yes."

"You gave him the third degree, didn't you?"

"I wouldn't say that we use the third degree in our business."

"Didn't one of you wheedle him and the other scare him with 'hell'?"

"I'll admit we used a bit of profanity."

"How long was the grueling you gave him that Sunday?"

"Two hours."

"Did you have another conversation with him on May 24?"

"Yes."

"It was put in writing?"

"Yes, by a stenographer."

"Was he carried to Solicitor Dorsey that day?"

"Yes."

"He denied having seen the girl's body, didn't he?"

"Yes."

"He said, too, that he had made the notes on Friday?"

"Yes."

"He told you the second time he made a statement that he was going to tell the whole truth?"

"Yes. He made a voluntary statement that day."

"That was his first sworn statement, wasn't it?"

"Yes."

"You saw him again on May 27?"

"Yes."

"Where?"

"Police headquarters."

First Statement Showed Premeditation.

"You impressed upon him the fact that his first statement was not plausible, and, that his story of writing the notes on Friday would show premeditation, didn't you?"

"Yes."

"You saw him again on May 28?"

"Yes."

"You stayed with him all day that time, explaining that his statement was far-fetched as well as absolutely unbelievable?"

"Yes."

"On this day he made another statement?"

"Yes."

"In this time he changed his dates from Friday to Saturday?"

"Yes."

"He said it was his last statement, didn't he, and that he had made up his mind to tell the truth?"

"Yes."

"He said that when he left the Capital City laundry he met Frank and that Frank followed him to the factory?"

"Yes."

"How many notes did he say he wrote?"

"Three."

"What else did he say?"

"He said that all that Frank wrote was 'Dear mother.'"

"What sort of negro was Jim when you first saw him?"

"He was dirty and ragged."

"When they brought him into court the other day he was as slick as an onion, wasn't he?"

"Yes."

"He told you the reason he washed his shirt the day he was arrested was because he had been wearing it a long time?"

"Yes."

"On May 29 you had another talk with him?"

"Yes."

"Did you give him the third degree that day?"

"No. Not what you'd call the third degree."

"You stayed with him until 6 o'clock at night?"

"Yes."

"On this occasion he told you that he hadn't told the truth up to that time because he expected Mr. Frank to get him out?"

"Yes."

"In that statement he said nothing about watching for Frank, did he?"

"No."

"Did you ever try to get him to tell you about the mashbag of Mary Phagan's?"

"Yes. He denied having seen it."

"Did he tell you anything about Frank putting it in his safe?"

"He told me nothing about it."

"At first, didn't he tell you he wrote only one note?"

"Yes."

At this point of the examination both Mr. and Mrs. Frank leaned over to the attorney's chair and consulted secretly with Mr. Rosser.

"Did he say he gave the cigarettes and money in a box, or the money and cigarettes in a cigarette box?"

"He said he gave the money and cigarettes in the cigarette box."

First Called Her Phagan.

"In speaking of Mary Phagan, did he say he thought her name was Mary Phagan?"

"No."

"Did he tell you that he saw a girl he thought was Mary Phagan go to the second floor on the day of the murder, and, that after she had been on the floor a moment or so, heard footsteps going back towards the metal room?"

"No."

"Did he ever say anything to you about hearing a girl scream on the second floor?"

"No."

"He told you that Mr. Frank sent him back to the metal room, didn't he?"

"Yes."

"Did he tell you anything about wrapping the body up in a cloth?"

"Yes."

"Conley didn't say anything about the cord around her neck, did he?"

"Yes, he described it as being looped tightly around her throat."

"Did he say that he put the sack on his shoulder and that the body touched him about the legs?"

"Yes."

"Did he say anything about the ribbon or slipper or hat being found upstairs?"

"He mentioned the hat and slipper, but not the ribbon."

"Did you ask him about the ribbon?"

"Yes."

"He didn't say anything about Frank dismantling the second floor?"

"No, he said Frank stumbled on the office floor."

"Did you ask Conley anything about burning the body?"

"Yes, he said it was untrue."

"Did he tell you he promised to come back and burn the body and that he went to sleep and forgot it?"

"No."

"Did he say that he told Frank that Frank was a white man, and had done it, and that he wouldn't go down in the basement unless Frank went with him?"

"No."

"Did you ask him about any plans to get away and he said Frank had arranged to make his bond and send him away?"

"No."

"Did he say anything about Frank assuring him of a way to get in the building when he returned to burn the body?"

"No."

"Describe the scene in which you convinced Conley he could write."

Forced Conley to Write.

"We took him into Chief Lanford's office and gave him a pad, telling him to write. We told him we knew he could write, that he needn't hesitate. He picked up a pencil and wrote easily."

The solicitor began cross-examination at this juncture.

"With what city official," he asked, "did you communicate regarding Mrs. White's statement that she saw a negro at the factory?"

An objection by Rosser was overruled.

"My impression is that I told Black, Lanford and Bass Rosser."

"Wasn't it May 7 before you told Rosser?"

"It was a short time after April 28, I remember."

"How long was it before the state or anybody connected with the prosecution knew of the bloody stick that was found at the factory, and which is now in the hands of the defense?"

Objection made by Rosser.

"I want to show," said Mr. Dorsey, "the attitude of the Pinkertons in this matter, who were grouped in two divisions, one of which worked for the defense, Mr. Scott, only, working in touch with the state."

Dorsey resumed questions.

"Were you denied admission to Frank?"

Objection by Rosser.

Judge Roan ruled that the witness could state only what was done by Frank himself.

"Did you ever go to the jail with Conley?"

"Yes, Chief Beavers, Lanford and Conley and I went to the jail for the purpose of seeing Frank."

Objection was made by the defense to the word 'purpose.'

"When was the last time you were permitted to see Frank?"

"May 3."

"Why, were'nt you able to see Frank?"

Objections by defense sustained.

"When Conley made his last statement was there any difference in his appearance than the time you saw him make the first statements?"

"No."

"Were you in the pencil factory when Conley made his trip there with the detectives?"

"Tell the fury what happened."

Objection by Rosser, on ground that he had not gone into that phase of Conley's connection while examining the witness, was sustained.

"Conley altered all matters satisfactorily in his final statement, didn't he?"

"Yes."

"Come down."

EUFAULA WILL KEEP RED LIGHT DISTRICT

Eufaula, Ala., August 7.—(Special.) In reply to another and final petition, presented by the Law and Order league to abolish the restricted district in the southern part of the city, the city council at its meeting this afternoon passed a resolution to continue the district as it is, and under the new regulations that have been in force for the past month. By a vote of 8 to 1 the aldermen decided that segregation was the best solution of the local situation.

DR. FRANK ESKRIDGE AIDING PROSECUTION

Dr. R. T. Dorsey Also Comes to Assistance of Solicitor in the Frank Case.

Dr. Frank L. Eskridge, a well-known physician, is assisting Solicitor General Dorsey in the solicitor's examination of expert chemists and medical men, and in cross-examination of experts presented by the defense.

Dr. Eskridge is widely versed in various branches of medicine, chemistry and surgery, and has proved an invaluable aid to the solicitor, especially in the examination of Dr. Roy Harris.

In the cross-examination of Dr. LeRoy Childs in the afternoon session Thursday, Dr. Eskridge was valuably assisted by his brother, Dr. R. T. Dorsey, a prominent figure in local medical circles. Dr. Dorsey's assistance proved decisively effective in rebutting the expert's testimony.

AFFINITY SLAYER HELD FOR CARRYING PISTOL

Savannah, Ga., August 7.—(Special.) When Lathrop George, slayer of the man who confessed to his home, walked out of the superior courtroom a free man Wednesday night he thought his troubles were at an end so far as the killing of Henry McClellan was concerned, but George reckoned without those whose duty it is to enforce the law as a result of the charge of which he was today for carrying the pistol without a license. The charge was preferred by County Detective Thomas J. McKay and the warrant was served by Deputy Sheriff T. C. Murphy.

Unprepared for the new development in the case George was not able to arrange bail when he was arraigned before Justice Richard Wyckham, so he was committed to jail. A charge of carrying a pistol concealed would have been lodged against George also but for the fact that the state realizes its inability to sustain that charge.

George shot and killed McClellan in the house occupied by George's wife on Montgomery street. A jury in the superior court acquitted him Wednesday night.

Whitman Will Not Bolt.

New York, August 7.—District Attorney Charles Whitman announced late today that he would accept the fusion or anti-Tammany nomination for district attorney. Mr. Whitman had been urged to bolt the fusion ticket headed by John Purroy Mitchell, collector of the port, and become an independent candidate for mayor.

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite Try Our Stanfield general strengthening tonic, ORDYE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC, drives out Malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic and true Appetizer. For adults and children. 50c. —(adv.)

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Special Snaps for today, everything retailed at wholesale prices.

Lemons, doz 12½c
Fancy Large Cantaloupes, each 5c
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No. 10 Snowdrift Lard . 99c
No. 10 Cottolene . . . $1.14
Arbuckle's Coffee . . . 23c
No. 1 Maxwell House Coffee 30c
1 Gal. Can Velva Syrup . 53c
1 Bkt. 4 Qts. Elberta Peaches 29c
2-lb. Jar Fresh Honey . . 25c
Lemons, dozen 12c

MEATS

Lamb Chops, lb. 15c
Lamb Leg, lb 14c
Lamb Stew, lb. 8c

Fresh Vegetables Daily

Cash Grocery Co., 118 Whitehall
Lemons, doz. 12½c
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5 pounds Granulated Sugar . . 25c
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No. 10 Cottolene $1.15
No. 10 Silver Leaf Lard . . $1.39
No. 4 Snowdrift 44c
Winner Milk, can 10c
Meadow Gold Butter, lb. . . . 33c
Parkesdale Butter, lb. 29c
4lb Coffee, pound 26c
Eagle Milk, 7 cans for $1.00

FORSYTH TODAY AT 2:30 & 8:30
HERE IS A GREAT VARIETY SHOW
REAL VAUDEVILLE
3 Berlin Madcaps—Van Hoven—Annie Kent—Harry Hayward & Co.—Pero & Wilson—Pressler & Dunham and Everardo Monkey Hippodrome.

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All Men's Suits up to $35, at $21.90
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All Boys' Suits---and Men's and Boys' Furnishings at great Price-Reductions.

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All Men's and Boys' STRAW HATS and PANAMAS are reduced to HALF-PRICE.

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No. 1 WHITEHALL "THE DAYLIGHT CORNER"

Metcalf Reaches Colon.

Colon, August 7.—Richard Lee Metcalf, of Lincoln, Neb., who is to succeed Maurice H. Thatcher as governor of the Panama canal zone, arrived here today. Mr. Metcalf was accompanied by his family.

Harris Sticks to Testimony As to Time of Girl's Death

Dr. H. F. Harris, the state's final witness against Leo M. Frank, was put on the stand for cross examination shortly after 10 o'clock Thursday morning, and through a series of questions Attorney Hooper Arnold, for the defense, sought to make him less definite in regard to the time of Mary Phagan's death after eating the meal of cabbage and bread about 11:30 on the day she was killed.

Dr. Harris was asked a number of questions about digestion, and while he admitted it to be a subject that is not thoroughly understood by scientists, he clung to the main portion of his original statement that the girl must have been killed within an hour after she ate her meal.

"Tell of some things that might retard indigestion, Dr. Harris," Mr. Arnold started out.

"Well, it is hard to tell about that," replied the physician, "there are some nervous troubles which have that effect and then certain drugs put into the stomach have that same effect. The subject is not too well known and it's necessarily rather vague."

"As a general proposition, any sort of physical or mental activity would retard digestion, wouldn't it?"

"Well, yes, but on the other hand some will tell you that you ought to take a walk after eating, and others that you ought to take a nap after eating. It's hard to say."

"The stomach is like the mind, isn't it, a sort of law unto itself?"

"Not entirely the average man with a normal stomach digests food about as any other similar man."

"Do you think, I mean from your own personal viewpoint, that a person ought to take a walk or a nap after eating?"

"I can't say," replied Dr. Harris, "I never studied the subject enough."

Vague and Uncertain.

"Well, what effect does mental activity have on digestion?"

"Well, as a general rule, I don't think that mental activity would retard digestion to any great extent in a person of good health."

"It's a vague and uncertain field, then?"

"Yes, rather."

"How long does the stomach act on food before it begins to pass out?"

"Well, generally speaking, portions of the food begin to pass out in about half an hour."

"How long, Dr Harris, does the average meal stay in a person's stomach?"

"Ordinarily, three or four hours, but when a person eats meats and certain other things, it is assumed to take from seven to eight hours. It varies with the individual."

"Does the stomach emulsify the substances which it does not digest?"

"Yes, most things, meat and grains of corn and things of that nature would not be emulsified."

"Where are most vegetables digested?"

"I can't say, because parts are digested in the stomach and parts in other places, we believe, and that could only be made sure by cutting a man open."

Mr. Arnold then took up and went through in detail with the witness the various experiments that have been performed upon cats, dogs, guinea pigs and rabbits and asked him if much could be told about the digestive processes in human beings from a study of that in animals. Dr. Harris replied that it could not, at least to any great extent.

"Well, cats are flesh-eating animals, aren't they?" Mr. Arnold asked next.

"No, I've seen cats eat bread and vegetables."

"Well, I mean that wild cats eat only meat, don't they?"

Reply Brings Laughter.

"Well, I've never associated with wild cats, and don't know," the pathologist replied dryly, and in the general laughter that followed deputies could be heard in earnest voices telling certain spectators about courtroom etiquette, and also that the room was supplied with exits as well as entrances.

Mr. Arnold enjoyed the reply as much as anybody else, and continued by asking the physician if the whole study of the digestive processes were not in its infancy.

"It is to a great extent," replied the witness.

Then the whole thing is constantly changing, isn't it?"

"No, there are certain things which have been established which I do not believe will be changed no matter how deep a research is made."

"Well, for instance, isn't cabbage held to be the hardest food to digest?"

"No, I wouldn't say that," replied the physician, "although I have heard that statement made."

"Well, you don't know, outside of what you have heard, how long this cabbage and wheat bread had been in Mary Phagan's stomach?"

"Yes, I was able to tell by its appearance and by the degree to which it was digested."

Then referring to the girl's condition, Mr. Arnold asked Dr. Harris if he could tell positively whether or not the girl had been violated. The physician replied that he could say positively that violation had taken place, but that he would not say in what form or how it had been accomplished.

"Could a visual and digital examination, such, for instance, as that made by Dr. J. W. Hurt, have revealed as much as your microscopic and chemical examination showed?" Mr. Arnold then asked.

"No, it could not."

"Would a digital injury enough to have produced death?"

"No."

Mr. Dorsey then started to ask Dr. Harris a few questions.

"Was there any evidences of poison in the girl's stomach?"

"No, not any irritant poisons, at least not enough to have had any effect." After a few more questions on this line Dr. Harris, who appeared to be almost as ill as on the previous occasion, when his condition forced him to leave the stand, was excused.

Solicitor Dorsey then tendered in evidence the sample of the cabbage taken by the physician from the dead girl's stomach. There was no objection made to this by the defense, but when the solicitor tendered samples of the cabbage taken by Dr. Harris from the stomachs of men and compared with that from the girl Attorney Arnold objected.

"We can make no argument over this," he announced, "but merely wish to record our objection."

Mr. Dorsey then announced that he desired to tender the exhibook of the National Pencil company, and also Frank's bankbook, and with them would close. The two books had not been produced and, by agreement, the state rested its case.

Guilty of Robbing State.

Brandon, Miss., August 7.—T. H. Turley, formerly a steward at the Mississippi Insane hospital, was found guilty today of embezzling funds of that institution. The case went to the jury late yesterday afternoon and the verdict was returned at 8 o'clock this morning. Sentence was deferred.

Will Defense Put Character Of Leo Frank Before Jury?

Will Leo Frank's character be one of the issues in his trial for the murder of little Mary Phagan?

That is a question which has been the subject of speculation since it was first known that he would be tried for the murder, and as the case has progressed the subject has been discussed frequently.

Not one in a hundred defendants place their character in issue when on trial for murder, but a condition has arisen in the Frank case which may cause his attorneys to think it wise to take this step.

The name of James Conley, the negro who accuses Frank of the murder, testified to misconduct on the part of the defendant when a certain brand him as an outcast among men, and when C. B. Dalton, the white man, mentioned by the negro, testified to having visited the factory from the rear and only lost after a hot argument on both sides.

In this evidence is bound to have its effect upon a jury of twelve average men is admitted by both the state and the defense. It was admitted by the defense when the state fought to keep it in and it was admitted by the defense when a fight was made to strike it out.

It is said that the defense may put the character of the defendant squarely in issue and introduce many witnesses to prove good character.

From the time Frank was first arrested on suspicion his friends declared that he was a man of unimpeachable morals and both Mary and those with whom he associated as a young man frankly declared that Leo Frank had never indulged in even the slightest form of dissipation and that he had parted company with them on every occasion when they started out to indulge in forms of dissipation.

Others who knew him as a man and as superintendent of the large factory asserted the same thing, and when the case started to trial on July 28 there were nearly a hundred witnesses sworn in whose only use could be to testify, if need be, to the defendant's good character.

Will Testify for Frank.

Many of the well-known business men of Atlanta were among this list, and there were others in various walks of life, all of whom know Frank and believe in him. There were men who could tell of him in business and in fraternal orders, others who knew him in social life, and still others who had lived in the closer relations of family life.

There are many women also among the list which includes those people who have known Frank from the day he came to Atlanta until the present time, and who were closely associated with him until the day of his arrest.

On the other hand, should the character of the man become an issue, it is not thought that the case would do. It might allow it to go unchallenged and to declare that it was not seeking to convict him on past character, but on the actual charge of a specific crime.

The state might, however, bring what it could to attack the man's character and introduce whatever evidence tending to paint him such a man as Conley and Dalton picture him.

Would Swear for Frank.

In addition to the character go in issue there is one great advantage that would lie with the defense. Men and women whose reputations are free of any charge would swear to his good character. Many of those witnesses who might be in a position to testify on the night of the murder must necessarily admit to the jury that they were besmirched with the same mud in which they would claim Frank had wallowed in.

Rosser Swears Bludgeon Was Not In Factory Day After the Murder

City Detective Bass Rosser, who worked on the Phagan mystery, followed Detective Starnes on the stand Thursday morning to tell that Mrs. Arthur White, whose husband, father and brother are employed in the National Pencil company, had not told him of finding a strange negro in the factory on the day of the crime, although he had subsequently learned knowledge of what went on there that day, and she had also told her brother, Wade Campbell, of seeing the negro.

"Have you worked on this case?" asked Solicitor Hugh Dorsey.

"Yes, sir," replied the detective.

"Did you visit Mrs. Arthur White?"

"Yes."

"Did Mrs. White mention to you anything about having seen a negro in the factory?"

"She did the second time I talked with her."

"When was the first time she made this known?"

"It was on May 7."

"That's all," said the solicitor, who had previously shown that Mrs. White had, through her brother, got this information to Leo Frank on April 28, the day of Detective Rosser's first visit.

"Did you ever ask Mrs. White about this?" asked Luther Rosser on cross-examination.

"No, I did not ask her this directly; she made a statement, in which she claimed to tell what she saw there that day."

"Did you make a search of the first floor of the factory?" asked the solicitor next.

"Yes."

Mr. Dorsey then produced the bludgeon which is claimed by the defense to have been found near the elevator shaft on the first floor and which the police claim was concealed from them.

"Did you find anything like this?" he asked.

"It was not there," replied the detective.

"Don't you know this stick could have been lying round there a year?" asked Mr. Rosser.

"It was not there the day I made my search," replied Detective Rosser positively.

"You mean to say you didn't find it," corrected the attorney.

"It was not there," replied the detective.

A recess was then taken until Dr. Harris could be reached and brought to court.

JOHN WEAVER'S DEATH CAUSED BY LIVE WIRE

Lineman Is Killed While on the Cross-Tree of a Telephone Pole.

Coming in contact with an electric wire heavily charged with electricity, John Weaver, a white man 30 years of age, was almost instantly killed Thursday afternoon about 2 o'clock in front of 352 McDaniel street.

Weaver was a lineman in the employ of the Atlanta Telephone and Telegraph company, and was on a cross-tree of a telephone pole when the accident occurred.

The live wire which caused his death was one of the Georgia Railway and Power company's wires, and carried 500 voles of electricity. Weaver, after touching the wire, fell over on the cables running over the pole. He was carried to the ground, where he died a few minutes later.

He is survived by a wife, one child; his father, Peter Weaver, and a brother, Sam Weaver, of Apton, Ga.

The funeral arrangements have not yet been made. Weaver's home was on Woodward avenue.

BODIES OF TWO MEN ARE TAKEN FROM WRECK

Although a large force of men have been working furiously ever since the accident occurred, only the body of one of the three white men killed early Wednesday morning near Marietta, when fast freight train No. 43 of the Louisville and Nashville railroad ran into a culvert, piling eleven cars loaded with coal, automobiles and hay on top of Engineer S. K. Farris, T. C. Channell and Brakeman R. E. Merrill, has been recovered. A negro section hand, Mike Jackson, was also killed and his body was recovered shortly after the wreck. The body recovered Thursday was identified as that of R. B. Merrill, of Etowah. The body was horribly mutilated and could scarcely be recognized. He was found only after two huge cranes and a large body of men digging at the coal had worked for more than twenty-four hours.

HE'LL WED PARIS GIRL TO AVOID PROSECUTION

Los Angeles, Cal., August 7.—As a sequel to the declared intention of United States immigration officials to begin action against Charles Victor Hall, millionaire oil operator of this city, in connection with the alleged illegal residence of Marie Rita Sautans, a Parisian flower girl, it was announced today by Hall's attorney that Hall and Miss Seutans planned to be married before divulging their whereabouts.

Since the sensational trial of Mrs. Hall's divorce suit several months ago, in which Miss Seutans, who appeared as Hall's ward, was named by the wife of the oil magnate, government agents have been investigating the status of Miss Seutans' residence in the United States.

BARROW IS NOMINATED COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS

Savannah Man Indorsed by Senator Bacon—Fight Made on Barrow.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, August 7.—(Special)—When Senator Bacon read on the list of nominations sent to the senate today the name of David C. Barrow, Jr., of Savannah, for collector of customs, he figuratively held up two fingers like the Count of Monte Cristo and exclaimed "two."

For some time it has been predicted that Senator Bacon would never get Mr. Barrow across. This announcement left the opponents of Mr. Barrow in Savannah to make an active campaign, and several delegations have come to Washington in the interest of other candidates. They were unsuccessful, however, and the president accepted the recommendation of the senior senator.

A compromise was reached between Senator Bacon and Senator Smith, by which Senator Smith named A. O. Blalock as collector of internal revenue to succeed Henry S. Jackson. Mr. Bacon had indorsed Calvin M. Hitch for collector, but later secured for him a position in the Latin-American division of the state department. Senator Smith also indorsed Mr. Hitch for the state department place, and declined to make any fight on Mr. Barrow.

The third candidate for a big federal plum in south Georgia whom Mr. Bacon has in mind to recommend is A. Pratt Adams, of Savannah, as district attorney. Unless Mr. Adams declines the place his name will be placed before the attorney general when the term of Alexander Akemans, the incumbent, expires.

Mr. Barrow, nominated for collector of customs, is a son of the late Pope Barrow, and a nephew of Chancellor Barrow, of the University of Georgia.

PENSIONS ARE VOTED FOR TOM AND JERRY

New York, August 7.—Celebrating the promised innovation of electric cars on Delancey street, property owners have voted to pension for life two of the old horses that hold the service record with the horse car line which is to be supplanted, and to raise a fund for Pat Connell, the oldest driver. The pair of horses, known as Tom and Jerry, have taken their turn regularly over the Delancey street line for 24 years. They will be bought from the company and placed on a farm with nothing to do except grass. Connell has been driving a horse car on the line for thirty-two years.

Gen. Fred Grant Left $100,000.

New York, August 7.—The late Major General Frederick Dent Grant left a personal estate of $100,000, according to the estimate of his widow, Mrs. Ida Honore Grant, sole beneficiary and executrix. The appraisal, made public today, shows the estate consists largely of railroad and public utility stocks and bonds. The will, executed at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, ten years ago, explained that the generals two children already had been provided for.

HOUSE KILLS LAST HOPE OF TEACHERS

Declines by Vote of 70 to 99 to Submit to People Matter of One Mill Tax to Meet Deficiency.

The last hope of the school teachers to receive prompt payment of their salaries by the state went by the board Thursday morning when the house, by a vote of 70 to 99, declined to submit to the people the right to say whether they want to clear the state of this debt and do the honorable and upright thing by the teachers of their children.

This stand was taken by the house when the administration proposed amending the constitution to allow the levy of a special tax of 1 mill in 1914 and 1-2 mill in 1915 for the purpose of meetings the deficiency in the common schools funds of the state.

Plea Made by Wimberly.

In the opening of the debate the proposition was put fairly and squarely by Mr. Wimberly, of Bibb.

He said:

"We are now at a point where the sincerity of this house is on test. The time for playing to the gallery is passed and the vote on this constitutional amendment is the show down."

Mr. Fullbright, of Burke, declared that the only purpose and effect of the bill was to pay the teachers. "The proposition is squarely up to you," he said. "Do you want to pay the teachers, or do you not? That is the question you will answer by your vote."

"I do not believe," continued Mr. Fullbright, "that this house means to pass this bill, but, nevertheless, this is the question you face. Will the politicians in this house trust the people at home?"

Messrs. Wall, of Elbert; McMichael, of Marion, and Wheatley, of Sumter, also spoke for the amendment.

Hardeman Opposes Passage.

Mr. Hardeman, of Jefferson, took the floor in opposition to the passage of the measure.

He said:

"I believe that tax reform, which this house repudiated, was the proper method of meeting the common school deficit situation. Next the appropriations should have been held down in order to give us a chance of this deficit. Having refused to do these things, do not now put anything in the constitution to raise, even temporarily, the tax limit."

Mr. Adams, of Hall, interrupted him.

"Aren't you willing to let the people vote on this question?"

"No!" replied Mr. Hardeman. "The burden has not been placed upon the people by themselves, but by us, by over-appropriation. You would not take the burden on yourselves the other day by proper legislation and by cutting the appropriations, so do not put that burden which you declined on the people now."

Granulated Eyelids Cured

The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Ferrer's Antiseptic Healing Oil. Relieves pain and heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, $1.00.

Price Benefits at Muse's

Quite regardless of price consideration, it is generally understood that "your money's worth" is to be found in MUSE Merchandise. This is a point appreciated by all men.

Our August change of prices is only an additional inducement to buy best clothes and buy them where quality is sustained throughout and reputation rests on its own policy, plus the high evidence of the clothes we sell.

Men's Suits selling regularly at $15 to $40—
Are now, **$11.25 to $30**

Shirts and Furnishings have like reductions.

Muse's Hat Prices for August

All Split Straw and Bangkok Hats . . **1/3 Off** | *All Other Straws, including Milans,* **1/2 Price**

Men's Shoe Prices for August

Boyden Shoes, formerly $6, $6.50 and $7—
Now $4.85, $5.20 and $5.65

Muse Shoes, formerly $3.50 to $6—
Now $2.85 to $4.85

Special: *One Lot Gun Metal Button Oxfords,* **$1.85**
One Lot White Canvas Oxfords, **$1.45**

Similar Reductions on Boys' Shoes

Like Change of Prices Throughout Women's Shoe Section

August Reductions Prevail in Boys' Shop on Second Floor

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

BILL FOR INCREASE IN SENATORS TABLED

Huie and Anderson Believe There Should Be 60 Districts Instead of 44.

The bill of Senator Huie, of the thirty-fifth, and President Anderson, of the first, providing for the creation of sixty senatorial districts in the state of Georgia in the stead of the forty-four new existing was tabled in the senate yesterday afternoon upon motion of Senator Huie by a vote of 20 to 14.

This bill provides that the six counties having the largest population in the state shall be entitled to one representative each in the senate. Upon this feature the attack upon the measure was centered by many senators who claimed that the bill would give undue authority to the city counties and would relegate the small counties to a secondary position.

Two bills which were killed in the house at this session providing for a 2½ rate ad valorem tax of 1-2 mills tax for pensions and 2-1-2 mills for public schools were introduced by Senators Huie and Senator Harper.

The bill prohibiting the running of any but through freight trains on Sunday was tabled by a vote of 23 to 14.

Senator J. V. L. Brown introduced two bills, one to abolish the attorney for the railroad commission and one to create a parole attorney for the governor, which he said would much facilitate the governor's work and would not hinder the work of the railroad commission.

The senate committee on agriculture has recommended that the experiment station be allowed to remain at Griffin, while general agriculture committee No. 2 of the house has recommended that it be removed to some point in south Georgia.

DAY LABORER IS HEIR TO $1,750,000 ESTATE

Omaha, Neb., August 7.—Frederick Green von Alvensleben, for 27 years a day laborer, today received notice from the German consul at Chicago that he had fallen heir to an estate in Germany valued at $1,750,000.

Von Alvensleben became estranged from his family and came to America almost thirty years ago. He said today he hahs known he would some day receive a large inheritance, but admitted that his pride had for 27 years prevented his accepting an annuity of $20,000 which has been accumulating in a bank at Danzig, Germany.

When informed of his good fortune Von Alvensleben was employed at menial labor a few miles from the city. Today he engaged steamer passage and purchased his transportation to Danzig.

WATER AND ICE TEA FOR RAILROAD MEN

Twigs of Mint Decorating the Glasses Only Suggestion of Anti-Prohibition.

That a banquet of live wire business men may be a large and overwhelming success without the stimulus of alcohol, but stronger than pure water was successfully demonstrated at the banquet of the Southern Railway Agents' association last night at Durands, and the fact was noted in a resolution unanimously adopted at the suggestion of Colonel L. L. McCleskey, assistant general freight agent of Atlanta, who presided.

On the menu of this dinner, at which were gathered agents of the Southern railway from the one hundred largest stations on the lines of the system with higher officials representing all departments of the company, the only suggestion of anti-prohibition spirit was the twigs of mint which festooned the glasses in iced tea. Colonel William Jennings Bryan's famous grape juice concoction was not even in evidence. And yet, by a rising vote, these jovial railroad men declared the occasion afforded the highest degree of pleasure and satisfaction.

Informal talks were made by C. G. Walker, of Louisville, president of the association; W. H. Gatchell, of Washington, superintendent of agencies; H. E. Hutchens, of Greensboro, general superintendent of the northern district; Harry Harrison, of Birmingham, general superintendent of the southern district; H. L. Hungerford, superintendent of the Charlotte division at Greenville; J. L. Meek, assistant general passenger agent, and W. D. Post, local agent.

The convention of the agents, the ..... which is the bringing together of agents from all parts of the system to discuss means of serving the public better, will be brought to a close today with the election of officers for another year, and the selection of a meeting place. During the morning the agents will be taken on an inspection trip over the extensive Atlanta terminals of the Southern railway.

MIMS BEQUEST READY FOR PARK BOARD USE

Attorney Philip Alston, representing the estate of the late Mrs. Sue Harper Mims, has informed the city that the bequest of $500 set aside by Mrs. Mims in her will for the improvement of Mims park, will be turned over to the city on request.

The subject of disposing of the money was discussed at the meeting of the park board Thursday afternoon, and it was agreed that a committee composed of three board members to be named by President Cochran confer with Mrs. Charles J. Haden as to the disposition of the fund. Mrs. Haden has taken an active interest in the improvement of the park.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Atlanta New York Paris

"Blue Tag" Davenports Show Huge Reductions

As evidence of the effect that the "Blue Tag" Furniture Sale has had on the prices of worthy furniture, note what it has done to Davenports—

$31.50	Golden Oak Davenport, finished in imitation block leather, gate ends, is.....	**$22.50**
$36.50	Fumed Oak Davenport, finished in imitation Spanish leather, is.....	**$25.00**
$50.00	Fumed Oak Davenport, finished in imitation Spanish leather, the cushions form mattress, is.....	**$36.50**
$63.00	Veneered Mahogany Davenport, finished in imitation Spanish leather, is.....	**$40.00**
$68.00	Quartered Golden Oak Davenport, finished in Spanish leather, is.....	**$48.50**
$79.00	Mahogany Davenport, finished in green panne, tufted back, plain seat, is.....	**$50.00**
$86.00	Fumed Oak Davenport with all-cotton mattress, finished in Spanish leather, is.....	**$51.00**
$106.00	Mahogany Davenport, finished in Spanish leather, tufted back, plain seat, is.....	**$70.00**
$97.50	Mahogany Davenport, finished in green panne, tufted back, plain seat, is.....	**$72.50**

You must note that the reductions are general; they strike the medium-priced with as much force as they do the most expensive.

Such is the tenor of the "Blue Tag" pricing. The kind of furniture **you** want may be bought now at a genuine and worth-while saving.

There are no disappointments **here**—with this carefully, scrupulously selected five-story store full of furniture at "Blue Tag" prices!

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

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THE SENATE'S TAX BILL.

The finance committee of the senate will report as a substitute to the house tax equalization bill a marked improvement over that measure, in that it recognizes the all-important principle of a central state authority in equalizing the basis of returns as between the various counties of the state.

A new state official is named, who is to exercise the functions proposed for a state board of equalizers by the ways and means bill of the house. After a hot fight the house eliminated this feature, though quite a number of those who opposed the equalization bill passed by the house strongly advocated an amendment appointing a special state officer to be known as the deputy controller general, and charged with the duty of bringing about state tax equalization. With this feature in the bill some of those who opposed it would have given it their support.

This was the position of Hon. Alva B. Greene, of Houston county, and the general line of the senate bill will in all probability be satisfactory to him and to some of the other house leaders who, like him, favor the principle of state equalization as between the counties and yet opposed the creation of a board as being an unnecessary expense.

It seems to be certain that the bill of the senate's finance committee will, as it should, receive the overwhelming approval of that body. If the house concurs the matter will be satisfactorily adjusted and the state will receive untold benefit from the law. If the house withholds its concurrence, standing by its own meaningless bill, the inevitable result will be a conference between the two bodies, the outcome of which will depend largely upon the ability of those appointed to carry on the negotiations.

Unquestionably, some middle ground can be reached, resulting in satisfactory equalization on the most important question now before the general assembly—that of providing the necessary revenues to meet the absolute and imperative demands of the state.

THERE IS ONLY ONE POSSIBLE WAY BY WHICH THIS CAN BE DONE, AND THAT IS BY A REASONABLE AND FAIR SYSTEM OF TAX EQUALIZATION APPLYING NOT ONLY TO THE COUNTIES INDIVIDUALLY, BUT TO EACH COUNTY IN THE STATE AS RELATED TO THE OTHERS.

What, for instance, can better illustrate the inequality and the injustice of the present system than the returns just made from the two adjoining counties of Berrien and Colquitt, in southwest Georgia? The first of these counties shows in round numbers a remarkable loss of $350,000 in this year's returns, as compared with those of last year, and the other county, similarly situated, shows an increase of approximately $350,000—a difference of over $700,000 between two counties lying side by side, with practically the same resources, and each being absolutely subjected to the same influences that make for prosperity or depression.

The "pass the hat" system of tax equalization that has so long prevailed in Georgia is literally strangling the prosperity of the state, starving its educational institutions, paralyzing the efficiency of its public school system and actually stealing from the county school teachers the all-too-little pittance promised them for their services.

The system is doomed and it looks now as if the end is in sight. Just what will be the solution as between the contentions of the senate and house it is difficult to say, but one thing is certain, and that is that SOMETHING will be done, and that what is done will save the good name and the honor of the state.

MAKING PROGRESS.

By an affirmative vote of 106 to 67, the house failed to approve the constitutional amendment recommended by Governor Slaton providing that the proceeds from 2½ mills of the state's tax rate be devoted to the public schools of the state. The constitutional tax limit is five mills and the governor's suggestion that one-half of this be fixed as a permanent basis for the levy to support the public schools was predicated upon the theory that as the state advanced in material prosperity the public school appropriation would automatically grow with it, thus placing the system on a plane where it would not be subjected to the semi-annual vicissitudes of legislative changes.

The two and one-half mill levy, on the basis of the present tax returns of the state would yield the amount now annually appropriated to the public schools. With increased returns, the same rate would of course produce proportionately an increased appropriation from year to year.

The proposed constitutional amendment was, of course, to be submitted to the people for ratification, and the fact that it received an overwhelming majority vote in the house, but 17 short of the required 129 votes—constitutional amendments having to receive two-thirds of the full vote of the house—indicates that material progress is being made in the direction of the governor's admirable suggestion. Notice of reconsideration has already been given and it is not improbable that the house will yet pass the amendment, which after all but submits the question to the people.

It is said that some of the opposition to the amendment arose out of imaginary grievances against the committee on rules and the speaker, because of disagreement concerning the consideration of certain other measures which were being pressed for action—a pretty excuse, indeed, with which to justify action against the welfare of the state.

It is strikingly in evidence that many of the most zealous of the public school supporters of the state are earnestly in favor of the amendment, all realizing the tremendous benefit that must inevitably ensue if the funds from which the public schools are supported are derived from the system of taxation based upon the idea that the appropriation would automatically increase with the prosperity of the state, while taking no chances whatever for a reduction in the present amount of the state's proportion.

Undoubtedly within a very few years, on the basis of the fixed tax levy as proposed by the governor, the public schools would be receiving a direct appropriation of $5,000,000 a year instead of $2,500,000 as now. Under the fixed pro rata tax levy as proposed the automatic increase would undoubtedly be greater than might be expected from legislative appropriations, and the best part of it is that it would come without contention. Such a system would immediately put the state's public school institutions on a standard basis and its good effect would be shown in every county of the state.

It is a great pity that a few men should have permitted petty politics to stand in the way of an advance which means so much for the public schools of the state. And yet the tremendous majority received by the measure is highly gratifying as giving evidence of the certain favorable vote that will come sooner or later upon the proposition to establish a system which has been tried with splendid success in other states and which can be made to work wonders for the public schools of Georgia.

GAMBLING GEORGIA FARMERS.

"The average Georgia farmer may not realize it, but he is living a gamble. He gambles every year that he will make enough on cotton to pay his bills and keep body and soul together. When he loses, there is the devil and Tom Walker to pay." That is the product of the all-cotton system in Georgia, as seen by one of the most prominent business men in Atlanta. His name is withheld at his request. The Constitution vouches for his identity and for the fact that his daily affairs bring him in sufficiently close touch with farming conditions to clothe what he may say with authority.

His statements are largely true. As a rule, the Georgia farmer is opposed to trading in cotton futures, since he believes that custom has in the past robbed him of much of his gains. But he is every year himself playing in cotton futures and he will continue to do so as long as he pins his whole reliance to the one card of cotton.

