

KAISER WATCHING, GERMAN SOLDIERS RUSH AND CAPTURE FRENCH TRENCHES

Emperor William Personally Directs Attack on the French Line Near Soissons, Which Results Successfully—The French Minimize German Gain.

FURIOUS STRUGGLE HAS BEEN RESUMED ON EASTERN FRONT

Russians Are Again Driving at East Prussia, and Claim to Have Captured Several Towns From the Germans. In Central Poland the Germans Are Violently Attacking the Russian Lines, But Are Making No Headway.

A reverse of the allies along the Aisne in the neighborhood of Soissons is admitted in the latest French official statement, although the possible effect of the German advance is officially minimized.

After continuous engagements, which lasted nearly two days, the Germans forced the French to yield in front of Vregny, east of Crouy. The French war office explains that the flooding of the river Aisne destroyed several of the bridges and thus rendered precarious the communications of the troops operating on the right bank. These troops were withdrawn, as it was thought impossible to send reinforcements to their support.

"The success is a partial one for our adversaries," says the French statement, "but will have no influence on the operations as a whole." Emperor William himself was present at these operations, which resulted in the capture of several thousand French prisoners and were continued throughout January 12 and 13.

Patrol progress on the right bank of Lower Vistula, where the German cavalry was repulsed. On the other front the fighting is made up largely of skirmishes and artillery duels.

The general staff of the Russian Caucasus army devotes a statement to operations in Azerbaijan, where, it is explained, it became expedient to regroup the Russian forces, necessitating evacuation of certain places previously occupied. No important action took place.

British aviators early in the week dropped bombs on the German position in Antwerp according to a Netherlands newspaper dispatch. The damage has not been ascertained.

FRENCH EXPLAIN REVERSES AT SOISSONS.

Paris, January 14.—The following official communication was issued at the war office tonight: "Last night our troops were successful in a sudden attack with the object of overwhelming the trenches recently constructed by the Germans to the northeast of Fouquecourt, north of Roye (department of the Somme)."

"The attacks of the enemy in the region to the north of Soissons have been stopped. "As has been said in the communication of this morning, the flooding of the river Aisne, which destroyed several of our bridges, had rendered very precarious the communications of our troops operating on the right bank of the river. We were thus prevented from sending them reinforcements. This has been the essential cause of the withdrawal of those troops which were fighting under difficult conditions."

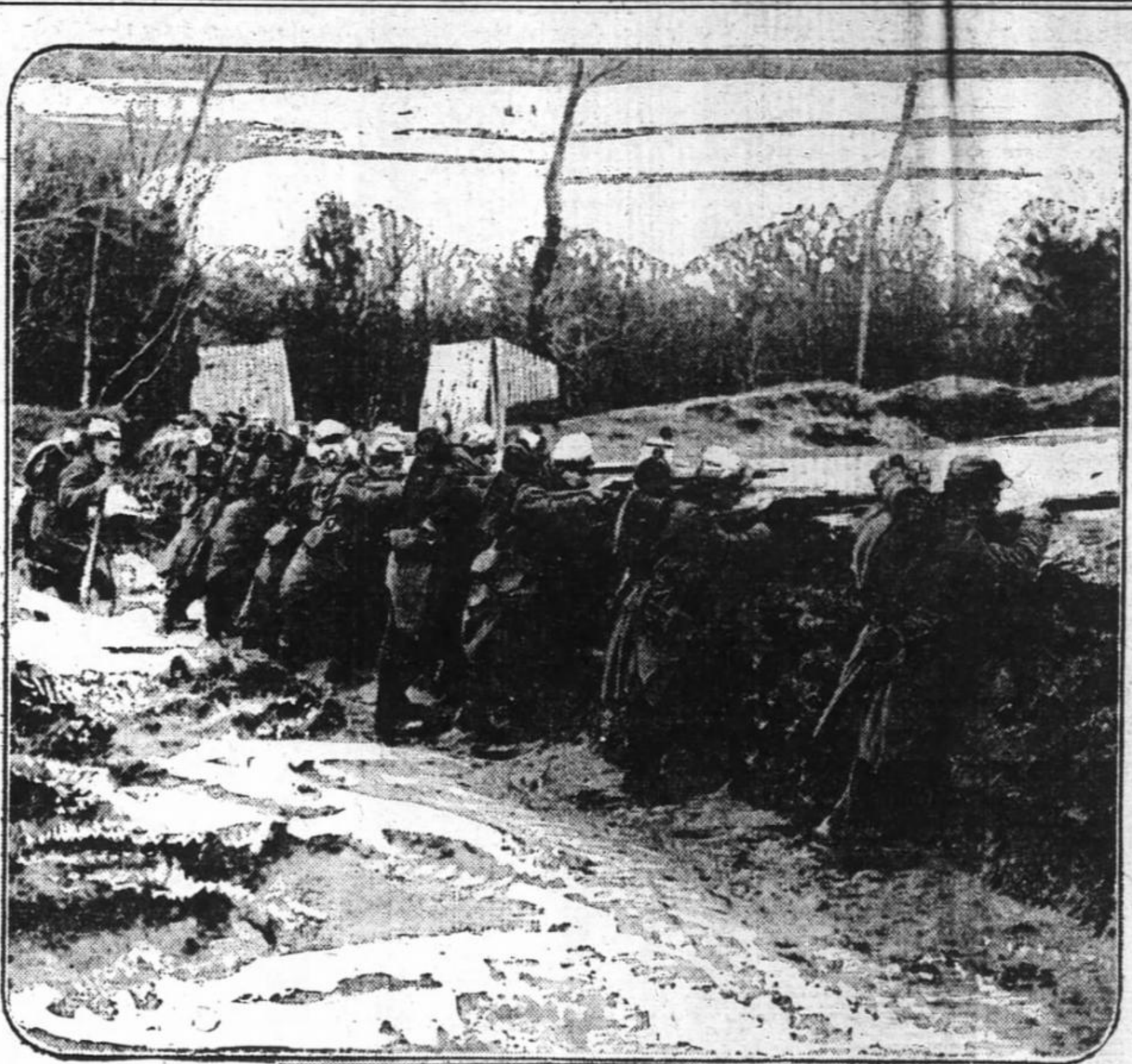
"We were obliged to abandon several cannon as the result of the breaking down of a bridge. We have rendered all of them unfit for use. "The Germans have made prisoners, particularly of wounded men, who, in the withdrawal movement we were not able to take with us. On our side we have made a number of important prisoners, not wounded, belonging to seven different regiments."

"To sum up the success is a partial one for our adversaries, which will have no influence on operations as a whole. In fact, by reason of the obstacles presented by the Aisne and the dispositions which we have taken, the enemy will be unable to utilize to the south of the river the success which is of purely local character. "On the rest of the front there is nothing to report."

The afternoon report issued by the French war office says: "In Belgium the firing of our artillery was interfered with by the fog; nevertheless, the ammunition expended was very spirited in the vicinity of Nieupoit and around Ypres. Certain detachments of Belgian troops blew up, at a point to the southeast of Stuyvekerke, the buildings on a farm which were serving the enemy as a depot for his ammunition. "Between the Lys and the Oise, in the region of Lens, our artillery were successful in dispersing a group of German pioneers on the outskirts of the hamlet of Angres, and it bombarded effectively the German trenches to the southeast of the chapel of Notre Dame de Lore."

"To the north of Soissons there was determined fighting all day yesterday. The engagement was localized to a section of ground situated to the north of Crouy. We held only the first slopes of these hills. On our left in this field of counter attack made slight progress, but without succeeding in receding a material advance. On the center we retained our position around the village of Crouy in spite of the repeated efforts of the enemy to dislodge us, but on the east, in front of Vregny, we were obliged to yield. "The continued flood stage of the

French Troops Fighting Behind Turf Wall



FRENCH INFANTRY BEHIND TURF WALL.