If there is an abundant crop and prices for cotton are good, the fortunate farmer skins through by his teeth. If there is an abnormally short crop, or an abnormally large crop and prices go down, debt piles up. For the return from cotton, under any conditions, is not a net return. From it must first be subtracted the expense of raising cotton, and that is by no means inconsiderable. Next, in the overwhelming majority of cases there is the bill to settle with the merchant for food for family and cattle, bills contracted on the strength of the crop not yet put in the earth.

Thus it happens that before the farmer plants his chief money crop, he has given a heavy mortgage on it. His creditors have the first lien. Even should he be compelled to sell at a very low price, he must settle with the inevitable creditor before he can buy necessities or luxuries for his family, before he can make improvements on his place or replace old and wornout stock and machinery with new stock.

Planting feedstuff and raising cattle would emancipate the farmer from this condition. Gradually, it would work him out of debt to the merchant. Eventually, it would make it unnecessary for him to obtain credit from the merchant. The time would soon come when he could sell enough cattle from his herds to meet his cash expenses without putting his as yet unplanted crop in pawn.

Vice President Joseph A. McCord, of the Third National Bank of Atlanta, was right when he said the solution was in the hands of the bankers of Georgia. If they will include in the list of collateral commodities other than cotton they will ultimately break the strangle-hold cotton now has on Georgia.

Ambassador Wilson may not remain in Washington long enough to be eligible for membership in the Hasbeen club.

Even the ancient human landmarks feel like hustling when the crops get a move on.

Just from Georgia

By FRANK L. STANTON

While the Fiddler Plays a Tune.

Don't be huntin' trouble, for 'twill hunt you mighty soon;
Never say "the jig's up" while the fiddler plays a tune.



Hands 'round, my honey,
Take your time and chance;
Fiddler needs the money
An' we'll have another dance.

Lover is a-singin' to a
Lady in the Moon,
But we are for the dancin'
while the fiddler
plays a tune.

Dark time, or sunny,
No time to weep,
Hands 'round, my honey,
An' we'll dance the stars to sleep.

A "September Morn" Critic.

The editor of The Alkali Eye saw "September Morn" for himself and this, in part, is what he has to say of the famous painting:

"We had intended givin' space in this valuable family paper this mornin' to 'Miss September Morn,' th' same bein' a liver-colored young lady, about fryin' size, standin' on one foot in a absinthe-colored wet spot about three inches deep an' huggin' herself because she is cold, er on second thought she may be huggin' herself because we ain't present. She can't be huggin' herself because she is cold because she can't be cold. If she was cold she would have goose pimples an' she ain't got a pimple, if she had we could see it. She is lookin' off toardst th' (see advertisin' department fer th' name of th' laundry) laundry an' wonderin' why her wash don't come home. She is dressed in a wad o' bourbon-colored hair an' that's all at present."

* * * * *



How I wish them poets that sing o' summertime
Would get out in the fields here an' watch the hot sun climb!

Wish I had 'em now
Where the crows raise sich a row,
Singin' to the mule here that's pullin' of the plow.

For the sun is jes' a-doin' of the best that he can do,
An' every time he strikes it the sky turns black an' blue.

Wish the Winter'd come
An' strike ole summer dumb,
Lead his icy regiments an' beat his blizzard-drum!

* * * * *

How the Linotype Told It.

This, from The Boston Globe, is supposed to tell of a pleasant time had at a fish fry:

"Hagop Barasyjian, of Fitchburg, and Mesrad Estabohorakamasian, of Lowell, went fishing yesterday in Lake Chargoggagoggmanchauagagoggchaubunagungamaug, near Worcester, with their cousin, Hajjoman Sarafianerparanian, who is visiting for the week-end, but you would never have learned it from us if we hadn't been able to paste it."

* * * * *

That Would Be the Limit.

Says George Bailey, in his Houston Post column:

"Perhaps Georgia refrains from paying the little country schoolmarms for fear they would come to Texas if they had the price of a ticket."

* * * * *

A Day Off.

I

Mockingbirds and singing streams—
Your troubles you resign;
Here you read your rosy dreams,
And ain't the julep fine!

II.

Far away, the city's strife
Like a memory seems,
Free to sing a song to life,
Quaff a cup to dreams!

III.

Happiness to stray off
In daisies, rimmed with dew;
Fellow takes a day off—
All the world's made new!

* * * * *

His Campaign Pledge.

"I promise my friends that if they elect me to the job of coroner I'll hold it down while there's a dead man in sight," says a candidate for that office. "They'll never catch me jannin' 'round the county enlightenin' the people from chautauqua platforms. No, I'll stay here till it's a dead town, and then I'll hold a inquest over it."

A Brief Petition.

Trouble—don't rile me;
Hot sun—don't broil me;
Good luck—don't spile me;
Amen!

* * * * *

The Practical Side.

"When you fall on hard times," says a Georgia philosopher, "you may live on faith a while, but it's rough living when you are afflicted with an appetite six days in the week, and have an eye to an extra-fine dinner on Sundays."

A Story of the Moment

By WALT MASON,
The Famous Press Poet

BUZZ WAGONS.

"Three of our neighbors have bought automobiles during the past two weeks," said Mrs. Jamesworthy, significantly.

"Well, well, as William Henry Shakespeare remarked," commented Jamesworthy. "You keep a pretty close tab on the automobiles sold and delivered in this town, Mrs. Jamesworthy, and you never fail to inform me of any new transaction in that line. Of course, you have no ulterior motives. You hand me the facts merely because you are interested in the growth of our inland commerce. It has never occurred to you to hint that we should go and do likewise, and take the last piastre from the building and loan, or buy a car and a can of gasoline. You are a fanatic on the matter of economy, Mrs. Jamesworthy, and I know you'd never consent to the purchase of an automobile until we have so much money that there aren't enough glass jars in the house to can it all."

"You think you're terribly sarcastic," remarked Mrs. Jamesworthy. "With all our neighbors buying motor cars, I don't see why we should be condemned to traveling on foot."

"That's because you don't appreciate originality. There's no sense in having an auto unless you can make your neighbors green with envy, and you can't do that if they all have autos. I want to keep my reputation for originality. I want to have people point to this house and say: 'That is the humble but virtuous abode of that great man, Elijah Jamesworthy, who has the distinction of being the only man in the United States who never saw himself for a motor car.' I want to have the public prints hold me up as a shining example in these extravagant times.

"There are people who don't like my whiskers, and others say my legs are too long, and a few hold that my eyes don't match, but no man in this town can say that my credit isn't gilt-edged. I can go into any store on the main street and buy until the cows come home, but the empty shelves, and the merchants will rub their hands in glee. I'd rather have my reputation as good pay. Mrs. Jamesworthy, than to have a string of motor cars reaching from here to Bathsheba. Jimuelson, who lives on the next block, used to have an equally good reputation. When he paraded along the business streets the merchants fairly tried to drag him into their stores. But this morning I was talking with Griggins, the grocer, and he says that Jimuelson is getting to be too slow for any good use. He's always staving off his creditors. It takes all he can raise to buy gasoline and new tires, and to pay for repairs. He'd had his auto only a few months, yet you see what it has done for him.

"Far be it from me to knock on the auto. It is one of the noblest members of the animal kingdom, and I never see one pass without wishing I owned it. But no man should be allowed to buy such a machine until he can demonstrate that he has enough loose change to operate it for three years. There ought to be a law governing this matter. The citizen who buys an expensive car when he can't afford a first rate wheelbarrow is as great an idiot as the one who buys furs and diamonds for his wife when he can't afford to have his own shoes half-soled.

"One of these days there is going to be a big business slump and then we'll all have to get down to soupbones and rye bread, and then I want you to go up to the roof of the house and sit there and contemplate the neighbors who have been buying automobiles. You will see the real thing in the way of tribulation and travail of spirit if you keep your eyes peeled. You will see extravagant people gnashing their teeth and trying to swap their chariots for sackcloth and ashes. And when you come down from the roof you'll throw your jilly white arms around my manly neck and kiss me because I refused to draw our little package of pieces of eight from the building and loan to buy a six-cylinder juggernaut.

"You can have a good ride on the merry-go-round for 5 cents, and it's useless to hand out any more automobile hints."

ROUND-WORMS.

Bulletin Issued by Georgia State Board of Health.

Round-worms, next to hookworms, are the most common of the intestinal parasites. They are found most often in children, but are not rare in adults. The female is larger than the male, the former ranging from 7 to 12 inches in length, the latter 4 to 8 inches. They are usually of a reddish-brown color, and cylindrical in shape, and are pointed at both ends. They very closely resemble ordinary earth-worms, or the so-called "bait." Ordinarily there are only one or two, but not infrequently they occur in enormous numbers. Their principal place of residence is in the upper part of the small intestine, but they not infrequently go on excursions either in a downward or an upward direction. If the direction taken is downward they may be passed out of the body in the bowel discharge.

If their explorations are made upward they, of course, get into the stomach and may be vomited up, or, if the stomach fails to eject them, they may advance up the gullet (esophagus) and get into the throat, from which they may be removed. More than thirty are reported to have been taken from one child's throat. Instances are on record of their getting into the windpipe from the throat and causing death by suffocation. They have been known to crawl into the bile ducts and stop them up so that the flow of bile from the liver to the intestine would be obstructed, thereby causing jaundice. Instances are also on record of round-worms crawling from the throat up the eustachian tubes into the ears. They sometimes make their exit through the nose, too.

Symptoms.

The only sure proof is in seeing the worms themselves when they are passed, or in finding the eggs in the bowel discharges by microscopical examination. Such symptoms as colicky pains, indigestion, restlessness, irritability, grinding of the teeth, twitchings or convulsions are suggestive symptoms, and if present should be investigated thoroughly.

For mailing specimens of bowel discharges for examination for worms of any kind the laboratory of the state board of health will send you mailing cases free of charge if you will write for them. The examination will also be made without charge. If indications of worms are found, you will be notified promptly, so that the patient can be treated and freed from the disease at once.

"Worm-candies" and advertised remedies are not reliable. Take the patient to a reputable physician.

The World's Mysteries

"SKIPPER IRESON'S RIDE."

Did the women of Marblehead administer the treatment to Skipper Ireson that Whittier tells about in his famous poem, "Skipper Ireson's ride?"

"Old Floyd Ireson, for his hard heart,
Tarred and feathered and carried in a cart
By the women of Marblehead."

This poem stands as one of the best efforts of the Quaker Poet, but the story of the incident seems to have been very much exaggerated in the lines, and they caused no end of annoyance to the skipper, who seems not to have been guilty of the heartlessness of which he is accused.

The story of "Skipper Ireson" was told to Mr. Whittier by a schoolmate while at the Andover academy. The informant was a native of Marblehead. Whittier began to write it out under the Hugh Tallant sycamores in 1828, but it was not finished, however, for nearly thirty years. The poet thought it was a tradition of the last century, and was not aware that the poor man he accused of being so harshly treated was a contemporary of his own, for the poet was nearly a year old when the skipper took his ride.

Several years after the poem appeared in print, the authentic version of the story of Captain Benjamin Ireson was printed in the "History and Traditions of Marblehead," by Samuel Roads, Jr. Whittier felt he had done an injustice to Ireson and wrote to Mr. Roads as follows:

"I have now no doubt that thy version of Skipper Ireson is the correct one. My verse was solely founded on a fragment of rhyme which I heard from one of my early schoolmates, a native of Marblehead. I supposed the story to which it referred dated back at least a century. I knew nothing of the particulars, and the narrative of the ballad was pure fancy. I am glad, for the sake of truth and justice, that the real facts are given in thy book. I certainly would not knowingly do an injustice to any one, either dead or living."

In Mr. Roads' book it is stated that the crew of Captain Ireson, rather than himself were responsible for the abandonment of the disabled vessel, but to screen themselves they charged their captain with the crime. The treatment he received from the false accusations broke the heart of the little, wiry captain, and when he had become a lonely, heart-broken old man he went to his grave as to a shelter from a world that had cruelly ill-treated him.

The story of the foundering of the schooner upon which is based the poem is as follows: On a Sunday in October, the schooner Betty, commanded by Skipper Benjamin Ireson, arrived from the Grand Banks. Shortly after their arrival, the crew reported that at midnight on the previous Friday, when off Cape Cod lighthouse, they passed the schooner "Active" of Portland, which was in a sinking condition, and that the skipper had refused to render any assistance to the unfortunate men on the wreck.

The excitement and indignation of the people of Marblehead upon the reception of the news can be better imagined than described. Two vessels, manned by volunteers were immediately sent to the scene of the wreck, with the hope of their arrival in time to save the shipwrecked sailors. But their mission was a failure, and they returned with no tidings of the wreck.

The resentment of the people was still further provoked when on the following day the sloop "Swallow," having on board the master of the ill-fated boat, came into the port and the captain corroborated the story told by the crew of the Betty. This statement made a deep impression on the fishermen and they determined to demonstrate their disapproval of Ireson's conduct. Accordingly, on a bright moonlight night, the unfortunate skipper was seized by several powerful men and securely bound. He was then placed in a dory and was besmeared from head to feet with tar and feathers and was dragged through the town escorted by a party of men and boys.

When the journey was part way completed the bottom of the dory fell out, and the skipper was compelled to finish the rest of his journey to Salem in a cart. The authorities of that city forbade the entrance of the strange party and they were compelled to return to Marblehead. Ireson said nothing throughout the journey nor did he reply to the insults heaped upon him, but at its completion he said: "I thank you for your ride, gentlemen, but you will live to regret it." His words were prophetic, for later the enraged fishermen came fully to realize that they had inflicted an injury upon an innocent man. It seems the whole story was the revenge of some drunken sailors, who had been punished by Ireson. During the lifetime of the skipper he was unable to clear his name, and when he had become a man squarely in the face again until his death which occurred shortly afterwards. He could not bear the scorn of his townspeople and their treatment of him broke his heart.

THE DUDE DOG.

By GEORGE FITCH,
Author of "At Good Old Siwash"

(Copyright, 1913, for The Constitution.)

The dog was invented a great many thousand years ago, and grew up in a natural and unspoiled manner until recently.

Even now most dogs are decent citizens. The dude dog is an unfortunate animal who has been civilized by association with man. He consists of one part dog and ninety-nine parts imitation human. He is fed on human food, he has to keep human hours and, in the most outrageous cases, he has to wear human clothes.

When a dog gets into a family which is so rich that it cannot afford to do anything but loaf, his fate is extremely sad. He sleeps on a silk pillow, eats chicken breast, wears pink pajamas and leather boots, and takes his exercise with a groom. He is bathed each day, and sometimes marcelled. He is frequently kissed, and his digestion is otherwise insulted. When he falls sick he has a regular doctor and a lot is reserved for him in a regular cemetery. Nothing of the original dog is left after a few years of this sort of treatment except his bark, and voice culturists are now working on the bark of the dude dog in an attempt to modulate it and sweeten its quality.

The dude dog costs as much to maintain as ten poor families. His clothes cost more than human clothes, and his valet gets as much as four department store sales girls. This is why the dude dog is a menace to one of the great dangers of our government. When his owner loads several hundred dollars' worth of fluffy things on him and takes him walking at the end of a silver chain, the father of the little girl who is dying because of the lack of a little supposedly free fresh air, and who has to die on one meal a day at that, looks at the dude dog until his soul explodes within him. Then



"One part dog and ninety-nine parts imitation human."

he goes home to study the science of bomb making.

The dude dog isn't to blame, and ought to be rescued from his environment by the humane society. And if it should be necessary for the society to kill off its dudes it only to cave in the heads of a few dude dog owners with a feather duster, no one would care very much.

Eating the Earth.

Earth eating is a habit often observed in India, and is very widely distributed. It often manifests itself as a symptom of disease or perverted appetite, but, among many healthy people it is a regular habit. In addition to India, the Soudan, China and the Malay archipelago are mentioned as places where the custom prevails, but these by no means exhaust the list. It is said that in Siberia and Lapland, earth consisting of the fossilized siliceous shells of diatoms is mixed with meal to make a kind of flour. It is also said that the Ainus of Japan used to eat a paste made of a mixture of diatomaceous earth. The Indians of Guatemala eat a yellowish edible earth containing sulphur, not so much as a food, but as a prophylactic against disease. There are people in Bengal who regard the fine earth of which anthills are built as a delicacy, and the explanation has been suggested that the flavor is due to a digestive fluid added to the earth by the ants to make it more easily worked.

TOO MANY COUNTIES ALREADY IN GEORGIA

Editor Constitution: No more valuable service could be rendered the state than for the people to refuse to ratify any more constitutional amendments creating new counties. It is a great mistake to conclude that small counties are for the best interest of the state. The large counties of Georgia are the ones today that are the most prosperous. Large counties get in larger revenue and can maintain a larger force of convicts to work on their public highways. It is cheaper in proportion to equip a large county with improved road building machinery than a small county.

During this term of the legislature it came out that several of the small counties in south Georgia are unable to provide the necessary equipment for road building and have not sufficient quota of convicts to do the work, and they asked at our hands a loan of 100 convicts in order to construct a highway through these counties.

A movement is now on foot to abolish Banks, my old home county. Banks lies in one of the richest agricultural sections of the entire state. Her people are progressive and up-to-date in every particular, yet the county is so small that sufficient revenue cannot be raised to support it. Other states have local self-government. Other states are just as progressive as we are, yet they have nothing like our resources. None of them have such small counties as we have. Why not abolish some of them, having large counties, are enabled to concentrate a large force of labor and reduce the cost of construction.

After making a thorough study of the question, I am convinced that it is very detrimental to the interest of the state to create new counties. In fact, we could better serve the state by merging several of the small counties into the larger ones.

After a careful study of the various propositions presented to the present general assembly, I found only one that is really meritorious and that one could easily overcome the difficulties by a readjustment of old county lines.

It is claimed by advocates that it does not cost the state anything to create new counties. It does cost the state a great deal to create new counties. The more counties we have the more offices we create. New counties call for new judicial circuits, new senatorial districts and new county offices. It imposes additional burdens of tax on the people of the state as a whole.

T. G. DIDROUGH,
Representative from Franklin County.
Royston, Ga., July 26, 1913.

Demons.

(From The New York Sun.)

The man in the red runabout, who Sunday killed a boy near New Brunswick and ran away without stopping to see what damage he had done, is a full brother to the gentle spirit who goes to golf over oats and sows them afire. His cousin is the humorist who yells "Fire!" in a theater just to scare the audience. Among his near kinsmen may be counted that libel on mankind, the jocular individual who drives spikes in the chutes intended for the escape of fire in theaters. The family is a large one, and traces its descent to the first man who rocked a boat to make its feminine occupants scream. From him also came the flourishing tribe of male and female scandal mongers who take their pleasure in frightening children.

Question: Why Is a Legislature?

(From The Cedartown Standard.)

Is Georgia to have a tax reform law that is worth the paper it is written on? The house has wrangled over one, and finally passed it, that is no improvement over the one we have. The only hope of securing effective legislation on the subject by this legislature is through amendments that the senate may make.

An Egg to Brag About.

(From The Thomasville Press.)

W. C. Bean, who lives on Route 4, out from Pavo, presented The Press Saturday with a monster hen egg. It was laid by a Buff Rock hen and measures 6 5-8 by 7 1-4 inches. It is perfectly formed and is the largest hen egg we have seen. Mr. Bean is a good farmer and the fact that he is giving attention to poultry raising is a sure sign of success.

Ways of the Wise Farmer.

(From The Perry Home Journal.)

Intensive farming is now growing in popularity in Georgia, and the expense accounts of the farmers are being decreased by the increased diversity of their crops. The progressive farmers are realising on their good judgment.

REAL ESTATE LOBBY IS CHARGED BY M'GREGOR

Senate Declines to Reconsider Bill Naming Commission on Governor's Mansion.

A concerted effort was made in the senate yesterday to reconsider the action of that body in defeating the resolution of Senator Watts and the substitute of Senator Miller creating a commission to look into the advisability of disposing of the governor's mansion and providing for a capitol annex. The motion to reconsider was lost by a vote of 22 to 21, the vote of the chair being required to kill the recommendation.

Senator Stark, of the thirty-third, made the motion to reconsider and urged the necessity of the present general assembly taking some action upon the matter, stating that even now the committee meetings of the two houses had to be held wherever a state house officer would lend his office to the committee, and that the present mansion was a disgrace to the state.

Senator McGregor, of the nineteenth, in opposing the reconsideration stated that there had been a persistent lobby in the halls of the capitol and outside for four years by certain real estate dealers for the disposal of the property.

The W. & A. resolution of Senator Sweat, which was multilated so as to strip it of its purpose and then killed by the senate was reconsidered and recommitted to the W. & A. committee.

The occupation tax bills which recently passed the house, one on state corporations and the other on foreign corporations, were passed unanimously by the upper house.

A Dash of Humor.

A dash of humor was injected into the session by Senator Smith, of the ninth, when he interupted a heated debate to introduce a privileged resolution. At the time, the distinguished and unmarried solon, who has just returned from a trip to the beach where he received a flaming coat of sunburn was perched in the gallery of the senate surrounded by a beautiful bevy of girls enchanting the stately solon by their well arrayed galaxy of loveliness.

The resolution provided that the senator from the fifty-fifth should be required to explain to his colleagues upon his return to the floor whether his radiant physiognomy was the result of anything that had ever been blushing. A burst of laughter escaped the law-makers and the increase of crimson in the bachelor senator's face was ample testimony of his embarrassment.

Bills introduced.

By Mr. Elkins—To amend an act for the protection of game, etc.

By Mr. Brown—To regulate the fees of pardon attorney in the governor's office.

By Mr. Brown—To repeal section of the code allowing attorney to solicit commission.

Bills Passed in Senate.

By Mr. Travis—To declare husband and wife compatible, but not imperfect, and husband each other in certain cases.

By Mr. Hall, of Newton—To create a new charter for the town of Newborn.

By Messrs. Hall, of Newton, and DeKalb—To repeal an act to incorporate the town of Lakeview.

By Mr. Reiser, of Effingham—To amend an act creating the town of Springfield.

By Mr. Moore, of Jeff Davis county—To abolish the county court of Jeff Davis county.

By Mr. Moore—To establish the city court of Hazlehurst.

By Mr. Hall, of Newton—To create a new charter for the city of Monticello.

By Mr. Dismer, of Pierce—To amend an act creating the town of Patterson.

By Messrs. Hall and Smith, of DeKalb—To amend the charter of the city of Lake.

By Mr. Rhodes, of Clarke—To amend the charter of the city of Athens.

By Mr. Hall, of Wilkes—To incorporate the town of Pine View.

By Messrs. Hall and Smith, of DeKalb—To amend the charter of the town of Kirkwood.

By Messrs. Hall and Reeves, of DeKalb—To amend an act creating a new charter for the town of Decatur.

By Mr. Smith, of Fannin—To create a new charter for the town of Mccaysville.

By Mr. Stewart, of Coffee—To repeal an act creating a board of commissioners of roads and revenues for Coffee county.

By Mr. Stewart, of Coffee—To create a board of commissioners of roads and revenues for Coffee county.

By Messrs. Blackburn and Smith, of Fulton—To provide for a municipal court for the city of Atlanta.

By Mr. Johnson, of Montgomery—To create a board of commissioners of roads and revenues for Wheeler county.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley, of Ware—To amend an act creating a new charter for the city of Ware.

By Mr. DeVaughn, of Macon—To authorize the working of Macon county convicts on chain gangs.

By Mr. Harrison, of Emanuel—To incorporate the town of Alino.

By Mr. Mcghee, of Bartow—To amend the charter of the city of Hartwell.

By Mr. Cooper, of Ware—To amend the charter of the city of Waycross.

By Mr. Shipp, of Pulaski—To create a new charter for the town of Hawkinsville.

By Mr. Posey, of Franklin—To amend an act incorporating the city of Carnesville.

By Mr. Hopkins, of Thomaston—To provide for a city department in Thomaston county.

MOUNT GILEAD CAMP MEETING

Ben Hill, Aug. 9 to 16. Sunday 10th Big Day. Take A., B. & A. train. 40 Cents Round Trip.

A Diamond Now Costing $200 Will Soon Bring $250

Diamonds have been advanced by the Syndicate since the first of the year $15.00 to $50.00 per carat.

On top of this, the senate will probably approve the new tariff bill, which has been passed by congress. This new tariff bill increases the duty on both rough and cut diamonds 10 per cent.

This will add $50.00 to the price of a diamond now selling for $200.00.

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HOW AUGUSTA VOTES BY PICTURE BALLOT

Editor Tom Loyless Makes Picturesque Presentation Before the Senate Committee.

Beasts of the field and birds of the air, farm-yard fowls, fruits and flowers used as "emblems" by the contesting candidates, in order that the "illiterate" voter may not be deprived of his God-given right to put one over every time the polls open.

The Augusta "secret ballot" is in the vernacular of the day, it is "some" ballot. It is a ballot the like of which you, probably, never saw before, and may never see again. Unless, of course, you move to Augusta to do your voting, where voting is made easy, in fact, so simplified that not merely "he who runs may read," but even he who cannot read may read.

It all came to light yesterday and the day before over in the senate, where Thomas W. Loyless, editor of The Augusta Chronicle, appeared before the general judiciary committee to ask that section 1 be stricken from the Augusta "secret ballot bill," now before that body.

The bill in question was introduced in the house by Representatives Garlington and Olive, of Richmond, and has the sanction of Senator Kelly, of the eighteenth (Augusta) district; but the latter not an Augustan.

Section 3 is the feature of the bill to which a vast majority of the taxpayers of Augusta objects, holds Editor Loyless.

In so many words, it requires that "emblems" be placed opposite the names of all "local" candidates in all primary or general elections held in Augusta, in order that the "illiterate citizen may be enabled to vote."

As explained by Mr. Loyless, in a twenty minutes' talk before the judiciary committee, this provision is distinctly designed to enfranchise ignorance, to enable a man to vote who can neither read nor write, and, therefore, distinctly puts a premium upon ignorance.

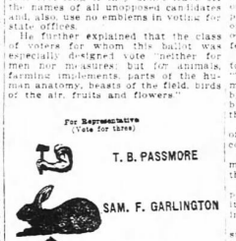
Official Ballot.

Mr. Loyless brought with him an assortment of "official ballots," such as they have heretofore been voting in the Augusta and Richmond county primaries, but which he objects to having recognized by law and adopted for general election in his home city.

He said that these ballots are unique, is putting it mildly, and many senators sought them as souvenirs. The general comment was that they were just like anything that had ever before been used in elections in these parts, and readily gave an illuminating insight into the whys and wherefores of Augusta politics, which, as everyone now knows, is in a class all by itself.

The ballot itself is about two feet in length on account of the size of the emblem used by each and every candidate. But, as Mr. Loyless explained, would, at times, be three or four feet long if they didn't leave off the names of all unopposed candidates and, also, use no emblems in voting for state offices.

He further explained that the class of voters for whom this ballot was especially designed vote neither for men for measures, but for animals, farming implements, birds of the human anatomy, beasts of the field, birds of the air, fruits and flowers.



Picturesque Ballot Used in Augusta.

As for instance, in the last primary, Judge Eve, who has been city court judge in Augusta for the past thirty years, was represented by clasped hands, and they say the judge is no novice at handshaking. His opponent selected as his emblem a plow, evidently designed to catch the farmer's vote.

The present members of the house from Richmond were variously represented. Mr. Picquet using as his "emblem" a horse-shoe, Mr. Olive an ace of hearts, while Mr. Garlington was represented by a rabbit, and seems to have run with equal facility.

Another candidate chose as his "emblem" a race horse, another a cow, while still others were represented by watermelons, trees, elephants and dixie and sundry other things.

Mr. Loyless appealed to the committee for the sake of helping to purify the politics of Richmond county and relieving the intelligence of the electorate, to strike these things from the bill, and insure that a man be at least able to read and write before he is permitted to vote in Georgia. He stressed the point that no such conditions were permitted upon any other city and county in Georgia, and that it was obviously unfair to put such a stigma and odium upon Augusta. "For the sake of common decency, gentlemen," he said, "and out of respect for manhood suffrage, give us a ballot that a horse can't vote, whereupon he told of seeing a trained horse, in a show, that, with practice, could pick out just such "emblems" or pictures of objects as were on these Augusta ballots.

But, out of consideration for "senatorial courtesy," it being a local bill and the senator from that district favoring it, the committee voted to report the bill without amendment. But some of the senators are taking the position that it is more than a local bill, in that it gives the sanction of law to a system of voting that might prove serious, in fact, extremely hurtful to the best interests of the state as a whole, should it become prevalent. Hence, at least this feature of the bill will be opposed when the measure comes up in the senate.

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BITTER BATTLE TODAY OVER MEDICAL BILL

House Is Apparently Closely Divided and Future of Measure Is Yet a Question.

One of the bitterest battles in this session of the legislature is expected when the house convenes Friday morning to continue its consideration of the medical practice bill, which was begun at Thursday's afternoon session.

For weeks the opponents and advocators of this measure have been foregathering at the capitol in the interest of their views and it is believed that there are but few members of the house who have not now a well-established view one way or the other on the measure. The house apparently is closely divided on the bill and the fate of the bill is yet a question.

The bill was read before the house Thursday afternoon with a favorable report from the house committee on hygiene and sanitation and the argument was begun.

Evidence of opposition came at once and strongly in a scathing minority report to the committee's recommendation.

Monopoly Alleged.

This report sets forth that the medical practice bill sets up a monopoly of interests of the allopathic school by abolishing of the four boards now existing representing each one of the four schools of medical practice existing in Georgia and establishing in lieu thereof a single board, the majority of whose members shall be of the allopathic school.

The minority report also objects to the alleged insinuation in the bill that the three schools flirting the bill are opposed to raising the standard of medical education.

It is further alleged in the minority report that the passage of this measure will put the eclectic school of Atlanta out of business.

The clause in question requires that a medical school shall "have adequate dents adequate clerical and hospital facilities." The minority report sets forth that the allopathic schools of Atlanta have access to and use of the Grady hospital for their hospital facilities, and that while this is a public institution supported by the taxes of the people, no other schools than that of the allopaths are allowed to hold clinics there, this placing in the hands of the allopaths by the passing of the bill the power to see that their school lives up to the requirements of it, while other schools may sink or swim as they are able.

Objections of Minority.

A third objection in the minority report is that the bill neither recognizes nor provides for any other system of treating diseases than by the eclectics, allopaths, homeopaths and osteopaths, thus, it is declared, a law, placing the state in the position not of regulating methods of healing, but of suppressing certain systems in deference to others.

Fourthly, the minority report objects to the clause in the bill which reads, "The reputability and standing of all medical colleges shall be determined by this board," thus empowering one branch to pass upon the standing of the schools of another branch.

The minority report cites the fates of such laws in other states and quotes court decisions of many authors.

The minority report offers amendments ameliorating the evils to which the minority objects.

A flood of amendments may be expected to be offered to the bill and if it passes the house it will probably be in a considerably amended form.

The Christian Scientists, who are strongly opposed to the passage of the bill, will offer the following amendment:

This act shall not apply to any person who ministers to or treats the sick or suffering by mental or spiritual means, whether gratuitously or for compensation, and without the use of any drug or material remedy.

Sentenced to Hang.

Waycross, Ga., August 7.—(special.)—For attacking a white woman at Homerville early this year, Like Lane, a negro, will hang at Homerville September 10. He was sentenced at a special session of the Clinch superior court today by Judge T. A. Parker.



Cooling hill breezes at Hot Springs, Arkansas make every pleasure

of out o'doors inviting. The golf and tennis you play; the rides and drives you take on the picturesque mountain roads; the boating and fishing you do on the Ouchita river nearby—whatever form of out-door recreation you choose, the cool hill breezes co-operate to make it enjoyable.

Get full value. Everything that makes a vacation worth-while is yours at Hot Springs.

Spend your vacation at this pleasure place where you can enjoy the coolness and pleasures of mountain heights and *also* have these health-restoring waters to build you up.

You would be surprised what little is asked for good board and how low the bath prices are fixed by Uncle Sam.

The Rock Island is the direct line to Hot Springs from Memphis. Four modernly equipped trains daily, leaving Memphis 7:00 a. m. 9:45 a. m. 11:00 a. m. and 12:01 midnight. Trains from the southeast make direct connection in Memphis with these Rock Island trains to the Hot Springs, Arkansas. Find out about the many attractions of this health and pleasure place. Write for booklet and for details about schedule and fare from your hometown.

Rock Island Lines

H. H. HUNT,
Dist. Passenger Agt.
18 North Pryor St.,
Atlanta, Ga.

HARVIE JORDAN TALKS ABOUT FARM FINANCE

American Commissioner Tells About His Investigations in Europe.

Harvie Jordan, member of the American commission to investigate farm finance in Europe, Thursday night addressed the house and senate in joint session on the subject of farm finance. He said that in the countries of Europe there are two kinds of farm financing, one of the short time personal credit system, the other being the long time land mortgage credit system. Rates of interest range from 4 to 5 per cent.

The short time system consists of numbers of small banks federated under a central bank, which is connected with the federal bank of issuance.

In this system the small banks start business without capital. They accept deposits from any one, but make loans only to members of the banks. In case a small bank has not the funds for a loan it calls upon the central bank, which, in turn, may call upon the bank of issuance. Their loans are usually for one year.

In the long time loans the system consists of land mortgage banks.

These work in this way: If a farmer wants a long time loan he goes to the land mortgage bank and borrows for a term of fifty years say, and pays 4 3-4 per cent each year reducing his debt. Lands are accepted sometimes as high as 66 per cent of their value as collateral.

Bonds are then issued on these mortgages and find a ready sale.

When a mortgage loan is paid off the banks hunt out in that amount of bonds. They are under close supervision of the government.

Mr. Jordan stated that he believed the land mortgage banking systems would be better for the United States than the short time loan banks.

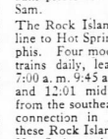
Georgia, he said, is behind Europe in agriculture. Germany is producing sixty bushels of wheat to the acre to our fifteen bushels.

"In Europe they follow intensive farming. In Georgia, I understand, $16,000,000 was spent last years for fertilizers, more than the proceeds of all the farm products. We ought," he said, "to diversify our crops, and we should encourage the production of domestic animals."

$9.00 Round Trip
Tybee, Where Ocean Breezes Blow
Cumberland Island, Ga.
St. Simons Island, Ga.
Saturday, August 16, 1913. Tickets good for return by midnight September 1, 1913. For sleeping car berths, tickets, etc.
Ask the Ticket Agent
Central of Georgia Railway
Fourth National Bank Building and Terminal Station.—(Adv.)

TAKE NUXCARA
Half Hour Before Each Meal And
Laugh at Indigestion

Diseases of Men



My specialty is treating diseases of men. I have been in position to treat them for fifteen years. I studied them closely and carefully. I care for them because I am in position to do so. I am fully equipped and careful in every detail in my work. I am the largest exclusive specialist advertising to the white people now living in the city of Atlanta. I am personally in charge and give each case my personal attention.

Dr. J. T. Gault

Successor to Dr. Hathaway & Company.
32 Inman Building, 22½ South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Men and Religion Bulletin No. 71.

The Numbers 4, 11, 21 in Georgia

When you have destroyed the boy's pride and honor,
When you have killed the soul of the girl,
This year,
Next year to adopt
Probation and a home for the wayward
Will not help them or their mothers.
For those now in need we plead.

Cholera serum for hogs has been provided.

Good!

Protection for cows from the tick—

Fine!

Expert knowledge of bugs and chemicals to save and foster our crops—

Splendid!

Higher education for men and boys—

Excellent!

But the miserable—the unfortunate—those who are slipping down into the slime which underlies—what of these?

In one home lives a mother. Her boy cut four stalks of sugarcane and with another boy stole them from a field.

Your court and ours fined them forty dollars apiece.

They were strangers, one nineteen and the other twenty. They had thirty cents between them and no friends. Eight months in our chaingang was their sentence for not having forty dollars each. A minister found them in stripes at Christmas. He got them out. Their parents had not known of their plight.

IS THIS RIGHT? You can—you will prevent the recurrence of such cases. Pass the Probation Bill. Give your Judge the power to save first offenders.

E. C. Branson, of the Normal College at Athens, states that crime has increased in Georgia since 1880 approximately twice as fast as the population.

Think of this. Then consider Illinois.

In that State, commitments have decreased forty per cent in the ten years since the adoption of the Indeterminate Sentence, despite the great increase of population. Half of the States have incorporated the Indeterminate Sentence in their laws.

Its aim is "to retain the convict in prison until he is fitted for freedom, making such fitness for freedom the condition precedent of his release."

IT WILL ENCOURAGE ROAD BUILDING.

To the fear of the lash it adds the far greater incentive, the hope of winning freedom by good work.

Senate Bill No. 11 provides for Probation. Senate Bill No. 21 covers the Indeterminate Sentence. The Senate has passed both of them without opposition. And the Judiciary Committee of the House has again favorably reported both Bills for passage in the House.

To incorporate them into the laws of Georgia only an opportunity for a vote in the House is needed.

With them goes House Bill No. 4. This provides the home for wayward girls. They, today, are the pressing problem in our courts. They are prisoners. Yet you would not place them in the chaingang or with hardened criminals.

Since you will not do that with a boy under sixteen for whom you provide a home, you can scarcely do it with a girl.

And yet the State has to care for them.

While providing serum for sick hogs, and a tick cure for cattle, and horticulture and entomology for our fields, and college training for our boys, surely you will provide for these, our girls.

The Prison Commission urges this. The Appropriations Committee and the Penitentiary Committee report favorably House Bill No. 4.

THESE NUMBERS, 4, 11 and 21, entitle these bills to a hearing.

But, more than this, the meaning of these measures to Georgia and the unfortunate—that there is nothing in them for any one excepting the miserable at the bottom of the pit—these facts make certain, we believe, that they will be heard and made the law of our State.

Stop and think of the homes they touch.

And you will urge and give them the right of way.

Remember the purpose of the Crucified—

Jesus died, not alone that you might live, but "to give light to them that sit in darkness and in the shadow of death."

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE MEN AND RELIGION FORWARD MOVEMENT

SOCIETY

Bridge Tea for Miss Harrison.

Mrs. Spencer Atkinson entertained at a pretty bridge tea Saturday afternoon at her home on Piedmont avenue for her niece, Miss Virginia Harrison, of Brunswick, Ga.

Quantities of summer flowers decorated the apartments, where the card tables were placed, and in the dining room, where tea was served after the game. The centerpiece of the table was an artistic arrangement of white asters. Silver candlesticks had silver filigree and white shades and silver dishes held white bonbons and about the room were ferns and tall silver vases of white flowers. The prizes at bridge were an English print and a bridge set. The score cards were hand-painted in flowers.