Snow had just fallen when this picture was taken. The ground is lightly covered. The French soldiers are standing behind a turf wall about six feet high. Before the men took to the trenches for the winter many skirmishes occurred from such barricades as here pictured.

GUARANTEE FUND FOR OPERA GROWS

Large Number of Atlanta Citizens Have Already Voluntarily Renewed Their Subscriptions.

Following the announcement in the newspapers of Atlanta that the directors of the Atlanta Music Festival association have voted unanimously to have grand opera this year as usual, the secretary of the association was kept busy all day Thursday opening mail and receiving pledges for the grand opera guarantee fund. Subscription cards are now being mailed those on last year's guarantee list.

A large number of citizens of Atlanta and people from elsewhere in the south have already voluntarily renewed their subscriptions to the guarantee fund, and in many instances have largely increased their subscriptions. In but two instances so far have patrons of opera reduced the amount of their pledges.

In the matter of getting the pick of the seats at the performances the same rule will hold this year as in former years, which is that the guarantors get first choice. Many are anticipating the usual rush for the best seats by sending in their subscriptions early.

The subscriptions are by no means limited to Atlanta, but sums are coming in from many other southern cities. Patrons of opera in all parts of the south are expressing their delight at another opportunity to hear opera. Here is a typical letter that was received by the secretary of the association on Thursday:

"Atlanta Music Festival Association, Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: It is with a great deal of pleasure that I note grand opera is to be continued this year. "I give you pleasure to be a signator to the guarantee fund. So will you kindly subscribe me for \$100 and I will sign the proper document of my return to the city. "This is the year for all true lovers of music and Atlanta to show their colors. "Yours very truly, (Signed) "Knoxville, Tenn., January 12, 1915." The signature is omitted for obvious reasons.

MRS. ANN COLEMAN DIES; WAS OLDEST METHODIST

Athens, Ga., January 14.—(Special.) Mrs. Ann Coleman, said to be the oldest member of the Methodist church in the state, died here tonight, aged 92. She joined the church eighty-four years ago.

Ruined by the War.

Thurin, Italy, January 14.—The Franco firm, dealers in precious stones, went into bankruptcy today. There is a deficit of \$2,000,000, it is stated, in the papers, due to the arrest of trade with Belgium, especially with Antwerp, from which place it is impossible to exact debts.

You May Have Around the House

Numerous things you don't need, but that someone else wants. Tell of them under For Sale Miscellaneous in the Constitution want ads, and you will be surprised how quickly the other man will come to get them.

Phone Main 5000, ask for Classified. Atlanta 5001.

JOHN H. BOSTON DIES AT RESIDENCE OF SON

Prominent Marietta Man Married Sister of Late Senator Joseph E. Brown.

John Houser Boston, of Marietta, died Thursday at the residence of his son, Joseph E. Boston, 625 West Peachtree street, Atlanta.

Mr. Boston was 73 years old. He had lived in Marietta for fifty years and was one of the best known and most admired citizens of Cobb county. For many years he had been connected with the W. & A. He married Miss Sallie Mallissa Brown, sister of Senator Joe Brown, and aunt of ex-Governor Joe Brown.

The body will be taken to Marietta Friday afternoon. The funeral will be held from the residence of his son, John H. Boston, Jr., in Marietta, Saturday morning at 11:30 o'clock. The interment will be in the city cemetery of Marietta.

Mr. Boston is survived by his daughter, Mrs. Minnie B. McNeel, of Marietta; three sons, Joseph E. and Frank M. Boston, of Atlanta, and John H. Boston, Jr., of Marietta; by two brothers, Fred A. Boston, of Atlanta, and Jeff Boston, of Cartersville, and by two sisters, Mrs. James Alexander, of Atlanta, and Mrs. Josie Bowles, of Polson, Ga.

CROWD SEES DUEL IN CENTER OF CITY

Pistol Shots Fly Thick and Fast When Negro Attacks Street Car Conductor With a Dirk.

Much Jewelry Stolen.

The detectives' report of the stolen jewelry shows the following articles: A pair of diamond ear rings, 1 1/2 carat each, valued at \$200; a set of old-fashioned jewelry, including one pair of ear rings, set with three solid rubies, valued at \$1,500; platinum ring, set with cluster of diamonds, seven in number; gold ring, set with diamond stone, 1/2-carat; gold sunburst, set with one-carat diamond in center; diamond lavaliere, star shape, set with three diamonds; ladies' gold watch, engraved "N. A. B." long neck chain, with clasp in center; old-fashioned breast pin, old-long shape, designed in shape of star; set of gold prayer beads, with solid gold cross, engraved on back "Mrs. C. A. Braddy"; and fifteen other pieces of handsome jewelry.

Saloon Is Robbed.

The boldest robbers of all were those who "hijacked" the lock on the door of the Cohen saloon, 77 Peachtree street, some time during the early morning hours, Thursday, and robbed the saloon of \$25 in cash. This robbery was discovered when C. D. Ray, who runs a cigar stand in the front part of the saloon, opened for business. A daring porch-climber scaled the front porch banisters of the residence of Mrs. Minnie Anderson, 56 Lucile avenue, early Thursday morning, and stole into the front upstairs room through an open window from the veranda over the porch. Mrs. Anderson was sleeping in the

\$3,000 HAUL MADE BY JEWELRY THIEF

Chief James Beavers Issues Special Orders to His Men to Watch All Suspicious Characters.

The police are planning to take drastic measures to rid the nightly operations of numerous gangs of professional burglars now infesting Atlanta. Chief Beavers, realising the seriousness of the situation, has issued special orders that every policeman and detective keep alertly on guard for all suspicious characters. He has received many complaints that much of the thieving of late has been done by hobos, who have swarmed here from all points of the compass.

The biggest jewelry robbery that has taken place here in months was cleverly pulled off by a well-dressed young white man, Thursday afternoon. Mrs. C. A. Braddy and her mother, Mrs. C. F. Baya, of 102 East Pine street, are losers of fully \$3,000 worth of jewelry.

Find Home Looted.

Mrs. Braddy and Mrs. Baya left their home about 4 o'clock to visit a relative's home, nearby. At 5 o'clock they returned to find their house in disorder, and on inspection of the dresser, they discovered that their jewelry box was lying open on it, and all their jewelry missing. At 4:30 o'clock little Frank and William Stephens, of 219 East Pine street, neighbors of Mrs. Braddy, had come to her home, rung the doorbell for several minutes, and then left upon finding no one at home. "As we left the front yard," said William, "my brother and I noticed a nicely-dressed young white man sitting on the stone wall around the yard. He grinned at us. "When we had gone about a block up the street, I looked back and saw him run into Auntie's front yard."

When Mrs. Braddy returned she found her front door locked from the inside. A raised window-shade caused her to be suspicious, as she was positive that she had pulled down this shade on leaving.

Allegation Made of Confession of Waynesboro Banker to Sheriff.

Augusta, Ga., January 14.—Sheriff Sam Story of Burke county, made the statement here today that Thomas F. Buxton, former cashier of the First National Bank of Waynesboro, confessed to the sheriff this morning that he was the masked man who held up Assistant Cashier Warren Tuesday and attempted to rob the bank. Sheriff Story said: "Buxton broke down entirely this morning, and told me 'I'm guilty, and am going to plead guilty at my trial.' He was completely untraveled when he made his confession."

Appropriations Made.