Mrs. Atkinson wore a gown of cream colored, hand-embroidered batiste combined with lace and Miss Harrison wore pink embroidered batiste trimmed in lace.

Invited to meet Miss Harrison were Misses Penelope and Frances Clarke, Miss Katherine Richardson, Miss Edith Dunson, Miss Adrienne Hatter, Miss Ruth Northen, Miss Edith and Antoinette Kirkpatrick, Miss Emma Kate Amoross, Miss Annie Lee McKendrick, Miss Margaret Hawkins, Miss Ruth Stallings, Miss Mary Murray, of Alabama, Miss Mary Hines, Miss Virginia Lipscomb, Miss Sarah Hawson, Miss Cobbie Vaughan, Miss Nancy Prince, Miss Mary Helen Moody and Miss Ruth Aiken and Miss Winnie McKennon, of Brunswick.

Afternoon Reception.

Miss Marie Norris and Mrs. William Fambrough yesterday afternoon entertained in honor of Miss Eva Marie Beattie, of New York and Miss Minnie Fambrough, of Boston.

Sunflowers and yellow cannas, artistically arranged, decorated the house. The centerpiece of the table in the dining room was a large basket filled with yellow cannas and all other details of the pretty table were in white and yellow. Assisting in entertaining were Mrs. A. L. Norris, Mrs. Eugene Jarrard, Mrs. J. C. Norris, Miss Marion Fambrough, Miss Irene Bennett, Miss Alma Bertram, Miss Edith Norris and Miss Alma Norris.

Serving punch on the porch were Miss Isaiah Tipton and Miss Winnie May Ison.

About 150 guests were invited.

In the evening Miss Norris entertained the young ladies receiving with her at dinner. Completing the party were Mr. Horace Mellan, Mr. Robert Steele, Mr. Binford Lumpkin, Mr. Ralph De Loach, Mr. Ivey, Mr. Charlie Donnell, Mr. Howard Stone, Mr. Harlan Branham and Mr. Yetters.

Nurses to Entertain.

The Atlanta Registered Nurses' club will be at home to their friends Wednesday, August 13, from 4 till 6 o'clock, The Herbert, 219 Courtland street.

Tally-Ho Ride.

Miss Ruth Moody was hostess at a tally-ho party last night for Miss Louise des Vergers, guest of Mrs. W. A. Wimbish, and for Mr. and Mrs. C. King, who is visiting her parents, Captain and Mrs. John Bryan.

The guests were Misses Edith Hammond, Josephine Stoney, Elizabeth Morgan, Eleanor Macey, Mary Lula Black, Marguerite Olson, Elizabeth Evans, Mamie Kirkpatrick, Mary Bowen and her guest, Margaret Lowman, of Birmingham; Louise Ryan, Marquis Kitch, Messrs. Harry Maxim, Jack Macey, Charles Caverly, J. K. Jordan, Stanley Wimbish, Hilton Wimbish, Lieutenant Clyde Evans, Benjamin Hardaway, Hornsby Evans, John E. Creed, Ralph Kimball, Charles Goldson, Herman Evans, Ernest Harrod, J. H. Lucas, Paul Corrigan, T. S. Lockwood, Charles Turner, Dr. Edmondson, Captain and Mrs. John Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Wimbish, Captain and Mrs. Thomas Moody chaperoned the party.

Mrs. Salmon Entertains.

Mrs. Charles Salmon entertained at an informal luncheon at the Hotel Ansley Tuesday in honor of her guests, Misses Agnes Vining, of Savannah, and Miss Pearl Vining, of Covington, Ga.

A delightful affair of Wednesday afternoon was the porch party given by Miss Annie Furgerson in honor of Mrs. Salmon's guests.

Mrs. Longino Entertains.

Mrs. Charles F. Longino entertained at a musicale Wednesday evening at her home in College Park in compliment to Miss Lucy Latham, of Gainesville, Ga. After the musical program refreshments were served on the lawn. Among the guests were Miss Christine Owen, Miss Sallie May Joiner, Mrs. A. W. Hanlon, Mrs. A. J. Tilden and Messrs. Longino.

Dinner-Dance.

The weekly dinner dance at the Capitol City Country club was enjoyed by about 200 guests. Among those entertaining parties were Mr. and Mrs. George Hodgson, who had as their guests of honor Mrs. Everett Cain, of Boston, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Cain, Cain. Other parti included Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lipscomb, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lipscomb, of Athens, Miss Eugenia Richardson and Mr. Robert Forrester.

Mr. and Mrs. George Brown entertained in compliment to Miss Jessie McKee, who has just returned from a trip abroad.

Invited to meet Miss McKee were Miss Leone Ladson, Miss Mary Brown, Mr. Stuart Witham, Mr. Perrin Nicholson, Mr. Saunders Jones and Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McKee.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Paxon gave a swimming party in the afternoon, followed by dinner in the evening.

They had twelve guests.

To Miss McJunkin.

An enjoyable occasion was the theater party Monday evening at the Forsyth in honor of Miss Rebekah McJunkin, of Dallas, Texas, the guest of Misses Helen and Annie Spencer. The party included Miss McJunkin, Misses Spencer, Mr. Harold H. Coolidge, Mr. H. G. Walker and Mr. W. Vaughan Crowley.

Cake Sale.

The ladies of Wesley Memorial church will hold a cake and candy sale at Kenney's Tea store Saturday. Your patronage is solicited.

Tuxedo Club to Entertain.

The members of the Tuxedo club will entertain their friends at an informal dance this evening at 8:45 o'clock at the club rooms of the West End Dancing academy in West End.

Misses Zuber Entertain.

The Misses Annie and Maggie Zuber are entertaining at a house party at their summer home in the Blue Ridge mountains. The guests invited to "Linkenlogen" include Miss Florence Shelton, of Chicago; Miss Marion Chretien, of Buffalo, and Misses Lena Wittig, Mary Hagan, Crystal Bosche, Jo Wittig and Elise Boylston, of Atlanta.

Musicale to Miss Lavender.

Mrs. George B. Findley entertained twenty guests at a musicale in her home on College Park last night in honor of her guest, Miss Leila Lavender, of Montezuma, Ga.

For Visitors.

Mrs. W. M. Jenkins entertained very delightfully last evening at her home in West End in compliment to her guests, Miss Frances Hudley, of Hawkinsville, and Misses Mary, Georgia and Anna Frizzell, of Waverly Hall.

The house was attractively decorated with garden flowers. During the evening games were played and music enjoyed. Mrs. Jenkins wore a gown of white voile trimmed in lace, and the guests of honor wore dainty lingerie gowns.

Invited to meet the honor guests were Misses Blanch Baker, Elizabeth Cofield, Sara and Marie Colcord, Virginia Collier, Anna Ruth and Mary Nichols, Lois Brenner, Messrs. Joseph Harper, Archie Gann, Edwin Schane, Newton McEachern, Hinton Longino, Irwin Wilson, William Simpson, Kerth Bolding, Thomas Bradley, Stewart Harris, Walker and Harold Bloodworth.

Dr. and Mrs. Bates Block entertained for Miss Anna Lowry Eason, of Lenoir, Tenn., who is visiting Miss Emma Lowry Freeman. Besides Miss Eason and Miss Freeman, the guests will be Miss Alice May Freeman, Mr. Arthur Clarke, Mr. Walter Nash and Mr. James Ragan.

Others entertaining were:

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Seiple, Mrs. William Kiser, Misses Lee Harvey, S. C. Flemming, A. S. Watson, Joseph Brown, Connally, J. M. Moore, Winter Alfred, Edward Alfriend and Wilham Dickey.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Parker, of Jacksonville, have taken possession of their cottage in Chelsea Park for the remainder of the summer.

***

Mrs. W. M. Rucker left Monday for Savannah, where she will take a boat for New York. Before returning Mrs. Rucker will visit Atlantic City.

***

Mrs. W. J. Dupree was called to Sarnia, Canada, yesterday on account of the death of Mrs. Blalock's mother, Mrs. Peter Kiser. Mrs. Blalock's brother, Joseph, for Canada.

***

The many friends of Mrs. Willis Jones will regret to hear of her illness, having been operated on yesterday for appendicitis.

***

Mrs. W. A. Wimbish and her cousin, Miss Louise Desvergers, were the guest of a house party being given by Mrs. Ben Hill at her beautiful home in Clarkston, Ga., Mr. and Mrs. George King.

***

Mrs. A. J. Smith is universally ill at her home on West Peachtree street. She is one of the best known and most beautiful women in Atlanta.

***

Mrs. John Silver has returned from a visit to Atlantic City.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Hunter Hillman have taken possession of their new home on Peachtree street.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Collins and son, Brad ley, are visiting Miss Mary DeLand. Have returned from a delightful visit to Savannah.

***

Mrs. Grant Williams will entertain at cards at the Piedmont Driving club Friday afternoon.

***

Miss Augusta Pierce, of New York, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair, was called home Wednesday by a telegram announcing the death of her brother, the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Pierce. She was accompanied by Mrs. Robert Gregg. The news will be a source of regret to countless friends, as Mr. and Mrs. Pierce have lived in Atlanta. Mrs. Pierce was Miss Gussie Morgan, and she is a sister of Mrs. Charles T. Hopkins.

***

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Wright have returned from West Tennessee.

***

Mrs. James T. Childs, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. Hunter Willis, for the past month, returned to Augusta on Monday.

***

Dr. and Mrs. William H. Chambers and their little son, "Billie," are on a visit to their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Chambers at 255 Ponce de Leon avenue. Dr. Chambers is connected with the medical department of the army, and for the past two years has been stationed at the Presidio, of San Francisco, Cal.

***

Miss Lucile Charlton and Miss Marshall Mayer, of Bainbridge, Ga., will arrive Saturday to be guests of Miss Sue Baker. Miss Charlton and Miss Mayer have been attending University of Virginia summer school, and are en route home. Miss Sue Baker will accompany them on their return to Bainbridge.

***

Miss Lala Bright Cannon has returned to the city after a delightful week's visit with friends at Warm Springs.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas R. Pitts, of Waverly Place, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Jenkins.

***

Mrs. Hoyt J. Blocker and her daughter, Miss Ruby Blocker, of Richmond, Va., are spending a few weeks in the city as the guests of Mrs. Blocker's mother, Mrs. B. S. Dickinson.

***

Dr. S. L. Silverman is at Atlantic Beach for a few days.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Beaumont Davison left last week via Havana for New York. They will be joined by Mr. and Mrs. Vauch, and will spend the next few weeks at Saratoga and Long Branch.

***

Mr. Adolph Gertzakesky, of Albany, Ga., is at the Georgian Terrace hotel.

***

Miss Elizabeth Getz, who is pleasantly remembered here, having been for several years prominently connected with the public schools, is visiting friends on East Linden avenue. She will visit Cincinnati, her former home, before returning to her work in New York city in September. She is capable of drawing of one of the New York district schools, a position of trust and responsibility.

***

Mrs. W. A. Speer will entertain at tea this afternoon at the Piedmont club, in compliment to Mrs. Frampton Ellis.

***

Mr. Bert Clarke has recovered from a recent illness.

***

Mr. H. W. R. Glover entertained at an informal luncheon yesterday at her home on Seventh.

***

Miss Louise Cramer will return today from Rome, where she has been delightfully entertained as the guest of Miss LuGrane Cochran and of Miss Katherine Pierce.

***

Miss Ella Perryman, of Hollis, Ala., is visiting here after Mrs. James R. Little on Peachtree road.

***

Mrs. Grant Williams will entertain at bridge this afternoon at the Driving club for Mrs. William H. Chambers, of California.

***

Mrs. Allan Johnson has returned from a visit to West Point.

***

Mr. and Mrs. J. Ashley Jones and Miss Mary Aigood Jones, are at home at 24 West Fourteenth street.

MRS. BERTHA AYCOCK DIED LAST WEDNESDAY

Mrs. Bertha Aycock, wife of T. W. Aycock, of 101 Beattie avenue, died suddenly surrounded by her relatives and friends at 2:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. The immediate cause of death was heart trouble.

She is survived by her husband, her sisters, Mrs. J. W. Davis, of Barlow, Ky.; Mrs. O. Walker, of Paducah, Ky.; her brothers, O. U. Desha, of Ft. Collins, Colo.; H. G. Desha, of Sterling, Okla.; Owen Desha, of Anniston, Mo., and Lindsey Desha, of East Prairie, Mo.

The deceased was a daughter of the late E. J. and Angier Desha, of Kevis, Ky. Her death is keenly felt by her many friends, who deeply sympathize with her surviving family and the family of Mr. and Ma. J. E. Aycock.

The funeral will be held from the Capitol View Baptist church at 3 o'clock this afternoon, interment in West View cemetery.

The pallbearers follow: B. L. Dunaway, E. M. Vary, W. H. Dunaway, James T. Ragsdale, C. J. McClendon, A. R. Lord.

DICKERSON BOUND OVER ON CHARGE OF STEALING

Charged with the larceny of a $10 bill from the pocketbook of Mrs. K. M. McElroy, of 39 Short street, Horace Dickerson, a white man, 28 years old, was arraigned held in the police court under bond of $100 when he appeared before Recorder Pro Tem Pichtin for a hearing. From the evidence produced in court it seems that Dickerson was moving some furniture from the room in which a pocketbook containing $14.75 was hanging on the wall. A $10 bill was missing directly after Dickerson came out of the room and it was shown that he was the only person in the room. He protested his innocence.

9TH DISTRICT MASONS MEET AT GAINESVILLE

Gainesville, August 7.—The Masons of the ninth congressional district are in annual session here. Sixty-nine lodges are represented by 100 delegates.

The address by Thomas H. Jeffries, of Atlanta, past grand master, was a public part of the program at Brenau Auditorium Wednesday.

Those present was Colonel John E. Redwine, of Gainesville, one of the oldest Masons in Georgia. He has held many offices of honor. He is about 85 years old. Dr. J. C. Bennett, of Jefferson, presided.

YOUNG VALDOSTA BOY IS CRUSHED BY TRUCK

Valdosta, Ga., August 7.—(Special.)—Bennie Smith, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Smith, sustained serious injuries today by being crushed between a heavily loaded truck and a brick wall at the warehouse of Swift & Co. The lad, in company with a companion, tried to pass between the truck and the wall, when the mule hitched to the truck backed suddenly, catching young Smith before he could pass. Physicians state that the little boy is injured internally, but they are unable to tell yet how seriously.

BRIDE SEES HUSBAND KILLED BY LIVE WIRE

Anniston, Ala., August 7.—Edward Dill, aged 28, lineman for the Alabama Power company, was electrocuted near here today when he came in contact with a live wire while working at the top of a pole. His body remained suspended from the wires until rescued by linemen from this place. Dill's 17-year-old bride, who witnessed his death, telephoned for help.

Cold Candies

Dainty candies require careful handling in hot weather.

Nunnally's are made in refrigerated rooms, delivered immediately to our retail stores and kept in iced cases until the moment they are sold.

It's a real treat to find every piece deliciously cold and in perfect condition.

Nunnally's

33 Peachtree 103 Peachtree 34 Whitehall

PARK BOARD INDORSES PUBLIC COMFORT PLAN

Building Will Be Erected Over Whitehall Viaduct Near the Peters Building.

The unanimous indorsement of the plan to establish a public comfort station in Atlanta was given by the park board yesterday afternoon.

Commissioner L. C. Green, armed with letters of commendation from 22 mayors of various American cities, and the signatures of nearly 2,000 Atlanta taxpayers, went before the board to outline the plans for the station.

The building will be erected close to the Peters building over the Whitehall viaduct. It will be an attractive building, comfortable and convenient, and estimated to cost about $8,000.

It is the aim of Commissioner Green and Councilman Shepard to have work started on the building early in 1914. The finance committee has practically assured the promoters of the project support.

IMMEDIATE CHANGES IN AMERICUS POSTOFFICE

Americus, Ga., August 7.—(Special.) The indorsement of D. T. Davenport for the postmastership of Americus by Congressman Charles R. Crisp as announced this morning will undoubtedly result in immediate changes in the Americus office, not only as to postmaster, but assistant postmaster likewise. Mr. Davenport and Chief Clerk A. B. Howard are applicants for the appointment of postmaster, but by agreement effected Davenport is to be the appointee and Clerk Howard assistant postmaster. This agreement settling all difficulties and making the way clear for Congressman Crisp, who is brother-in-law of Postmaster Mitchell, a republican, has had the customary charges preferred against him. He has been in the Americus office a quarter of a century and has for a dozen years been postmaster, as has his brother, Assistant Postmaster Henry C. Mitchell, a democrat, who is recommended for a responsible clerkship under the incoming administration should he care to accept it.

STRICKEN BY PARALYSIS WHILE BOARDING TRAIN

Washington, Ga., August 7.—(Special.)—Mrs. T. J. Appleyard, of Tallahassee, Fla., wife of Florida's state printer, was stricken with paralysis Wednesday afternoon as she boarded a train for Atlanta, where she intended joining her daughters, who are at a house party.

Mrs. Appleyard had been on a two weeks' visit to relatives in this city and had complained of soreness in her right arm all morning, believing it a cold.

No sooner had Mrs. Appleyard taken her seat in the train than she was stricken. She is reported as resting easier this morning.

POSED AS MRS. ALCORN AND GOT THOUSANDS

Chattanooga, Tenn., August 7.—The old woman detained here on complaint that she was passing as the widow of former Governor Alcorn, of Mississippi, is thought to be dying in a hospital. Today J. A. Rector, grandson of Governor Alcorn, who came here from St. Louis to investigate the matter, had an interview with the woman.

She confessed that she had posed as Mrs. Alcorn and had carried on her operations all over the south and had in this way collected thousands of dollars. She says she is the widow of the late James K. McCloud, of Charleston, S. C., and that she was the daughter of Daniel Cook. She claims to have retired Mrs. R. M. Abbey, of Atlanta, whom she states was a Snowden, of Memphis.

PROBERS FIND CAUSE OF WRECK AT OLIVER

Savannah, Ga., August 7.—(Special.)—The wreck of No. 4 passenger train on the Central of Georgia railway at Oliver, Ga., Tuesday morning was caused by an obstruction dropping from the train and dragging through the frog, according to the report of the official board of inquiry which investigated the wreck at the scene this morning. The board of inquiry was composed of John Kennedy and Dr. A. B. Lanier, citizens of Oliver; Marshal Lucas, a Savannah newspaper man; J. T. Johnson, general superintendent of the Central; C. P. Hammond, engineer of maintenance and way; W. H. Wright, division superintendent, and S. A. Whitehurst, master mechanic.

SEABOARD NAMES LOW RATE TO BALTIMORE

$26.95 round trip. On sale August 22-23-24. Proportionate rates from other points. New Steel Diners and Sleepers. Through trains.—(adv.)

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES--RESINOL CURED

Atlanta, Ga., April 24, 1913.—"When I received the sample of Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment my face was covered with pimples which defied other creams, soaps and cosmetics. They were a source of constant humiliation to me, coming in contact with many strangers as I do, as a business woman.

"By the time I had finished a cake of Resinol Soap and half a jar of Resinol Ointment, my skin was soft as velvet, and as smooth. All pimples were stunned, and everyone asked me what I had done. When I told them, I think they hardly believed it, for the transformation was simply wonderful.

"Since then I have been using Resinol Soap and shall never be without it again, for I have learned the delights of a clear, soft, beautiful complexion that may be attained by its constant use." (Signed) Miss E. P. Gaddis, 284 South Pryor St.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap stop itching instantly and speedily heal eczema, and other skin humors, dandruff, sores, burns and piles. Sold by every druggist. For free trial, write Dept. 3-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.—(adv.)

PLACE STARS AND BARS ON COFFIN OF VETERAN

Simple but Impressive Funeral Services Held Over Body of Jesse P. Williams.

Simple and impressive were the last rites over the body of Jesse Parker Williams, who died Tuesday noon. The ceremonies were held at his Peachtree residence yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, and men of every class were there to pay their last homage to the one they loved.

President E. E. Dickey, of Emory college, officiated, assisted by Rev. Thomas Stanford, pastor of the Trinity Methodist church, Savannah, of which Mr. Williams was at one time a member.

Dr. Dickey gave a short sketch of Mr. Williams' life, and laid a high tribute to him as a citizen and a man of public affairs. Dr. Stanford spoke briefly of the good he had accomplished as a citizen and of Georgia's loss when he passed away.

The bier was covered with floral offerings from his many friends. Unique among them were the flowers sent by men of the Georgia, Florida and Alabama railroad, of which he was president at the time of his death. Each department sent their tribute to their chief. A large cross of roses was sent by the directors.

The Daughters of the Confederacy, Trinity church of Savannah, and the Savannah Cotton exchange, sent huge floral designs as testimonials of their esteem.

When the body was taken to West view cemetery the Confederate flag, under which he served in the sixties, was placed upon his coffin, and lowered in the grave.

BUTTON LODGED IN GIRL'S NASAL TUBE

Eufaula, Ala., August 7.—(Special.)—In order to have a button extracted from one of her nostrils, Dervine Mercer, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Mercer, of Clayton, this county, was taken to Montgomery this morning to undergo an operation. The button became lodged in the nasal tube while the child was at play and defied all the efforts of its parents and local physicians to remove it.

CHILD IS CARRIED OFF BY ENORMOUS EAGLE

Geneva, Switzerland, August 7.—While its father worked nearby a 4-year-old child was carried off by an enormous eagle today near the village of Andeer. Hunters accompanied by dogs set off to the child's rescue, but they were unable to find any traces of the eagle or its prey.

Tea Lovers

will appreciate the inviting fragrance and exquisite flavor of

Maxwell House Blend Tea

It meets every requirement of quality and purity.

½-lb., 1-lb., 1-lb. Air Tight Canisters. *Ask your grocer for it.*

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Broadway, 85th to 86th Streets, Between Central Park and Riverside Drive. Largest and Most Attractive Uptown Hotel. Within 10 Minutes of Theatre and Shopping Districts.

Subway Station and Surface Cars at Door. Also Elevated Stations, 86th Street.

SPECIAL SPRING & SUMMER RATES.

All the Comforts of the Better New York Hotels at a Medium Tariff.

"Where Ocean Breezes Blow"

HOTEL TYBEE

Tybee Island, Ga.

125 ROOMS

Modern---Fireproof

Under the Personal Management of F. W. ARMSTRONG

Write for Booklet, Rates, Etc.

ATLANTA BOOKING OFFICE at the Imperial Hotel

New Watch Hill House

Watch Hill, R. I.

MOST PERFECT SEASHORE RESORT. EVERY ROOM WITH WATER VIEW.

NOW OPEN: Always cool; no flies or mosquitoes; 3-hole golf course; excellent roads for driving and motoring; surf and still water bathing; white service throughout; well equipped garage. Send for booklet. A. E. DICK, Prop.

ATLANTIC CITY.

NEWEST BEACH-FRONT HOTEL

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(Formerly Young's.)

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.

On the famous Boardwalk at Tennessee Avenue. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF. Furnished for comfort and attractiveness. Sea water in all bathrooms; running water in bed chambers; modern cafe and grill; orchestra; garage.

MAAR, LATZ & CO.

Also New Hotel Marion.

FULL-SIZED FAMILY GREETED BY WILSON

Washington, August 7.—President Wilson interrupted his official business for a few minutes today to grant what Secretary Tumulty eagerly named "a full-sized family."

Representative John J. Casey, of Pennsylvania, with Mrs. Casey, brought to the executive offices their eight children—six boys and two girls, ranging up to 12 years old.

"Is this your family?" asked the president, as he spied them in the outer offices.

"Yes, all of them," replied Mr. Casey, as he proudly exhibited in his arms a 9-months-old girl, while the six boys in boy scout uniforms lined up with their 2-year-old sister before the president, who shook hands with each and wished them good luck.

Secretary Tumulty, who has six children, was an interested bystander.

Air-Float Talcum Powder

The smoothest, finest talcum powder made. "Borated." Two tints—white and flesh. Delightfully perfumed.

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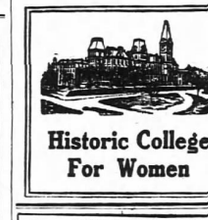

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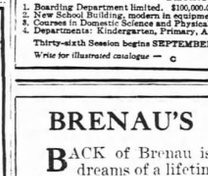

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Thirty-sixth Session begins SEPTEMBER 11th, 1913.

Write for illustrated catalogue — C

L. D. and EMMA R. SCOTT, Principals.

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BACK of Brenau is an ideal. The hopes and dreams of a lifetime have gone into the upbuilding of the institution. The fine structures, beautiful gardens and campus, the splendid material equipment and the educational facilities of the college are the results of unceasing efforts to realize a high educational standard.

THE college has not been used as a means of satisfying personal ambition nor to amass wealth. It is the embodiment of a need—a fine college for women where the girls of the South may secure an adequate education without leaving their section.

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IT sends out the young woman of poise, culture and capability, but whose greatest pride lies not so much in intellectual attainment as in the consciousness of womanly integrity.

THIS is Brenau's highest aim—the noblest development of the womanhood of the student consigned to its care.

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BRENAU COLLEGE, Gainesville, Ga.

Regular Session Opens September 11th

Complete equipment, beautiful environment, splendid climate

FIRST PEACE PACT HAS BEEN SIGNED

United States and Salvador Parties to the Convention. Terms Identical With Bryan's Peace Proposal.

Washington, August 7.—The first of the international peace treaties embodying Secretary Bryan's plans was actually signed here today when the United States and Salvador and soon will be sent to the senate for ratification.

The terms of this convention are practically identical with the details of the international peace proposal submitted by Secretary Bryan to the nations of the world. Twenty-six countries, including most of the great powers, already have approved the plan in principle, and it is probable that the signing of other treaties will follow in rapid succession. All will be drafted on the same general lines.

Text of the Treaty.

The text of the treaty follows:

"The republic of Salvador and the United States of America, being desirous to strengthen the bonds of amity that bind them together and also to advance the cause of general peace, have resolved to enter into a treaty for that purpose and have appointed as their plenipotentiaries:

"The president of Salvador, Senor Don Federico Mejia, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of Salvador to the United States and,

"The president of the United States, the Hon. William Jennings Bryan, secretary of state;

"Who, after having communicated to each other respective full powers, have agreed upon the following articles:

"Article I. The high contracting parties agree that all disputes between them, of every nature whatsoever, which diplomacy shall fail to adjust, shall be submitted for investigation and report to an international commission, to be constituted in the manner prescribed in the next succeeding article; and they agree not to declare war or begin hostilities during such investigation and report.

The International Commission.

"Article II. The international commission shall be composed of five members, to be appointed as follows:

"One member shall be chosen from each country by the government thereof; one member shall be chosen by each government of a third power, the fifth member shall be chosen by common agreement between the two governments in equal proportion.

"The international commission shall be appointed within four months after the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty, and vacancies shall be filled according to the manner of the original appointment.

"Article III. In case the high contracting parties shall have failed to adjust a dispute by diplomatic methods they shall at once refer it to the international commission for investigation and report. The international commission may, however, act upon its own initiative and in like manner it shall notify both governments and request their co-operation in the investigation.

"The report of the international commission shall be completed within one year after the date on which it shall declare its investigation to have begun, unless the high contracting parties shall extend the time by mutual agreement.

"The high contracting parties reserve the right to act independently on the subject matter of the dispute after the report of the commission shall have been submitted.

No Increase of Army and Navy.

"Article IV. Pending investigation and report of the international commission, the high contracting parties agree not to increase their military or naval programs, unless danger from a third power should compel such increase, in which case the party feeling itself menaced shall confidentially communicate the fact in writing to the other contracting party, and thereupon the latter shall also be released from its obligation to maintain its military and naval status quo.

"Article V. The present treaty shall be ratified by the president of the republic of Salvador with the approval of congress thereof, and by the president of the United States of America by and with the advice and consent of the senate thereof, and the ratifications shall be exchanged as soon as possible. It shall take effect immediately after the exchange of ratifications and shall continue in force for a period of five years, and it shall thereafter remain in force until twelve months after one of the high contracting parties has given notice to the other of an intention to terminate it.

The fact that this treaty is made between one of the greatest and one of the smallest nations is regarded as exemplifying in the highest degree the principle of the peaceful settlement of international issues. The principle of the convention is that most disputes between nations can be peacefully adjusted if sufficient time is allowed to dissipate passion and for cool and reasonable consideration of the issues.

SICK MAN ON TRIAL FOR KILLING GIRL

In Feeble Whisper Hugh Harrison Claims His Sweetheart, Ruth Hester, Shot Him First.

Savannah, Ga., August 7.—(Special.) Weak and sallow from malaria fever, Hugh Harrison was placed on trial in the superior court today for the murder of Ruth Hester, his sweetheart.

Harrison was unable to speak above a whisper and he sat in a chair close to the jury. As Judge Charlton could not hear what the defendant said, a reporter sat beside him while the stenographer read the notes to the court. The defense relied entirely upon Harrison's statement, the cross-examination of the witnesses for the prosecution and argument by counsel, introducing no evidence, in order that the right to make the closing speech to the jury might be reserved.

According to the evidence introduced by the prosecution, Harrison shot the girl and then turned to kill himself. John McEvoy, the state's main witness, testified that he was in an adjoining room when he heard the shots fired. When he ran into the room, he stated, Harrison was pointing the pistol at his own head. McEvoy felled Harrison with a chair. Harrison was shot in the right temple, but the bullet was fired before McEvoy got there. Afterward Harrison tried to cut his jugular vein with a pair of scissors. Neither the gunshot wound nor that inflicted by the scissors was serious.

The shooting occurred in the house on West Broughton street, where the girl roomed. Harrison testified that the girl shot him, and that in the tussle that followed the pistol was discharged again, killing her. He said she had grown jealous of his attentions to other women. Harrison said he had known the girl several years, first at her old home in Effingham county. Harrison's mother, sisters and brother were with him in court.

GOV. CRUCE IS AFRAID TO LEAVE OKLAHOMA

Madison, Wis., August 7.—Governor Cruce, of Oklahoma, has cancelled his engagement to address the governors' conference at the sixth annual meeting, to be held in Colorado Springs, August 26-31, according to notice received by the secretary of the conference. Governor Cruce wrote that judging from the disturbance he had reason to fear his absence from the state would give the lieutenant governor opportunity to perform supernatural acts contrary to the chief executive's policy.

A committee sent to Europe by the Southern Commercial Congress to study the problem of rural credit will report to the governors' conference upon its work. Senator Fletcher probably will address the conference on that subject.

Robert Daniel, Woodland, Ga.

Robert Daniel, aged 17 years, son of J. D. Daniel, of Woodland, Ga., died at a private sanitarium Thursday morning at 4 o'clock. Besides a father and mother he is survived by three brothers, O. M. and J. H. Daniel, of Woodland, and George C. Daniel, of Waverly, Ga. The body will be taken to Woodland for funeral and interment

TURKEY TO BE FORCED TO YIELD ADRIANOPLE

Powers Take the First Step to Coerce Ottoman Government.

London, August 7.—Representatives of the powers took the first step at Constitnople today to compel Turkey to evacuate Adrianople. Ottoman troops reoccupied the fortress after war broke out among the former Balkan allies. The diplomatic body demanded that the Turkish government should respect the treaty signed in London between the former belligerents.

Drawing Up Peace Treaty.

Bucharest, Rumania, August 7.—The peace conference today decided that, as a definite agreement on the terms of peace had been reached, it was not necessary to sign the preliminary protocol. A committee composed of one delegate from each country concerned was appointed to draw up a treaty to be signed on Saturday.

Orders have been sent to the various armies notifying them that the armistice is to be continued indefinitely.

MEXICAN SITUATION REGARDED AS GRAVE

Continued From Page One.

the purposes of the Washington government in sending Mr. Lind to Mexico will be made on his arrival in the Mexican capital and in the meantime there is no formal expression from the administration. It is known, however, that Mr. Lind is instructed to convey the views of the United States government for a restriction of peace in Mexico and will make his representations largely through the charge d'affaires of the American embassy.

Washington officials would be pleased, nevertheless, if he had the opportunity to talk with President Huerta and outline in person the friendly aims of the American government toward Mexico.

May Recognize Huerta's Foes.

Should the efforts of the United States be attacked by open remonstrance against Mr. Lind's visit, various suggestions for procedure are advanced by officials, but none of them reflecting any definite plan. It was pointed out that if the Huerta government refused to deal with a representative of the president of the United States or turned a deaf ear to his representations, recognition of the belligerency of the constitutionalists should follow as a natural consequence.

The thing that hitherto has blocked any movement for recognition of the constitutionalists has been the realization that the American government by such action would forfeit its right to claims for damages against the Huerta administration. With open diplomatic hostility, however, between the Huerta government and the United States, it is recognized that there might be little opportunity to enforce claims and many members of the senate are confident that the constitutionalists could be depended upon in the writing the American government eventually as they believe, by lifting the embargo on arms, the constitutionalists' cause soon would triumph.

President Wilson and Secretary Bryan let it be known tonight that nothing further would be done until Mr. Lind reaches Mexico City and official confirmation of the reported attitude of the Huerta government reaches here.

POSED AS DETECTIVE TO BLACKMAIL WOMAN

Los Angeles, August 7.—Charged with having attempted to blackmail a woman through a fictitious detective agency, F. E. Young, an automobile dealer and prominent church worker of Long Beach, is imprisoned pending a grand jury investigation.

A detective letter in his writing machine, it was said, was responsible for Young's arrest after Mrs. Kittie Behrenburg, a neighbor of Young's church had told her story to the district attorney.

Mrs. Behrenburg said Young had paid ardent court to her and shortly afterward she received a letter from the "Sunset Detective Agency" saying in effect:

"We know all and unless you pay $600 at once your church also will know all."

The detective agency letter contained a purported copy of a letter in which Young promised to pay $3,000 hush money.

Mrs. Behrenburg called on Young and she said he advised her to pay. She tried to borrow the $600 from her banker and told him the purpose for which she needed it. On the banker's advice she laid the case before the district attorney.

EMERGENCY GRAVE, DECLARES BACON

Georgian Warns Senators Not to Hamper Wilson in Mexican Matter—Course of the President Is Defended.

Washington, August 7.—Further demand for passage of his resolution for investigation of Mexican conditions by the foreign relations committee was made today by Senator Clark, of Wyoming. Chairman Bacon asked that the resolution be referred to his committee before being acted on, but Senator Clark objected.

"The administration probably has a policy, but we don't know what it is," said Mr. Clark. "Now the president has sent his third confidential representative to the republic, but we are left without information, while American lives are being lost and American property destroyed. I see no reason for delaying action; there can be an investigation by this committee as well as by the administration."

Bacon Objects to Hasty Action.

Senator Bacon said that conditions in Mexico and relations between the two countries were such that no hasty action should be taken by the senate.

"Because of the importance of this subject that is no higher duty resting upon us than to approach it with the utmost gravity and consideration," he declared.

Senator Bacon declared that notwithstanding reports from Mexico City that the Huerta government's formal announcement that it would not receive John Lind unless he came with proper credentials and prepared to recognize the Huerta government, the senate should not act until there was some actual development.

"There has been no communication received by the Huerta government from the United States. Not until the message has been delivered and the Mexican government has had a chance to act upon it should we undertake to deal with the situation.

"It is entirely possible that when Mr. Lind gets to Mexico and delivers his message there may be a different reply.

"It is a known fact that the president of the United States has formulated a plan with a view of restoring peace and that an effort is making to execute it. In my judgment it is no question of the matter how is not in the best interest of the public weal. The question will not be settled in a day or a week and I fear in much longer time. There will be plenty of time to discuss it.

Peaceful Results Wanted.

"The president has openly sent a personal representative to Mexico to bring about some arrangement by which peaceful results may be secured. It is our desire that orderly government be restored in Mexico. One way is to attempt to do so by peaceful means; the other is by the strong arm, by force. Who will say that the latter should not be the last to which we should resort?"

Senator Bacon asked why the necessity of the senate acting until the president's envoy had been heard from.

He referred to the report from Mexico that Governor Lind would not be received and said:

"Here is a message sent by one who claims to be an official. It was sent evidently in a moment of temper. I appeal to the senators to consider whether we should, whatever is the attitude of the president to do what he himself would have the right to do, for the purpose of endeavoring to bring about a peaceful solution, should not be permitted to deliver his message. I ask you to consider whether the Lind incident in this writing machine, it was said, was responsible for Young's arrest after Mrs. Kittie Behrenburg, a neighbor of Young's church had told her story to the district attorney.

Mrs. Behrenburg said Young had paid ardent court to her and shortly afterward she received a letter from the "Sunset Detective Agency" saying in effect:

"We know all and unless you pay $600 at once your church also will know all."

The detective agency letter contained a purported copy of a letter in which Young promised to pay $3,000 hush money.

Mrs. Behrenburg called on Young and she said he advised her to pay. She tried to borrow the $600 from her banker and told him the purpose for which she needed it. On the banker's advice she laid the case before the district attorney.

CONDUCT OF CAREY MAY CAUSE PROBE

Continued From Page One.

Carey with liability for payment of the $820 to the contractors. President Cochran consented to have the section stricken out.

Attacks President Cochran.

Manager Carey retaliated by demanding the ratification of all matters which he said received the approval of President Cochran.

One related to a bill of $26 for the hire of an automobile from Atlanta to Lithonia by President Cochran to make a contract with the Empire Granite company. C. F. Blount, of the granite company, according to President Cochran, agreed to pay the hire of the machine after he had received two contracts for 1,000 tons of stone.

Blount admitted Thursday night that he will make an affidavit that he offered to pay for the machine, and that President Cochran did not ask him to bear the expenses until after the contract had been made.

The board authorized the payment of the bill. President Cochran says there was nothing wrong in his asking Blount to pay the bill, as he will ask the board to make a full investigation of his act.

Manager Carey also asked the approval of the board of an agreement between President Cochran and Engineer Hurt, of the construction department, as to a stone crushed stone loaned to the park department. Manager Carey explained that the minutes of the board show the stone was given to the city, whereas Engineer Hurt claims that it was loaned the park department, and that he has a demand for the return of it. President Cochran says that while it may be true that he told the board that Engineer Hurt "gave" the stone to the department, it is also true that he knew that it was only a loan, and insisted that the board pay it back.

Hurst Says Shepard.

During the discussion of the stone agreement, Councilman Sheppard, who considerably emphasis, declared that it was just as illegal for President Cochran to enter into agreements without the consent of the board as it was for Manager Carey to go ahead with work without authority. He then left the meeting chamber.

Several other matters which Manager Carey declared had been irregularly executed by President Cochran were brought to the attention of the board to be "straightened out," as Manager Carey put it.

"I just brought these matters up," he said, "to show that no matter what the general manager does it is not in accordance with the board, and that whatever a board member does is all right.

"I realize that, under the existing condition, this is my last term as general manager. I am going to serve the board as best I can, but as to exploiting ideas I have that may hands have been tied, and that I am through."

The dissension in the board has already reached members of council. Several have declared their intention of asking for an investigation to get the matter straightened out.

Commissioner Young presided while President Cochran discussed his resolution.

It declared that the friction is likely to seriously hinder the work of the department.

TIME FOR STATE TO PAY, DECLARES GOV. SLATON

Continued From Page One.

benefit. What shall be done about it?

"I think the cheapest plan is to pay up. It is far cheaper for the taxpayer than to establish a burdensome system of drastic taxation that will be a blight on the enterprise of the state.

"The schools and pensions consume all of the ad valorem taxes except $270,000. The natural impulse is to vote any appropriation for these items, regardless of the lack of money.

"My idea was to limit the number of mills which could be appropriated for these purposes, thus protecting the people and affording larger sums in proportion to the states increasing prosperity. The 2 1-2 mills for schools is the amount raised this year, when the appropriations exceeded the revenues $348,000. To this was to be added the appropriations guaranteed by the constitution.

Better to Repeal Limitation.

"If the legislature will not appropriate within the revenue it is infinitely better to repeal the tax limitation, for then the people would have under constant supervision the expenditures of their legislators.

"Then the governor and comptroller general would levy a rate sufficient to meet their appropriations and the people would immediately see the expenditures and could at once correct it.

"Now, the legislature can appropriate in excess of the 5 mills and the people know nothing about it until the legislature is asked to submit to them a tax levy to raise the deficiency. To refuse to do so and to refuse revenue means for it to put the burden on the people and to injure the fair name of the state. I believe the state's affairs are those of the people and should candidly be presented to them.

"I believe the state should set an example of business probity and kiting processes should not be permitted. Bills have been introduced to make it penal to issue checks on banks when the drawer has no funds.

"Certainly the governor should not be required to draw warrants on a treasury in which there is no money.

"The state officials notify me that in all their experience there has not been such a falling off in tax returns as this year. Can the state honestly give the same service with reduced revenues?

It is Not Statesmanlike.

"I do not believe it is statesmanship or good politics to cut off revenues and increase appropriations. The people are not misled by such conduct. I do not believe the people will approve or indorse the promise of money in excess of the 5 mills they imposed together with a refusal of the means to satisfy the promise. Such a course has excited suspicion as to the efficiency and candor of representative government.

"For the first time in thirty years have the teachers been this long de-

Madison Teachers Demand Their Due From Legislature

Danielsville, Ga., August 7.—(Special.)—After expressing their appreciation for the untiring campaign waged by The Constitution for their interests, the Madison county teachers, assembled at their institute, passed the following resolution:

"We, The teachers of Madison county, Ga., in institute assembled, do demand that the state legislature pay us what the state now owes us."

layed in receiving any payment from the state.

"Of course this legislature did not create the deficit and I know it will not enlarge it. But it is fair that it submit the facts in the shape of legislative and constitutional amendments to the people, who are the masters of us all.

"It is unpleasant to do so, but it is a solemn duty. If delayed we will see such revision of taxes as will infinitely and unfairly increase the burdens of the citizens in ways so subtle that they will not know it until the 'old man of the sea' gets on their backs.

"The only honest way is for the state to pay its debts, and under no temptation to spend more than it takes in. This example by the state is worth to its youth in character more than all the education of its schools and all the patriotic ardor excited by its wars.

"I believe this legislature, composed of men who represent the honor and integrity of the state, and having in their veins the blood of a Georgia ancestry, will measure up to the duties confronting them. Criticism is unfair until they have finished their labors."

To Appeal Carter Case.

Asheville, N. C., August 7.—Declaring that Judge Boyd's ruling throwing out forty-two counts of the bill of indictment had eliminated many of the strongest and most vital charges in the case, District Attorney Holton today gave notice of an appeal to the supreme court of the United States in the case pending against John H. Carter, former president of the American National bank, of this city, who is charged with violations of sections 5209-R. S., of the banking laws, commonly known as the national bank penal act.

George Benson Drowned.

Wilmington, N. C., August 7.—George Benson, 17 years old, son of John C. Benson, of the Greensboro, N. C., Daily News, and a member of the Gate City Guard, encamped with the North Carolina coast artillery reserves at Fort Caswell, N. C., was drowned today while bathing with two companions in the surf near the army post.

BALTIMORE AND RETURN, $20.95

On sale August 22-23-24. Through Steel Trains. SEABOARD.—(adv.)

Early Today and Saturday For Women

More than 100 pairs of women's fine Pumps, worth to $4; come in dull leather, patent, vici kid, satin and white canvas —today and Saturday— $1.95 A Pair

Shoe Sale

For Men

Fine quality Men's Oxfords, worth to $3.50 a pair; Goodyear welt soles; come in gun metal, patent, tan, white buckskin or canvas; today and Saturday —choice— $2.45 A Pair

"Full Value Giving Shoe Store"

Royal Shoe Store 86 North Broad Street

DARGAN & HOPKINS

General Agents for Georgia

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the Six Months Ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Royal Indemnity Company, of New York

organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.
Principal Office, 84 William Street, New York.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.
1. Whole Amount of Capital Stock.....$1,000,000.00
2. Amount Paid up in Cash.....1,000,000.00—$1,000,000.00

II. ASSETS.
Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value..$3,207,037.50

III. LIABILITIES.
14. Total Liabilities.....$2,207,037.50
IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.
6. Total income actually received during the first six months in cash.....$1,430,751.00
V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913
Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash.....$1,061,065.51

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK:—Personally appeared before the undersigned, Charles F. Frizzell, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Vice President of the Royal Indemnity Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

C. F. FRIZZELL, Vice President.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 2d day of August, 1913.
EDWIN F. COREY,
Commissioner for the State of Georgia.

Name of State Agent—DARGAN & HOPKINS.
Name of Agent at Atlanta—DARGAN & HOPKINS.

"ROYAL" Automobile Liability Property Damage and Collision Automobile Fire 2%

Those Who Do Not Advertise

Some men and some business and professions still do not advertise. We know of one concern so determined not to come out into the light that it issued circulars to announce to the public that "It is now, and always has been, the policy of this house not to advertise in any manner," etc.

They advertised that they didn't advertise!

The truth of the matter is that most every other up-and-going business around them did advertise, and the compelling force of modern merchandising caused them, in a last stand against modern methods, to advertise to the public that they didn't believe in advertising!

It was a last stand, however, and the house now profits by a clean-cut policy of newspaper advertising.

Advertising is the chief force in commercial life today and the newspaper is the most potent and most economical advertising medium.

It Pays to Advertise Every Day In

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

"The Standard Southern Newspaper"

The Best Food-drink Lunch at Fountains



Insist Upon

ORIGINAL GENUINE **HORLICK'S**

Avoid Imitations—Take No Substitute.

Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged.

More healthful than tea or coffee. Agrees with the weakest digestion. Keep it on your sideboard at home. A quick lunch prepared in a minute.

Men's Furnishings Of the Better Kind Attractively Priced

White and Fancy Shirts
Soft or Stiff Cuffs

$1.00 Values, today	75¢
$1.50 Values, today	$1.15
$2.00 Values, today	$1.40
$2.50 Values, today	$1.90
$3.00 Values, today	$2.25
$3.75 Values, today	$2.65
$5.00 Values, today	$3.75
$6.50 Values, today	$4.50

Manhattan and Excello

One lot Odd Shirts, big sizes, detached cuffs . . . . . HALF-PRICE

Underwear, Pajamas and Night Shirts

50¢ Values, today	40¢
75¢ Values, today	60¢
$1.00 Values, today	75¢
$1.50 Values, today	$1.15
$2.00 Values, today	$1.50
$2.50 Values, today	$1.90
$3.00 Values, today	$2.25

Scriven Drawers Excepted

Odd lots of Underwear—mostly large sizes . . . . . HALF-PRICE

Parks-Chambers-Hardwick COMPANY

37-39 Peachtree Atlanta, Ga.

G. U. O. O. F. CONVENTION
Savannah, Ga.,
August 12-16, 1913.
$9.05 Round Trip.
Two trains daily through without change. Leave Atlanta 8:00 a. m. and 9:35 p. m. Central of Georgia Railway.

A Cracker castoff, Dave Callahan, drove out a bingle in the tenth inning that broke up a great twirlers' duel.

By One Run Crackers Lose in the Tenth

EDITED BY
Dick Jemison

WHIFFS

In Six Days.

THE CRACKERS will return to their home lot next Thursday, and, on their return, they will spend the remainder of the present season, playing a stretch of twenty-six home games, during which time they hope to make up for lost time and haul up closer to the leaders.

Congratulations.

WE NOTE, with considerable pleasure, that the Montgomery business men have taken over the franchise of that city and that the Alabama capital will be represented in the Southern league next season. If Johnny Dobbs is retained as manager and is given a free hand in the management, the Billikens will be a factor in the pennant scrap again in 1914.

Overlooked Him.

WHILE the scribes are busy printing stories about the long service in the big leagues of Hans Wagner, Nap Lajoie, Eddie Plank and Christy Mathewson, they have overlooked a diminutive, unassuming player who has been plugging along daily, first in the infield, and then in the outfield, and playing a grand game. He is no other than Tommy Leach, formerly of the Pittsburg Pirates, but now of the Chicago Cubs. Tommy is hitting well over .300, and is fielding sensationally. He is leading off in the Cubs batting order, and his work has been a big factor in the team's showing this season. Tommy should be given some of the glad acclaim handed to the others. He is a sterling little veteran, who never seems to give out.

In Recognition.

THAT LEACH'S splendid service is not without its recognition is evidenced by the recent announcement of Manager Johnny Evers that the diminutive gardener had been appointed field captain of the Cubs, vice Heinie Zimmerman. Such a move is a direct slap at Roger Bresnahan, whom reports have it, is slated to succeed Evers as the Cubs' manager.

How About It?

"RUBE" HINTON, the new twirler of the Nashville Vols, is a left-hander, and is 6 feet several inches tall. We have a good man and one of the same description in "Slim" Love. Why not pit the two against each other this afternoon and let them fight it out. Would be a battle worth going miles to see if Hinton has a delivery anything like Love's. To see a left-hander pitch is a great treat. To see a man on each side pitch the same way would be such a hilarious evening's entertainment that we would be sorely tempted to take the trip to Nashville to witness the duel.

They Raise Them.

CALIFORNIA'S sunny clime seems to be just the thing to raise tennis players. First there was Bundy. Then came Melzenbach, the latest are Griffin and Strachan, who recently won the western tournament in doubles, and will undoubtedly cop the singles, not to mention 19-year-old Johnson, California is certainly a tennis state.

A Wise Mogul.

CHARLIE SOMERS, owner of the Cleveland Naps, is out with the statement that there is no chance for the Cleveland club to trade Napoleon Lajoie. Mr. Somers again shows his wisdom. We had our serious doubts of his permitting Lajoie to get away from Cleveland, even if Manager Birmingham did appear to be down on the big Frenchman. Cleveland fans would have made it mighty hot for the young manager had he attempted to pull such a move.

Small Chance.

WALTER JOHNSON, great pitcher that he is, will hardly equal the record made by Joe Wood with the Red Sox last season. Wood won 34 and lost 5 last season. Johnson has won 23 and lost 5 to date. To tie Wood's record, Johnson must win seven games and not drop a one. If he does one, he must win eighteen out of the next nineteen he pitches. Great pitcher that he is, this is a mighty tough assignment.

Hand It to Johnny.

JOHN McGRAW, manager of the New York Giants, is probably a fool. He wants Ned Neithardt to land it. When using every effort to land it, when Chief Meyers had his union suit on with a foul to tie the game, time annexing an experienced catcher. He grabbed Lobe Lartigue, and sent Ed Louden to Cornell was sent to the Cards in exchange. Lobe Larry will be a bear with the Giants. McGraw knows how to handle men, and McLean will, with a chance to cut in on the world's series money, show his boss his very best, and make the New York catching staff appear as formidable as any in either league.

We Have Hopes.

"IT HAS BEEN printed around," says The Birmingham News, "that the baseball season will be an entirely new corps of umpires in the Southern league in the season of 1913. Well, that certainly gives us something to look forward to next season.

QUERIES ANSWERED

Under the head the sporting editor will endeavor to answer all questions pertaining to all branches of sports

Dick Jemison, Sporting Editor The Constitution: There was a ball made in a game, regarding which circulars were issued, stating the batter of each team. A put B that the visiting team would win the game. Nothing was said about the number of runs that should be made, but for some reason, best known to the pitcher that "put" gave. Who won the game?

H. R. B.

The batterie had nothing to do with it unless it was over-fed—in betting you, provided so-and-so pitched.

Dick Jemison, sporting editor The Constitution: Did Paul Schreckengost ever play with Mobile? Did he ever play in Montgomery? A. B. S.

Schreck is playing with Mobile now. He never did play with Montgomery.

Monroe Wins From Winder.

Winder, Ga., August 7.—(Special.)—In one of the most exciting games played on the local diamond, Monroe again defeated Winder in a 15-inning game. Both Wood, for the visitors, and Sandy, for Monroe, pitched excellent ball, after the former had retired, but Camp had a shade the better of the argument, being invincible when hits meant runs.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Winder	000 400 000 000 000 0—4	9	4
Monroe	111 000 100 000 100 1—5	10	6

Batteries—Wood and Smith; Camp and Nunnally.

$9 ST. SIMONS and RETURN via A., B. & A., Aug. 16. Return limit Sept. 1.

Callahan, Cracker Castoff, Breaks Tie in Tenth Frame; Was Brilliant Hurlers' Duel

By Paul W. Treanor.

Nashville, Tenn., August 7.—(Special.)—Billy Smith's tenth inning tragedy which Dave Callahan, a one-time Cracker, knocked into a cocked hat when he laced a double to the dump, scoring Kid Williams ahead of him, pushed the Vols out in front of a 2 to 1 battle, which Dent should have copped in the ninth but could only have put over another marker for him.

The Crackers' boss figured that Dave would be helpless before a portsider and the same went for Spratt, who followed the Vols' center fielder, so he derricked Dent, who had been flinging a great style of ball, and injected Gilbert Price into the extra frame.

Williams had pried a single off of Dent, to open the tenth, and Daley's sacrifice shoved him along to the keystone. After whipping over two wide ones, Price evened up with a part of strikes and made the mistake of laying one in the groove for Dave. He pasted it to the dump and only legged to third, hoping to draw a throw while Williams was steaming over the needed counter.

It was a gala day in Voltown, the Nashville business men's association staging the matinee for a benefit to their depleted coffers, and before the battle was on there were running and throwing contests and all sorts of prizes offered.

Long Outsprints Callahan.

Tommy Long and Dave Callahan indulged in a 100-yard sprint and after the Volunteer outfielder had got off in the lead, Tommy gradually overhauled him and broke the tape first.

Chapman, Manush and Wally Smith tried out their arms against Dell Young and George Beck and once more the Crackers were in front. Chap shooting teh ball from the score board in center almost to the grand stand. A thunderstorm, which cut in and delayed the melee half an hour, pulled the attendance down to about 4,000, but close to 10,000 were sold for the benefit affair and paid for.

Getting back to the game, the Crackers were first to put over a tally, the run coming in the third on a double and two safe smashes. Wallop Smith crashed one against right field fence, Bisland shot a single into right, sending Wally to third from where he scored on Holland's drove over second. Williams settled down and when Holtz tried to bunt the kid got under the pill, whipped the ball to Lindsay, cutting down Bisland, who had strayed off Manush took exception to the umps ruling, and was banished. Dunn furnished the third out by grounding to Perry.

Vols Tie It.

The Vols knotted the count in the sixth, Cally bouncing one over Holland's dome, was sacrificed by Spratt, and when Welchance, Felix and Smith followed Young's flip to fall safe, crossed the platter.

Hofman led off with a two sacker in the seventh, reached third on Lindsay's sacrifice, but Dent fanned Williams and made Daley loft to Long.

Williams worked himself out of a jumble in the fifth, aided by some grand fielding by Daley. Holtz, first up, batted a double on the dump and went to third when Williams overran Dunn's bunt, third and first occupied and not a man out, but Williams crashed Dent's grounder to the young at third and tossed Dunn out at second.

Agler slashed a screaming drive over Spratt's head, which Daley hooked on a dead run, and so sure was Holtz that it was a safefist that the right fielder was caught flat-footed on Daley's peg to Spratt.

Both teams put up a flawless game in the field. Holtz and Tommy making brilliant catches, while Callahan and Daley starred for the Vols in the gardens.

The Box Score.

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Agler, lb	5	0	1	10	0	0
Long, lf	4	0	0	4	0	0
Welchance, cf	5	0	1	1	0	0
Smith, 2b	3	1	3	2	4	0
Bisland, ss	4	0	1	2	2	0
Holland, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Holtz, rf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Chapman, c	2	0	1	4	0	0
Dunn, c	1	0	0	2	0	0
Dent, p	4	0	0	0	4	0
Price, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	1	9x38	12	0	

xOne out when winning run was scored.

NASHVILLE—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Daley, lf	4	0	0	3	1	0
Callahan, rf	3	0	2	1	0	0
Spratt, 3b	2	0	2	2	1	0
Gibson, c	3	0	0	5	1	0
Young, ss	4	0	1	1	0	0
Perry, 2b	4	0	1	5	2	0
Hofman, 1b	4	0	1	4	1	0
Lindsay, ss	3	0	0	4	0	0
Williams, p	3	1	2	1	1	0
Totals	33	2	10	30	9	0

Score by innings:	R.
Atlanta	010 000 000 0—1
Nashville	001 000 000 1—2

Summary: Sacrifice hits, Smith, Holtz, Daley, Spratt, Gibson, Lindsay; double plays, Perry, Dent; two-base hits, Smith, Holtz, Hofman, Callahan; double plays, Williams to Lindsay, Daley to Spratt; left on bases, Atlanta 8, Nashville 8; bases on balls, off Dent 9 with 1 run in 9 1-3 innings, Price, 1 with 1 run in no innings; bases on balls, Dent 1, Williams 2; struck out, Dent 4, Williams 6. Time, 2:15. Umpires, Wright and Kerin.

Lookouts 2, Barons 2.

Chattanooga, Tenn., August 7.—Darkness ended a long drawn out ten-inning game between Birmingham and Chattanooga here today with the score tied at 2 to 2. Graff stole home with Chattanooga's first run which, coupled with a record, which put the club today, went in as pinch hitter and drove in the second. Hits by Marsans and Mayer scored Birmingham's two runs. Both Evans and Sommers were effective. A great play by McDonald saved the game in the tenth.

The box score.

CHATT'GA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Walsh, ss	5	0	1	3	2	0
Fitch, 2b	3	0	0	2	1	0
Wiltse, lf	3	0	0	2	1	0
Johnson, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Graff, 2b	4	1	2	3	3	0
King, rf	3	0	0	4	0	0
Gardner, cf	2	0	1	0	0	0
Smith, c	4	0	1	7	1	0
Coyle, 1b	3	0	1	10	0	0
Evans, p	4	0	1	0	2	0
Sommers, p	4	0	0	0	4	
Totals	35	2	8	30	11	

BIRM'HAM.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
McDonald, 3b	5	1	2	1	4	0
Messenger, rf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Schmidt, c	4	0	1	5	1	0
Mayer, lf	4	0	2	1	0	0
Murphy, 1b	4	0	1	14	0	0
Marsans, 2b	4	0	1	2	2	0
Williams, ss	4	0	0	2	5	0
Marsan, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Evans, p	4	0	1	0	2	
Totals	37	2	8	30	10	

Score by innings:	R.
Chattanooga	010 000 010 0—2
Birmingham	100 000 010 0—2

Summary—Errors, Walsh 1, McGilvray, Ellam 2; stolen bases, Walsh, Butterfield, Graff, Coyle, Evans; sacrifice hits, Messenger, Johnson; two-base hit, Evans; hit by pitcher, King (by Graff); struck out, by Evans 4, bases on balls, off Sommers 3, off Evans 4. Time, 2:15. Umpires, Breitenstein and Hart.

Others not scheduled.

Is Hitting in Pinches



Photos by Francis E. Price, Staff Photographer.

HARRY HOLLAND.

Former Tech star, who is playing a fine game at the hot corner for the Crackers. He has driven in eight runs for the Crackers since the team left on the present road trip. His hit drove in the only run yesterday.

Distance Race at Motordrome; All Ten Riders Will Start

All existing motorcycle records for board track will probably be smashed to smithereens when the ten riders at the local motordrome get away on their 25-mile jaunt tonight.

One hundred times the ten riders will circle the track, and from the start they are going at their fastest clip in the hope of establishing records for the local speedway from 1 to 25 miles.

In the marathon race, held a couple of weeks ago, Tex Richards and Jock McNeil had things all their own way, and it was only a question of which one of the two would win.

In the race tonight, which, by the way, will be for the championship of the south, Graves, Renal, Glenn and Lockner will make these two speed merchants travel at a much faster clip than they did in the marathon, as they have their "boats" going at a steady clip these days.

There will be the usual three 1-mile heats and a 2-mile final in the motordrome there.

Harry Glenn, the local boy, will appear again in a special match race. He has defeated Shields, Luther and Renal to date, winning in two straight heats. George Lockner, the twenty-four champion, will try to lower his colors tonight.

Here is the complete program, and an attractive one it is. The first race starts at 8:30 o'clock:

First Event.

Motordrome purse (qualifying heats, 1 mile; final, 2 miles. Winners of trial heats and second man in fastest heat to qualify). First heat, Richards, Lockner, Graves.

Second Event.

Motordrome purse, second heat, Glenn, Renal, Swarts.

Third Event.

Motordrome purse, third heat, McNeil, Lewis, Luther, Shields.

Fourth Event.

Special match race, Glenn v. Lockner. (Two-mile heats; two best in three.)

Fifth Event.

Motordrome purse, final heat.

Sixth Event.

Special match race, Glenn v. Lockner.

Seventh Event.

Invitation race, distance 5 miles, open to all comers.

Eighth Event.

Special match race, third heat, if necessary.

Ninth Event.

Twenty-five mile race for championship of the south.—Graves, Swarts, Shields, Lockner, Richards, Luther, Renal, McNeil, Lewis, Glenn.

GEORGIA-ALABAMA

Anniston 4, Newnan 2.

Anniston, Ala., August 7.—(Special.) The Annistonians bunched their hits in the game here this afternoon and won from Newnan in a very pretty game. Glazener, the Anniston youngster in the box, was hit freely, but his hits were kept well scattered, and he was given gilt-edge support.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Newnan	002 000 000—2	13	0
Anniston	400 000 00x—4	9	3

Batteries—Stark and Robinson, Glazener and Sheppard.

Gadsden 4, Talladega 4.

Talladega, Ala., August 7.—(Special.) Talladega and Gadsden played eleven innings to a tie.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Gadsden	100 110 010 00—4		
Talladega	010 010 110 00—4		

Batteries—Boyd, Roberts and Richards; King and Roxie.

Opelika 3, LaGrange 0.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
LaGrange	000 000 000—0	2	2
Opelika	002 000 10x—3	7	1

Batteries—Beasley and Billingslea; Ery and Bone.

RECEPTION FOR SISTERS.

Four Teachers Come to Atlanta to Instruct Negro Children.

Catholics of Atlanta will tender a reception this afternoon from 3 to 7 to four Sisters of the Sacred Heart at their home, 103 North Boulevard. These sisters, Mother Aquinas, Sister Carmelita, Sister Imalda and Sister Mildred, came to Atlanta from Philadelphia to devote their lives to the education of colored children in the south.

The school was built by the fathers of the African mission and opened for students in October, 1912. Ove 100 pupils were enrolled last year. After the reception this afternoon there will be a benediction of the blessed sacrament in the church of Our Lady of Lourdes.

Tumbac, a tobacco used only for water pipes in the Levant, is raised extensively at Ispahan, Persia.

EMPIRE STATE LEAGUE

Cordele 5, Brunswick 3.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Cordele	020 010 002—5	8	1
Brunswick	100 100 010—3	6	4

Batteries—Filling and McLendon; Taylor and Pierre. Umpire, Deerick.

Thomasville 3, Waycross 1.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Thomasville	000 020 100—3	8	2
Waycross	000 100 000—1	4	1

Batteries—Day and Dudley; Faircloth, McManus and Coveney. Time, 1:50. Umpire, McLaughlin.

Valdosta 8, Americus 2.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Americus	000 001 100—2	11	0
Valdosta	000 223 010—8	12	1

Batteries—Dacey and Manchester; Vaughn and Wise.

"Big Three" Hitting.

These figures include Thursday's games:

Players.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Jackson	102	378	78	148	.391
Speaker	102	354	44	98	.346
Speaker	102	393	78	142	.371

TAKE A BROWNIE

Let the little folks take pictures of each other. You can take pictures of them, too. Come in and let us show you how easy they are to use. John L. Moore & Sons, 42 N. Broad St., Grant Bldg.—(adv.)



NORFOLK a New ARROW COLLAR

HIGH IN THE BACK AND LOW IN FRONT 2 for 25c.

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc., Makers

SOUTH ATLANTIC

Peaches 6, Gulls 2.

Macon, Ga., August 7.—Macon took the opening game from Charleston today by 6 to 2. The locals got seven hits off Wolfe, who retired in the eighth in favor of Winchell, who gave up five hits and was good in the pinches. With perfect support he would have pitched a shut-out game.

Batteries—Smith and Berger; Wolfe, Winchell and Menefee. Time, 1:40. Umpire, Pender.

	R.	H.	E.
Macon	111 000 03x—6	12	4
Charleston	011 000 000—2	7	4

Indians 4, Babies 1.

Savannah, Ga., August 7.—Savannah hit hard in the opener of the series with Albany today and won easily, 4 to 1. Both clubs played snappy ball.

Batteries—Morrow and Wells; Pool and Giebel. Time, 1:25. Umpires, Morrow and Leary.

	R.	H.	E.
Albany	010 000 000—1	6	2
Savannah	000 301 00x—4	10	1

Foxes 3, Scouts 2.

Columbus, Ga., August 7.—By an eighth inning rally Columbus today took the first game of the Jacksonville series by the score of 3 to 2. The game was hotly contested all the way and, although the Columbus team made its five hits, four of them were off the Cincinnati Kid and they outran infield balls, but were unable to score any great advantage. Keating stole his seventieth base this season.

Batteries—Horton and Kreba; Cormick and Hauser. Time, 1:30. Umpire, Barr.

	R.	H.	E.
Jacksonville	010 001 000—2	5	0
Columbus	100 000 02x—3	5	1

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

SOUTHERN	W.	L.	P.C.
Montgomery	62	42	.596
Mobile	54	46	.582
Birmingham	52	50	.510
Nashville	52	50	.510
Chattanooga	50	51	.510
Atlanta	49	52	.485
Memphis	46	62	.426
New Orleans	35	66	.347

EMPIRE STATE	W.	L.	P.C.
Cordele	29	15	.659
Thomasville	26	15	.666
Valdosta	25	17	.595
Waycross	15	17	.500
Brunswick	15	30	.333
Americus	10	19	.477
Way rates	14	29	.412

NATIONAL	W.	L.	P.C.
Cincinnati	59	31	.656
Philadelphia	59	36	.621
Chicago	54	48	.529
Pittsburg	52	47	.525
New York	51	47	.520
Boston	41	57	.418
Brooklyn	39	57	.406
St. Louis	39	64	.378

AMERICAN	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	61	37	.622
Cleveland	60	41	.594
Washington	57	42	.576
Boston	55	43	.561
Chicago	51	47	.520
New York	47	50	.485
St. Louis	42	57	.424
Detroit	38	59	.392

SOUTH ATLANTIC	W.	L.	P.C.
Columbus	71	45	.612
Savannah	70	46	.603
Albany	70	49	.588
Macon	69	50	.580
Jacksonville	57	60	.487
Charleston	47	70	.402

GEORGIA-ALABAMA	W.	L.	P.C.
Gadsden	46	33	.582
Newnan	41	40	.506
Anniston	41	42	.494
Opelika	40	42	.488
LaGrange	39	42	.481
Talladega	36	46	.439

Crackers' Daily Hitting.

These figures include the game with Nashville Thursday:

	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Holland	111	447	67	144	.324
Smith	109	377	69	115	.305
Long	110	429	64	130	.303
Chapman	42	128	14	34	.277
Bisland	95	322	41	86	.275
Agler	111	391	58	104	.273
Holland	19	30	3	7	.233
Welch	44	176	22	39	.222
Thompson	25	63	7	15	.220
Brandon	25	75	6	16	.211
Price	36	76	5	16	.211
Dunn	64	147	14	31	.211
Hofman	12	36	2	6	.167
Cunningham	13	37	1	6	.162
Dent	4	5	0	0	.000
Love	2	3	0	0	.000

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

Virginia League.

Petersburg 5, Portsmouth 2. Norfolk 4, Nrt N. 2. Roanoke 2, Richmond 1.

Carolina Association.

Raleigh 4, Greensboro 1. Winston 2, Durham 1. Asheville 4, Charlotte 1.

Federal League.

Kan. City 4, Cleveland 3. Chicago 7, India. 3. St. Louis 6, Pittsburg 3.

Appalachian League.

Knoxville 4, Johnson City 3. Bristol 5, Morris's 1.

American Association.

India. 8, Minneap. 1. India. 2, Minnea. 7. Kan. City 2, Toledo 7, St. Paul 0. Columbus 7, Milwaukee 4.

International League.

Buffalo 3, Toronto 0. Toronto 6, Baltimo. 1. Montreal 2, Jersey City 0. Newark 8, Buffalo 2. Rochester 9, Providence 0.

Texas League.

Dallas 3, Galveston 4. San Ant. 11, Austin 9. Austin 9, San Anto. 2. Waco 4, Houston 1. Beaumont 7, Fort Worth 0.

Appalachian League.

Knoxville 4, Johnson C. 3. Middlesboro 8, Rome 1. Bristol 5, Morristown 1.

Where They Play Today

Southern League.

Atlanta in Nashville, Birmingham in Chattanooga, Memphis in Mobile. Montgomery in New Orleans.

South Atlantic League.

Jacksvle in Columbus. Charleston in Macon. Albany in Savannah.

National League.

Boston in Pittsburg, New York in Cincinnati. Philadelphia in Chicago, Brooklyn in St. Louis.

American League.

Cleve in Washton. Chicago in Philadelphia. St. Louis in New York. Detroit in Boston.

Empire State League.

Valdosta in Americus, Thomasville in Waycross. Cordele in Brunswick.

Georgia-Alabama League.

Newnan in Anniston. Gadsden in Talladega. LaGrange in Opelika.

OWEN OFFERS PLAN TO RETIRE THE U. S. 2'S

Washington, August 7.—Chairman Owen, of the senate banking committee, introduced a bill today to authorize the treasury to buy outstanding 2 per cent bonds from banks at par and interest, if the banks owning them so desire. The measure is intended to prevent depreciation of the 2's.

Senator Owen's plan is to cancel outstanding gold certificates as the bonds into the treasury. The reserve fund, he estimated, would thus consist of $1,216,000,000 of gold and $730,000,000 in bonds or a total reserve of $1,946,000,000 against total note issues of $2,162,000,000.

Despite the vote of the women, Phoenix, Ariz., will continue to be "wet."

A PICTURE RECORD

Of every feature of your vacation trip is yours if you carry a Kodak. Jno. L. Moore & Sons have them at prices to suit you. Rush finishing orders a specialty. 42 N. Broad St., Grant Bldg.—(adv.)

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All Other Silk Shirts Reduced Accordingly.

Madras, Soft Cuffs $1.50 and $2.00 Values, $1.15; $3.00 Values, now . . $1.85; $3.50 and $4.00 Values, $2.85

All Fine Silk Ties — Most Exclusive Stock in City, Values up to $3.00, all go at 65c

Silk Hose $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 Values, all 65c

Pajamas and Underwear Reduced Proportionately.

All Straw Hats Half Price.

L. C. Adler

116 Peachtree

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Yanks 5, Tigers 1.

New York, August 7.—New York evened up the series with Detroit today, winning 5 to 1. Caldwell, the new left-hander, Schutz outpitched the veteran Lake, only four men reached first on Schutz. The Yankees used two Texas league recruits in their lineup, and their work featured the game. Cook, an outfielder from Austin, made two singles and a double in three times at bat. Williams, recruited from Galveston, played a sensational game at third first, twice saving Knight errors by brilliant one-handed pick-ups and throws. He also at a long home run. Caldwell was given fine support by Schutz and Sweeney. Schutz was brilliantly supported.

Score by innings: R. H. E.

Detroit	100 000 000—1	5	1
New York	002 003 12x—5	10	1

Batteries—Lake, Hall and Stanage; and McKee; Schutz and Sweeney. Time, 1:25. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Sheridan.

White Sox 11, Senators 4.

Washington, August 7.—Chicago made it two straight today by whipping from Washington today, 11 to 4, in a farcical game. Washington plays dimsighted, with Shanks, Gallia and Ainsmith. Shanks got three hits, a home run triple and a single, and got a base on balls in five times at bat. Engel started for Washington, but was relieved in the third by Harper, who was wild. Walsh, Washington could do nothing with Cicotte. After six innings he retired in favor of Benz.

Score by innings: R. H. E.

Chicago	017 020 210—11	11	1
Washington	000 000 040—4	8	1

Batteries—Benz, Cicotte and Kuhn and Schalk; Engel, Harper, Gallia and Henry and Ainsworth. Time, 2:10. Umpires, Hilderbrand and Evans.

Athletics 7, Naps 3.

Philadelphia, August 7.—Philadelphia defeated Cleveland here today 7 to 3. Baker, in four trips to the plate, made a double and two singles and drove in three runs. Bush also got a double and drove in three more. Bender held the visitors safe after the first until the eighth inning. Barry was unable to play owing to an injured shoulder. O'Neill was banished for disputing a called ball.

Score by innings: R. H. E.

Cleveland	200 000 010—2	9	1
Philadelphia	012 001 03x—7	9	1

Batteries—Mitchell, Falkenberg and O'Neil and Carisch; Bender and Schlang. Time, 2:20. Umpires, Ferguson and Connolly.

Red Sox 9, Browns 8.

Boston, August 7.—With the score tied and one out in the last half of the ninth inning of the game between St. Louis and Boston today, Engle walked, stole second and, on Speaker's long hit to right field, crossed the plate with the run which gave Boston the victory 9 to 8. The contest was marked by the heavy hitting of both teams.

Score by innings: R. H. E.

St. Louis	100 002 500—8	10	6
Boston	401 002 101—9	13	1

Batteries—Mitchell, Hamilton and Alexander; Anderson, Hall, Leonard and Carrigan. Time, 2:12. Umpires, Egan and Dinen.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Pirates 4, Doves 3.

Pittsburg, August 7.—Wagner's tricky base running in the tenth inning drew a wild throw from Otis Clymer this afternoon, allowing Kinsella to score and Pittsburg won, 4 to 3, from Boston. Mike Mitchell, ex-Red and ex-Cub, made his Pittsburg debut and got two hits. Fred Smith, Boston outfielder, was hurt in the third and had to retire. Gibson's throw to catch Smith off second hit him behind the ear.

Score by innings: R. H. E.

Boston	012 000 000 0—3	11	3
Pittsburg	200 100 000 1—4	8	1

Batteries—Hess and Brown; Robinson, Gibson and Gibson and Simon. Time, 2:13. Umpires, Brennan and Eason.

Giants 5, Reds 2.

Cincinnati, Ohio, August 7.—New York batted out a victory in the ninth inning here today, defeating the Reds, 5 to 2. Up to this inning it was a battle between Marquard and Johnson, both of whom pitched remarkable ball. The former retiring to allow a pinch hitter to bat for him. Johnson, in the ninth, was retired with none out to allow Miner Brown to attempt to stave off New York's challenge. Brown was unequal to the occasion.

Score by innings: R. H. E.

New York	000 000 014—5	8	0
Cincinnatti	100 000 100—2	4	1

Batteries—Marquard, Fromme and Wilson and Harris; Johnson, Brown and Kling. Time, 1:55. Umpires, Klem and Orth.

Cubs 5, Phillies 2.

Chicago, August 7.—Pitcher Ed Stack, recently obtained from Brooklyn, today held Philadelphia to four hits and Chicago won, 5 to 2. Manager Evers' men bunched hits between bases on balls and an error and made their scores. Jack Adkins, utility infielder and was ordered to the club house and fined by Umpire Quigley. Adkins was also banished.

Score by innings: R. H. E.

Philadelphia	000 100 001—2	5	1
Chicago	002 102 10x—5	7	1

Batteries—Seaton, Mayer and Killifer and Howley; Stack and Archer. Time, 1:50. Umpires, O'Day and Emslie.

Cards 3, Dodgers 2.

St. Louis, August 7.—Dan Griner returned to the fold this afternoon and defeated Brooklyn, 3 to 2, although Allen's wild throw in the first half of the opening inning paved the way for the home team's victory. Daubert was troubled with an ailment of the stomach and Kirkpatrick was on first base.

Score by innings: R. H. E.

St. Louis	200 000 00x—3	8	0
Brooklyn	011 000 000—2	6	1

Batteries—Griner and Hildebrand; Allen and Miller. Time, 1:55. Umpires, Rigler and Byron.

Bowman to Naps.

Grand Rapids, Mich., August 7.—The Grand Rapids club of the Central league, tonight announced the sale of Pitcher "Abe" Bowman to the Cleveland American league club. The price is given out as $2,500. Bowman will report to the Naps at the close of the Central season.

FIGHT WAGED AGAINST PRESIDENT O'SULLIVAN

While all sessions of the international convention of Sheet Workers' alliance, now on in the Piedmont assembly hall, are not only executive, but are being guarded with more than ordinary care this year, it is certain the fight against President O'Sullivan, of Pittsburg, is being waged with great vigor and some decided feeling. So far, however, nothing indicative of results has been shown, as the credential committee has not yet completed its report.

FRANK WHITNEY ARRIVES TODAY

Has Left Chicago for Atlanta. White Gets Here Early Saturday Morning--Tickets on Sale.

Frank Whitney, the "Fighting Carpenter," who battles Charley White at the Auditorium-Armory, Wednesday night, will arrive in Atlanta this morning.

A telegram from Nate Lewis, manager of Charley White, received Thursday, stated that he was Whitney got on a train for Atlanta, and he should be here Friday. The telegram concluded: "We leave here Friday. Arrive in Atlanta Saturday morning."

Hanlon and Saul have posted $50 forfeit to make 133 pounds at 6 o'clock for the fight, the ten-round semi-windup, and Lee and Young are training hard for their ten-round opener.

Tickets went on sale yesterday at Shepherd's, and the advance sale gives promise of a big crowd. The prices are $1, $1.50 and $2.