Following are some of the additional appropriations made by the committee, and which were not included in the 1914 recitals, \$2,000; additional meat inspector for health board, \$2,000; High Street sewer, \$7,000; automatic flushers for sanitary department, \$6,750; sanitary department supplies, \$550; Atlanta Child's home, \$1,200; stenographer for Recorder Johnson, \$1,800; for additional help at Grady hospital, \$2,500; \$20,525 for painting and repairing bridges; \$1,600 to reimburse Anti-Tuberculosis society for the amount it spent on open-air school in West End; \$15,000 for Georgia Tech; \$600 for one clerk at Carnegie library; auto for Park Manager Cochran; \$2,700 for memorial entrance to Grant Park; \$1,500 for Maddox park improvement, and \$500 for Oakland City park. In presenting his budget demands, Recorder Johnson recommended that the committee give him a stenographer to replace Ed Arthur, who has been

NEW MONEY SHEET EXCEEDS REVENUE BY OVER \$84,000

Special Demands of School and Water Departments Still to Be Heard by the Finance Committee.

SMOKE BOARD IS SAVED AT THE NIGHT SESSION

Alderman Maddox Says, However, That He Will Carry Fight Against Department to Council.

With several of the most important city departments yet to be heard from, and with approximately \$150,000 demanded from the city-at-large for new street and improvement projects, council's finance committee, at the hour of adjournment Thursday night, found that it had apportioned more than \$84,000 in excess of the income of the city from all sources.

When the task of making up the 1915 sheet was started, Graham West, chief clerk in the comptroller's office, presented a tentative sheet which showed that the city had only \$4,708,727.35 to spend for all purposes.

At 10:30 at night the committee had spent \$4,590,023, and the school and water departments are yet to be heard from.

Demands of Schools.

Two big items which will be demanded by the schools are \$125,000 for new schools, and \$99,000 in excess of last year's salary apportionment for teachers' payrolls. The water department will demand \$200,000 for new pumps for water stations and other increases for maintaining the efficiency of the department and keeping up with the progress of the city.

One of the big factors in running up the expenses of the city government this year, aside from the salary increases demanded by the heads of many of the departments, is the demand of citizens for additional money to carry to completion work which was started last year and in years previous.

For completing work the finance committee was forced to provide in this year's sheet for the following: Forsyth street, \$12,000; West Peachtree, \$5,000; South Pryor, \$11,505; Mitchell, \$12,500; Griffin street, \$1,500. The above projects are in the course of construction, the city paying part of the expense, the property owners and county commissioners paying the balance.

\$200,000 for New Projects.

It is estimated that the city will be called on to spend at least \$200,000 for new projects. Wealthy street citizens want sufficient money to continue the improvement of that street from Garnett to the junction of Forsyth and Whitehall. Spring street property owners want \$11,000 for pushing work on that thoroughfare from Carnegie Way to Simpson street, and various other works launched during the year will bring the total for new projects dangerously near to \$200,000, maybe more.

Thus far, the committee has been very generous to all departments and to citizens who have been urging improvements, in fact, some of the members are now beginning to realize that too much money has been apportioned up to the present time, and when the real task of making the budget—pruning the departments—is started, some of the departments are going to be hit hard.

Most important of the city departments were given the same amount spent last year for operating expenses, and the only budget increases were for salaries and additional equipment.

At one time during the session, with only five of the ten members present, the committee voted not to apportion \$4,100 to the smoke department. This action had the effect of automatically abolishing the office of smoke inspector, a place held by Cecil P. Poole, and annulling the smoke ordinance.

Smoke Board Saved.

Later, however, the committee, on the suggestion of Councilman Edwin Johnson, reconsidered its former action and voted to place the money in the sheet.

Alderman James W. Maddox, who led the fight to abolish the department, said that he will carry his fight to council. He says that he is opposing the smoke board because the results shown thus far do not justify the expenditure of \$4,100 a year by the city. He denies that his opposition is inspired by prosecutions he suffered at the hands of the inspector for operating a stove in violation of the smoke ordinance.

Inspector Poole is head of the department. He receives \$2,400 per annum for his work. The department possesses equipment for testing coal and gas and making observations of smoke discharges. This equipment is valued at many thousands of dollars.

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THOUSANDS DEAD UNDER WRECKAGE OF ITALIAN TOWNS

Details Increase the Horror of the Earthquake. Catastrophe Will Probably Exceed Disaster at Messina in 1908—Thousands of Soldiers Have Been Hurried Into Stricken Territory and Are Engaged in Rescue Work Under the Direction of King Victor—Area of Disturbance Extends for 300 Miles—Train Loads of Injured Reaching Rome.

Rome, January 14.—The toll of dead and injured in the great earthquake that swept over central and southern Italy has not been made up, but advices reaching Rome indicate the ever-growing extent of the disaster.

Towns with thousands of inhabitants have been overthrown, and from some of these come details which show an immense loss of life. Estimates ran tonight from 25,000 to 50,000 dead and injured, and yet there are several sections which undoubtedly felt the earthquake in full measure, from which no estimates can be obtained.

ALABAMA IS ADDED TO "DRY" COLUMN

State-Wide Prohi Bill Passed by Legislature—Prohis Have Votes to Overcome a Possible Veto.

Montgomery, Ala., January 14.—A bill to make Alabama a prohibition state after June 30, 1915, was passed today by both houses of the Alabama legislature, and now goes to Governor O'Neal for consideration. Should he take adverse action on the measure, it was asserted, an attempt would be made to pass it over his veto. Prohibition leaders claimed that the vote today—74 to 27 in the house and 26 to 9 in the senate—indicated that this could be accomplished.

Governor O'Neal's term of office expires Monday next, and he will be succeeded by Charles Henderson, who is said to be an avowed local optionist. When the legislature convened Monday last, prohibition leaders announced they would rush the bill through so that it might receive executive action before Mr. Henderson came into office.

There was a movement in the house today to have the question of state-wide prohibition submitted to a referendum of the electors of the state, but A. H. Carmichael, speaker of the house and a prohibition leader, announced he would oppose such an attempt, saying: "If this bill were submitted to the people the interests would be debauch and corrupt the voters of the state. One thing is more important to the people now than the passage now of a prohibition bill, and that is the passage of a law changing our present election methods."

In discussing the breach that has been created between the legislature and the incoming governor, Mr. Carmichael declared war on Henderson when he said: "We will punish him for his little indiscretion by showing him just how good an administration we can give to the state."

TURNED BANDIT TO GET INCRIMINATING PAPERS

Such is Alleged Confession of Waynesboro Banker to Sheriff.

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Weather Prophecy

Table with columns for STATIONS, WEATHER, Temperature, and Rain. Includes local report for Georgia-Fair Friday and Saturday, and reports from various stations like Atlanta, Birmingham, Boston, Buffalo, etc.

to the needs of the injured, while troops are being sent to the ruined or damaged towns to guard against vandals.

SOME OF THE TOWNS DESTROYED BY QUAKE.

Among the towns which are said to have been virtually destroyed are Avezzano, Sora, Capelle, Magliano, Marsa, Massadabe, Collaramele, Gerchio, Celano, Lelli, Paterno, San Felino, Giosamari, Scurocola, Capistrello, Antrosano and Castronome, while Percina, Ortomarsi, Sametino, San Benedetto, Ortucho, Cocullo, Bisegna, Balsorano, Canistro, Civitelladante, Castella-

fiumi, Pagliola and Soro are badly damaged. From many other places come reports of slighter damage and minor casualties. The full extent of the property loss has not yet been determined. Here in Rome priceless statues, century-old buildings and structures that for years have been the mecca of all visitors, have been destroyed or injured. Through the loss of life, and possibly the damage, may be less than it was in 1908, the area of disturbance greatly exceeds the Messina earthquake. It covers the whole central portion of Italy, extending from Naples, on the south, to France, on the north. The earthquake belt is estimated to be about 300 miles long, extending practically from one side of Italy to the other. In Abruzzi, Latium and Campania the quake reached its highest degree, described by scientists as "catastrophic," and in other places it varied between the seventh and the tenth degrees.