FRANK FARRELL SORE ABOUT CUBAN PLAYERS

New York, August 7.—President Frank Farrell, of the New York American league club, will appeal to the national commission to set aside the sale of three Cuban players of the Long Branch team, of the New York and New Jersey league, to the Boston Nationals. The players are Pitcher Laqua, Shortstop Arragon and Outfielder Padron, according to Farrell. Owner Henriques, of the Long Branch team, recently offered to sell him these players. Farrell agreed to take them, and the price was fixed.

According to the verbal agreement, the three players were to report to Manager Chance yesterday. Instead of the players reporting, Henriques sold them to President Gaffney, of the Braves. Farrell says he has several witnesses to the deal.

Grand Circuit Races.

Kalamazoo, Mich., August 7.—Sensational racing marked the fourth day of the grand circuit races here. Five heats were necessary to decide the winner of the silver cup in the Burdick house stakes, of $6,000 for 2.19 pacers. This event was raced on the four-heat plan and Beata J. and Frank Bogash, Jr., after winning two heats each, raced the fifth heat alone. Beata J. winning. The second fastest time of the year was made in the third heat when Beata J. stopped a mile in 2.02.

The 2.22 trot was a walk-away for Eleanor G. In all three heats she raced ahead of the field and won as she pleased.

One of the finest contests of the year developed in the 2.05 pace. Flower Direct and Junior Dan Patch raced neck and neck in the first heat, the latter winning. In the second heat these two were never more than a nose apart all down the stretch, the mare getting the decision by a close margin.

Driver Stewart was assessed a fine of $10 and suspended ten days because of his alleged improper driving during one of the races yesterday.

Red Sox Buying Players.

Boston, August 7.—The Boston Red Sox today exercised their right of option on three players in the Texas association, Infielder Krug, of the Indianapolis team, and Infielder Seidel and Pitcher Brantt, of St. Paul, recently sold with the right of re-purchase, were today installed.

Michael J. McNally, shortstop for the Utica team, New York State league, also was bought today by theR ed Sox.

DR. O'KELLEY DECLINES PRESIDENCY OF MERCER

Acting President Seller May Act as President During the Coming Term.

Macon, Ga., August 7.—(Special.)—Judge J. G. McCall, of Quitman, chairman of the board of trustees of Mercer university, wired tonight that Dr. T. W. O'Kelley, of Raleigh, N. C., who had been nominated for the presidency of Mercer, has declined to accept. Just what steps the committee will now take is not known. As it is so late in the year and many of the available men have made their arrangements for the coming year, it is possible that Professor J. F. Seller, now acting president, may serve as president during the coming term. However, if it is decided to name another man a meeting will be called for the purpose in a few days.

BIBB COUNTY TAX RETURNS SHOW INCREASE OF $1,557,575

Macon, Ga., August 7.—(Special.)—The tax returns for Bibb county show an increase of $1,557,575 this year over last year. Tax Receiver Anderson is having just completed his compilation of the figures this evening.

The total assessed value of all property in the county is $51,632,115, while last year it was $30,074,540. This will be gratifying news to the state at large in view of the falling off in most of the other counties of the state.

HE WILL KILL THE MAN WHO GAVE HIM LEPROSY

St. Louis, August 7.—Leprosy contracted in the Philippine islands more than nine years ago was discovered today when George Hartman applied at a hospital to have a skin disease treated. Hartman, since his return to St. Louis after his service in the Philippines, has married.

"While in the Philippines I was guard over a leper colony and I know what it is. It was there probably that I contracted the disease," he said.

"They tell me I am to be sent to a farm down the river to keep company with a Chinese leper. Well, if I am, there will be two less lepers in the world the first time I get a chance to kill the Chinese and then myself."

Mrs. Hartman today defied the health department to place the ex-soldier in quarantine, declaring Hartman was not suffering from leprosy and that she would remain with him wherever he went.

Nevertheless, health authorities declared Hartman would be sent to quarantine immediately and that then his wife could not approach within 25 feet of him.

Nisbets Hold Reunion.

Three hundred members and more of the old Nisbet family of Virginia, Maryland and Georgia gathered yesterday at Grant park in its seventh annual reunion. Of the members of Nisbet family who were present at the first assembly six years ago, two only responded to the roll call Thursday. Dr. J. R. Nisbet, aged 61 years, and Mrs. S. L. McNair, 82 years of age, both residing in Hapeville, and both in excellent health. There were eight generations of the Nisbet family in attendance and the day was most pleasantly spent. A census made of the family during the day indicated more than 500 living within the eight generations.

BANKERS OF SOUTH INDORSE WILSON

Laudatory Resolutions, Seconded by Robt. F. Maddox, Adopted at the Conference. Wilson Talks to Bankers.

Washington, August 7.—Representatives of thirty-six southern cities gathered at the treasury department today to discuss with Secretary McAdoo and Assistant Secretary Williams plans for the distribution of the south's share of the $50,000,000 of government funds about to be deposited in banks throughout the agricultural sections of the country to aid in financing the fall movement of crops.

Arrangements for handling the money were agreed upon tentatively, although final plans will not be announced until after conferences to be held at the department tomorrow with bankers from the middle west and next Thursday with representatives from Pacific coast cities.

The southern bankers asked for about half of the total amount to be deposited. It was agreed that one-half the amount given to each bank should be deposited in August and the remainder in September, and that the money should be returned to the treasury, 25 per cent by December 15, 25 per cent by January 15, 25 per cent by February 15, and 25 per cent by March 1.

Bankers Laud Administration.

At the conclusion of the conference tonight resolutions were adopted expressing appreciation of the administration's proposed relief and agreeing to the terms and conditions imposed. The bankers also, by resolution, expressed confidence in the administration and the belief that its co-operation in assisting the movement of the crop was an indication of its desire to faithfully serve the needs of the whole country.

Secretary McAdoo, Assistant Secretary Williams and other treasury officials participated in the conferences, and early in the day Senator Owen and Representative Glass, chairman of the congressional currency committee, explained to the bankers the results expected to be accomplished by the administration's currency measure.

Later the bankers called at the white house where they were received and addressed by President Wilson. The president told the delegation that the banks of the country would be treated on an equality.

Wilson's Talk to Bankers.

While the president's remarks were of a confidential character and the bankers were loath to discuss them, it became known that the president made it plain that the purpose of this administration would be not to permit alliances between banks in any section of the country and the government.

The conference was opened today with an address by Secretary McAdoo, in which he explained the purpose of the treasury department in making the additional deposits; the general character of the security which he will require; the time proposed for making the deposits with the banks, and the time suggested for their withdrawal. He then invited the bankers to make comments and recommendations regarding details for carrying out the plan.

Each delegation was called upon and explained conditions in their respective sections; indicated the amount of money which they would like to have deposited in each city represented and discussion of other details of the arrangement.

McAdoo Outlines Plan.

In a statement issued tonight Secretary McAdoo announced that as a result of the conference the following plan had been tentatively agreed to:

"The secretary proposes to accept as security for deposits government bonds and high-class state, municipal and other bonds of unquestioned standing, and also prime commercial paper. All government bonds will be accepted at par; all other bonds must be passed upon by the secretary, and when approved, will be accepted at 75 per cent of their market value. All commercial paper offered must be passed upon by a clearing house committee of six, in each city, composed of five members of the Clearing House association and one additional member not a member of the clearing house, who shall be the special representative of the department. In subtreasury cities the sixth member of the committee will be assistant of the treasurer of the United States, resident in such city. In cities other than the subtreasury cities, the representative will be some business man of high character and familiar with the local banks and conditions, to be designated by the secretary of the treasury.

"It is proposed that the commercial paper offered as security shall be deposited with one of the leading banks in the clearing house cities to be selected by the secretary. The bank thus designated as custodian of the commercial paper will be required to give bond for its safe keeping in some surety company satisfactory to the department.

How Deposits Will Be Made.

"It is proposed that one-half of the amount allotted to each bank will be deposited with that bank in the month of August; the other 50 per cent in September. Of the funds deposited, 25 per cent shall be returned by December 15; 25 per cent by January 15; 25 per cent by February 15, and the remaining 25 per cent by March 1. Some of the bankers present expressed a desire to return the entire deposits on or before January 1, and all agree that the whole amount should be returned not later than March 1."

A second conference was held this afternoon and tonight at the Pan-American Union building. Just before its close Secretary McAdoo made an address in which he emphasized the determination of the government to protect and maintain its credit, and declared that all of its obligations, direct and implied, would be fully and faithfully carried out.

Seconded by R. F. Maddox.

Just before adjournment the following resolution offered by President Walker Hill, manager of the St. Louis Clearing House association, and seconded by Robert F. Maddox, of the Atlanta Clearing House association, was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That the southern bankers, today assembled to express to the president and the treasury department our sincere appreciation of the relief proposed, and that we agree to the terms and conditions outlined.

"Resolved, further, That we hereby express our sincere confidence in the present administration, and believe that such interest and co-operation as proposed with the great agricultural sections of the country is but an indication of its desire to faithfully serve the needs of the whole republic."

$2,500,000 WANTED BY ATLANTA BANKS

Robert F. Maddox Puts in the Bid for Federal Money.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, August 7.—(Special.)—Atlanta wants $2,500,000 of the $50,000,000 of government funds which Mr. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, proposed to deposit in southern and western banks to help move this fall's crops. The bid was put in today by Robert F. Maddox, vice president of the American National bank. Macon asked for $1,000,000 and Augusta for $600,000. Savannah was not represented at today's conference and made no request.

In urging the claims of Atlanta Mr. Maddox mentioned her great banking power and her large commercial and agricultural interests. He says the money could be quickly distributed from Atlanta to a large agricultural section. He was much pleased at the outcome of today's conference. In discussing the proposed deposit of government funds, Mr. Maddox said:

"The treasury department wishes it understood that this deposit of between $40,000,000 and $50,000,000 is primarily to aid in the movement of crops this fall. It is not to be used for speculative purposes and must be paid back, one-fourth in December and the remainder in the three following months.

"Conditions in the south are absolutely sound and with the aid of this fund to handle the cotton and corn crops now growing, there is no reason to doubt this will be a prosperous year.

"This timely aid from the treasury will save the southern bankers from the necessity of going to New York and borrowing money."

The Georgia bankers here today in addition to Mr. Maddox were:

Augusta—A. S. Hatch, Paul Martin and William Schweigert.

Macon—L. P. Hillyer, W. H. Jones, W. C. Lee, Charles D. Davis and R. Y. Mallory.

Rome—John H. Reynolds.

UNITED STATES TRADE AT HIGH WATER MARK

Washington, August 7.—The trade of the United States in the past fiscal year was greater than in any previous year. Figures just completed show that it reached a momentary total of $4,275,000,000, which is $421,000,000 greater than last year's record of exports and imports. The balance in favor of the country this year was $713,000,000. The exports exceeded those of 1912 by $261,500,000, while the imports increased by only $159,700,000.

The greatest gain in exports was in manufactures ready for consumption, in which class there was an increase of $105,000,000 over 1912. The increase in foodstuffs was only a little more than $1,500,000.

Most of the imports were from the United Kingdom, which furnished $296,000,000; Germany came next with $189,000,000 worth of goods, then France with $171,000,000. Cuba with $126,000,000, Canada with $121,000,000 Brazil with $120,000,000 and Japan with $92,00,000.

Most of the exports went to the United Kingdom, which took goods worth $597,000,000 Canada $415,000,000, Germany $382,000,000, France $146,000,000, Netherlands $126,000,000 and Italy $76,000,000.

JUDGES COERCED BY FEDERAL SPIES

So Senator Borah Charges. Says Department of Justice Has Probed Judges to Influence Their Decisions.

Washington, August 7.—The flat charge that department of justice agents had investigated federal judges to influence their action in cases in which the government was interested, was made in the senate today by Senator Borah and indorsed, partially, at least, by Senator Norris.

Senator Borah's charge was brought out by a report from Attorney General McReynolds, responding to a senate resolution asking where federal agents were investigating judges. The resolution reflected some sentiment aroused in the case of federal Judge Speer, of Georgia, whose court had been investigated and who had attacked the department of justice in a public speech.

Reply of McReynolds.

The attorney general's reply to the inquiry was that any report that the federal department of justice was maintaining a system of espionage over judges "was entirely without foundation."

Mr. Borah responded with his charge. "I know this is a very serious charge," said he, "but I am so reliably informed that I make the statement that within the last four or five years special agents have carried on such investigations with a view to influencing judges."

Senator Norris declared he did not have all the information Senator Borah had, but that he believed his statements were based on fact.

The attorney general's report declared that only three judges had been investigated, one of whom was Robert W. Archbald.

Senator Works, who introduced the resolution, denounced the attorney general's report today as "evasive" and unsatisfactory, and announced he would make a further demand for information.

Senator Borah's charge was characterized as "startling" by Senators Crawford and Sutherland. The latter declared it "needed investigation," and that if such "sinister influences" continued, the "end of the republic was in sight."

Hoke Smith Wants Facts.

Senator Hoke Smith asked Senator Borah for the exact time when federal agents had been making efforts to influence judges in behalf of government cases.

"I think it has been going on more or less continually for the last four or five years," responded Mr. Borah.

"These judges are practically under the control of the department as far as promotion and demotion is concerned," said Senator Borah. "They have been made to know what the government desires in cases, and even what kind of a decision the government desires handed down. If we are going to have a judiciary subject to secret influences, I am in favor of popular election and recall of judges."

Senator Colt, of Rhode Island, declared that in his thirty-one years' experience on the federal bench in New England never had an attempt been made by the department of justice to influence the judges. He knew, however, that special agents had been sent to New England.

No final action was taken on the attorney general's report.

No Probe of Judges.

"No inspectors or other agents are appointed by the attorney general or by the department of justice specifically to investigate and report upon the conduct or proceedings of any of the courts or judges of the United States," said the attorney general's report.

It stated, however, that a force is employed under authority of congress to investigate subjects that it is the duty of the department to follow.

"The constitution provides that the president 'shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.' It is impossible for him to discharge this obligation unless the judges whom he appoints are faithful to the trust imposed upon them, and occasionally it has become highly important that he should know the real facts in reference to charges preferred against them."

AMBASSADOR GUTHRIE RECEIVED BY EMPEROR

Tokio, August 7.—The strong ties uniting the Japanese empire and the United States mutually were voiced today by the emperor of Japan and George W. Guthrie, the new American ambassador.

The ambassador presented his credentials and conveyed the greetings of President Wilson to the emperor. A regiment of Japanese cavalry escorted him to the imperial palace and he rode in an imperial coach. Crowds along the route respectfully uncovered as he passed.

While the ambassador and his staff were in audience with the emperor the ladies of the diplomatic party were received by the empress.

DOUBLE WEDDING ON STREET CORNER

Baltimore, August 7.—Because the street in front of the residence of the clergyman by whom they wished to be married was torn up, two negro couples from Washington, D. C., got out of a hack at Hoffman street and Linden avenue here yesterday afternoon and a double wedding took place on the sidewalk at the corner.

As the vehicle drew up to the corner Rev. L. C. Carter walked down the street with a prayer book under his arm. Upon his appearance the hack disgorged its occupants, John P. Minor and Mabel Carpenter stood to one side, while Charles Minor and Laura Carpenter stood on the other and the parson went through the ceremony.

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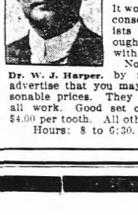

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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

"The Standard Southern Newspaper"

THE CONSTITUTION'S

FIRING LINE

RALPH T. JONES
Editor

A Department of The Constitution Carrying All the News of the Southern Merchants' Convention. Published Daily Throughout the Convention. It Is Filled With Descriptions of the Convention Doings, Snappy Personal Items and the Stories of all the Stunts of Interest to the Visiting Merchants and Their Hosts.

The Keynote of Modern Business Is "Service"

TODAY'S PROGRAM OF VAST IMPORT

Subjects Scheduled Promise Valuable Discussion--Main Topic Is Proposed, Local Merchants' Associations.

The complete program for the session in the Auditorium this morning, given herewith, shows that it will be the most important meeting of the convention. The last session of the week, there are many subjects listed which will certainly arouse big interest in all who hear them. The speakers who are announced are also men who command the most attentive hearings at all times and it is certain that there will be a bigger crowd than ever in Taft hall when the meeting is called to order.

Probably the most important topic of the entire convention is the concluding one on this program. All the discussion in the world is of little use unless suitable steps are taken to bring about permanent good as a result. The idea of organizing permanent local merchants' associations in each district or county ought to assure lasting benefit as a result of the work done. It is to be hoped that something of this nature will be done.

Friday's Program.

10:00 a. m.—Convention called to order.

10:15—Store discipline and management; (a) store help—how to select and train; (b) how to create and keep up enthusiasm among the store force; (c) courtesy as a business asset.

10:45—Proper accounting methods a prime factor in the success of a business—C. E. Pollard, of the American Audit company.

11:00—Credits and collections—L. C. Upshaw, of Douglasville, Ga.

11:10—Can a merchant afford to imperil his capital by failure to properly insure his stock?—H. E. Choate, of the J. K. Orr Shoe company.

11:20—From the banker's standpoint—F. G. Coker, of the First National bank, of Dublin, Ga.

11:40—Could not betterments such as are suggested by these discussions be most readily brought about by local organizations of merchants' associations?—C. W. McClure, of the McClure Ten-Cent company, Atlanta.

11:50—Open parliament on last subject.

AN INSPIRATION.

Merchant Whose Career Should Be Inspiration to Young Men.

There was a merchant in the city yesterday attending the convention who was induced to tell a few facts about his career. They proved of vast interest and are here given as a source of inspiration to any young man who feels that he is starting out in life under too big a handicap and that the odds are overwhelmingly against him.

The merchant referred to is F. T. Davies, of Flowery Branch, Ga. Mr. Davies is the proprietor of a general merchandise store there and, while not a multi-millionaire, is regarded as a very well-to-do man by his fellow citizens. Mr. Davies states that he was brought up on a farm and followed the plow until he was 24 years of age. He started in business for himself with little or no education the got all his schooling at a very short attendance on the country schools and a capital of $116. He has been in business for forty years, has never had a partner and for the last twenty years has been in exactly the same location.

So when the young man says he lacks capital or education let him think of F. T. Davies, of Flowery Branch, and remember what he has done. Doubtless Mr. Davies could have been an exceedingly wealthy man by this time if his ambitions had run that way. But he is a broad, Christian gentleman and no needy fellow being was ever turned away without being helped in Davies' store. Also he has not hoarded his money, but has enjoyed every day he has lived, and what more could any man ask?

Incidentally, part of Mr. Davies' success may be attributed to the fact that no one ever yet saw him discourteous. It is a common saying amongst the travelers they even if he doesn't give each one an order, each one hunts through his grip for one after leaving, because he thinks he must have got one as he feels so good.

BIG CROWD HEARS THURSDAY SPEAKERS

Buying and Selling—The Fundamentals of Business Ably Discussed.

When the program committee for the Merchants and Manufacturers' association drew up the list of subjects for yesterday's convention, they surely got down to bed rock in the matter of vital questions for the wide-awake merchants of the south. Such subjects as "Merchandising as a Career," "When and How to Buy" and "Keeping Up Sales and Keeping Down Accumulations of Stock" are matters which every merchant take shome to himself, and which, discussed as they were yesterday, are bound to prove of big benefit to all who hear or take part in the speaking.

W. W. Orr, secretary and treasurer of the George Muse Clothing company, spoke on the first subject. He said that today was essentially the business man's day. The day has passed, said he, when we look to political big guns for our ideals. We are turning rather to the big and successful business men as the men whose lives are an inspiration.

Norman E. Johnson, editor of the Merchants' Journal and Commerce of Lynchburg, Va., in his speech on the second topic, strongly advocated buying in the home market.

"The best way you can build up the business of your home town," said Mr. Johnson, "is by a well defined and constituted merchants' association.

"Seventy per cent of the goods that you buy in New York are made in the south.

"You have the opportunity today of finding the very crux of merchandising. And what is it? It is buying small and often and making frequent turnovers."

W. P. Riley, of Evergreen, Ala., urged the merchants to unite for their interests as against the mail order houses.

Paul T. Harbor, editor of The Commerce Observer, of Commerce, Ga., spoke on "Aggressive Advertising."

"There have always been merchants stung by certain fake advertising," said Mr. Harbor. "These are usually programs, handbills, schemes, etc. You often encourage these schemes, while standing near you ready, always, is the best possible form of advertising for you, the daily newspapers. The advertising game is not one that requires a magician to play. Any of you merchants can write paying advertisements and you should do so."

J. H. McGee, a leading merchant of Lawrenceville, Ga., also spoke on advertising, and drew an illustration from his home town, where the leading advertiser is the leading merchant, and is increasing his business at the rate of 40 per cent per year.

In the afternoon the merchants were entertained with a car ride over the city and a reception at the Piedmont Driving club. The grounds of the club were crowded to their capacity, and everyone present expressed themselves as having had one of the most enjoyable times in their experience. The rain which came on about 6 o'clock was a little unfortunate, but it couldn't succeed in dampening the spirits of the big, jolly, happy bunch of merchants and their hosts. The result of the reception was that hundreds of men today know about hundreds of others, who, are awfully well worth knowing.

Chili Con Carne

W. T. Cawthon, representing J. G. Hardy, of Ben Hill, Ga., was one of Thursday morning's arrivals who bought several nice bills of goods. Mr. Cawthon reported that he found that he would probably be back in the city several times before the convention closed.

C. W. McClure, president of the McClure Ten Cent company, will leave the city tonight and will go to Indianapolis by way of St. Louis, stopping off in that city for a day or two. In Indianapolis he will preside at the meeting of the National Association of Five and Ten Cent stores, of which body he is president. From there Mr. McClure will go to New York, where he sails for Europe on the steamship Amerika, of the Hamburg-American line, on August 21. In Europe Mr. McClure will attend the Liepsic fair.

Gramling-Spalding company report themselves as very well pleased with the results of the convention in their case to date. Many merchants have been in and they have sold a large number of those "large" bills of Premium Brand shoes.

Rolling H. Jones, of the Atlanta Stove works, remarked yesterday that he had been exceptionally well pleased with the numbers of merchants and also Atlanta residents who have visited his firms display of their stoves and ranges at 97 Peachtree street. They arranged this display for the convention in order to bring their splendid line of Atlanta-made goods closer before the merchants' eyes.

Ward-Truitt company report ten of their oldest customers in the house yesterday at one time. Every one bought a good bill and Mr. Ward states that the outlook is brilliant.

A. J. Edmondston, the Rona Cocoa man, writes from New York that the weather is hot and that he wishes he was back in Atlanta, where he will be about the end of the month.

L. E. Floyd, the Floyd-Lehmann company, wholesale notions, is very happy over the amount of business his firm has done during the first few days of the convention. He says that their place on West Mitchell street, as well as the display rooms they have in the Kimball house, have been filled with customers all the time. A large part of this, Mr. Floyd adds, he attributes to the advertising they have done.

E. M. Lunceford, who has his sample rooms in the Gould building, states that there have been a great many visiting United Commercial Travelers' members who have called on him this week. Mr. Lunceford is secrteary of Atlanta council 18 (as everybody knows) and invites all members to make headquarters with him. He represents the Young-Smyth-Field company, of Philadelphia.

The merchants have well patronized the Cafe Denechaud so far, and this place has been very popular every night with its cabaret and attractive service.

John Silvey & Co. have been constantly busy ever since Monday morning waiting on their customers. They say every salesman in, practically, and yet each one is kept on the keen jump attending to the house full of merchants which they have all the time. Banks Whiteman says that, while alfalfa may grow on theoutside, there is no chance for any kind of grass to grow under their feet during the convention, at any rate.

Manager Underwood, of the American Writing Machine company, is another Atlanta man who is wearing a broad smile. He has sold enough typewriters to transcribe the entire doings of the legislature for twenty years to come, since last Monday, he says.

Speaking of typewriters, the Eagle Multicraphing company have been kept mighty busy taking letters from the merchants to their firms and homes, telling of the good times they have had and are having.

"WELL DONE," SAY BOTH

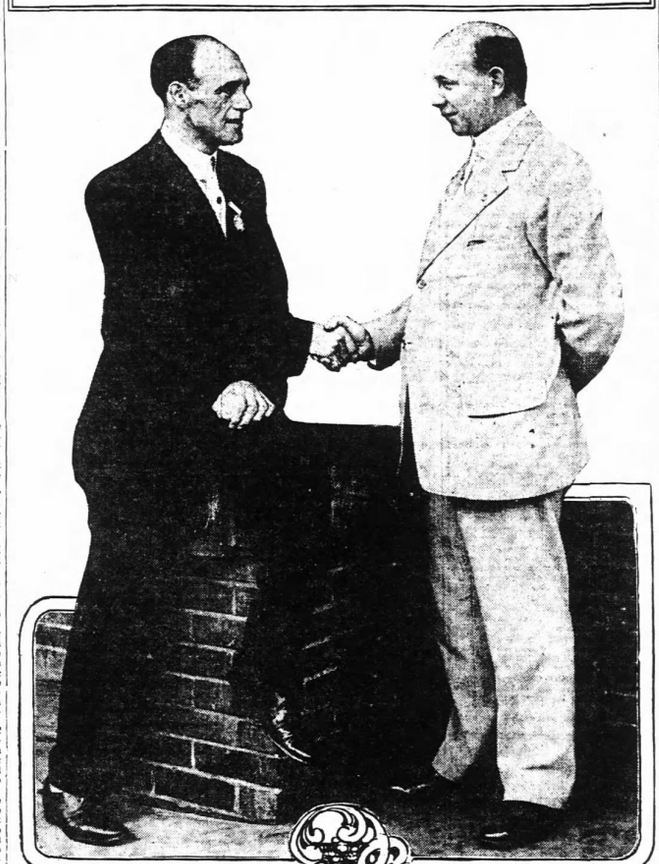

Photo by Reeves.

NORMAN H. JOHNSON AND HARRY T. MOORE shaking hands after yesterday's convention. Mr. Johnson is congratulating Mr. Moore on his work for the convention as secretary of the M. & M. association, and Mr. Moore is reciprocating the congratulations by referring to the splendid speech Mr. Johnson had just made at the Thursday session.

HOUSE DECIDES AGAINST COMMISSIONER OF DRUGS

The house at the afternoon session on Thursday declined to pass the Shuptrine bill for the enforcement of the law against the sale of narcotics by a vote of 85 to 71.

This measure provided for the appointment of a commissioner of drugs, whose salary should be paid by fees from druggists. It was to have been his duty to keep a record of purchases and sale by druggists of narcotics, whereby the illicit sale of such drugs might be traced.

The consideration of the medical practice bill had just begun well when the hour of adjournment arrived.

At the afternoon session the speaker of the house enforced house rule 175 and all persons except members of the house or such persons as to whom the privileges of the floor of the house are extended were excluded from the house floor.

GOVERNOR AUTHORIZED TO BORROW $500,000

The house on Thursday passed the resolution of Mr. Slater, of Bryan, allowing the governor to borrow $500,000.

This provision is to meet financial emergencies during the years of 1913-14-15, and provides that the loan shall be negotiated on reasonable terms. The vote was 113 to 0.

Some More Registered Delegates

This is a continuation of the list of delegates who have registered. The first section was published in The Constitution Firing Line of Wednesday and this second list starts with Wednesday morning and carries the names of that day and part of Thursday:

J. C. Reese, J. B. Broadwell company, Alpharetta, Ga.
W. I. Davis, same, Douglasville, Ga.
W. T. Robinson, same, Winder, Ga.
J. A. Horsley, Horsley Drug company, Dawson, Ga.
W. A. Bennett, Thompson & Bennett, Fairmount, Ga.
J. W. Bradley, same, Fairmount, Ga.
W. W. Whitson, J. D. Murphy, Morrow, Ga.
J. T. Quillian, same, Commerce, Ga.
H. E. Mathews, same, Lanette, Ala.
H. Orovitz, same, Vienna, Ga.
Robert Jarrad, J. C. Jarrad & Bro., Marietta, Ga.
J. N. Watts, same, Shellman, Ga.
Robert Patterson, same, Columbus, Ga.
W. O. Barnett, same, Americus, Ga.
C. A. Edwards, Consolidated Drug company, Doerun, Ga.
S. Y. Pruett, Pruett-Murral company, Thomaston, Ga.
G. W. Rutherford, same, Madison, Fla.
C. C. Wharton and wife, Wharton Clothing company, Greenwood, S. C.
W. T. Duckett and daughter, Wharton Clothing company, Greenwood, S. C.
John J. Kelly, Atlanta, Ga.
James Duffy, Atlanta, Ga.
C. L. Cox, Cox & Arington, Frolona, Ga.
E. L. Cox, Cox & Arrington, Frolona, Ga.
W. C. Arrington, Cox & Arrington, Frolona, Ga.
M. W. Pittard, Lowe & Pittard, Duluth, Ga.
T. A. Lewis, Knox-Lewis Co., Duluth, Ga.
J. H. Smith, "The Four Seasons," Dublin, Ga.
James P. Jones, "The Four Seasons," Dublin, Ga.
J. L. Jackson, J. L. Jackson & Co., Dublin, Ga.
J. M. Ridgell, Ridzell Drug company, Batesburg, S. C.
C. T. Gause, The Gem, Augusta, Georgia.
Robert Burnett, same, Norcross, Ga.
Glenn Harn and wife, The Gem, Hagan, Ga.
W. L. DeLoach, Hagan Hardware company, Hagan, Ga.
B. C. Collins, same, Hagan, Ga.
H. T. Crenshaw, same, Walhalla, S. C.
J. M. Holbrooke, same, Cummings, Georgia.
F. M. England, same, Westminster, S. C.
F. W. Cannon, Cannon & Cross, Westminster, S. C.
D. E. Williams, same, St. George, Georgia.
T. J. Pitts, same, Arabi, Ga.
R. A. Patterson, Hart & Ross Co., Colbert, Ga.
C. W. Porterfield, Porterfield company, Colbert, Ga.
G. M. Stephens, Stephens Bros., Jennings, Fla.
J. C. Meadows, O. S. Meadows & Son, Germantown, Ga.
J. B. Jackson, same, Harrison, Ga.
J. E. Freeman, Essig Bros., Atlanta, Georgia.
W. A. Carroll, same, Auburn, Ga.
A. J. Pole, same, Auburn, Ga.
M. C. Cumby., Cumby Bros., Wedowee, Ala.
J. M. Ballard, Cumby Bros., Wedowee, Ala.
J. F. Crow, same, Jacksonville, Ala.
Will Brown, Brown & Brown, Aberdeen, Ga.
W. M. Parker, same, New River, Fla.
G. W. Andrews, same, New River, Fla.
F. L. Riley, Riley Department Store, Evergreen, Ala.
B. D. Fudge, Atlanta Stove Works, Bainbridge, Ga.
H. J. Rumph, Humphreys & Williamson, Waycross, Ga.
F. Z. Hood, same, Waycross, Ga.
W. T. Clements, Sylvester Drug company, Sylvester, Ga.
W. W. Shell, W. W. Shell & Co., Sylvester, Ga.
E. L. Alderman, same, Pine Park, Georgia.
E. Dominick, wife and son, Dominick Mercantile company, Turin, Ga.
J. J. Lupfiest, Shingler Supply company, Shingler, Ga.
Z. E. Taylor, same, Aragon, Ga.
J. L. Powel, same, Jennings, Fla.
Mrs. B. M. Hall, same, Talbotton, Ga.
Mrs. E. H. Hall, E. H. Hall & Co., Talbotton Ga.
Fred B. Law and wife, Fred B. Law, city.
W. W. Graham, Unadilla Mercantile company, Unadilla, Ga.
George Hall, Bell Brothers, Richland, Ga.
P. R. Chesser, same, Auburn, Ga.
C. E. DeLoach and wife, C. E. DeLoach, Lanett, Ga.
Mrs. T. L. Smith, same, city.
Mrs. W. A. Yates, C. E. DeLoach, Lanett, Ga.
W. J. Hill, same, Cobb, Ga.
C. F. Smith, same, Waverly Hall, Ga.
G. C. Thomas, same, Cobb, Ga.
T. P. Bell, D. M. Bell & Son, Jackson, Ga.
S. A. Parrish, same, Adel, Ga.
Mrs. M. Morrison, same, Bartow, Fla.
Sam Pearl, Pearl Brothers, Marietta, Ga.
G. S. Hunt, Hunt Grocery company, Demorest, Ga.
W. J. Walker, same, Selma, Ga.
D. L. Emerson, Dublin Grain and Produce company, Dublin, Ga.
A. P. Hilton, Commercial bank, Dublin, Ga.
W. C. Watkins, Comer Drug store, Green's S. C.
H. Rudich, same, Hawkinsville, Ga.
William M. Moore, same, Camak, Ga.
A. C. Carr, L. M. Carr, Mayfield, Ga.
W. F. Yarbrough, B. L. & C. F. Reynolds, Mayfield, Ga.
J. A. Rainwater, Olsan company, city.
E. F. Harrell, E. F. Harrell & Co., Brookfield, Ga.
B. C. Wright, Darden & Wright, Sharon, Ga.
N. G. Barnett, Ray & Barnett, Sharon, Ga.
G. H. Davis and son, same, Newborn, Ga.
C. I. Breman, Peacock-Breman, city.
E. J. Kaylor, same, Carrollton, Ga.
M. Wice, same, Eatonton, Ga.
H. S. Elliott, Jr., Henry Supply company, McDonough, Ga.
F. L. Timmerman, F. L. Timmerman, Pleasant Lane, S. C.
S. T. Williams, S. T. Williams, Pleasant Lane, S. C.
N. O. Allen, N. O. Allen & Co., Lenox, Ga.
T. E. Allen, N. O. Allen & Co., Lenox, Ga.
R. L. Harrison, R. L. Harrison, city.
L. M. Wells, same, Ficklin, Ga.
J. T. Barfield and wife, Barfield Department store, East Point, Ga.
R. E. Davison, C. J. Davison company, Woodville, Ga.
A. J. Melton, Melton's pharmacy, Crawfordville, Ga.
J. H. Hill, Hill & Crawford, Lyerly, Ga.
G. R. Anderson, same, Lyerly, Ga.
Jno. A. May and wife, May & Carley, Graniteville, S. C.
S. W. Hartness, S. W. Hartness, Suit, N. C.
T. J. Floyd, same, Young Harris, Ga.
R. C. Love, Shieder Drug Co., Chester, S. C.
S. C. Clinton, J. P. Williams, McConnellsville, S. C.
W. W. McGee, same, Chipley, Ga.
D. B. Bullard, Bullard & Son, Palmetto, Ga.
Geo. F. Bagwell and daughter, same, Flowery Branch, Ga.
J. H. Means, J. H. Means & Co., Zebulon, Ga.
A. Corbitt, same, Willicoochee, Ga.
E. S. Garrett, J. W. & E. S. Garrett, Between, Ga.
J. W. Garrett, J. W. & E. S. Garrett, Between, Ga.
Anderson Mercer, same, Elestine, Ala.
J. F. Dalton, E. W. Watson & Son, Bradley, S. C.
L. L. Rush, L. L. Rush & Co., Bradley, S. C.
Neil Steifle, L. L. Rush & Co., Bradley, S. C.
A. G. Fossett, Fossett & Martin, Pinehurst, S. C.
C. W. Foster, Tunnell Hill Drug Co., Tunnell Hill, Ga.
R. B. Hairston, same, Cordele, Ga.
W. Wakefield, same, Cordele, Ga.
Jas. A. Lester, same, Lineville, Ala.
J. N. King, J. N. King Co., Cordele, Ga.
S. Sundrick, J. N. King Co., Cordele, Ga.
W. M. Robinson, Robinson Bros., Carrollton, Ga.
W. M. Johnson, W. M. Johnson & Co., Lithonia, Ga.
J. N. Wilson, J. N. Wilson & Co., Villa Rica, Ga.
R. E. Loveless, same, Hartford, Ala.
J. E. Bauknight, C. W. & J. E. Bauknight, Walhalla, S. C.
E. L. Dorsey, same, Jonesboro, Ga.
E. S. Beasley, E. M. White, Temple, Ga.
Mrs. Stoddard, Bryson & Stoddard, Owens, S. C.
Mrs. M. A. O'Neal, Bryson & Stoddard, Owens, S. C.
F. T. Davie, same, Flowery Branch, Ga.
E. B. Nelson, Carter-Nelson Co., Newburn, Ga.
Henry Moore, Brooks Pharmacy Co., Tifton, Ga.
E. W. Holder, Taylor Feed & Grain Co., Tifton, Ga.
H. H. Watkins, Lipscomb & Walkins, Whiteburg, Ga.
J. A. Speights, Speights & Chamber, Elkton, Fla.
H. L. Bushwell, Speights & Chamber, Elkton, Fla.
R. L. Bothwell, Speights & Cmaber, Elkton, Fla.
M. McPhaul, McPhaul Bros., Sparks, Ga.

Continued on Next Page.