RELIEF MEASURES PROMPTLY TAKEN. Relief committees are being organized in each locality that has been stricken to work under the direction and in co-operation with the central

committee in Rome, which is under the supervision of Premier Salandra. Soldiers have been rushed to the scene, and by night will have established tent colonies in which the homeless thousands may find temporary shelter. Lines of communication, especially railroad tracks and telephone and telegraph wires, have been interrupted seriously. The efforts of the quake belt, and the transportation of supplies furnished by the government and private sources is going forward by automobiles and wagons.

The forces at work relieving distress face scenes of greatest tragedy. Families have been separated, fathers have returned to their shattered homes to find their children and wives dead or missing. Children are fatherless and wives have become widows. In every stricken section temporary hospitals have been established and to these have gone nurses and doctors to care for the injured. The list includes the Duchess of Aosta, who has gone to Monteroduni as a nurse.

DAMAGE AT NAPLES ONLY SLIGHT. Naples felt the shock severely, but suffered only slight damage. Sulmona and Aquila, in the province of Abruzzi, and other towns in that region report much damage and some loss of life. No one was killed in Rome, but there is considerable material damage. Several historical structures were damaged, but it is hoped not irretrievably. About 100 persons were killed in towns near Rome, according to reports from Director Friedlander, of the international volcanological institute at Naples, says the origin of the earthquake is geological and not volcanic, with its epicenter in the valley of the Garigliano river. Registration of the earthquake at the observatory lasted for forty seconds and was so violent that the needles broke.

Mount Vesuvius, according to the observers in that district, has shown no signs of unusual activity. The center of the disturbance appears now to have been extinct volcano of Pucino, in the province of Aquila. Medical men are beginning to talk of the possibility of epidemics among refugees. A large number of people fled from the stricken area and will have to spend some time without adequate shelter. Doubtless, many will suffer from exposure and lack of food.

At Sora, a woman who unaccountably became insane. At Popoli a young husband, returning from the fields, rushed to his home and found a heap of ruins. He tore away the fallen masonry and found his wife lying dead with her head on a pile of stones. An old grandfather, the sole survivor of his family, insisted on forcing his way through the ruins, and died of what once had been his home. Suddenly they collapsed and the old man was buried with the other members of his family.

AVEZZANO CALLED GREAT CEMETERY. "I can best describe Avezzano by calling it an immense cemetery," said a refugee. "From the ruins of the college for young women we heard a frantic appeal for help. The women of our still alive here help us quickly. Soldiers and civilians rushed to the scene, and when I left were taking their best to cut way through the mass of ruins."

At Pescara the cathedral and broken. At Pescara the cathedral belfry and the house of the bishop have entirely disappeared. No trace of Monsignor Bagnoli, the bishop of Pescara, and twenty Carmelite nuns living with him has been found and it is feared that all have perished.

The work of rescue at Avezzano was carried on with much greater vigor than elsewhere. In making lists of workmen who arrived from all sections, but still despairing appeals could be heard from those buried.

One boy was found uninjured inside a stone. Two nuns were rescued from a cellar and an old man was taken from the basement of a house where he had been protected by a wardrobe which had fallen across the wall.

NEW MONEY SHEET EXCEEDS REVENUE. Continued From Page One. assigned by the police board as special officer in the court room, and who acted as moving picture censor. The rank of patrolman at \$90 a month, uniformed, and sent out on a beat.

\$15,000 Given Tech. The \$15,000 given to Tech represents \$10,000 which the city apportions annually to the police department. \$2,000 for crushed stone for the foundation of a new building. In return for the money the city gave, President Matheson has promised to assist the various departments in making tests of material, bacteriological analysis of water and specimens, and perform other work in its laboratory.

Following are some of the items stricken from the departmental demands: Street flushers, \$2,080; flushing machines, \$6,000; mule shoes, \$300; 10,000 emergency street repair fund; \$1,427 representing salaries of two foresters in park department.

The committee gave Warden Thomas Evans \$22,750 for charity work during the year, an increase of \$5,000 over the amount he received last year. Also a \$500 automobile to use in making inspections of the prison. Additional Landford Mayor Woodward declared before the committee while the warden's appropriation was being discussed, that he regarded Warden Evans as the most capable man in the city with the city government, and offered no objection to the increase.

The Holmes institute was given \$300 instead of \$500. In going over the street improvement plans for the year, the committee decided not to appropriate \$100,000 in a lump sum for emergency repairs as has been the practice of future committees, and instead made the streets orphans. The \$200,000 will be made available in the various wards to get an equal proportion of the money, and prevent one ward or any one section of the city getting all or most of the fund.

Action Is Deferred. No action was taken by the committee in the matter of providing for the prison department, action being deferred until a committee makes an investigation of the status of the campaign between Tom Lanford and Josh Tye for the place of superintendent.

The committee was urged to abolish the place of assistant superintendent, which pays \$22.50 a week. This place is now held by Tye. Members of the committee, however, had been informed that Superintendent Lanford had said that the place should be abolished for in the prison budget, and when the committee moved to eliminate the job, Alderman McDonald made the statement that he had no objection, but he did not recommend that Tye's place be one of the jobs slated for the year.

Alderman Ragsdale suggested that the committee take no action. He said further that in view of what was said and hinted about it looked to him as though Lanford and Tye had entered into a "frame-up," and he believed that Tye's job was allowed to remain in the sheet by Lanford to keep down opposition.

Alderman Ragsdale told the committee that he would confer with Lanford early Friday morning, and would report to the committee when work is resumed at 9 o'clock.

Cemetery Budget Passes. Before adjourning the committee took up the cemetery commission budget and passed it up without changes, thus giving Superintendent

THE RUINS OF GRAVEYARD

Situation at Avezzano So Described—Nearly All the Residents of the Town Either Killed or Injured.

Avezzano, January 14.—(Via Rome.) Avezzano is filled with dead, wounded and wrecked houses. It is like the ruins of a city.

Those who escaped the destruction caused by the earthquake went heroically to work to rescue those penned under the fallen walls.

Nearly all the civic officials of Avezzano and parish priests, monks and nuns perished. The college, with more than a hundred girl students, collapsed. The governor of prisons, jailers and doctors and patients in the hospitals were carried down in the wreckage.

The only notable person who survived was the head of the police, Signor Ottavi, who, though wounded, has labored since the first overthrow to succor the injured.

Desperate Ordes for Help. Desperate appeals for help are heard on all sides from under the wrecked buildings, but the efforts of Ottavi and the few hundred survivors have availed but little, for they lacked implements with which to effect a general rescue. But about fifty persons, all of them wounded, were taken out with great difficulty. They lay without shelter and without their wounds being dressed, owing to lack of medical supplies.

Later doctors arrived and operated on some of the injured by the light of blazing torches. They then were removed to the station, where they were nursed as comfortable as possible in trucks.

Assistance came at last from Aroli and Aquila and large rescuing parties arrived from Rome and Pescara. Thirty thousand soldiers have been distributed throughout the earthquake district and already large quantities of provisions and clothing, together with wood for the construction of huts, have arrived.

A tour of the towns and villages around Lake Fucino disclosed vast destruction. Magliano, in the territory of the Marsi, seems to have been ripped open. Its historic belfry, which rose about 300 feet, collapsed. In the church below all the chapels were ruined except that of the Savior, where an immense crucifix is standing intact. Everything about is scattered and broken.

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\$15,000 Given Tech. The \$15,000 given to Tech represents \$10,000 which the city apportions annually to the police department. \$2,000 for crushed stone for the foundation of a new building. In return for the money the city gave, President Matheson has promised to assist the various departments in making tests of material, bacteriological analysis of water and specimens, and perform other work in its laboratory.