The Rice & Hutchins Atlanta Co.
70 North Broad Street
Southeastern Selling Agents For
Rice & Hutchins Famous Shoes
Among The Good Ones Are
Educator, All America, Mayfair, Signet
WE SAVE YOU FREIGHT
Cordial Welcome to All Visiting Merchants

STATIONERY, NOVELTIES SCHOOL SUPPLIES

We Want to Meet You Personally and Get Better Acquainted

QUALITY ALWAYS
THE GLENDALE LINE
THE HIRSHBERG CO. ATLANTA, GA

Come to See Us
You Won't Be Urged to Buy

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES STAPLE HOLIDAY GOODS

GREAT DISPLAY
ATLANTA LINE STOVES AND RANGES
For the convenience of visiting merchants, we have temporary show rooms at 97 Peachtree Street, opposite Piedmont Hotel. It is well Worth every Southern Merchant's time to see our splendid line of stoves and ranges.
ATLANTA STOVE WORKS, 97 Peachtree

ON THE CONSTITUTION FIRING LINE AT THE CONVENTION

SOME MORE OF THE REGISTERED DELEGATES

Continued From Preceding Page

T. N. McCranie, B. A. Rowland Co., Sparks, Ga.
C. W. Gresham, same, Duluth, Ga.
C. G. Stanton, Stanton Merc. Co., Forsyth, Ala.
S. A. Thompson, Lewis & Thompson, Cordele, Ga.
G. L. Hilley, same, Cordele, Ga.
L. C. Upshaw, Upshaw Bros., Douglasville, Ga.
W. B. Hunt, J. C. Hunt & Bro., Scottsboro, Ala.
M. H. Plunkett, same, Conyers, Ga.
W. W. Graham, Unadilla Merc. Co., Unadilla, Ga.
J. L. Hansard, same, Cummings, Ga.
T. M. Red, Pine Park Trading Co., Pine Park, Ga.
J. G. Moore, J. G. Moore Co., Pine Park, Ga.
T. L. Meyers, same, Rhine, Ga.
J. D. Parkerson, J. D. Parkerson Co., Eastman, Ga.
S. N. Reed, Hogansville, D. G. Co., Hogansville, Ga.
J. W. Cole, Cureton, Cole Co., Moreland, Ga.
E. L. Smith, Citizens' Trading Co., Graymont, Ga.
C. L. Brock, T. H. Redwine Co., Newnan, Ga.
W. E. Wood, Cedar Town Supply Co., Cedartown, Ga.
J. H. McLee, same, Lawrenceville, Ga.
Norman H. Johnson, Merchants' Journal & Commerce, Richmond, Ga.
C. Fingerson, Mochett & Ferguson, Bowersville, Ga.
C. V. Bussell, Burden Smith & Co., Macon, Ga.
T. M. Henson, same, Arnoldsville, Ga.
W. J. Henson, same, Arnoldsville, Ga.
H. I. Weaver and wife, W. I. Weaver & Co., Roswell, GGa.
M. L. Champion, C. J. Champion & Co., Doles, Ga.
E. A. Champion, same, Doles, Ga.
R. M. Jones, same, West Point, Ga.
W. B. Owens, same, Rochelle, Ga.
F. N. Lawson, same, Flovilla, Ga.
George W. Bagley, same, De Soto, Georgia.
I. L. Brumbeloe, same, Roanoke, Ala.
John F. Kimbrough, same, Sparta, Ga.
W. T. Cawthon, J. G. Hardy, Ben Hill, Georgia.
I. L. Ford, same, Tifton, Ga.
R. L. Baldwin, Byrd & Baldwin, Waverly Hall, Ga.
W. D. Gibson, same, Auburn, Ala.
G. C. Kirk, Horsed Hardware company, Toccoa, Ga.
S. H. Mangel & Lady, S. H. Mangel, Trenton, S. C.
Carl Perry, Perry Five and Ten Cent Store, Buford, Ga.
C. C. Shouse, Fleming Dearing Hardware company, Athens, Ga.
K. D. Brobston, John Deer Plow company, Atlanta, Ga.
C. K. Benton, same, Columbus, Ga.
G. P. Hunter, same, Columbus, Ga.
D. H. Hodges, Loganville Mercantile company, Loganville, Ga.
J. B. Garrett, same, Loganville, Ga.
B. P. Daniel, C. P. Daniel Sons, Senoia, Ga.
D. L. Adams, D. L. Adams Co, West Point, Ga.
C. L. Sims, same, Bethlehem, Ga.
T. W. Webb, Lawrenceville Hardware company, Lawrenceville, Ga.
Henry Gann, Gann's Pharmacy and Musengre Ice Cream company, Lawrenceville, Ga.
W. L. Brooks, Bowden Drug company, Bowden, Ga.
L. C. Perdue, Bowden Drug company, Bowden, Ga.
J. H. Waters, Waters & Son, Sylvania, Ga.
R. A. Watson, W. G. & R. A. Watson, Jonesboro, Ga.
Paul T. Harber, Harber Mercantile company, Commerce, Ga.
L. J. Copeland, Gay Furniture company, Gay, Ga.
H. D. Moore, H. D. & J. D. Moore, Conley, Ga.
T. T. Angel, Arnold Hat company, Franklin, N. C.
D. C. Stockton, Prentiss Mds. Co., Prentiss, N. C.
C. W. Van Hook, same, Prentiss, N. C.
J. T. Shelnutt, J. T. Shellnutt, Bremen, Ga.
S. Jones, Jones Bros., Bremen, Georgia.
W. M. Tribbe, R. H. Tribble & Son, Lithonia, Ga.
L. McMahan and daughter, same Tallapoosa, Ga.
J. B. Davis, Farmers' Supply company, Taylorsville, Ga.
J. W. McWilliams, same, City.
W. A. Patterson, Whitfield, Patterson & Whitfield, Jasper, Ga.
T. W. Whitfield, same, Jasper, Ga.
E. Wheeler, Richards & Co., Jesper, Ga.
W. E. Ouzts, Matthews & Arrington, Kirksey, S. C.
W. H. Sanders, same, Old Town, S. C.
R. L. Williams, R. L. Williams & Co., Harris, Ga.
J. W. Pitts, same, Newborn, Ga.
T. L. Newborn, C. R. & L. M. Morris, Atlanta, Ga.

TAXI CABS

Of course you merchants want to see the beauties of our city in a good-looking PACKARD Automobile. Call up KNIGHT AUTO RENT SERVICE and they will send you a dandy auto with a good, courteous driver who knows the city.

QUICK SERVICE STAND
ARAGON HOTEL
Bell Phone Ivy 4051-1000.

MERCHANTS!

Buy Your Holiday Goods at Once!

Don't delay, for Christmas Trade will begin with a rush soon and you should be ready for it. You can select in our wholesale show rooms great lines of

Toys, Dolls, Fancy China, Glassware and Many Lines of Fancy Goods and Holiday Novelties

We are direct importers and can, therefore, quote very low prices. Never before have we offered such large and varied assortments. Come and see the money-makers.

Our Traveling Salesmen Are in the House and Will Be Glad to Serve You

Prompt Shipments—Quick Deliveries—Low Freight Rates

DOBBS & WEY CO.
Wholesale 57 N. Pryor St. Atlanta, Georgia

WARD-TRUITT CO.

Going Out of Business

This is the place for merchants hunting big bargains. Two Hundred and Twenty-Five Thousand dollars ($225,000.00) stock must be sold in 60 days. **Special Prices, Terms and Discounts.**

TIP TOP BREAD

Pleases the Customer and is profitable to sell

It increases your line of goods without investment

CALL AT THE
NEW SOUTH BAKERY
AND SEE IT MADE

Ask the Man Who Sells It

NEW SOUTH BAKERY
Cor. Glenn and Murphy Ave. *Take a West End Car*

Special To The Southern Merchants

If you do not call on us while in the city we will be disappointed, and you will miss getting a number of big sellers in Five and Ten-Cent goods that we have. Buying in the large quantities that we buy in, we are able to give you some very strong leaders.

Let us explain to you how you can increase your trade on any line that you handle, at least 25 per cent. Also let us explain our plan of putting in a Five and Ten-Cent department for you.

McClure Ten-Cent Company
47 SOUTH BROAD STREET

BILLS PASSED IN HOUSE AT THURSDAY'S SESSIONS

By Mr. Cheney of Cobb—To create a commission form of government for the city of Marietta.

By Bibb Members—Macon depot bill.

By Mr. Myrick of Chatham—To repeal an act to assist the Georgia infirmary.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—To repeal act incorporating Osierfield.

By Mr. Neal of Gordon—To amend act creating board of county commissioners for Gordon county.

By Mr. Methvin of Dodge—To amend act creating office o commissioners of roads and revenues for Dodge county.

New Bills.

By Mr. Hart of Warren and Others—To regulate the inspection of asylums, sanitariums, convents, etc.

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—To repeal act creating office of commissioner of roads and revenues of Pulaski county.

By Mr. Wheatley of Sumter—To appropriate $13,256.60 for work done and to be done on capitol and mansion.

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—To create office of commissioner of roads and revenues.

DEATH OF DR. SMULLYAN MOURNED IN SALT LAKE

The recent death in Salt Lake City of Dr. I. Clarence Smullyan, formerly of Atlanta, brings a glowing tribute to him from the Salt Lake City newspapers. He was one of the most prominent physicians of Salt Lake City and his death from pneumonia, following other complications, was mourned by the entire city. Dr. Smullyan was born in Atlanta thirty-five years ago.

Of his death The Salt Lake City Herald-Republic says editorially:

"Dr. Smullyan's friends will remember him as a man of broad mental and spiritual stature who met the problems of life with a smile, its reverses with an equanimity that would daunt ordinary souls, and its triumphs with joy that he might share them with associates. His study mantle fell upon only the best in every commerce, and his generosity of heart and helpfulness to others in time of need were proverbial. His ability to fill the long even more effectively than the professional skill he used with careful and practiced hand, was a distinguishing characteristic.

"Mounting to distinction in his profession over handicaps and obstacles that would have daunted any but the most resolute, experience had taught Dr. Smullyan to understand and sympathize failure in others, and to endow with proper meed of praise the successes of a friend. He bore the burdens of life with placidity and laid them down without repining or complaint when the final summons came during the closing hours of his life, when professional knowledge had warned him the end was near he arranged his affairs with composure, and turned with courageous resignation to meet the grim destroyer that long had hovered near."

SEARCY-HIXON MEASURE BLOCKED IN THE HOUSE

Speaker Burwell opposed any such proceedings as those which blocked the business of the house last Tuesday in the Wohlwender filibuster by sitting down on the introduction of certain resolutions Thursday morning.

An attempt was made to reintroduce the Kidd resolution demanding that the temperance committee report the Searcy-Hixon measure bill for the consideration of the house, the reintroduction of which would undoubtedly have brought about a situation similar to that of last Tuesday. The speaker declared all resolutions out of order at that time.

Music and Art at Wesley.

During the summer months the evening services at Wesley Memorial church are being made specially attractive by a series of sermons on "The Life of Christ," illustrated by the stereopticon. On Sunday next the "Resurrection Story" will be given, the illustrations being beautifully colored reproductions of great paintings by Deahle, Muller and Hofmann. Special music will be rendered by the chorus choir, and soloists, with the addition of illustrated hymns, appropriate to the subject. These services will be continued throughout August, the "Life of Moses" and the "Acts of the Apostles" being given next in order.

Morgan Pearce.

Morgan Pearce, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson Pearce, died at their home, at 319 West Ninety-fifth street, New York, on Wednesday morning at 1 o'clock, after a severe illness of several weeks. Interment in New York Friday morning.

Si Borrows a Clawhammer And Creates a Sensation

After Strenuous Day of Convention Doings and Visits, the New Reporter Takes in the Reception in Borrowed Plumage.



Dear Folks: I p'lect one time tellin' Mirandy that the feller as would refuse somethin' as wuz offered him, was crazy. I no as how ther be times when folks do give away differen' kinds o' truck jes fer frenship, and so when I seen as how a gentelman whose name is Malone, wuz givin' away seegars at his place, I goes on down there yestiddy mornin'. Th' name of his store is the Capital City Tobacco company, and he shore does keep a stock of terbacey. They wuz seegars enuff fer the whole world, I figgered, an of they is all like the one he give me, the whole world will be smokin' them.

From this here place I wuz comin' up the' street again, when a feller interduces himself as named Walker. He takes me into his place and tells bout the tin roofs and makes. Reckon I'll have to figger o na tin roof when I put up th'new store I'm figgerin' on.

"Long about this time I goes over to the Audytorium agin, and sets down to listen at the speakin'. Seem as if every speech I hear is a wee mite better than th'last one, but I reckon its jes because they all be as dern fine. Th'first spoker wuz a chap named Orr. Seems he runs a store in town and he axked me done by his place after. Mebbe I'll go, of I have th'time. Then a chap named Norman Johnson spoke. He makes home in Lynchburg, but he's a rite smart talker. Seg everybuddy shud buy ther stuff to hum, an I reckon I'll tell that to Sam Higgs the next time he buys his terbacey from Sol Bridges over th'ridge. The next man was named Riley, an he wuz a merchant from Alabamy. Then one of these newspaper fellers are pesky critters, enyhow, but this feller spoke sum mighty fine sence. He sez you send advertise in the paper. We hain't got no paper down to home, so I raint do it, but I no when I rite out that notes and stuck it on the skule house I sold more kandy to th'skul kids then Sol. Another felley named Mosley spoke and ses as how his town had no newspaper and the biggest advertiser wuz the leadin' merchant, which I reckon is rite and proper.

I hed dinner with Mister Lynn Fort, a big drug place, wher they make th' different kinds of dope. He is about the plesantest spokin' man I've met yet. Th'name of his firm is Lamra & Rankin, and ye'd ort to go on up and see him.

Next thing I hoofed it over the town to see Jim Little at the Dougherty-Little-Redwine store. He shoves me where they air bilin' a new store house and tuk me all round the place. Mighty nice feller pears to hev a mighty nice lot of young fellers workin' fer th'firm. He ses as how he is lookin' out for the barbecue nex week, and as how its th'best thing of the bull doins I reckon it likely is stew, fer I always did enjy a cue.

Then I goes to see the Premium Brand shoe place. Gramling-Spalding is the place and a young feller called Collinsworth shows me round. He is a ball playin' man I reckon, and ses he is lookin' after the ball game for nex week. He ses it will be th' best thing, and I ses as how it mebby, but I duno. That cue of Mister Little's sound dern good.

By this time it wuz time fer the car ride round town and I shore took it. Mister Moore seen that we all wuz fixed fer seats, and we seen more of the city than we cud hev in a month jes walkin'. Them is nice cars, too. After this we all goes to the recepshun. But I airs to tell youall what I did. I figgered, first go off, that I wudn't, as ye might say as how I wuz conneeted. But I seen that Mister Gregg had dronn my letter with em on, so I mights well tell yew. See, I haint never bin to much doins and I didn't no what wuz the proper thing fer me to wear. I reckoned finly that a clawhammer coat wud be c'rect, so I goes down the street and gits me one. I feller as runs a store, loaned me one fer th' day and I promises to look out fer it good. So youill sees how come for me to change me things before Sunday. I reckon Mirandy 'wud say as how I'm an old fool, but she aint here nohow.

The' give is a dandy feed at the drivin' club, but I gits caught a little in th'rain. Reckon the suit warn't wet to hurt, and annyhow, I hung her a'fore the' wuz any ills nite, and the feller never will no.

I'll be rite in th'doins again today, and of any of youall sees me trailpin about, ye mite soy "Howdy," and I'll talk rite back to yew an say "Howdy, yourself." Till tomorry mornin'.

Affeshinately yourn,
SI HAWKINS.

DEKALB COUNTY SHOWS INCREASE OF $1,300,000

There was hope in the state house Thursday when the tax returns from a single county wiped out the entire deficit which this year's returns showed from those of last year, and boosted the figure for the present year several hundred thousand dollars to the good. It remained for DeKalb county to break all records by showing an increase over last year's returns of $1,300,000. The returns of this year up to the time the returns from DeKalb were received showed a loss of $1,055,600.

ALL ZION CITY LETTERS WERE HONEY LADEN

Zion City, Ill., August 7.—Residents of Zion City received today the sweetest bunch of letters they ever got. Business communications were just as honey laden as love notes.

The morning's mail, comprising about 1,500 letters, was coated with honey when a jar of the sticky sweet which had been sent by parcel post broke as the sack was thrown from the mail car. Postoffice clerks tried washing the letters with wet sponges, but the honey wouldn't come off.

POPULAR ELECTION BILL IS PASSED BY THE HOUSE

The house on Thursday passed the Hardeman bill providing for the popular election of United States senators in Georgia under the new federal statute.

The bill provides the machinery for the filling of Georgia vacancies in the United States senate caused by death, resignation or otherwise, by calling a special election to fill such vacancies.

Railway Mail Men Meet.

Atlanta Branch Railway Mail association will meet at Railroad Y. M. C. A. Saturday at 8 o'clock. All clerks are urgently requested to attend. Business of importance.

Merchants Enjoy Yourselves!

A PARISIAN RESTAURANT
CAFE DENECHAUD
IN THE HEART OF BUSINESS ATLANTA

9 Walton Street
Just off Peachtree

Good Eating
Good Music
Good Times

Cabaret 8 to 12 P. M.

"You Are Invited."

$1 WARM SPRINGS AND RETURN VIA A., B. & A.
Every Sunday in August.
Leave Union Station 8 a. m.

Chili Con Carne

Jim Little, president of the Dougherty-Little-Redwine company, is talking all the time about the big time that is going to be had at the barbecue next Wednesday. When he gets busy, there is sure something doing.

E. F. Malone, of the Capital City Tobacco company, says that it is a pleasure to give away cigars to the merchants. He says that a merchant is one man who knows a good cigar when he smokes it, hence the pleasure which comes from watching the rapture on each man's face as he smokes these famous brands.

The Atlanta Show Case company have sold quite a few nice bills through the convention and say that now there will be some good-looking fixtures scattered through the country from now on. Many merchants who have been going to New York for their fixtures have found this year that all they really have to do is to take a trip down to Tabernacle Place.

TYPEWRITERS FACTORY REBUILT
SUMMER BARGAINS
Our entire stock is offered at below list prices for the summer only. All trade-marked and guaranteed for one year like new machines. Buy NOW and save as much as $75.
Special discount to visiting merchants during convention week.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
48 North Pryor St. Phone Main 2286.

Chairs, Center Tables, Library Tables, Kitchen Tables

SPRATT CHAIR CO.
MANUFACTURERS

Call on us while in the city. Fifteen minutes ride on the East Point carline puts you here.

Phone us, Bell phone, West 242-L and we will call for you.

LOOK FOR THE GREEN TAG
IF
YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY
Extra Values in Stationery
School Supplies and Druggists Sundries
AT
THE S. P. RICHARDS COMPANY
90-92-94 CENTRAL AVE.
Everything Marked in Plain Figures. We Sell to Dealers Only
GIVE US A CALL IF ONLY TO GET ACQUAINTED



EAGLE
Stamp Works
MANUFACTURERS OF
RUBBER STAMPS
SEALS and STENCILS
Letters Multigraphed
Envelopes Addressed
Names Filled in to Match.
EAGLE MULTIGRAPHING CO.
8 N. FORSYTH ST. PHONE M. 1158. ATLANTA, GA.

Dougherty-Little-Redwine Co.
—WHOLESALE—
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS
32-34 South Pryor Street
Make Our Store Your Headquarters During SOUTHERN MERCHANTS CONVENTION

MEADOR-CAUTHORN COMPANY
Commerce Building
DRY GOODS COMMISSION MERCHANTS
VISITING MERCHANTS—Make Our Place Your Headquarters
SELLING AGENTS DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURERS TO MERCHANTS

E. L. Adams Company
WHOLESALE GROCERS
We extend a hearty welcome to all visiting merchants while in the city.
OUR MOTTO: *Merchandize of Quality, Prompt Service.*

GUANO MIXERS in need of Bulk Acid, Kainit, Nitrate Soda, Tankage, Muriate Potash or Coal at Wholesale, see or write
W. E. McCALLA, Manufacturers' Agent
415 Atlanta National Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga.

We have the agency for the **Fox** furnace. Get our prices and let us give you figures on your job.
ANDERSON BROS. & RICH
Both Phones 370 Edgewood Ave.

EXCURSION

A comprehensive sweep of the eastern half of the United States and nearly 1,000 miles of Canada. A 5,000-mile circle tour, visiting Cincinnati, Detroit, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Thousand Islands, Montreal Breton, New York, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Washington, Baltimore and Savannah, including all expenses (except a few meals), transportation, standard Pullman, all meals en-route best hotels, staterooms and meals on steamers, 16 days for only $66.65. The phenomenal rates offered and the high-class features provided are the realization of ten years of continued success in this line of work. Special trains leave Atlanta, Birmingham, Chattanooga and Knoxville Saturday, August 16. Liberal stop-over at any point en route. Four steamer trips on exclusive ships. Party nearly filled. Room for 50 more. Send $5.00 deposit for choice reservation. This ad will not appear again. Address F. S. Parland, Agent, Box 1624, Atlanta, Ga.—(Adv.)

Business Men of Atlanta Read the Wanted Situation Ads in The Constitution Every Morning. Tell Them What You Can Do.

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

All the News of Real Estate and Building.

Notwithstanding the fact that the state senate set aside the matter of disposing of the state's executive mansion at Peachtree and Cain streets, for the present session, local realty dealers will have a number of propositions to offer the legislature at the next session, it is said.

As one prominent Atlanta dealer remarked yesterday: "The present mansion is entirely out of date. It is old, and ramshackly, so to speak, and is almost in the center of the city, where dust and the soot and the grime gather in large quantities.

"There is no doubt that Georgia will have to dispose of it some time in the near future—why not now, instead of waiting until next year, or several years later, when all desirable properties will be way up? I do not think that the present mansion property will increase in proportion to other desirable properties, and the present time seems to be the best to dispose of this entire matter."

Ansley Park Home.

A building permit has been issued to W. W. Brown to erect a two-story brick veneer dwelling at 40 Ansley Park. John Starr has the contract to construct the building, which will cost approximately $7,200.

West Peachtree Purchase.

A. L. Bartlett has purchased from the West End bank a lot on West Peachtree, 120 feet north of Twelfth street, 50x200 feet, for $5,000, or $100 per front foot.

Corner Lot Changes Hands.

Bruno Bukofzer has purchased from Carlos Lynes and A. L. Thomson the southwest corner of Ormewood and South Moreland avenues, for $3,300. The lot is 75x129½ feet.

Peachtree Road Sale.

W. S. Witham has sold to John C. Wayt a lot on the west side of Peachtree road, adjoining the Witham place, for $4,410. The lot is irregular-shaped.

Corner Sale Reported.

Hugh T. Burton has purchased from R. D. Hicks, of Ohio, the northeast corner of Oglethorpe avenue and Lawton street, for $4,250. The lot is 60x140 feet.

Autodrome on City Acreage.

The Autodrome association has leased 50 acres which will be recently purchased on the Collier road, one-quarter mile from Peachtree road, in the Brookwood section. The property was purchased by the city as a site for a sewage disposal plant, but has never been used.

The Autodrome association, which is composed of John S. Cohen, John Alsdredge and others, will pay $750 per year for the lease and will erect their auto-racing track upon it.

Real estate dealers are speculating as to the exact effect which the presence of this autodrome will have upon the property in that section. It is certain that great crowds will be drawn toward Atwood park, and no doubt there will be some development on the road to the track, but as to the exact character, it is hard to determine.

A Correction.

In a report of a sale in The Constitution Thursday morning, by a typographical error, it was stated that Claude A. Smith had purchased a dwelling from J. P. Matthiessen at 389 Ponce de Leon avenue. This was incorrect, as it should have been 393 Ponce de Leon.

PROPERTY TRANSFERS.

Warranty Deeds.

$375—Garden—M. Millian to Mrs. Kate G. Headen, lot 37x42½ feet north side Ware street, 75 feet northwest of Hunter, September 16, 1904.

$1,500—Mrs. Mollie Hunter to same, same property, lot 37x42½ feet, same date.

$2,250—M. M. Pinson to W. T. Treadwell et al., lot 50x100 feet, southeast corner Linwood and Yonge streets, August 7, 1913.

$1,500—W. T. Treadwell et al. to M. M. Pinson, lot 50x100 feet, southeast corner Linwood and Cunningham streets, August 7, 1913.

$1—Same to same, same property.

$10—Mrs. Belle L. Smith et al. to Mrs. Belle L. Smith et al., lot 50x100 feet, east side Mozley park, 200 feet south of Collins, and in land lot 222, Seventeenth district, August 4, 1913.

$1—Same to Mrs. H. D. Shaw, same property.

$2,500—Mrs. M. E. Sullivan to Sanford Realty company, lot 50x100 feet, southeast corner Edgewood and Piedmont avenues, August 4, 1913.

$1—Same to same, same property.

$500—Richard D. Berry to Independent Benevolent Association, lot 50x100 feet, southeast side Georgia avenue, 200 feet southwest of Pryor, August 2, 1913.

$200—Franklin Realty company to Mrs. Jessie Lee, lot 50x100 feet, southeast side Pryor, 150 feet west of Georgia avenue, August 4, 1913.

$500—Brown to Hopkins, undivided ½ interest in lot 50x100 feet, southeast corner Jackson street and Hopkins avenue, August 4, 1913.

$500—Brown to Hopkins, undivided ½ interest in lot 50x100 feet, southeast corner Jackson street and Hopkins avenue, August 4, 1913.

$10—Guarantee Trust and Banking company to Victoria Mills, lot 50x100 feet, southeast corner Trobert and Hamilton avenues, January 26, 1911.

Bonds for Title.

$5,000—Mrs. Mary Smith, James S. Davis, No. 214 Candler building, lot 50x100 feet, August 2.

$4,000—J. Frank Burke to T. N. Bradshaw, et al., No. 94 Trust company, 50x100 feet, August 2.

$1,000—Mrs. Lucile M. and Thomas F. Stokes to June 20.

$1,000—Same to Hook to Hugh T. Burton, lot 50x100 feet, southeast corner Edgewood and Piedmont avenues, August 4.

$1,000—Same to same, same property.

$1,000—Same to same, same property.

$1,000—Same to same, same property

There Are Two Sure Ways to Get That Job===Answer Constitution Want Ads or Advertise Yourself===But You Must Act NOW

A B C of Atlanta

ADAM SCHAAF PIANO. Established 1872. The most beautiful designs. Warranted for 10 years. 150 now in thousands of satisfied customers and reference. W. P. Malcom, Box, representative. 622 Walker Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

BROWN & DURHAM FURNITURE CO., Peachtree and Carnegie Way. Our prices are lower than you will expect to pay. Open an account. Ivy 6000. Ivy 5922.

CATHART STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO. We move anything, any time, any where. Main 1400 2874. Ivy 5922.

DEPENDABLE PAINTING this season of the year are essential. Use S. H. Disinfectant, 10c, West Disinfecting and Paint Co., 28 S. Forsyth street.

EAT VERNER'S BARBECUE and Brunswick Stew. What your cook fails to show up there is take telephone number. Let's eat it but 2 Edgewood Road street. Both phones.

GO TO HERRING-HALL-MARVIN for your Ball borne Shoe Company, 25 Whitehall street.

HATS $2 RUP hat best made. Wood's Hat Shop, 4 West Mitchell street.

I AM now doing the best shoe repairing in the city. Patrick street Shoe Shop, 6 South Forsyth street.

JUST call 550 either phone to have your plumbing repaired. Pickett Plumbing Company, 84½ East Hunter street.

KELLY & CLOSE, Transfer, packing and storage. Office 43 Spring St. Bell phone Main 154. Atlanta 1140.

NOTHING better in town than Canton Lowe's Chop Suey and Chinese cooking. 200 distance 17½ East Alabama street.

ONLY $49 and safe easy as it Atlanta. Call or write Howard Motor Co., 180 Marietta street. Phones Main 2146. Atlanta 4924.

PRATTLE & PEPPERS rugs, low rent and easy terms. Atlanta Rug Co., 1483 Phone 4504. Prompt orders delivered.

QUALITY IS OUR MOTTO. We have A-grade coal of all sizes. Let us fill your bin now. It's the time to beautify your yards. McMillan Bros., 12 S. Pryor. Ivy 1212.

RUGS BY INNING. Southern Lenox in retail. Cohen, 37 Peachtree street.

SEE J. M. QUICK at Rockmart Implement agency for repairing and selling John Deere. Prices are reasonable satisfaction guaranteed. 11 South Forsyth street. Main 4027. Atlanta 11.

THINK before acting. Let Middle Bros. make a bill on your papering and other painting. 107 North Forsyth street. Phone Ivy 459. Atlanta 3565.

TRY us when you travel the Maryland way. We is cheaper and better. Special trains and exclusive cars. July 15th and August 15th. Write Lackey Maryland Tours, Winter Park, Fla. F. McPherson & Son, Agents.

EXTRA fine lunch served with Springer's Bohemian Beer. 10c per bottle. $1.00 per dozen. 25 South Forsyth street. Phone Ivy 3774. Atlanta 3774.

YOU call Atlanta on or Main 2405. If you have your 1915 automobile painted at Ivy

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND others upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments. Confidential. D. H. Tolman, Room 820 Austell building.

LOANS $25.00 AND UP
On Furniture, Pianos
or Indorsed Notes.

AT RATES permitted by the laws of the state. Our easy payment plan allows you to pay us back to suit your income. We use proper care from publicity, and extend every courtesy to make the carrying of a loan satisfactory to you in every way.

GUARANTEE LOAN CO.,
Room 318 Atlanta National Bank Bldg., Bell Phone Main 440.

LOANS—Money to lend on Atlanta real estate; amts. of $2,000 to $5,000. 6 per cent; $2,000 and $1,000 at 7 per cent; $500 and $250 at 8 per cent. We buy purchase money notes also. Dobbs & Gray, 409 Equitable building.

CLIFF C. HARTNETT, INS. AGENCY. Loan agents. Travelers' Insurance Co. Loans on Atlanta property, small expense. Purchase money notes bought. 221 Grant building.

MONEY to loan on Peachtree st., opposite Candler bldg. Tom Weaver, Tailor, established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning and pressing.

PRIVATE LOANS—We place loans in any amount on improved farm lands in Georgia. The Southern Mortgage Bond Co., Grubb building.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. Meglier, Jr., 622 to 624 Empire building.

6 PER CENT LOANS on Atlanta property. Jones & Orr, 801-4 Empire Bldg.

WE MAKE real estate loans any amount expeditiously. H. H. F. Weil.

FIVE real estate loans, see W. B. Smith, 733 Fourth National Bank building.

WANTED—Money

WANTED—From $3,000 to $4,000 for five years on real mortgage, gilt edge security, will pay 7 per cent. Answer H., Box B-1, care Constitution.

WANTED—Money for real estate loans netting 7 per cent. Loan Department A. J. & H. F. West.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

BANKRUPT SALE.

On Thursday, August 21, at 11 a. m., at 513 Grant building, will be sold all of the fixtures and equipment of the bankrupt estate of G. S. Gregory, bankrupt. Bids will be received and also sold freed from all liens, except those of the bankrupt, at the store of the Atlanta Hardware Company. All proposals must be sent in on or before the above date. Address and make all amount of the bid.

The committee will have the named prospective bidders can see information as to the lease.

All bids subject to the approval of the court.

MADDOX & SIMMS and A. E. MAYER, Attorneys.

NEAR BEER LICENSES

WE hereby make application for change of beer license at 161 Decatur street, for whites only, from Mrs. Harriet Murphy to Mrs. Lizzie Idwell. Main Idwell Company.

I HEREBY make application to city council for change of beer license for whites only at 58 Decatur street. S. Kilze.

MEDICAL

DR. EDMONDSON'S Texas Peroxide and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for irregularities. Trial box by mail 50 cents. Frank Edmondson & Bro., Manufacturing Chemists, 11 North Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

EDUCATIONAL

WANTED—Piano pupils, $4 per month. Atlanta phone 2055. 114 Garnett st.

BARTER AND EXCHANGE

$2,000 lumber land near Conyers, Ga., $2,000 equity to trade for vacant lot in Atlanta; must sell. Ivy 1421. 315 Third National Bank building.

AUCTION SALES.

THE SOUTHERN AUCTION AND SALVAGE CO. at 90 S. Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture household goods or plant. Phone Bell M. 2306.

BOARD AND ROOMS

NORTH SIDE.

68 WALTON ST.

BLOCK of poetoffice, under new management, large, cool rooms, newly fur., painted and papered; strictly first-class; reasonable rates.

477 PEACHTREE ST.

ESPECIALLY pretty front room, with private bath for young men or couple, with or without meals. Ivy 7030.

36 E. NORTH AVENUE

BETWEEN the Peachtree, newly furnished rooms and excellent table board. Ivy 6004.

16 EAST BAKER STREET

EXCELLENT table board, desirable rooms, desirable sleeping porch. Ivy 3450-L.

ROOM and board for gentlemen or couple; private family; one of front rooms, 4 windows; fine location. Ivy 6004-J.

2 couples or some all new furniture, sleeping porch; home with block of Elks' Club. Apply Ivy 7350.

HIGH-CLASS residential hotel all modern conveniences, meals excellent. Single room with meals $7.50 per week. Phone Ivy 5000. 201 and 203 Peachtree. Phone Ivy 9129.

NOTICE TO BUSINESS MEN

DINNER, 25c; excellent table. The Pendennis, 22 and 24 East Cain street.

515 WEST PEACHTREE

BOARD, with rooming and evening meals for gentlemen. Ivy 2719-L.

MOVED to 130½ Peachtree st., opposite Candler building. Tom Weaver, Tailor, established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning and pressing.

TABLE BOARD CLOSE IN
85 LUCKIE ST. IVY 3150.

BELLEVUE INN

NICELY furnished single or double rooms, with board; meals the best. Ivy 1568-L.

760 PEACHTREE

LARGE front room, suitable for couple or two young men, adjoining bath. Ivy 2774-J.

87 EAST NORTH AVENUE

THREE nice fur. rooms with all conveniences for gentlemen only; no other roomers.

NICELY fur. rooms, with board, all conveniences; block of postoffice. 72 Walton street. Ivy 1.

ELEGANT board in lovely home. 358 Euclid ave., Ponce de Leon car, 5 minutes' run. Phone Ivy 2749.

CLEAN, cool and comfortable board, all conveniences; walking distance. Ivy 2556-L.

22 E. CAIN, nicely fur rooms and board, three minutes' walk from postoffice.

NEWLY furnished rooms with board, close in. Atlanta 2077. Ivy 6004-J.

IF YOU want good rooms and board, 130 ivy st., near cor. Houston. Ivy 4330-J.

TWO large, cool rooms and board. 22 East Harris. Ivy 5506-J.

SOUTH SIDE.

333 WHITEHALL ST.

LARGE rooms, excellent board, close in; rates reasonable; excellent place, walking distance. Main 2430-L.

ROOMS and board, close in, 5 minutes' walk from Five Points; good board. Apply 229 Whitehall street. Main 3878-J.

WANTED—Boarders. M. 3431. 116 Garnett. Close in. Phone Main 3431.

LIGHT, cool rooms with excellent board for ladies and gentlemen. 32 Cooper st.

EXCELLENT table board, close in; one minute's walk. Ivy 7000. Reasonable. 75 Washington st.

ROOM with sleeping porch and two meals, for gentlemen. $1 per day. West 960-J.

WANTED—Board—Rooms

WANTED—Board by refined gentleman with a'r'ces of sleeping porch. Phone West 1320-J, after 7 p. m.

WANTED—From September 1, five fur. rooms for housekeeping for family, all conveniences. Call Ivy 1880-J, between 8 and 12.

FOR RENT—Rooms

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

FOR RENT—Four or five desirable rooms for housekeeping, corner Ponce de Leon terrace; reasonable; references exchanged. Ivy 2080-J.

THREE new unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, select neighborhood. North side. Phone Ivy 2563.

THREE nice fur. rooms, water, electricity. 12 Howard st. Kirkwood. Call Decatur 546.

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

WITH OWNER—Three connecting upstairs, ideal rooms, fine class in every particular, newly papered, modern conveniences, exclusive bath, lavatory, use of telephone; original couple, no children. 229 East Georgia avenue. Main 5565-L.

4 OR 5 REAL nice rooms for housekeeping, porcelain bath, good location. 254 Central Ave.

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

THE PICKWICK
NEW, TEN-STORY AND FIREPROOF
Cool, quiet rooms with connecting bath. Conveniently where gates on each floor. 77 Fairlie street, next Carnegie Library.

19 WEST CAIN

A FEW refined people can get elegant rooms, adjoining bath, in private family. With or without board, all newly renovated, brick house, close in. Ivy 7432-J.

TWO connecting, beautiful rooms for housekeeping; newly furnished with high-class furniture; modern; use with every convenience; good neighborhood; walking distance. 127 Crumley street.

358 PEACHTREE ST. 2 NICELY fur. rooms to rent, suitable for light housekeeping; separate beds, hot water bath. I. 1260.

THE CARROLLTON
20 CARNEGIE WAY—Fur. apartments and fur. rooms. F. Steele Sligh.

64 E. HARRIS STREET

FUR rooms with all conveniences, close in.

DELIGHTFUL front room, refined north side private home. Phone Ivy 1284-J.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms, with board, near in. 22 E. Harris. Ivy 3588-J.

YOUNG lady wishes to share beautiful furnished housekeeping rooms, reasonable. Ivy 6004-J.

LARGE, newly fur. front room, reasonable; close in. 42 Auburn ave.

NICELY fur. front room, first floor room, close in. 87 Garnett street.

DESIRABLE rooms, with board, in northern suburbs; reasonable. 10 W. Pine, 1 door from West Peachtree.

FOR RENT—To couple without children, two unfurnished rooms for housekeeping. 1261 Courtland. Ivy 2022-J.

3 NICELY fur rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 12 Ivy street, Ivy 6004-J.

TWO nicely fur. connecting rooms, adjoining bath; gentlemen preferred. 19 Currier st.

NICELY furnished front room, first floor, private bath, private home. 63 East Harris.

ONE nicely fur. front room with sleeping porch; all conveniences; walking distance. 87 Garnett.

SPLENDIDLY fur. room for gentleman, with use of garage; close in. 230 Ivy street.

NICELY furnished front room in private home. Phone Ivy 1284-J. 25 West Harris. Ivy 1084.

LARGE, nicely furnished front room in private home. Phone Ivy 1284-J. 25 West Harris.

FURNISHED apartment in refined home, everything clean and neat. Phone Ivy 5133.

FURNISHED room for gentleman; North side reference exchanged. Ivy 6594.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished sleeping rooms, adjoining bath; close in. 243 Ivy.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, adjoining bath; close in. 48 East Cain. Ivy 2020.

ONE large, nicely fur room for rent, good meals if desired. Ivy 6004-J.

NICELY fur front room, for gentlemen, first-class table board. Ivy 2018-L.

NICELY furnished housekeeping rooms. 28 West Peachtree place. Ivy 6004-J.

ONE nice furnished front room, all conveniences. 169 Crumley street. Ivy 2008-J.

TWO completely furnished housekeeping rooms, north side home. Ivy 2008-J.

NICELY fur front room, with or without board. 48 Walton st. Ivy 6004-J.

FURNISHED room for men, all conveniences. Ivy 6405 Peachtree.

TWO newly fur. rooms, close in, gentlemen preferred. 104 E. Elloe.

TWO nicely rooms with board, north side, private family. Ivy 6670.

TWO nicely fur rooms in quiet home, block of car line. 74 Walton st.

ROOMS, 143 Spring st. Ivy 6402-L.

FURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

FOR RENT—To couple without children, upstairs apartment in private private home; walking distance; kitchen completely fur. for first housekeeping; reasonable rent to right party. Ivy 6004-J. Reference required. Phone Main 2502-L or apply 102 Capitol ave.

NICELY furnished front room, with board. 4 Crew street.

ALBION HOTEL

FOR gentlemen and ladies, in center of city, good table, lobby, price reasonable. 25½ South Pryor street.

FORSYTH HOTEL

COMFORTABLE rooms, 50c up. Special rate per week. Ivy 6004-J. 25½ South Forsyth st.

ONE large sunny fur room to couple or man. References exchanged. 72 E. Fair. Phone M. 3903-J.

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished room to policeman; references given and required. 48 Walton st. Ivy 6004-J.

ONE large fur. front room, bath connecting, desirable location, street now in good condition. 252 Ivy. Atlanta phone 4728.