Following are some of the items stricken from the departmental demands: Street flushers, \$2,080; flushing machines, \$6,000; mule shoes, \$300; 10,000 emergency street repair fund; \$1,427 representing salaries of two foresters in park department.

The committee gave Warden Thomas Evans \$22,750 for charity work during the year, an increase of \$5,000 over the amount he received last year. Also a \$500 automobile to use in making inspections of the prison. Additional Landford Mayor Woodward declared before the committee while the warden's appropriation was being discussed, that he regarded Warden Evans as the most capable man in the city with the city government, and offered no objection to the increase.

The Holmes institute was given \$300 instead of \$500. In going over the street improvement plans for the year, the committee decided not to appropriate \$100,000 in a lump sum for emergency repairs as has been the practice of future committees, and instead made the streets orphans. The \$200,000 will be made available in the various wards to get an equal proportion of the money, and prevent one ward or any one section of the city getting all or most of the fund.

Action Is Deferred. No action was taken by the committee in the matter of providing for the prison department, action being deferred until a committee makes an investigation of the status of the campaign between Tom Lanford and Josh Tye for the place of superintendent.

The committee was urged to abolish the place of assistant superintendent, which pays \$22.50 a week. This place is now held by Tye. Members of the committee, however, had been informed that Superintendent Lanford had said that the place should be abolished for in the prison budget, and when the committee moved to eliminate the job, Alderman McDonald made the statement that he had no objection, but he did not recommend that Tye's place be one of the jobs slated for the year.

Alderman Ragsdale suggested that the committee take no action. He said further that in view of what was said and hinted about it looked to him as though Lanford and Tye had entered into a "frame-up," and he believed that Tye's job was allowed to remain in the sheet by Lanford to keep down opposition.

Alderman Ragsdale told the committee that he would confer with Lanford early Friday morning, and would report to the committee when work is resumed at 9 o'clock.

Cemetery Budget Passes. Before adjourning the committee took up the cemetery commission budget and passed it up without changes, thus giving Superintendent

MANN MAKES THRUST AT PRESIDENT WILSON

Washington, January 14.—President Wilson's Indianapolis speech drew fire from republican ranks in the house today. Representative Humphrey, of Washington, launched an attack on the democratic policies generally. The tariff law, he contended, had thrown 4,000,000 people out of work, and he declared that business depression was no "state of mind."

Republican Leader Mann also attacked the Indianapolis speech, and called attention to President Wilson's statement that he had gotten a clause in the federal trade commission bill which rendered useless the efforts to make a scientific investigation.

"In this house," said Mr. Mann, "if a gentleman rises and says he is going to bring something into a bill without the other side suspecting it he will lose caste with the people and as a honorable man." Mr. Mann, however, said that the president did not have the legislative knowledge to prevent him from making such a statement.

BATTLESHIP KANSAS DAMAGED BY STORM

Newport News, Va., January 14.—The battleship Kansas reached Hampton Roads tonight after a battle with Wednesday's gale off the Virginia coast, and it was said that she had sustained damage to her superstructure which would require from ten to fifteen days to repair.

When she encountered the storm the Kansas was on speed run down the coast from the Philadelphia navy yard, where she had just been overhauled. The wind is said to have attained a velocity of 60 miles an hour, and for seven hours the battleship fought against the waves with big seas constantly breaking over her deck.

HAPPY 70TH BIRTHDAY PASSED BY WOODWARD

Never did a mortal spend a happier birthday than Mayor James G. Woodward Thursday when he passed the seventy mark.

Early in the morning he received a beautiful gold mounted walking cane, a gift from the finance committee, and Walter Taylor, mayor-elect, presented him with a dandy little hammer which conveyed the congratulations of the city officials, councilmen and newspaper reporters.

Every mail brought hundreds of post cards and letters, and telegraph messenger boys gave the city hall the appearance of the New York stock exchange on a busy day, rushing in and out of the mayor's private office.

NAME JOSEPH SHEARER CITY HALL CUSTODIAN

In recognition of splendid service rendered the city in the past, Joseph Shearer was Thursday elected by the building and grounds committee of council to hold down the position of custodian and engineer at city hall. Councilman J. L. McCord, of the second ward, city clerk, chairman of the committee, called the meeting for the purpose of electing the custodian and making plans for improving city hall.

BRITISH AIRMEN DROP BOMBS AT ANTWERP

Amsterdam, January 14.—(Via London.) The Telegram in its issue of today says it has learned that British aviators last Monday dropped bombs on the German positions at Antwerp. The damage inflicted has not been learned.

Only Crooked Thing.

(From The Milwaukee Sentinel.) There is a Crook in the white house. He has been there since before President Lincoln's death. He is Colonel W. H. Crook, the disbursing officer, and there isn't a crooked thing about him except his name.

APPEAL BY RED CROSS FOR ITALIAN VICTIMS

Americans Are Asked to Contribute to Relief Distress Caused by Earthquake.

Washington, January 14.—The American Red Cross tonight issued an appeal for funds to aid those rendered destitute by the earthquake in Italy. The organization announced it would be glad to transmit relief contributions to the Italian Red Cross.

The appeal said: "Press dispatches indicate that another dreadful calamity has visited Italy, occasioned by an earthquake which is reported to have destroyed many thousands of lives and to have devastated a large city. The number rendered homeless by the Messina earthquake in 1908 was upwards of 50,000 and the American public responded in relief by raising, through the American Red Cross, the magnificent sum of approximately one million dollars to assist those stricken people."

"Now, there is another opportunity for the charitable people of the United States, whose population includes many hundreds of thousands of Italians, to help provide relief for those rendered homeless and destitute by this latest catastrophe at Avezzano, Caserta and other places in the earthquake region. The American Red Cross will be glad to forward funds to the Italian Red Cross for those needing aid in the distressed territory."

MORTUARY

(All Funeral Notices Appear on Last Page.) J. M. Ballew, Calhoun.

Calhoun, Ga., January 14.—(Special.) J. M. Ballew, one of Calhoun's oldest and wealthiest citizens, died here last night and will be buried with Masonic honors tomorrow. Mr. Ballew suffered a paralytic stroke about ten days ago and never regained consciousness. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. C. W. Wagner, of Atlanta; Mrs. T. A. Hooper and Mrs. J. A. Neal, of Calhoun.

Mrs. Augusta Casey. Mrs. Augusta Casey, 38 years old, died Thursday morning at a private hospital. The body was taken to the morgue and later carried to the residence, 25 Oak street, Saturday morning. The body will be taken to Meigsview for interment. Mrs. Casey is survived by her husband, C. E. Casey, and a daughter, Miss Ruth Casey.

Mrs. Emily Whitmire. Mrs. Emily Whitmire, aged 86, died at a private hospital Wednesday night. The body was removed to Greenberg & Bond's chapel pending funeral arrangements.

JACKSONVILLE FAVORED FOR THE RIFLE MATCHES

Jacksonville, Fla., January 14.—Adjutant General J. Clifford Foster, of this state, says the national board for promotion of rifle practice, in session at Washington today, recommended that the consolidated national matches for 1915 be held on the Florida coast, at Black Point, near this city, on October 15. This decision was reached after the ranges at Camp Perry, Ohio, and Sparta, Wis., had been considered. These matches will be participated in by teams from the infantry, cavalry and the regular army, navy, marine corps, military and navy academy and from national guards from every state and territory. The matches of the National Rifle Association of America will also be held on the Florida range.

Rural carriers are now required to report forest fires throughout the United States to proper authorities.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic T. A. Groves' The Old Standard Groves' Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. Drives out Malaria, restores Blood, builds up the Whole System.

THREE ARE HURT WHEN BIG TRUCK HITS SIDEWALK

Two women and one man were painfully injured Thursday afternoon by a big motor truck, when it refused to climb the grade at the Whitehall-East Mitchell street crossing, and backed about 100 feet down the East Mitchell grade, running into the sidewalk.

Mrs. F. J. Winne, of 225 Richardson street, was knocked down when the truck ran upon the sidewalk, and received several severe injuries, being bruised about the body. Mrs. G. R. Smith, of the same address, who was with her, was also badly hurt. Arthur Coffey, of 191 Whitehall street, was struck across the shoulder by the truck and badly bruised.

DELIGHTFUL RECITAL GIVEN BY MR. ZERFFI

Under the direction of the Atlanta Conservatory of Music, William A. C. Zerffi, a recent addition to its faculty, gave a most delightful recital in Cabbie hall Thursday night. This was the first appearance of Mr. Zerffi before an Atlanta public. The audience, which was composed largely of the musical circle of Atlanta, was highly enthusiastic over his work.

Mr. Zerffi's voice possesses a sweet quality of tone rarely heard. He sang with an ease that carried him unfettered through the program of the evening. Mr. Zerffi received his musical education in Germany. He has been studying and teaching there for the last nine years.

ASK SHOES AND BOOKS FOR YOUNG CHILDREN

Mrs. Mary Mullinax, of 63 Alamo avenue, and Mrs. A. Smallwood, her next door neighbor, have asked the public to buy shoes for their children that they might escape the bitter cold, and to give them school books, clothing and food. The children are: Mamma, 13; F. T. Sam, 10; Sam, 7; and Chlo, 12, and Lester Smallwood, 14.

Alphas Pure Food Groceries

FAST DELIVERIES. Phones: Main 1061; ATL 464, 438.

TODAY FRIDAY, JAN. 15 Picnic Shoulders FRESHLY SMOKED 13c Pound BACON

ARMOUR'S "SHIELD BRAND" in strips— 21c Pound Pure Pork Sausage SWIFF'S FAMILY STYLE 19c Pound

FINE NORWAY WHITE MACKEREL, 3 for 25c Can "CHUM" 10c SALMON 22c Two cans SHIMP 22c No. 1 can TUNA 21c Two cans FRENCH 25c Can 3c "SUNBEAM" COLUMBIA RIVER RED CHINOOK 29c 2c can GORTON'S FISH BALLS 13c

BEANS

DRY LIMA BEANS, 9c YANKEE BEANS, 9c YELLOW EYE BEANS, 9c RED KIDNEY BEANS, 9c BLACK EYE BEAS, 9c LADY PEAS 13c CATTLEFLOWER, 13c Two Stalks Fresh Crip CELERY 15c FRESH GREEN FLORIDA CABBAGE, lb. 4c

HIG JACY FLORIDA ORANGES, dozen 15c FANCY APPLES, 39c COCOANUTS, 4c & 5c HIG JACY FLORIDA 4c & 8c GRAPE FRUIT 4c & 8c

CAKES

IRISH BAKED VANILLA WAFFERS 2 lbs. 21c Sale of Van Camp's SCUPS VEGETABLE, TOMATO AND CHICKEN Can 6/2c

COFFEE—HIG'S SPECIAL BRAND, lb. 19c EGGS—FRESH, 35c dozen CHEESE—NEW YORK 23c STATE, lb.

FLOUR

WATCH YOUR PAPERS, the WHEAT FLOUR, THE ONLY OF THE U. S. WHEAT AT TOP PRICES. GET SOME FLOUR IN YOUR PANTRY. DON'T LET THE "HOME-AID" FLOUR—2 lb. sacks \$2.10 THE FAMOUS "WHITE CHEST" LANTA BELLERS—24 lb. sack \$1.15

COFFEE

THE SEARCH FOR A GOOD CUP OF COFFEE DISCLOSES THE FACT THAT HIG'S "HOME-AID" FILLS THE BILL. IT'S NOW BEING DEMONSTRATED "FREE WITH YOUR COFFEE" IN THE BEST MILK. YOU'LL LIKE IT. 23c Pound

FREE

DEMONSTRATION "TIP-TOP" BREAD AND OUR "HOME-AID" CHEESEY BUTTER USED. THIS DELICIOUS CREAMERY BUTTER WE SELL AT 25c lb. JUST TRY ON YOUR HOT CUP IN MORNING. THAT'S THE TEST.

ROGERS' 54 STORES Help You to Save YELLOW YAMS Half-Peck 9c Best Irish Potatoes Half-Peck 11c CHEESE The best full Cream Cheese, pound 17 1/2c BETTER BREAD Double Loaf 7c Single Loaf 4c The same size loaf—no advance in price. We help you to save. Table Raisins They are delicious—only, pound 6 1/2c Salmon 2 Cans, 19c Cans contain 1 lb., net weight. Mackerel Large Size, 12c About 1 pound average. MILK 5c can St. Charles free with pound purchase of COFFEE 19c, 25c, 30c, 35c HAMS Dove or Swift Premium, lb. 17 1/2c ORANGES Dozen, 12c

Cash Gro. Co., 37 S. Broad St. Guaranteed Eggs 22 1/2 Doz 12 Good Eggs to the Doz. Dealers Supplied 3-lb. Can Max. H. Coffee - - 75c 24 lbs. Good Flour - - - 75c 75c Can Syrup - - - 35c Fresh Pork Shoulder, lb. - 10 1/2c Cash Gro. Co., 37 S. Broad St.

YOU'LL FIND IT AT Kambers

Pork Specials Fresh HAMS 8 to 12 lbs. each, Either a whole or a half of a ham, per pound 19c Fresh Pork Shoulders, lb. 17 1/2c Fresh Pork Loin Roast, lb. 21c Fresh Pork Sides, with the ribs, lb. 20c Fresh Fish We Deliver Fish Red Snapper, lb. 13c Trout, lb. 15c Spanish Mackerel, lb. 20c Just in from the coast. Finest quality American Macaroni, lb. pkg. 9c Kamper's Diamond Luncheon Cakes, each 10c

Phone, Ivy 5000 492-498 Peachtree St.

Jones' Cash Store 124 WHITEHALL ST. Bell M. 367. M. 428; Stand. 1175 FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

NICE, Thin-skin ORANGES, dozen 10c CRANBERRIES, 5c Large Baldwin APPLES, peck 35c No. 10 KARD SYRUP 37c No. 10 VELVA SYRUP 44c Georgia Paper Shell PECANS, 6 lbs. for \$1 (The 35c kind.) No. 10 Florida Ribbon CANE 60c (Pure—best yet.) Large, Fancy GRAPEFRUIT 5c Libby's Mammoth Peeled Asparagus (2 1/2 size Tins.) 25c No. 10 Silver Leaf Brand LARD \$1.31 No. 10 SNOWDRIFT 85c Yellow Yam Sweet POTATOES, peck 20c Country Dried APPLES, pound 5c

Our prices have advanced on Flour, but not what they will be next week. Buy NOW. Fresh Pork HAMS 15c Fresh All-Pork SAUSAGE 15c Fresh Georgia SPARERIBS 14c Fresh Pork ROAST 13c First Cut RIB ROAST 14c Chuck ROAST 12c Regular HAMS—smoked in Atlanta 15c Lamb LEGS 16c Pork CHOPS 15c Home Dressed HENS 17c

IF YOUR proposition is to secure a good position or better the one you have Use Constitution Wand Ads It is constantly in the hands of big business, which means that your want ad goes just where it must, if a worthwhile position is your object. Telephone Main 5000; Atlanta 5001

HUGHEY'S MARKET 115 WHITEHALL ST. BALDWIN APPLES, Peck 25c Fresh Table Butter, lb. 25c Country Butter, for cooking, lb. 19c Red Kidney Beans, lb. 6 1/2c Extra Fancy Cauliflower, lb. 10c Fancy Pineapple 10c Sweet Juicy Oranges, doz. 10c 115 WHITEHALL STREET

Allen's Princess COPPER BEARING IRON RANGES

do you want meals cooked better, quicker at less cost, in a more comfortable kitchen? Allen's Princess solves the question of fuel economy, kitchen comfort, time saving, cleanliness and cooking superiority. Everything in every Princess that other ranges have and a lot of patented features others cannot have. Unexcelled in grace of design, materials, workmanship, durability. In no other range can you find triple bottom, double walls, patent water pocket, hot air blast, dish warming closets and pipe behind the warmer. Ask your dealer. Write for booklet. ALLEN MANUFACTURING CO., NASHVILLE, TENN.