ROOMS for rent, 110 E. Fair st. Nice, quiet place.

ELEGANT rooms, for and up per day, $2.50 and up per week. Ivy 6004-J. 25½ South Forsyth. Gate City Hotel, 104½ South Forsyth st.

TWO nicely furnished bed rooms, dining room, lights and gas; reasonable. Inquire 104 Fair st.

AUGUST 15 to October 15, $30 per month. Write Mr. Jones, 1011 Healey building, Atlanta.

NICE, cool rooms for gentlemen, sleepers porch. Phone 2020. 49 Whitehall street.

NICELY furnished front room, with board, close in. 215 Peachtree street. Ivy 6004-J.

TWO large, cool rooms, suitable for couple or two young men, adjoining bath. Ivy 2774-J.

NICELY fur rooms, with all conveniences, gentlemen only. 111 E. Elloe street.

THREE furnished rooms and use of living room, for light housekeeping. 74 West Cain.

ONE nicely furnished front room, in private home, near in. Apply to Owner, 307 Rawson street.

155 WHITEHALL ST., three furnished rooms, close in.

NICELY fur room, with all conveniences, nice location. 445 Peachtree street.

3 UPSTAIRS rooms, 2 downstairs, suitable for light housekeeping. Close in. 201½ Forsyth St.

116 E. Fair st., nice room, connected with bath; close in meals convenient.

ROOMS with or without board for rent; for gentlemen only. 4 Crew street.

ONE front upstairs room, furnished, 283 Central. Phone Ivy bath, nice and cool. Mrs. J. F. Race.

VIA-TINO, manicuring and hair dressing at residence. 45 Woodward ave.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

WITH three lovely rooms, fur. or unfur., with hot water and use of phone, near in. no children. Main 3221-J.

FOR RENT—Offices

VERY desirable offices for rent in the Alfriend building from September 1, at city or an suite, heat, light, janitor service. Apply to office of the building, Room 212.

OFFICE FOR RENT—Suitable for hairdressing parlors, medical doctor or real estate office. No 23½ Whitehall. For information call either phone 229 Dr. M. Jenkins Dental Company

FOR RENT—Desk Room

DESK ROOM for rent in Peters building; room 502, with desk furnished if desired. Phone Main 215.

FOR RENT—Apartments

FURNISHED.

FIVE rooms, first-class repair, 634½ East Cain st., $25. Atlanta 5004. Atlanta National Bank Bldg.

FUR. two-room apartment, front and back porches; all conveniences. 243 W. Peachtree.

FUR. APARTMENT, 3 or 5 rooms, any length of time, immediate possession. Ivy 2941

UNFURNISHED.

BOSCOBEL AND EUCLID
APARTMENTS

CORNER Euclid avenue and Hurt street. Three and four rooms, steam heated, wall beds and all extras. Most exclusive neighborhood, on car line. Every apartment from the street. Separate entrance, no connection in halls. The most delightful and ventilated apartments in the city. $30 to $35.00.

FITZHUGH KNOX
1613 CANDLER BLDG.

READY by September 1. Ones for inspection from 2 to 5 p. m.

THE LAWRENCE
52 AND 54 WEST PEACHTREE PLACE.
A NEW, CLOSE-IN
KITCHENETTE APT.

Apartments of two, three and four rooms, built for comfort in summer time as well as winter, with all the modern conveniences, steam heat, hot and cold water, shades, garbage can, lights, stoves, etc. Also completed two-room apartments have disappearing beds; references required. Prices, $20.00 to $30.00.

J. L. TURNER CO.
1520 CANDLER BUILDING. IVY 2218.

IN the Helene, 240 Courtland street, close in, newly decorated home and fur. throughout and back porches, steam heat, hot water, janitor service, phone and ice furnished. Rental $42.50 and $45.00; vacant September 1. Apply Herbert Kaiser, 511 Atlanta National Bank building. Phone Main 5004. Residence phone West 1320-J.

WE have some nice four and five-room apartments in the South side for rent. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 212 Walton Street.

FOR RENT—Upper and lower apartments at 205 Highland avenue; five rooms, modern conveniences, steam heat, hot water. Apply 205 Highland avenue or phone Ivy 6342.

EIGHTH, near Peachtree street, 6 rooms, oak floors, Mott plumbing, hot water heat, gas fixtures, shades, everything modern. $45. J. W. Goldsmith. Ivy 2709-J.

APARTMENT AT A SACRIFICE

APARTMENT, 3 rooms, bath, sunparlor, 5-room and trunk room, privilege of lease; steam heat. Apply 1 Ivy street, Ivy 6004-J.

THE AVALON, W. Peachtree and North ave., two choice 5-room apartments, September 1. Apply on janitor. Main 3704. Ivy 1704.

BEAUTIFUL 5-room apartment, all conveniences, now in Apply Owner, 715 Peters building, or call Main 5004.

WANTED—By couple without children, 3 or 4 rooms, with bath, on north side; west of reference. A.

4 OR 5 REAL nice rooms for housekeeping, porcelain bath, good location. 254 Central Ave.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED.

LARGE, fur. house, keeping room, cooking gas included; also room for young man; 10 minutes. Phone Ivy 6004-J.

FUR. 7-room bungalow, hot water heat, phone, garage. Bell phone Ivy 2727-J.

UNFURNISHED.

$20 PER MONTH on one-year lease or longer to an exemplary tenant, only; absolutely modern, six-room bungalow; newly painted and papered; arranged well for two small families and finely arranged for one family. Beautiful outlook; gas and electricity. Hot and cold water. One block from car line; paved church, school and good neighbors. Ware & Harper, 724-5 Atlanta National Bank building.

BY owner, September 1, one 6 and two 4 room flats, furnace heated, hardwood floors, tiled bath in main room, nice mantels, pantries, china closets in all; 2 blocks from car line between the Peachtree. All office phone Ivy 50, residence phone Ivy 2147.

GET our Weekly Real Estate. We move telephones. Bell Ivy 3000. Atlanta 1000. Adair Jones & Woolside, the Renting Agents, 12 Auburn avenue.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores and apartments, phones both. George F. Moore, 10 Auburn Ave.

OUR RENTING DEPARTMENT is overflowing for want of houses to rent. If you have one to rent, write or phone for one of our blanks. Chas. P. Glover Realty Company, 212 Walton street.

CLEN to rent, with all conveniences, $18 per month. Apply to owner, 1 Ivy street, Ivy 6004-J.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores and apartments, phones both. George F. Moore, 10 Auburn Ave.

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GET our Weekly Real Estate. We move telephones. Bell Ivy 3000. Atlanta 1000. Adair Jones & Woolside, the Renting Agents, 12 Auburn avenue.

WANTED—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

WANTED—For a responsible renter, a 6-room house, bungalow, with modern conveniences, between Peachtree and Park and West Peachtree and Piedmont; must be cheap for cash. Address, giving full particulars, Box 1, care Constitution.

WANTED—By September 1, six or seven room house, with bath, in East Lake or East Atlanta; must be cheap for cash. Address Box 1429-L, 169 Angier avenue.

FOR RENT—Business Space

FOR RENT—Large store, 114 Luckie street, now occupied by Atlanta Paper Co. Will be adapted for small fast, with an inviting notice to large business. Box per month. Address P. O. Box 362.

DESIRABLE desk space for rent in Candler building. Apply to Candler Real Estate Agency, 1520 Candler Bldg. Phone Ivy 4803.

FOR RENT—Stores

LARGE store, corner Whitehall and Fraser streets, suitable for grocery. Apply to Temple Court.

THREE handsome new stores and loft at New Peachtree, 1264-66 Peachtree street. Also No. 26 Whitehall street. George W. Stiple. Phones 248 or 18 Edgewood avenue.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous

ONE pianos for rent room, gentleman preferred. Call Ivy 44 Simpson or Ivy 4978 Spring.

RESORTS—Summer and Winter

BOARDERS WANTED—Two miles from the water front; fine table; rates reasonable; references required and given. Richardson Farm, Dacula, Ga. Phone Ivy 6790-J.

GLENHOLM

HOME of quiet comfort and refinement. Splendid water and table. Rates reasonable. Mrs. Paul M. Gilreth, Asheville, N. C.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exch'ge

CITY.

I HAVE a few well located vacant lots in Atlanta that I would like to trade for a Packard automobile, either 1913 touring car or roadster, in perfect condition. Address me G. H. Box 80, Atlanta, Ga.

WILL exchange 101 land near W. & A. railroad, Gwinnett county, for home in Atlanta and pay difference. Address P. O. Box 81, Atlanta, Ga.

WESTERN Heights lot and equity in good house and lot for good automobile. Call Main 2002. 21 Inman building.

FARM LANDS.

WILL EXCHANGE
FARM, 100 acres, for automobile worth $1,500. Good land, improved. Phone Ivy 7639. P. O. Box 6.

Use the Want Ads to find work or workers, rooms or roomers, board or boarders, homes or home-buyers.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

UNFURNISHED.

G. R. MOORE & CO.

REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND LOANS.

116 LOBBY CANDLER BUILDING.
BELL PHONE IVY 4978.
ATLANTA PHONE 2483.

RESIDENCES

TWENTY-FIVE ROOMS—
15 Currier st.....$150.00

SIXTEEN ROOMS—
231 West Peachtree Street (furnished).....$125.00
28 East North ave.....100.00

FIFTEEN ROOMS—
226 Ivy Street.....$ 75.00

FOURTEEN ROOMS—
24-26 Baker st.....$ 75.00
168 West North ave.....85.00
361 Capitol ave.....65.00

TWELVE ROOMS—
386 Spring st.....$ 40.00
26 Ponce de Leon ave.....125.00
2 East North ave.....75.00

ELEVEN ROOMS—
20 Ponce de Leon ave.....$125.00
528 Peachtree st.....150.00

TEN ROOMS—
26 Peachtree Circle.....$ 75.00
82 Central Place.....35.00
15 Ponce de Leon ave.....100.00
346 Ponce de Leon ave.....50.00
71 West 15th st.....85.00
140 Crescent ave.....55.00
48 West End ave.....55.00

NINE ROOMS—
44 East Ninth st.....$ 60.00
423 Gordon st.....45.00
531 Courtland st.....50.00
275 Capitol ave.....55.00
38 East Georgia ave.....45.00
391 Spring st.....30.00
81 East North ave.....65.00
39 Inman Circle (fur.).....75.00
287 Gordon st.....60.00
601 East 17th st.....75.00
283 Peachtree Circle (fur.)100.00
730 Peachtree st.....75.00
460 West Peachtree st.....60.00
246 Washington st.....40.00
84 W. Peachtree st.....45.00
458 Courtland st.....45.00
West Peachtree st. (fur.)85.00
73 East Merritts ave.....45.00
187 North Moreland ave.....45.00
417 South Pryor st.....50.00

EIGHT ROOMS—
568 Washington st.....$ 50.00
342 West Peachtree st.....50.00
105 West Harris st.....50.00
824 Piedmont ave.....55.00
63 East 17th st.....50.00
665 Washington st.....37.50
249 Euclid ave.....45.00
294-6 Washington st.....40.00
324 Washington st.....40.00
292 Juniper st.....40.00
— Adair ave.....45.00
13 Jefferson Place, Decatur, sleeping porch.....40.00
26 East Harris st.....50.00
114 South Pryor st.....60.00
315 South Pryor st.....45.00
126 Forrest ave.....37.50

SEVEN ROOMS—
49 Brotherton st.....$ 22.50
47 Boulevard Terrace.....30.00
174-6-8 Ivy st. ($25 until street is fixed, then.....45.00
15 Brotherton st.....22.50
209-11 Ivy st., each.....20.00
37 Harris st.....25.00
142 Crumley st.....27.50
381 South Pryor st.....30.00
275 East Fair st.....25.00
143 Rawson st.....27.50
Oak View road, South Decatur car line.....30.00
15 Howard st., Decatur, Ga.40.00
48 Crew st.....27.50
342 Central ave.....25.00

SIX ROOMS—
49 East 13th st.....$ 30.00
38 Ormond st.....20.00
Williams Mill Road.....22.00
112 West Peachtree st.....30.00
192 East Merritts ave.....21.00
150 Luckie ave.....35.00
201 East Georgia ave.....27.50
329 Myrtle st.....45.00
128 North Lawn st., West End bungalow.....30.60
156 Crumley st.....32.50
90 Holderness st.....27.50
264 Central ave.....27.50
37 McLendon ave.....32.50
25 Boulevard Terrace.....25.00
21 Bonaventure ave.....40.00
156 Luckie st.....25.50
168 Greenwich ave.....20.50
47 East 12th st.....45.00
21 Kennesaw ave. (new)....45.00

FIVE ROOMS—
21 Grady Place.....$ 21.00
137 Venable st.....20.60
26 Joe Johnson avenue, good repair.....15.00
325 Creer st.....20.00
College Park Cottage, Hardin st.....15.00
140 Crescent ave.....37.50
7 Angier Place.....30.00
544 St. Charles ave.....25.00

APARTMENTS

EIGHT ROOMS—
59-A Juniper st., 1st floor..$ 55.00
59-B Juniper st., 2d floor..65.00

SIX ROOMS—
237 South Pryor st.....$ 50.00
633 Piedmont ave.....50.00
178-B Forrest ave.....35.00

FIVE ROOMS—
Cor. Irwin and Houston sts.$ 25.00
387½ Peachtree st., 2d floor 50.00
Washington st.....50.00

FOUR ROOMS—
97 Garnett st., cor. Pryor..$ 30.00
211½ Whitehall st.....17.50

THREE ROOMS—
97 Garnett st., cor. Pryor..$ 25.00

Call us. We will give you any information you may desire about any of above places. Phones Ivy 4978, Atlanta 2483.

G. R. MOORE & CO.
116 LOBBY CANDLER BUILDING

FOR RENT—Apartments

Apartments for Rent

WERNER—Brick, steam-heated apartments, 49 Washington st. 4 rooms and large porch, $47.50; 3 rooms and screened sleeping porch, $37.50; 3 rooms and tile bath, $35.

WESTMINSTER—310 N. Jackson. Steam-heated apartments, with very large porches. 6 rooms, newly decorated, $55.

NORTH COURT—12 E. North ave. New, steam-heated apartments; nice porches, and most desirably located. 5 rooms, $50.

B. M. GRANT & CO.

Renting Agents. Grant Bldg.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

BUSINESS DISTRICT.

LOT on prominent business street in Omaha, Neb., for sale or exchange for Atlanta real estate. Address P. O. 624 Atlanta National Bank building, Atlanta, Ga.

RESIDENCE DISTRICT.
WEST END HOME.

ON PEEPLES ST. 8-room home, strong Gordon street and beautiful Howell park. Plenty large for two families. Finished in oak and a beauty. Has hardwood floors, ceiling beams, brick mantels, sleeping porch, consetvatory, 2 servants' rooms, furnace heat, two baths, three toilets, large porch and lot 48x200 to alley. Place has grape arbor in rear. One bedroom and bath connecting on first floor. Let me show this to you and give price. Owner, Ivy 3333.

DIRECT FROM THE OWNER

TWO-STORY, brand-new, 8-room cottage, modern, all latest conveniences, two blocks from car in residence part of city, north side; house completely furnished with high-class furniture. This is a beautiful home and can only be appreciated when seen. Terms will suit. Call at 674 Spring or phone Ivy 7226 for further information.

NO. 80 East ave., 7-room bungalow, all modern improvements, two blocks from Forrest ave. cars. Nelson. Bell Ivy 2529.

WILL EXCHANGE place of semi-central property, less than ½ mile of Five Points, $16,000 for a north side home worth $12,000 to $16,500; $4,000 difference. Address Citizen, P. O. Box 928.

DIRECT from the owner and builder, 2-story 8-room house, 94 South Gordon street, all improvements down. Go look at it and make an offer, easy terms. Call Ivy 6004-J.

WILL sell 9-room home on West Fifth, five street, well improved yard with fruit, etc., easily worth $8,000, for $6,750 cash; $6,750 more it on terms. Mr. Kelly. Ivy 3239.

MUST sell by September 1. We have a perfectly lovely 8-room two-story, thoroughly modern home in the best part of Myrtle street, on a large, shaded, east front lot, 60x190, on terms of $1,000 or $1,500 cash, balance monthly. Fletcher & Cook. Main 3860.

FOR SALE—By owner, brand-new 5-room bungalow on East Lake car line; biggest bargain in that section for small cash payment, balance to suit purchaser. Call Mr. Denman, Ivy 445.

FOR RENT—Apartments

FOR RENT BY

E. RIVERS REALTY CO.
8 WEST ALABAMA STREET.

BYRON APARTMENTS

VERY BEST section of North Side. Absolutely every modern convenience. Gas ranges and refrigerator furnished. Tiled bath rooms. Passenger and freight service night and day. Wide hall, well lighted. Fine ventilation. Janitor service night and day unequaled. The Byron apartments are unequaled in location, being on West Peachtree street, in the cream section of that thoroughfare between Baltimore Place and Linden street.

E. RIVERS REALTY COMPANY
8 WEST ALABAMA ST.

For Rent—32-Room Hotel

FOR RENT—32-room hotel, equipped with electric lights, water and baths. Fine location. Three blocks from Terminal station. Right party can make money. $35 per month.

L. O. TURNER CO.

MAIN 5202. 1217 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK.

NO. 88 PRYOR STREET, only 95 feet from Mitchell street, lot 45x140 to alley. The new building Dougherty-Little-Redwine Company are completing adjoins this on one side and the Thrower building on the corner of Mitchell street the other side.

Its location is ideal. Price $750 a foot. Verify values here and you will buy this.

SALESMEN:
JOHN WESLEY COOPER AND H. C. BLAKE.

LITTLE BARGAINS

A CORNER within three blocks of the Candler building and just off Luckie street. Price $550 per front foot; $2,500 cash, balance easy.

M'DANIEL STREET

LOT 60x150 feet to an alley, rents $28.80 per month. Price $3,500, terms.

ROYSTON STREET, INMAN PARK

6-ROOM bungalow, all modern conveniences, beautiful lot. Price $3,750, terms.

SEE

W. L. & JOHN O. DUPREE
REAL ESTATE 501-2 EMPIRE BLDG.
BELL PHONE MAIN 3467.

PUT YOUR SAVINGS IN LAND
SMALL FARMS NEAR THE CITY

15 ACRES ON JONESBORO ROAD, 6 miles from city. Fort Valley branch of Southern Railway runs through property and has stop on property. Land in a high state of cultivation. One 4-room house, 2 3-room houses and barn on premises, all in good shape. No loan. Price and terms given at our office.

40 ACRES ON CASCADE ROAD, 8 miles from city. All in cultivation, balance bottom and timber land; 6-room cottage, barn and tenant house. Ideal location for dairy farm. Land watered by springs and creek. No loan. Price, $5,000, or will exchange for small cottage in town.

10 ACRES ON PEYTON ROAD, 5 miles from city. One and half miles from end of car line. Good house and barn. Fine well and springs of water. Good location for dairy, truck or chicken farm. Price, $2,750. See this and be convinced that it is a real bargain.

THE L. C. GREEN CO.
305 THIRD NATIONAL BANK BUILDING. PHONES: IVY 2942-4546.

SIX-ROOM HOUSE AND 3 ACRES LAND.

ABOUT 14 miles north of Atlanta, just off Peachtree Road and in block of railroad station, we have the best bargain to be had in small acreage tracts north of the city. New 6-room house (not quite completed), 2 barns, small orchard and 3 acres of good ground, all for the small sum of $1,000.

GEORGIA HOME AND FARM COMPANY
114 CANDLER BUILDING.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

RESIDENCE DISTRICT.

JUST off Euclid avenue, we have a beautiful six-room cottage with hardwood floors, tile bath, sleeping porch, etc., on nice shaded lot, $5,250; easy terms, will exchange equity for rooming property. Fletcher & Cook. Main 3860.

FOR SALE—Corner lot, 66 by 150 feet, close in, on cherokee street, Decatur, Ga.; large 7-room house with rear hall, bath, lights. Fletcher Pearson, 422 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.

$5,250—On beautiful North Boulevard, 9-room house and 5-room apartment, with separate entrance; lot 50x211 feet to 15-foot alley. Apply 872 North Boulevard, side entrance.

FORCED to sell 6-room bungalow, all modern conveniences, hardwood floors, tiled, hardwood floors and tile bath; easy terms. Phone West 182. 48 Hoderness st.

FOR SALE—Good 7-room house, with servant's room and barn, on Capitol avenue. Will accept good close east car terms. Telephone Main 1178 or Main 2984.

MOVED to 130½ Peachtree st., opposite Candler bldg. Tom Weaver, Tailor, established 1900. Tailoring, refitting, altering, dry cleaning and pressing.

WE HAVE for sale for a client a 12-room house on No. 30-144 beautiful lot in Argyle, Ga. See agents, Graham & Chappell, 607 Temple Court.

FOR SALE—Seven-room cottage, 142 Crumley st.; big bargain at $3,375; attractive terms. S. Dirkert, Phone Main 5004.

IF IT is real estate you want to buy or sell, it will pay you to see me. A. Graves. 24 East Cain st. 15

LIST your property with us for quick and satisfactory results. Fletcher & Cook. Main 3860.

SUBURBAN.

FOR SALE—Lot just off Peachtree Road for $1,800; owners of lots on same street asking $2,000 and $2,250. Ivy 4458.

FARM LANDS.

TWENTY acres on Fairburn car line, suitable for dairy, truck and poultry. 5-room house, barn, pasture, branch, good land. $1,000. $200 cash, balance monthly. Get off car at Mallory, W. W. Veal, Stockwell, Ga.

ONE hundred acres well improved farm, will pay 15 per cent on investment, at $15 per acre. Address P. O. Box 928, Atlanta, Ga.

BEAUTIFUL home, close to church and school, at $20 per acre. Write for terms on south Georgia farm. Address Arlington, Ga.

600 ACRE—FARM—600 ACRE

70 MILES south of Atlanta, 60 acres in cultivation. Two and half miles from railroad. Ample timber for all purposes. Rich, cut-over land. Barn, two houses, some orchard; good stream of lasting water; land surrounding this place is selling at $40 per acre. Purchase quick sale to meet other obligations this is offered at $20 per acre. Write for terms on this. Georgia Land Co., Arlington, Ga.

10 ACRES good land, 475 best variety apple trees just beginning to bear, is best apple belt of Marietta district, only 1¼ miles from Suwanee, on road in Clarkesville, convenient to Piedmont college. Address G. H. Hunt, Demorest, Ga.

FARMS for sale near Fort Valley; will exchange for Atlanta property. J. T. Kimbrough, No. 409 Atlanta Nat. Bank Bldg.

WAN

TENTACLES OF LOBBY REACHED EVERYWHERE

So Former Employee of the Manufacturers Tell the House Probers.

Washington, August 7.—The house lobby committee today heard James L. Ewell, a former employee of the National Association of Manufacturers, describe its activities.

"They reached out into almost every matter concerned with the commerce and business of the country," said he.

The internal workings of the National Association of Manufacturers were also explained to the committee today by Ewell, who was formerly manager of a trade publication issued in connection with the organization.

The witness went at great length into several internal dissensions that disturbed the organization and attacked rather bitterly some of its officials, particularly J. P. Bird, who, he declared, treated him unfairly in discharging him from the employ of the association.

Little of Ewell's testimony bore on the legislative activities of the association, although he did describe two conversations between Mr. Bird and Colonel Martin M. Mulhall, at which he was present.

Lacked Money to Buy Democrats.

"On one occasion," he said, "I know there was a tremendous fight on in the district of Representative Hughes, of New Jersey. I was talking to Mr. Bird when Mr. Mulhall came into the room. In his characteristic way he shouted:

"'Well, I could have done better if I had more money. I didn't have enough money. There were plenty of democrats over there and I didn't have enough money to buy them. I think I did d— well wit hthe money I had, don't you?'"

On another occasion Ewell said he heard Mulhall demand $2,500 from Bird "for work in Washington." Bird promised him the money, the witness declared.

Ewell told the committee of the circumstances of the resignation of Marshall Cushing as secretary of the National Association of Manufacturers. He said Cushing declined to tell the officers and directors the details of the expenditure of money in a campaign to re-elect Representative Littlefield, of Maine.

Wanted to Know About Money.

"They wanted to know just what he did with the money he had," said Ewell. "He said he thought it wouldn't do him or the directors any good if he told them. He told me he went the limit to secure Littlefield's election. He wouldn't tell the directors, so he resigned.

Discussing the dismissal of E. A. Cooley and the appointment of F. F. Porter in charge of the association's campaign for membership, Ewell quoted Cooley as saying that "Porter could get the money, but he didn't like his tactics."

The committee was anxious to locate Cooley and probably will call him later.

Robert McCarter, for the National Association of Manufacturers, questioned Ewell about an unsuccessful suit which he prosecuted against the National Association of Manufacturers for some $50,000 which he claimed was due him when he was discharged. "I lost that suit through the false testimony of Mr. Bird and his counsel, Mr. A. Parker Nevin," he shouted, and the committee cut off that line of examination.

Taft Was Given Warning.

Asked about the political activities of the manufacturers, Ewell said:

"After the election of President Taft, Mr. Bird said to me: 'People are beginning to realize the power of the National Association of Manufacturers.' A committee of the association, before Mr. Taft was nominated, went to him and to the convention committee on resolutions and told them that if they put any such labor planks in the platform as were suggested by Gompers and the American Federation of Labor, we would defeat them, but that if they did not and left it to the democrats to support such planks, the democrats would be defeated.'

"Then with a little smile Mr. Bird said: 'That plank didn't go in and we felt pretty well satisfied at having put Mr. Taft over.'

The committee has no further witnesses available at this time, and probably will not meet again before Monday.

On the senate side the committee continued its examination of James A. Emery, counsel for the National Association of Manufacturers, and will resume questioning him tomorrow.

CURVE BALL BRINGS PRICE A SUSPENSION

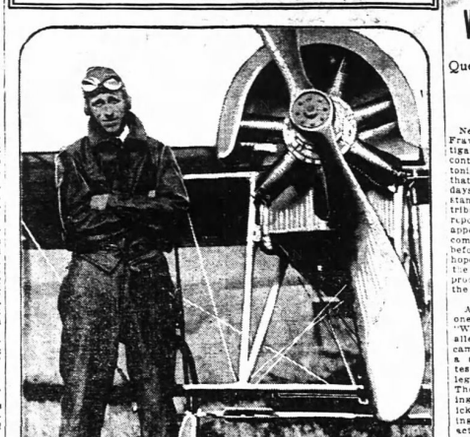
Southpaw and Manager Billy Smith Indulge in Wordy War at Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., August 7.—(Special.)—The curve ball which Gilbert Price served up to Callahan in the tenth inning of today's game, resulting in Dave's double to the dump, sending Williams across the pan with the winning tally, cost the Cracker southpaw an indefinite suspension.

Manager Smith grew very wrathy with Gilbert, asserting that he was done with Price as a slabman, and threatened to send him home at once. Price went in cold, having only started to warm up in the Vols' half of the tenth and was far from being right. He and his boss engaged in a wordy war, but the southpaw lost and found himself compelled to turn in his uniform.

The Crackers' boss is trying to borrow Daley from the vols, but Schwartz is not inclined to disturb the Vols' present line-up.

WHAT FATE AWAITS THIS AVIATOR?



C. M. WOODS AND HIS AEROPLANE

It Woods makes good what will happen to him? Will he meet with success if he attempts to fly on a nonstop round trip from New York city to Washington or will he meet with an accident and possibly death? C. M. Woods hails from Kansas City, and he says he isn't afraid of the flight. He will race an express train to Washington and then he will turn around and return to New York without alighting. This will make a trip of about 425 miles if Woods accomplishes it, and will be an aviation feat. Harland Kampner, also a western man, will lean the machine which he completed recently, and later intends to fly in the Gordon Bennett trophy race abroad. Kampner's machine has made a speed of between seventy-five and eighty-five miles an hour. It is a monoplane.

GOV. SULZER CHARGED WITH MISUSING MONEY

Question of Impeaching Governor to Be Put Up to Legislature.

New York, August 7.—While the Frawley legislative committee's investigation of the campaign funds and contributions of Governor Sulzer stands tonight unconcluded, it was learned that the committee plans within ten days to select from the various instances where it has been testified contributions were made that were never reported by the governor, several that appear to show that Mr. Sulzer did not comply with the law and place them before the legislators. The committee hopes that the assembly will vote on the question of whether impeachment proceedings will be brought against the governor.

Money Used to Buy Stocks.

A check for $500 made out by one John Lynn and indorsed by William Sulzer, to whom it was alleged to have been given for campaign purposes, was deposited with a stock exchange firm, according to testimony today before the Frawley legislative investigating committee. The firm, Boyer, Giswold & Co., during the state campaign sold to Frederick L. Colwell, said to have been acting for Governor Sulzer in stock transactions, 100 shares of "Big Four" stock, according to the testimony, though Colwell refused to admit he acted for Governor Sulzer.

It was also testified that Peter Doelger, a millionaire brewer, contributed $250 to the Sulzer campaign fund and that this, like some other contributions, was not reported in the governor's sworn statement.

No Reply From Suiser.

Counsel for the committee announced when the hearing began that no reply had been received to Senator Frawley's letter inviting Governor Sulzer to appear before the committee.

Resuming his efforts to trace other Sulzer campaign checks, Attorney Richards, for the committee, summoned William Mamerck, a banker. Mamerck testified that a number of checks ranging from $100 to $1,000 had passed through his firm, payable some to cash and some to bearer. He promised to produce tomorrow a record that was dated in October, 1912.

A dozen or more Wall street bankers and brokers whom the committee has endeavored to serve with subpoenas are out of town, Mr. Richards announced. These include the secretary of P. Augustus Heinze and Peter Doelger, a brewer.

Charles Gutthelf, president of the American Flag company, subpoenaed to "produced a cancelled check to the order of William Sulzer," denied that he had ever made a contribution to Sulzer's campaign fund.

The committee adjourned until tomorrow.

Sulzer to Make Statement.

Albany, N. Y., August 7.—Governor Sulzer declined today to comment on the testimony given before the Frawley committee concerning his campaign receipts and expenditures.

His secretary, Chester C. Pratt, gave out a statement, which said:

"The people understand the motives which actuate the Frawley committee; they know who is behind it and why the charges against the governor are being made.

"Some of these charges are false; some are distorted truths, easily explained, and many more are mere insinuations about which, at present, the governor is wholly ignorant.

"A full and frank statement of all the facts will be made just as soon as the governor can learn exactly what they are. Money was received and paid out to promote the governor's election of which he had no knowledge, and nobody will pay much attention to statement until investigations now under way are finished.

"This much of an explanation may be made now. The law does not require a candidate for public office to make a statement of moneys received, but only of sums paid out. Those who made out the statement which the governor signed, and which was filed with the secretary of state, made a mistake in regarding moneys received, and, in fact, they reported receipts and expenditures which were not those of the governor at all, but were the receipts and expenditures of a campaign committee which was working to promote the governor's election.

"There is no law restricting the amount which such a committee had a right to receive and expend."

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

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7-R. H., 205 E. Fifteenth street 25.00
7-R. H., 90 Austin 40.00
7-R. H., 354 Capitol 32.50
7-R. H., 41 Ralph street 27.50
7-R. H., 80 Bedford place 25.00
7-R. H., 326 Oak street 25.00
7-R. H., 418 S. Boulevard 17.00
7-R. H., 91 Forrest south 25.00
Come to see us

FOR SALE

WE HAVE LISTED with us, on several of Atlanta's very best north side streets, a number of beautiful, modern, up-to-date 10 every respect, 8-room houses that we know will appeal to the most careful and exacting buyer. Each one is well established in house, location, price and terms. It will be my pleasure to show you. See Mr. Bradshaw.

WE HAVE some lovely grove and open tracts of land at Decatur, from 5 to 10 acres, and ranging in price from $250 to $500 per acre. Come to see us about these, as we have a little farm. See Mr. Eve.

ON BOULEVARD DRIVE, in prettiest block in Kirkwood, fronting the car line, attractive and well-built home of 6 rooms and sleeping porch. Lot 50x200 feet. Small lot, 100x200 feet. Splendid oak shade, $4,350, on attractive terms. This is the best home in this rapidly-growing section. See Mr. Frederick.

ON SUNSET AVENUE, between Simpson and Thurmond, a 5-room home; lot 45x150 to alley. Convenient to car line. City conveniences only $2,350, terms. See Mr. White.

ON EAST NINTH STREET we have a modern home of 8 large rooms, hardwood floors, fireplace, pretty fixtures. Interior is finished in hardwood. This place is worth more, but the owner has instructed us to sell, so we are placing it price at $4,750, on terms, for a quick sale. See Mr. Martin.

REAL ESTATE REAL ESTATE

GEO. P. MOORE

REAL ESTATE AND RENTING
REAL ESTATE ROW. 10 AUBURN AVE.

$2,500—CHICKEN FARM—$2,500

ON MOUNT PARIAN road, a few feet of Powers Ferry road, we offer 10 acres of rich land covered with fruit. There is more fruit on this ten acres than we have ever seen on the same size place; in full bearing and you could get a wagon load of apples today. Terms, $500 cash, balance $500 yearly. About three miles from Buckhead.

EDWIN L. HARLING

REAL ESTATE 32 EAST ALABAMA STREET BOTH PHONES 1287.

GRANT PARK COTTAGE—On Cherokee avenue near the Augusta avenue entrance to the park, we have a modern 6-room cottage, lot 50x200, that we offer for $4,000. This cottage and lot has many value in it and is a bargain proposition. If you want a home in this market for a home it can not afford to miss this place. We will sell it to you on your own terms. Be quick as it is going to sell.

ON CATHERINE STREET, in the Tenth ward we have a new 6-room bungalow, lot 50x200, that we offer for $3,650 cash, $500 cash, $20 per month for the balance with no loan. This is one of the most complete bungalows in this section and is a bargain for more than cash. Take it up with us at once if you are in the market for a home.

HAPEVILLE ACREAGE—In one of the best streets in Hapeville we offer a magnificent 6-room home with servant's room bungalow, for $4,500 cash, $500 cash, $30 per month for the balance. If you are looking for a piece of acreage with street car facilities and a modern, up-to-date home this is an opportunity you will not find again. See us at once if you are in the market.

NORTH SIDE APARTMENT—On West North avenue we offer a new 12-room brick apartment, lot 50x200 for $10,000. $1,000 cash, $75 per month for the balance, with no loan. When you make the cash payment the rent will pay the balance. Take it up with us at once.

B. F. BURDETTE REALTY CO.

413-14 EMPIRE BUILDING. BOTH PHONES 2099.

87 ACRES WOODLAND, located 11 miles north of Atlanta, for $70 per acre. Two-mile frontage on two public roads. Several large springs and good building sites. One of the best tracts of original forest in Fulton county. The purchaser will make 100 per cent in short time. Terms.

WHITEHALL STREET CORNER, renting for about $2,500 per annum. All we ask is that you investigate this and see the chance of your life. The price is right, the terms are right, and now is the time to buy, before regrading begins on this street.

HOME FOR SALE

ANSLEY PARK, one block of Peachtree car line, 10-room, brick house; hardwood floors, furnace heat, 5 bedrooms, open-air sleeping porch; lot 350 feet deep; side drive; servants' house. Price $10,000. Terms easy. See

W. L. & JOHN O. DUPREE
REAL ESTATE. 501 EMPIRE BLDG.
Bell Phone Main 3457.

HOME OR INVESTMENT

HAVE A 5-room and bath cottage at 24 Kennedy street; in a good white neighborhood; on car line; close to the center of the city. Can sell on easy terms. No loan to assume. A bargain at $1,500.

See LIEBMAN
REAL ESTATE AND RENTING,
17 WALTON STREET.

DREWRY STREET

SURROUNDED by the WEALTHY and FASHIONABLE people of Atlanta.
OFFERS AN INVITING FIELD FOR A

HOME OR INVESTMENT

Buy while prices are ½ less than you can secure eighteen months from now. We will help you finance a home, if needed.

Atlanta Development Co.
609-12 Third Nat. Bank Building.

KENNESAW AVENUE BUNGALOW

THERE isn't a better home section in the city than this—and this little home is one of the nicest you ever saw. Furnace, hardwood floors, handsome white enamel finish. The lot is unusually large. The price is cheap—$5,500—and the terms are very easy.

ALONG MARIETTA CAR LINE

AND IN MARIETTA, we have had a representative in this section for several days, digging up good buys, and he has come back with a bunch of good stuff, ranging from $2,500 to $25,000. If you want a home or farm in this section see us.

HURT & CONE
301 EMPIRE LIFE BUILDING. PHONE IVY 2939.

ANSLEY PARK HOME

ON WESTMINSTER DRIVE, between Piedmont ave. and Park lane, we offer a nice 5-room bungalow; good condition and all conveniences. Lot 60x155 to an alley. Rents for $37.50. Price $5,500. THIS IS A NICE HOME.

J. R. J. H.
SMITH & EWING
REAL ESTATE, RENTING, LOANS.
Ivy 1513. 130 PEACHTREE. Atl. 2865.

FOR SALE

WITHIN seven miles of the city we offer a dandy little truck, dairy and chicken farm, consisting of thirty-three acres. The land lies well; good pasture and plenty of running water. Improvements consist of good 7-room house and all necessary barns and outbuildings. It is near proposed car line. Price, $4,000, on terms of half cash, balance in one, two, three and four years, if desired. See Mr. WRIGHT.

TURMAN, BLACK & CALHOUN
203 EMPIRE BUILDING

NORTH SIDE

SMALL ACREAGE TRACT FOR SALE.

BEAUTIFULLY elevated, three and one-half acres on prominent north side road. Will make a fine building site, truck farm or capable of subdivision. Adjoining property held for $800 per acre. Price for entire tract, $1,220, $125 cash and $25 per month.

L. P. BOTTENFIELD
PHONE MAIN 3010.
For information see Mr. H. J. Lynch or Mr. L. C. Bell, Sales Managers.

REAL BARGAINS ON NORTH SIDE

PONCE DE LEON AVENUE—9-room, 2-story home. Every modern convenience. Cement driveway, garage, servant's room, etc. On lot 50x200 feet. Price, $12,500. Terms arranged. This is the best value on the street.

BUNGALOWS.

WE HAVE several new up-to-the minute bungalows in the best section, on the north side, ranging in price from $2,500 to $7,500, on easy terms. FOR RENT—125 West Peachtree, 6 rooms, $35 per month.

R. C. WOODBERY & CO.
REAL ESTATE. 317 EMPIRE BUILDING. MAIN 72.

BARGAIN

300 FEET in Ansley Park, facing Golf Links, nice elevation, a beautiful site for a home, or will make you a nice investment. If you want to double your money here is your opportunity. Price $22.50 per front foot.

MILTON STRAUSS
620 FORSYTH BLDG. TEL. IVY 1053.

THE R. E. EASTERLIN

PRINTING AND ENGRAVING COMPANY
Hallman Building. 70½ PEACHTREE. Phone: Ivy 4797-L.

WANT ADS 10c Line WANT ADS

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

Continued From Page Twelve.

John Wesley avenue, 200 feet east of Atlanta street. August 5.

Liens.

$178—Queen Mantel and Tile company v. E. H. Lake et al.; lot 37x200 on Cherokee avenue, 100 feet northeast of Ingraham. August 6.

$45—B. E. Berkstein v. Mrs. Zolia S. Crane No. 760 Elliott street; on date.

Loan Deeds.

$1,000—Mrs. Lucy D. Hayden to W. H. Dunn, lot 45x150 feet north side Ware street, 150 feet west of Gray street. August 6.

$2,500—Mrs. Josephine M. Lowry to Dickinson Trust company, trustee. No. 161 Lee street, $15183. August 6.

$500—M. M. Ponton to Miss Nannie R. Massie, 50x210 feet southeast corner Cunningham and Middle streets. August 5.

$150—Same to W. E. Treadwell et al., same property. August 5.

$2,000—Louis M. Hosley to David Stern, No. 207 Hunter street, 37x120 feet. August 6.

$225—Mae L. A. Garrett to H. C. Bucher, lot 75x142 feet west side Orme street, 300 feet south of Eminent street. August 5.

$4,000—William D. Owens to Travelers' Insurance company, No. 530 West Peachtree street, 40x200 feet. August 1.

$4,000—Same to same, No. 854 West Peachtree street, 40x200 feet. August 1.

$2,000—N. M. Daniel to same, No. 147 Myrtle street, 38x150 feet. August 1.

$3,000—J. N. Renfroe to same, No. 153 Myrtle street, 38x150 feet. August 1.

$3,000—Same and N. M. Daniel to same, lot 44x150 feet, north side Myrtle street, 274 feet west of Ponce de Leon avenue. July 30.

$2,000—Same to same, lot 44x150 feet, west side Myrtle street, 312 feet north of Ponce de Leon avenue. July 30.

$2,000—Mrs. Lucy D. Harris et al. to same, No. 60 Ponce avenue, 50x150 feet. August 1.

$2,500—John C. Leamon to same, No. 170 St. Charles avenue, 50x229 feet. August 2.

$2,000—M. W. Willis to same, No. 384 St. Charles avenue, 50x200 feet. July 31.

$5,000—M. L. Trower to same, No. 54 The Prado, 75x20 feet. August 1.

Mortgages.

$1,100—Henry S. Pate to Mrs. Robert G. Warner, No. 235 Flat Shoals avenue, 170x107 feet. August 4.

Building Permits.

$30—To J. C. Buchanon, 94 Lambert street, to make repairs. Day work.

$30—To A. G. Wood, 66 Cameron street, to make repairs. Day work.

$150—Davison-Paxon company, 55 Whitehall street, to make store alterations. Day work.

$7,200—To W. W. Brown, 96 Prado, to build two-story brick veneer building. Kruger Manufacturing company, contractors.

$500—To J. W. Daley, 925 Highland avenue, to make addition.

$100—To Mrs. F. Frederick, 2 Delta place, to make repairs. Day work.

$1,000—To Mrs. H. Olinger, 26 Howell street, to build one-story frame dwelling, day work.

$350—To Mrs. H. Olinger, 28 Howell street, to build one-story frame dwelling, day work.

$1,500—To Mrs. Ellen Butler, 196 Butler street, to make addition to two dwellings. A. W. Kilpatrick, contractor.

$1,500—To Jim Whitten, rear 194 Butler street, to build two-story frame dwelling. A. W. Kilpatrick, contractor.

$550—To C. C. Fuller, rear 34 Myrtle street, to build one-story house and garage. Georg Ittner, contractor.

MAKING LIFE HARD FOR THE MOONSHINER

Washington, August 7.—Increased activity was shown last month in the destruction of illicit distilleries in the internal revenue district comprising North and South Carolina, where seventy-nine stills were found and destroyed. This information was contained in a report today to Commissioner Osborn from Special Agent R. D. Sams at Asheville, N. C.

At the same time sixty-six prosecutions for violations of the internal revenue laws were started in the district. Of these fifty were begun in North Carolina alone. This is said to be the largest number ever undertaken in this district.

Pollard Leads by Few Votes.

Richmond, Va., August 7.—With scattering precincts in eight or ten counties still missing, John Garland Pollard, candidate for attorney general, is leading the incumbent, Samuel W. Williams, by 823 votes. It is estimated that 98 per cent of the total vote has been heard from, and that the remaining precincts cannot affect the result.

Smith for Haiti.

Washington, August 7.—The president today sent to the senate the nomination of Madison R. Smith, of Missouri, as minister to Haiti.

WITH HEADS SEVERED JAPANESE ARE FOUND

Salem, Ore., August 7.—With their heals almost severed from their bodies, Koye Kowa and Mrs. Tami Koda and her child, all Japanese, were found murdered tonight in an alley near a restaurant owned by the woman's husband, Y. Koda. Beside the bodies were found two bloody knives and a revolver.

Koda and a companion were arrested. The police admit that they seem to have a satisfactory alibi.

Knights Choose St. Paul.

Boston, August 7.—After voting by a large majority late today not to move the headquarters of the order from New Haven, Conn., to Washington, D. C., the Knights of Columbus, in supreme convention, chose St. Paul as their meeting place in 1914 and then adjourned. The turning down of the proposition to change headquarters also disposed of the plan to build a million-dollar home for the order in the capital city. Action on proposed changes in the insurance laws of the order was postponed until 1914.

How to Take Care of Little Chickens in Hot Weather.

Following is an extract from an article in the current issue of Farm and Fireside entitled "Chick Safety in Hot Weather":

"Extreme hot weather is a worse foe to chicks of from 2 to 4 weeks old than extreme cold. They should never be left at that age after June comes in without accessible shade, as the day may suddenly turn hot, and a few hours' exposure will often upset the condition of a whole flock, if it does not kill some outright. A double row of grain sacks hung on the netting affords very good shade. They may be pinned on with fivepenny nails in a few minutes so as to stay all the season. Cold water dashed on them in the heat of the day will add to their effectiveness. It is a good plan, during long dry spells, to turn down a few pails of water in the yards. After it settles away the chicks will be seen burrowing luxuriously in the moist earth. Another help, especially in sandy yards, is to spade up the soil frequently. This not only adds to the coolness, but if a little grain be worked into the dirt a lot of wholesome exercise may be got out of the youngsters. By little extras like these I carried my chicks through the record breaking hot wave of this month practically without loss, while my neighbors lost theirs by dozens and even many of their adult fowls. I was careful to have the drinking water always in the shade and renewed it frequently, turning out each time any of the old found in the vessels."

Making Pin Money Out of Flowers and Ferns.

In the current issue of Farm and Fireside a woman contributor writes as follows:

"Last summer we planted one-half ounce of nasturtium seed all colors. We gathered eight to ten bunches twice a week and sold them readily at 5 cents per bunch to people who would notice them as they were driving along the streets. We have often had business men take two to three bunches at a time.

"Another thing we found pleasant as well as profitable was gathering ferns. We would cut the stems as long as possible, and tie fifty in a bunch. The florist gave us $1 per 1,000. He took from 1,000 to 5,00 every week.

"We sell our flowers in a town of 22,000 inhabitants 4 miles from our farm. We take the flowers, ferns and herbs twice a week, Tuesdays and Saturdays, when we take the butter, eggs and other produce."

Conclusive Evidence.

(From The August National Monthly.)

Two colored men were arguing as to whether Simon Peter was a white man or a negro. Both were positive in their assertions. Finally one of them said:

"I kin prove to you by de Bible dat Simon Peter wasn't a nigrah."

"All right. Let's heah yo' now."

"Well, in de first place dere's only one nigrah mentioned in de Bible, and dat's Niggademus. In de second place, de Bible says dat rooster crowed twice ,oan it."

"Yas, it shuah do."

"Well if Simon Peter 'd been a nigrah, dat chicken 'd nebber crowed but once!".

Do They Grow?

(From The August National Monthly.)

Little Carrie, 3 years old, had been passing the cemetery several times after the death of one of the neighbor ladies and was noticed watching her grave. One day while passing with her father she asked:

"Papa, why don't Mrs. Joys grow her a tombstone?"

Dangerous Cousin of House Fly.

In the course of a most interesting article about the fly in the current issue of Farm and Fireside appears the following description of the stable fly, which is even more dangerous than the house fly:

"The house and stable flies resemble each other very closely, but can be distinguished by a careful examination. The house fly is not able to bite, and it does not suck blood. Both sexes of the stable fly can bite, and do suck blood.

"When the house fly is at rest and you look down on it you cannot see the proboscis, or beaklike mouth, projecting in front of the head. When the stable fly is at rest in the same position you can see the proboscis projecting out in front."

Gold production in the Philippines increased from $180,953 in 1911 to $670,212 in 1912, and is expected to be three or four times the amount this year.

COTTON STARTED OFF AT ADVANCE

But Prospects for Improved Weather in the Southwest Stopped the Advance--Near Months Closed Higher.

New York, August 7.—Prospects for an improvement in southwestern weather conditions checked an early advance in today's cotton market and prices eased off with the close steady at a net loss of 6 to 7 points on active positions. Near months were relatively quiet and steady during the entire day, closing a few points net higher.

There was a renewal of yesterday's buying movement at the opening and first prices were 1 to 5 points net higher. Liverpool figures were a shade lower than due, if anything, but reports of a better spot demand in the English market and a feeling that peace in the Balkans might be a step in the direction of improved continental trade conditions, probably helped the local advance.

Further private deterioration reports from the southeast and the failure of the early weather map to show any relief from the dry, hot conditions recently complained of were the main bullish features, however, and during the early trading interval quite an active demand from Wall street and houses with western connections. As prices worked upward a few stop orders were uncovered, and the market at one time showed a net gain of about 6 to 12 points, with the new crop months somewhat above 12.20 cents and the old low level of Monday. Demand became less active at these figures, while considerable realizing developed and the market later eased off on private predictions for lower temperatures and rains in Texas and Oklahoma, setting the end of the week. The official forecast for generally clear weather in these states, but for increasing cloudiness in Arkansas were also looked to color the predictions of individual forecasters in both the New York and New Orleans market, whose views seemed to be based either on a low barometer off the Louisiana coast or a high barometer wit hlower temperatures, which appeared to be working southnestward from the North Pacific section.

Spot cotton quiet, unchanged; middling uplands 12.60; middling gulf 12.85; no sales.

SPOT COTTON.

Atlanta, August 7.—cotton nominal; middling 12.

Macon—Steady, middling 11½.

Athens—Steady, middling 11¾.

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Quiet, middling 11 3-16, net receipts 129, gross 129, sales none, stock 21,442; exports coastwise 2,136.

New Orleans—Quiet, middling 12, net receipts none, gross none, sales 19, stock 24,012.

Mobile—Easy, middling 11 1-16, net receipts 11, gross 11, sales 20, stock 2,17, exports coastwise 11.

Savannah—Steady, middling 11¾, net receipts 179, gross 279, sales 166, stock 17,088.

Charleston—Nominal, net receipts 81, gross 81, stock 2,407.

Norfolk—Steady, middling 12, net receipts 124, gross 124, sales 420, stock 21,042, exports coastwise 698.

Baltimore—Nominal, middling 12¼, stock 1,136.

New York—Quiet, middling 12, net receipts none, gross 700, sales none, stock 58,582, exports to Great Britain 1,000, to continent 1,224, stawise 700.

Boston—Quiet, middling 12, net receipts 3, gross 153, sales none, stock 1,274.

Philadelphia—Steady, middling 12¼, net receipts none, gross none, sales none, stock 733.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Quiet, middling 11¾, net receipts 273, gross 1,278, shipments 59, sales 2,013, stock 27,483.

Augusta—Steady, middling 12¼, net receipts 2, gross 34, shipments 128, sales 107, stock 635.

Memphis—Steady, middling 11¾, net receipts 3, gross 388, shipments 371, sales 425, stock 5,919.

St. Louis—Dull, middling 12, net receipts 51, gross 530, shipments 841, sales none, stock 9,453.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 113, gross 113, shipments none, sales none, stock 23,027.

Little Rock—Quiet, middling 11¾, net receipts 8, gross 148, shipments 925, sales none, stock 401.

New Orleans Cotton.

New Orleans, August 7.—The cotton market is nervous today. Fluctuations running active and broad, severer weather map and buying was based on the weather map and buying temperatures, which is in the drouth districts of the western belt. The private forecaster of Fort Worth, Texas, who were materially instead were not disposed to pay much attention to the official forecast, but private utterances filled it all with bearish sentiment and stimulated selling on the opening the tone was steady and prices were unchanged to 2 points up. Around the close of yesterday. Cables were not high enough, leading around first quarter of hour, followed by continued drouth and high temperatures in Texas and Oklahoma, and the market on prices went 3 to 6 points over yesterday's final figures, which was the high level of the day.

Around the middle of the morning private reports of rains in the west Texas section sent the market fell to a level of 5 to 7 points under yesterday's close. Later on there was some complete recovery at noon, but the afternoon the market weakened again and 8 to 9 points under yesterday's close at one time. The close was steady at the lowest of the day.

Spot cotton quiet and unchanged; middling 12 on the spot 100 bales on the call. Futures closed steady; January 11.90 nominal; ordinary 9 7-16 nominal; good ordinary 11 11-16; strict good ordinary 11 13-16; middling 12 1-16; strict middling 12 5-16; good middling 12 9-16; strict good middling 12 11-16; middling fair 12¾; nominal; strict middling fair 13 1-16; good middling fair 13 7-16; nominal; receipts none; stock 21,912.

Dry Goods.

New York, August 7.—Cotton goods markets are holding fairly steady. Gray staple cottons are scarce and prices are steadier in spots. Fine and combed yarns and Italian raw silk is advancing rapidly in consequence of a shortage.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, August 7.—Cotton, spot in moderate demand and firm; middling fair 7.09; good middling 6.81; middling good 6.73; fair 6.45; good ordinary 5.81; ordinary 5.46. Sales 10,000, including 9,000 American and 1,000 for speculation and export. Receipts 2,000, including 1,000 American. Futures closed barely steady.

	Opening	Prev. Close.	Close.
August-September	6.14½	6.11½	6.11½
September-October	6.06½	6.04½	6.02½
October-November	6.02	6.01½	5.98½
November-December	5.97	5.96	5.94
December-January	5.97	5.96¼	5.94
January-February	5.96½	5.96	5.96½
February-March	6.00	5.99½	5.97½
March-April	6.00	6.00	5.97½
April-May	6.01	6.01	5.98½
May-June	6.03	6.02	6.00
June-July			6.00

Linseed.

Duluth, Minn., August 7.—Linseed, $1.42½ bid; September, $1.42; bid; October, $1.42¼; November, $1.40½, bid; December, $1.40½, asked.

COTTON FUTURES MARKETS.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close	Prev. Close.
Aug.	11.70	11.77	11.69	11.70-71	11.65-66	
Sept.	11.30	11.39	11.24	11.29-30	11.24-25	11.19-21
Oct.	11.15	11.20	11.08	11.07	11.07-08	11.14-15
Nov.	11.10	11.10	11.00	11.00	11.00-02	11.06-08
Dec.	11.10	11.15	11.01	11.02	11.02-03	11.08-
Jan.	11.01	11.06	10.98	10.99	10.99-00	11.04-06
Feb.					10.94-96	11.01-03
Mar.	11.11	11.15	11.08	11.09	11.09-10	11.16-17
May.	11.17	11.21	11.09	11.10	11.07-08	11.13-14

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close	Prev. Close.
Aug.	11.49	11.50	11.47	11.47	11.45-46	11.47
Sept.	11.20	11.20	11.20	11.20	11.18-19	11.23-24
Oct.	11.21	11.21	11.15	11.16	11.16-17	11.21
Nov.					11.07-08	11.12
Dec.	11.17	11.22	11.09	11.10	11.09-10	11.17-18
Jan.	11.18	11.24	11.10	11.11	11.09-10	11.18-19
Feb.					11.19-20	11.13-17
Mar.	11.32	11.32	11.19	11.19	11.19-20	11.27-28
May.	11.37	11.39	11.37	11.39	11.39-40	11.37-39

Closed steady.

BONDS.

		Prev. Close.
U. S. ref. 2s, registered		97½
do. ref. 2s, coupon		98
do. 3s, registered		100½
do. 3s, coupon		100¾
do. 4s, registered		111
do. 4s, coupon		110
Panama 3s, coupon		99½
Alabama class A, 4s, 1fg, bid		95
American Agricultural, 5s, bid		99
Atlantic Coast Line, 4s, bid		87½
Atlantic Coast Line, 4s, bid		87½
Atlantic Coast Line, 4s, bid		87½

MARRIED MEN TRY WHITE SLAVE CASE

Only Two Bachelors on Diggs Jury—Taking of Testimony Is Begun in the Sensational Case.

San Francisco, August 7.—A jury was sworn, the government stated its case and the taking of testimony was begun today in the first of the Diggs-Caminetti trials. The case was called Tuesday morning in the United States district court, on an indictment charging Maury I. Diggs and F. Drew Caminetti, jointly, with violation of the Mann white slave law.

What Government Will Prove.

Theodore Roche, of special counsel for the government, set forth tersely in the closing hour of the afternoon session the prosecution's case. He told the jury the government would attempt to prove the following:

1. That Marsha Warrington and Lola Norris, one 20 years old and the other 19, had been frightened by Maury I. Diggs and F. Drew Caminetti, married men, with children, one 28 and the other 27 years old, into leaving Sacramento lest a scandal explode and criminal prosecutions follow.

2. That marriage had been promised after the two husbands should have divorced their wives.

3. That Caminetti raised the money for the trip from Sacramento to Reno, Nevada, and that Diggs bought the transportation and paid the Pullman fares.

4. That the four traveled as married couples, occupying the same state room on a night train.

5. That on arriving at Reno the morning of March 11, 1913, they registered at a hotel as married and occupied adjoining rooms with a bath between.

6. That Diggs hired a four-room bungalow, paying rent in advance for a month and representing to the agent that the party was from Los Angeles and intended to spend six months in Reno.

All Four in Bungalow.

7. That all four lived in the bungalow for three days before they were arrested, Diggs and Marsha Warrington occupying the front room and Caminetti and Lola Norris a rear room.

8. That Diggs was in his night clothes when he opened the back door of the bungalow to the officers who arrested him the morning of the 14th, and that the officers waited in the living room while the two girls dressed.

9. That after his return to Sacramento Diggs had written to Marsha Warrington from Berkeley adjuring her to keep up her courage and that all would end well if she would remember what he had told her, particularly if she was firm in denying that there had been any improper relations between them.

After outlining the case, Roche introduced Diggs' marriage license and identified it by George D. Leslie, a statistician.

J. H. Stevens, vice president of a Sacramento bank, identified Diggs' handwriting on checks and notes as the same that were shown him in which a letter to Marsha Warrington was penned. Objections to the introduction of the testimony were overruled.

Ten Jurors Are Married.

The jury is composed of business men, active or retired, and includes one retired liquor dealer and one friend of a former partner of Diggs, Sr. Ten jurors are married and eight of them have children. Of those who are fathers six have daughters. Nothing in the examination of talesmen indicated the tactics of the defense.

Just before court adjourned F. J. Peck, a Reno real estate dealer, was on the stand. The defense sought to show that the bungalow the two couples occupied in Reno had been rented with no view to concealment.

"I don't see," interposed Judge Van Fleet, "how it can make any difference if they went there openly or secretly. Unless the government can show they went there for the purpose prohibited by the Mann white slave act, then the case of the government falls. Even if the women were public prostitutes, if the defendants procured their transportation and accompanied them there for immoral purposes, the case of the government would stand."

Wives Not in Court.

Thus far Mrs. Diggs, Mrs. Caminetti and their children have not appeared in court. Marshal Woodworth, of the defense, is authority for the statement that there has been a reconciliation and that the estranged wives will be present.

DICTATOR OF MOOSE GRILLED BY A MASON

Birmingham, Ala., August 7.—E. J. Northcutt, supreme dictator of the Order of Moose for Alabama at the time of the death by electrocution of Donald A. Kenny and Christopher C. Gustin, was the star witness at today's session of the coroner's jury which is investigating the deaths.

Ben M. Jacobs, past grand master of the Masonic fraternity for Alabama, is a member of the jury and took charge of the examination of Northcutt. He was very vigorous in his questions and finally secured an admission from Northcutt that the lodge had no regular degree team; that the initiation when Kenney and Gustin were killed was a "hit and miss affair," and that there had been "gross carelessness in the initiation."

The witness repeated many times that the Moose was a very high-class order and that President Wilson, Champ Clark and the late Vice President Sherman were all members.

The coroner's jury will make its report tomorrow.

RESUME FIGHT TO FREE DR. W. J. M'NAUGHTON

The fight for the life of Dr. W. J. McNaughton, now under respite until September 5, after having been convicted in Swainsboro nearly three years ago of the murder of Fred Flanders by arsenic poisoning, was on Thursday renewed before the prison commission.

The plea of Attorney Saffold, who represented Dr. McNaughton, was that all doubt has not been eliminated that Flanders might have met his death by other means, and that discrimination was made against Dr. McNaughton when the case against Mrs. Mattie McNaughton was nolle prossed.

Attorney Saffold stated that Dr. W. J. Bell, of Atlanta, was willing to inject into his veins two grains of arsenic before the prison commission as proof that this amount of arsenic would not have been sufficient to have produced death.

AMERICAN SUFFRAGISTS ARE NOT SLOW



American suffragists would rather sling paint than hurl bricks. It's much safer. A brave band of votes for women advocates tried it out the other day on the clubhouse at Tompkinsville, N. Y., just to prove that they were good as men any day in the week. Donning overalls, bloomers and old skirts, these fair vote seekers climbed ladders and daubed their clubhouse various hues while a crowd of men looked on and cheered. There wasn't anything in the line of painting that these painteresses did not attempt. They even lettered the roof with the name of their club, and made a good job of it, too. "A woman can do anything a man can," was the slogan of the day. Miss Elizabeth Degroof, shown on the ladder painting a gutter, was the forelady of the task. She was aided by Miss Bleke, who is shown on the roof in the smaller picture, and about a dozen others.

TRIBUTE TO SAM JONES AT CARTERSVILLE TODAY

Cartersville, August 7.—(Special.)—Tomorrow will be Sam Jones Memorial day at Sam Jones Tabernacle. The 10 o'clock service will be given up to the life and work of the evangelist. Talks will be made by "Gypsy" Smith, Bob Jones and John Callahan. This is one of the feature services of the meeting and will be an annual affair.

Tomorrow afternoon services will be held at which negro people have an opportunity to pay tribute to the famous revivalist, who was a great friend of the race.

CHINESE TAKE GINSENG AND PAY $7.20 A POUND

Washington, August 7.—Ginseng, for which practically the only market is in China, where it is valued as a medicinal drug, has been shipped from the United States to the Orient at the rate of about 150,000 pounds, valued at more than $1,000,000, a year during the past ten years, according to a report issued today by the department of agriculture.

The amount exported last year was 155,000 pounds valued at $7.20 a pound. Before the wild forest supply of the plant diminished largely, it brought only 40 cents a pound. Its cultivation began only about fifteen years ago.

ENGINEER GIVEN $1,000 FOR CAPTURING ROBBER

Mobile, Ala., August 7.—Engineer Alvin E. Baer, of the Mobile and New Orleans division of the Louisville and Nashville road, was paid $1,000 today by the United States postoffice department for the capture of Howard Edwards, a notorious train robber, on board the fast New York and New Orleans express that Baer was operating on September 4 last. Baer, after Edwards robbed the train, captured the robber singlehanded, knocking him in the head when he was riding the engine. Baer has already received $500 from the railroad company.

More Pay for Trolley Men.

Philadelphia, August 7.—The Philadelphia Rapid Transit company today announced a further increase in the pay of its motormen and conductors, to take effect on September 1. The new scale will establish a maximum rate of 30 cents an hour for the platform men on the surface lines, while the rate for motormen on the subway-elevated system is three cents an hour more.

MORTUARY.

William Danforth.

The funeral of William T. Danforth, who died Thursday morning at his home, No. 21 Dells place, will be held at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon from the residence. The deceased leaves a widow, daughter, Mary A., and one son, Thomas C. Danforth.

Miss Margaret Posse.

The funeral of Miss Margaret Posse, who died at a private sanitarium Wednesday afternoon, will be held from Sacred Heart church Friday morning at 9 o'clock. The interment will take place in Oakland cemetery.

J. W. Duffee, Union City.

Union City, Ga., August 7.—(Special.)—J. W. Duffee, one of the best known men of Campbell county, passed away at 6:10 o'clock this morning after an illness of several weeks. He was 75 years of age and served four years in the confederate army, being a member of the Second Georgia regiment, company F, cavalry. Mr. Duffee is survived by his wife and four children, Grady and Paul, of Atlanta; Ernest, of Fayette county and Mrs. George Looney, of Florida, also four brothers and two sisters.

The funeral will be held at the Methodist church in Union City at 10:30 o'clock Friday morning and the interment will be at Fayetteville at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon with Masonic honors.

Miss Eunice A. Beddingfield.

Miss Eunice A. Beddingfield, aged 22 years, died at her residence on Oak street, Decatur, Thursday morning at 5 o'clock. She is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Beddingfield, three brothers, J. T., H. B. and W. H. Beddingfield, Jr., and two sisters, Mrs. T. L. Bowen and Mrs. Stewart Murray, all of Atlanta. The body was taken to the residence of Mrs. Murray, 222 Dawson street, from where the funeral will be held Saturday afternoon at 2:30.

Mrs. Eleanor Butler.

Mrs. Eleanor Butler, aged 44 years, died at her residence on Todd street, Thursday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. She is survived by her husband, H. A. Butler, and seven children. Funeral announcement will be made later.

Miss Margaret Posse.

The funeral of Miss Margaret Posse, who died at a private sanitarium Wednesday noon, will be held from the Sacred Heart church this morning at 9:30 o'clock. Interment will be at Oakland cemetery.

R. L. Wicker.

R. L. Wicker, 45 years of age, died at his residence, 786 Highland avenue, Thursday night at 9 o'clock. He is survived by his wife. He was a member of C. N. Bostwick camp, No. 80, Woodmen of the World and Enterprise council, Junior Order United American Mechanics. The funeral will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from Poole's funeral establishment. Interment will be in Atlanta Park cemetery.

Mrs. A. J. Smith.

Mrs. A. J. Smith, 43 years of age, died at her residence, 145 West Peachtree, Thursday night at 11 o'clock. She is survived by her husband, A. J. Smith; one son, Young B. Smith, and two daughters, Miss Amelia and Miss Elizabeth Smith. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

SENTENCES SERVED BY STUDENT HAZERS

Raleigh, N. C., August 7.—The three University of North Carolina students tonight completed their four months' sentences for the hazing of William Rand, of Smithfield, last session, which ended in his death. The court allowed the students, W. L. Norriman, of Wilmington; George Oldham, of Raleigh, and A. C. Hatch, of Mount Olive, to be "hired out" to their parents.

A final appeal made to Governor Craig yesterday to pardon them so as to restore citizenship, was refused, but Chief Justice Clark holds that this would have only paved the way for an early application to the courts. Now five years must elapse before the courts can be asked to restore citizenship.

SLOW PROGRESS MADE ON TARIFF REVISION

Washington, August 7.—Democrats made slow progress today in advancing the new tariff bill. An opposing speech by Senator Warren, republican, a large, sharp debate between Senators Stone and Lippitt over the making of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law, and an attack by Senator Sherman upon provisions of the metal schedule took up much of the day.

Senator Sherman opposed the 15 per cent rate on car wheels in the bill, saying it meant to ruin American manufacturers for the benefit of those in England and Germany. Reviewing exports of wheels from this country last year, he said:

"Grape Juice Diplomacy."

"Not a dollar's worth was exported to China in 1912, and it is reasonable to suppose that not a dollar's worth will be exported in 1913. Instead of dollar diplomacy in the Far East with thousands of dollars' worth of goods sold there, we now have grape juice diplomacy and the sale of nothing."

Senator Stone brought up the question of who furnished the facts for the cotton schedule of the Payne-Aldrich bill. He quoted at length from a speech in May, 1909, of the late Senator Dolliver in which it was charged that Senator Lippitt—not then in public life—had come to congress representing the New England cotton men with the statement that they wanted no increases and had gone away with material increases.

Senator Lippitt said the democrats were acting like "cuttlefish" and that his expose yesterday of the cotton schedule in the present bill made them anxious to discredit him.

"According to the declaration of one of our great war leaders, 'war is hell,'" said Senator Warren in discussing the agricultural schedule.

Effect on the Farmer.

"This never has been denied, and, therefore, I beg the liberty of saying that this bill is to be, indeed, hell, so far as the farmer of the northwest is concerned.

"About everything he has to sell, the use of his capital or his labor, the product of both with but few exceptions, must meet the competition of the world with its cheap, peon, pauper labor, while everything he has to buy, barring certain occasional purchases, is taxed."

ST. SIMONS and RETURN
VIA A., B. & A.
SATURDAY, AUG. 9. $10.
Limit 10 Days.

MORPHINE
Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or in Private Sanitarium. Book Free. DR. R. M. WOOLLEY, 7 N. Vicker Sanitarium, Atlanta, Ga.

Are You Sick, Diseased, Nervous, Run Down?
HAVE YOU BLOOD POISON, KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLES?
IF SO, CONSULT FREE!
Dr. Hughes, Atlanta's Long Established, Most Reliable Specialist.



I cure to stay cured
NERVE, BLOOD and SKIN Diseases
STRICTURE, Prostatic Troubles
VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE,
Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Piles and Rectal Ulcers and Private Diseases of Men and Women.
I give 606, the celebrated German preparation for Blood Poison, and Guarantee results. Everything absolutely confidential.
If you can't call, write.
Free Consultation and Advice to All.
HOURS—8 a. m. to 1 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 1.
DR. J. D. HUGHES
Opposite Third Nat'l Bank.
161½ N. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

CODY BRAVES AIR ONCE TOO OFTEN

Noted Aviator Killed by Fall. Cody Quit Cowpunching to Achieve Fame as Air Voyager.

London, August 7.—Colonel F. B. Cody, the famous Anglo-American aviator, was killed in an aeroplane accident at Aldershot today. In the machine with Cody was a passenger named Evans, who also was killed.

The aviator was trying out a new aeroplane when he met his death. He and Evans were flying over the open country, most of which is government land, in the Aldershot district and had just reached the government house when their aeroplane began traveling badly and finally fell with a crash to the ground. Several officials rushed to the spot and found the bodies of Cody and Evans lying beneath the aeroplane.

Real Soldiers of Fortunes.

Cody was the most interesting figure in aviation in the British Isles. He was a real soldier of fortune, with a very varied career behind him. He was well known to the public in England and very popular. He wore a sombrero, a long mustache, an imperial and long hair, and was almost an exact replica of "Buffalo Bill."

He came to England a number of years ago from the United States, where he had been a cowboy in the west. He had a severe struggle to obtain a start in England. After living precariously for a while he attracted the attention of the experts in the British war office on account of his display of natural gifts of construction, particularly in aerial machines. He was said to be able to build anything in the way of a flying machine or balloon.

Foreswore American Allegiance.

His theatrical appearance and methods created some prejudice against him, which, however, was largely dispelled when he foreswore American allegiance and became a British subject. The public in England only began to take him seriously when he carried off the military prize of $20,000 open to the world at Salisbury plain in August, 1912.

Evans was a member of the Indian civil service who had obtained leave of absence to come to England to study aviation.

Cody leaves a widow and two sons in England. Cody's sons, Leon and Frank, were eye-witnesses of the accident, which was attributed by experts to faulty construction, the body of the craft proving too heavy for the wings.

Aviator La Roche Injured.

Omaha, Neb., August 7.—Henri de la Roche, 26 years old, expert mechanician and former chauffeur to the king of Greece, is in a local hospital severely injured, the result of a peculiar aeroplane accident.

La Roche, with several companions, attended a local aviation exhibition yesterday. The regular aviator failed to appear and la Roche, who had been explaining to the crowd the intricate working of the engine, was goaded by taunts and jeers to try and ascent.

He ran the machine along the ground and made a good start upward. When he reached a height of about thirty feet he lost control, the machine dropped to the earth and crushed him beneath it. Both legs and three ribs were broken and he suffered internal injuries as well.

Six Hundredth Flight Fatal.

Victoria, B. C., August 7.—The aeroplane in which John F. Bryant, a California aviator, had made 599 flights, fell from on the wharf here today and after a few moments of aerial acrobatics, fell on the roof of a building near the heart of this city late yesterday. Firemen who rushed up a ladder to his rescue found Bryant dead in the wreckage. His back, neck and both legs had been broken.

A stout, heavy woman who insisted on climbing into the seat last week to have her picture taken in said by Bryant's friends to have been the indirect and unwitting cause of the accident. The fragile seat, unaccustomed to such weights, was damaged and had to be repaired before Bryant would attempt another flight.

It is believed that the damage was not fully repaired and that the machine became unmanageable because of weakened wire attachment to the steering gear.

JAMES H. WILLIAMS DIES FROM ATTACK BY NEGRO

Valdosta, Ga., August 7.—(Special.)—James H. Williams, who was murderously assaulted by a negro turpentine worker ten days ago and who was brought here from Point Washington, Fla., for medical attention, died at a late hour last night. Mr. Williams was a naval store operator and had trouble with two of the men on his place. Both of them attacked him at once, one of them hitting him on the back of the head with a heavy stick and the other stabbing him in the side.

His skull was crushed by the blow. An operation was performed in a hospital here to relieve the pressure on his brain, but he failed to rally. His body was carried to Mayday, Ga., his former home, and will be buried there on Friday.

$9 ST. SIMONS and RETURN via A., B. & A., Aug. 16. Return limit Sept. 1.

Myrtle Street Bungalow

Myrtle street is one of Atlanta's best bungalow streets. It is built up principally with bungalows that are individual and that have been built for homes. When one of these places is put on the market they usually sell right away.

We offer one of the prettiest, most up-to-date, 9-room homes on the street.

The lot lies well and has plenty of shade trees. Size 60x150 feet. Price, $8,750. Reasonable terms.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

FOR RENT---SOUTH SIDE FAMILY HOTEL

We have on the South Side, right near Whitehall, and not very far out a 25-room family hotel; is in good repair, and we believe that a good business can be done at this stand. Rental, $125 per month.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE
REAL ESTATE—RENTING—STORAGE.
PHONES: B. IVY 671; A. 618. 12 "REAL ESTATE ROW."

BUY A REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE AND YOUR SECURITY IS THE EARTH
BUY A RAILROAD BOND AND YOU BECOME A MINORITY STOCKHOLDER
WEYMAN & CONNORS
Established 1890. 827 Equitable Building

Railroad Travel's Greatest Peril Is The Open Switch

The toll of lives taken each year by this ever-present danger has been enormous.

For years the inventive genius at the command of every great railroad system has been devoted to solving this question.

The question has been solved. The danger has been removed. The open switch is closed. The Shepherd Automatic Switch Company has answered the problem. Its safety device has removed the peril from the open switch as thoroughly as the removal of a serpent's fangs destroys his sting.

By a non-electrical mechanical device the main line is closed as soon as the last truck of a car has crossed the switch. It can be opened when the engineer throws a lever on entering the siding.

The danger of open and split switches is absolutely eliminated. As a time-saver this device will remove from a third to a half of the number of stops and operations of switchmen in taking and leaving siding.

The value of the Shepherd Automatic Switch will be shown by a special demonstration tomorrow (Saturday), August 9, at 3 p. m., on a spur track of the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, at the Atlanta Manufacturing Supply Company's shop in Oakland City, on the East Point car line.

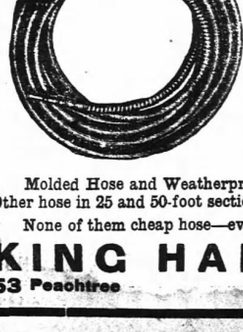
The public is urged to view the practical demonstration of this wonderful invention.

Detailed information as to the Shepherd Automatic Switch will be gladly furnished by W. R. Green, at the Aragon Hotel, or W. C. Warfield, 706 Fourth National Bank building.

Remember, the demonstration begins promptly at 3 p. m., tomorrow at Oakland City.

Take East Point car.

25% DISCOUNT ON RUBBER HOSE



This morning we place on sale all of the hose listed below, at bona fide reductions. Every foot is from our regular stock and guaranteed.

	Regular Price	Special Discount Price
Red Rubber Hose, ½-inch,	15c ft.	11¼c ft.
" " " ¾-inch,	16c ft.	12c ft.
Molded Hose, ½-inch,	20c ft.	15c ft.
" " ¾-inch,	22c ft.	16½c ft.
Red Weatherproof Hose, ¾-in	22c ft.	16½c ft.
Wire Covered Hose,	25c ft.	18¾c ft.

Molded Hose and Weatherproof come in reel and can furnish any length. Other hose in 25 and 50-foot sections only.

None of them cheap hose—every foot is guaranteed.

KING HARDWARE CO.
53 Peachtree 85 Whitehall

Talks to Business Men

IT'S ALL IN THE CLOTHES

A flesh-and-blood salesman, to be successful, must be sincere, convincing, forceful and well dressed. The printed salesman—the circular, booklet, or catalogue, must also be forceful and well dressed. "It's all in the clothes." It must be gotten up so attractively that prospective customers will read it.

Let us "furnish the clothes" for you.

Foote & Davies Company
Everything for the Office
JUST ONE MINUTE FROM EVERYWHERE
Edgewood Ave. and N. Pryor St.

Ponce De Leen Apartments

The South's most Luxurious Apartment House. Open for inspection interested parties from 9 to 12 mornings and 2 to 5 afternoons. Ask our agent.

B. M. GRANT & CO.
RENTING AGENTS

Grant Park Section

On South Boulevard, fronting the prettiest part of the park, we offering a beautifully elevated lot, 80x190, running back to a wide alley. $2,150. Can be subdivided into two lots of 45 feet each, and sold for $1,
This is about the last vacant lot which can be bought facing the park. price in our opinion is very reasonable. Terms very easy.

B. M. Grant & Co.
GRANT BUILDING.

YELLOW PINE SASH
YELLOW PINE DOORS
YELLOW PINE BLINDS
Carloads or less—good grades—quick shipment.
WOODWARD LUMBER CO., Atlanta