TO THE PEOPLE OF GEORGIA--- You have the same opportunity as the people who come in person, to get what you want at this BIG HALF PRICE SALE We received a large number of mail orders yesterday and every one was filled in time to go out in last night's mails. Remember that WE PAY THE PARCEL POST, and remember furthermore that WE GUARANTEE A FIT AND SATISFACTION. The Globe Clothing Co. 89 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA.

Two Heights in the Most Popular Arrow Collar DUDLEY 2 1/2 inches NORMAN 2 1/2 inches 2 for 25c. Crest, Peabody & Co., Inc. Makers

Allen's Princess COPPER BEARING IRON RANGES

do you want meals cooked better, quicker at less cost, in a more comfortable kitchen? Allen's Princess solves the question of fuel economy, kitchen comfort, time saving, cleanliness and cooking superiority. Everything in every Princess that other ranges have and a lot of patented features others cannot have. Unexcelled in grace of design, materials, workmanship, durability. In no other range can you find triple bottom, double walls, patent water pocket, hot air blast, dish warming closets and pipe behind the warmer. Ask your dealer. Write for booklet. ALLEN MANUFACTURING CO., NASHVILLE, TENN.

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WEST VIRGINIA TO BAR ALL LIQUOR SOLICITORS

Charleston, W. Va., January 14.—Fred O. Blue, commissioner of prohibition, said today that the decision of the United States circuit court at Richmond, Va., yesterday, would immediately put an end to the solicitation of orders for intoxicating liquors to West Virginia customers and would be of great value in enforcing prohibition laws.

KIDNEY TROUBLE CAUSES INTENSE SUFFERING

Sixteen years ago I was taken sick with kidney trouble and suffered terribly for three months. I did not work during this time and was mostly confined to the bed. After using other remedies I finally tried a bottle of Swamp-Root. I immediately began to feel better, and after using seven fifty-cent bottles, was entirely cured and have had no kidney trouble since. I can truly say that I owe my good health to Swamp-Root. You may publish this letter for the benefit of other people afflicted as I was with the hope of bringing to their attention this most wonderful remedy.

Yours very truly, HATTIE A. QIMBY, 36 Spruce St., Waterville, Maine. State of Maine, Kennebec County, ss. Personally appeared the above named Hattie A. Qimby, who subscribed above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact. ANNA M. DRUMMOND, authorized to administer oaths, etc.

Letter to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You. Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample 812a bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information telling about the kidney, bladder and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention The Atlanta Daily Constitution. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.



BRYAN ATTACKED AS A MERE TOOL

Witnesses at Sullivan Probe Allege Secretary Named U. S. Agents in Domingo at Behest of Certain Interests.

New York, January 14.—Assertions that changes made by the present Washington administration in the personnel of this government's officials in the Dominican republic were due to the influence of interests seeking to exploit that country's finances were made today at the inquiry conducted by Senate-elect Phelan, of California, to determine whether James M. Sullivan, the American minister, is fit to hold his post.

Secretary of State Bryan was accused of lending ear in appointing Sullivan to the Samuel M. Jarvis coterie of New York financiers who controlled the Banco Nacional at Santo Domingo. This institution was alleged to have been an institution without standing on the island, and which sought to obtain the deposit of customs duties, whose collection is administered by the United States, and other government funds. William E. Pulliam, receiver general of the customs at Santo Domingo during the Taft administration, testified that F. J. B. Mitchell, president of the Banco Nacional, had published in a Dominican newspaper that W. T. S. Doyle, head of the department of Latin-American affairs in the state department, had been removed on complaint of Mitchell and that Mitchell subsequently had said to him: "I told you so. There'll be several other changes and they'll extend to Santo Domingo."

In June, 1913, Mitchell came to him again, he said, and told him that Russell, American minister under Taft, was not returning. "He told me," the witness testified, "that if I were a good guesser, he'd

Never Before Were Men's Clothes of such high character offered you men of Atlanta at such low prices.

Adler's Collegian Clothes Are fully guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. \$15.00 Suits and Overcoats, now \$11.25. \$18.00 Suits and Overcoats, now \$13.50. \$20.00 Suits and Overcoats, now \$14.75. \$22.50 Suits and Overcoats, now \$16.75. \$25.00 Suits and Overcoats, now \$18.75.

Blackstock, Hale & Morgan Distinctive Clothiers and Furnishers 16 MARIETTA ST.

2 DIAMONDS WORN BY SHEBA'S QUEEN IN SMUGGLING CASE

New York, January 14.—Treasury officials today seized from A. Anpikadjian, a resident of Constantinople, two egg-shaped diamonds of more than 18 carats each which they said he had failed to declare to customs officials when he arrived here October 19. Anpikadjian declared the diamonds were artistic antiques from his country, which he had shown them to the customs officers and they had passed them.

Anpikadjian said he had purchased the diamonds in the jewelry market at Constantinople from an Egyptian prince, who declared they had been in her family for centuries and had been worn at one time by the Queen of Sheba. The diamonds were attached to two emeralds about 1 inch square, he said, forming a large pair of earrings. The emeralds were purchased by an Egyptian dealer. Collector Malone received information some time ago that several wealthy dealers in precious stones had come to this country since the beginning of the war. Officers were detailed to investigate all foreign dealers who had arrived in this country since the beginning of the war. Officers were detailed to investigate all foreign dealers who had arrived in this country since the beginning of the war.

river Alsne has carried away several of the regular bridges. As a result of the temporary foot bridges which we threw across the river. The lines of communications for our troops were consequently cut. Under these conditions we established ourselves on the south bank of the river in the region between Croisepied and the bridge heads on the north bank in our possession. "Along the remainder of the front on the river there was yesterday nothing more than artillery exchanges. Champagne, the region of Perthes, continued to be the scene of local engagements for the possession of German trenches on the second and third lines of defense. To the north of Beauséjour we blew up some of the enemy's positions to make impossible his retreat. The Germans, believing they were being attacked, manned their trenches. They then opened violent artillery and infantry fire on these positions. "There is nothing to report on the rest of the front."

FRENCH TRENCHES TAKEN BY GERMANS. Berlin, January 14.—(By wireless to London.)—Emperor William was present in person at the scene when the Germans on the Vregny plain, northeast of Soissons, which resulted yesterday in that elevated ground which is described in the German official statement today as a "brilliant feat for our troops." The German official statement claimed to have captured fourteen French officers and 1,150 men. "The text of the communication reads: "In the western theater of the war in the dunes near Neuport and southwest of Ypres, artillery combats are in progress. The enemy directed an extremely strong fire on Westende, which they soon will have entirely destroyed. Their torpedo boats disappeared quickly, as soon as they received our fire. "In continuation of their activities on January 8, northeast of Soissons, our troops again made an attack on the heights of Vregny and cleared this elevated plain of the enemy. In a powerful attack the enemy was driven back after trench was taken by storm until after dark, and the enemy was driven back to the border of the elevated plain. Fourteen French officers and 1,150 men were taken prisoners, and in cannon, machine guns and searchlight were captured—a brilliant feat for our troops under the command of our war lords. "The French attacked again yesterday in the morning and afternoon with strong forces on the eastern bank of the river. They were repulsed by energetic counter-attacks on the part of our troops, with heavy losses into their own positions, leaving 160 prisoners in our hands. "In the eastern theater of war Russian attacks to the southeast of the Prussian (East Prussia) and to the east of Loetzen have been repulsed, and many hundreds of prisoners have been taken. "The situation in Northern Poland is the same. "Our attacks west of the Vistula are being continued. Nothing of importance has occurred on the eastern bank of the Pilica."

PROGRESS CLAIMED BY THE RUSSIANS. Petrograd, January 14.—The following official statement was issued from general headquarters tonight: "Yesterday we made progress on the right bank of the lower Vistula, our troops changing positions in a manner favorable to them. Back of the army operating in this region was repulsed, leaving Erpetyz in the possession of our vanguard. "On the other front nothing has occurred other than skirmishes and artillery duels. Our reconnoitering parties have been active. "On the left bank of the Vistula isolated German attacks were easily repelled by our troops. "On various portions of our Austrian front the enemy tried to cannonade our position with heavy guns, but the shelling of our batteries soon silenced the Austrian artillery. "It is stated here that important bodies of Russian troops have pushed northward from Warsaw in the movement toward the western end of the German Prussian front. They have recaptured several villages between Miawa and Przasnysz hitherto held by the Germans. "In the center, at the junction of the Bzura and Rawka rivers, where fighting has continued for more than a month, the Germans have begun a new vigorous movement. Their activity centers along a line east of Sochaczew and Skierki. There they have made four distinct efforts to advance during the last two days. After a furious artillery action the Germans occupied the district northeast of Boliow, including Bin Skupl and Sucha. Those positions are three or four miles east of the Bzura, whence they were reported officially to have been driven but at the bayonet point. "Russian newspapers print statements based on what they say is information from German sources to the effect that the German staff is preparing public opinion for the withdrawal of German troops from the Warsaw district."

\$3,000 HAUL IS MADE BY JEWELRY THIEF

Continued From Page One. next room. She heard a noise in the adjoining room, in which no one was sleeping. Anderson obtained her pistol, and fearlessly walked into the room, where she cornered the thief. For several minutes she deduced around the room, seeking an avenue of escape. Finally, he got a chance to dive through the window. As Mrs. Anderson saw him darting through the window, she opened fire, and believes that she hit her mark, as the porch-climber gave a shrill cry. "Burglars grew so bold during the night that they even broke two locks off the door of the garage of F. Chappell, 145 Marietta street, and stole a five-passenger Buick automobile, and a quantity of accessories. "Store Burglary Blocked. "Three young white boys were detected last night by Police Constables Douglas and R. M. Lasseret in the act of burglarizing the Magnolia Pharmacy, corner Decatur and Columbia streets. "Two of the gang escaped, but the third alleged intruder was captured, with several bottles of cocaine and about \$60 worth of jewelry on his person. "He gave his name as police barracks as Charles Tarbusa White, aged 18, of Piedmont, N. C. "Policemen E. B. Haslett and W. D. Cant captured a gas meter thief at 40 Capitol avenue, the residence of R. S. Williams. Mr. Williams heard a noise underneath his house and called the police. The thief was a negro boy, 15 years old. He gave his name as John Roubert and admitted that he had been forced to steal something to keep his mother from starving to death."

TWO ESCAPED CONVICTS CAPTURED BY FARMER

Richmond, Va., January 14.—Harry Hamilton, forger, and E. N. Hanley, highway robber, who with Siler Adkins and Allen Burton, murderers, escaped from the Virginia penitentiary here Monday night, were made prisoners this morning at Corning Mill, Caroline county, 30 miles north of Richmond, by J. A. Sanford, a farmer, armed with a shot gun. When he asked Sanford for food and a bed, he recognized them from newspaper pictures, fed them, got the "drop" on them and stood guard all night while they slept the sleep of exhaustion. Warden Wood was summoned and he returned here at noon with the unresisting prisoners. Adkins and Burton having been captured Tuesday afternoon near Sabot island station by railroad men and returned to the penitentiary, this ends the tale of the daring break, except that each of the convicts will receive five years added to his sentence for misbehavior. The farmer got \$100 cash for his exploit.

HAPSBURGS SEND MONEY TO THE SWISS BANKS

Geneva, January 14.—(Via Paris.)—Swiss banks are receiving large sums from members of the Hapsburg family, members of the monarchy, and Vienna financiers as deposits, and also large orders to buy American securities. An Austrian archduke recently sold for cash a large estate in the Tyrol at virtually half its value.

GERMANS CAPTURE FRENCH TRENCHES

Continued From Page One. river Alsne has carried away several of the regular bridges. As a result of the temporary foot bridges which we threw across the river. The lines of communications for our troops were consequently cut. Under these conditions we established ourselves on the south bank of the river in the region between Croisepied and the bridge heads on the north bank in our possession. "Along the remainder of the front on the river there was yesterday nothing more than artillery exchanges. Champagne, the region of Perthes, continued to be the scene of local engagements for the possession of German trenches on the second and third lines of defense. To the north of Beauséjour we blew up some of the enemy's positions to make impossible his retreat. The Germans, believing they were being attacked, manned their trenches. They then opened violent artillery and infantry fire on these positions. "There is nothing to report on the rest of the front."

FRENCH TRENCHES TAKEN BY GERMANS. Berlin, January 14.—(By wireless to London.)—Emperor William was present in person at the scene when the Germans on the Vregny plain, northeast of Soissons, which resulted yesterday in that elevated ground which is described in the German official statement today as a "brilliant feat for our troops." The German official statement claimed to have captured fourteen French officers and 1,150 men. "The text of the communication reads: "In the western theater of the war in the dunes near Neuport and southwest of Ypres, artillery combats are in progress. The enemy directed an extremely strong fire on Westende, which they soon will have entirely destroyed. Their torpedo boats disappeared quickly, as soon as they received our fire. "In continuation of their activities on January 8, northeast of Soissons, our troops again made an attack on the heights of Vregny and cleared this elevated plain of the enemy. In a powerful attack the enemy was driven back after trench was taken by storm until after dark, and the enemy was driven back to the border of the elevated plain. Fourteen French officers and 1,150 men were taken prisoners, and in cannon, machine guns and searchlight were captured—a brilliant feat for our troops under the command of our war lords. "The French attacked again yesterday in the morning and afternoon with strong forces on the eastern bank of the river. They were repulsed by energetic counter-attacks on the part of our troops, with heavy losses into their own positions, leaving 160 prisoners in our hands. "In the eastern theater of war Russian attacks to the southeast of the Prussian (East Prussia) and to the east of Loetzen have been repulsed, and many hundreds of prisoners have been taken. "The situation in Northern Poland is the same. "Our attacks west of the Vistula are being continued. Nothing of importance has occurred on the eastern bank of the Pilica."

PROGRESS CLAIMED BY THE RUSSIANS. Petrograd, January 14.—The following official statement was issued from general headquarters tonight: "Yesterday we made progress on the right bank of the lower Vistula, our troops changing positions in a manner favorable to them. Back of the army operating in this region was repulsed, leaving Erpetyz in the possession of our vanguard. "On the other front nothing has occurred other than skirmishes and artillery duels. Our reconnoitering parties have been active. "On the left bank of the Vistula isolated German attacks were easily repelled by our troops. "On various portions of our Austrian front the enemy tried to cannonade our position with heavy guns, but the shelling of our batteries soon silenced the Austrian artillery. "It is stated here that important bodies of Russian troops have pushed northward from Warsaw in the movement toward the western end of the German Prussian front. They have recaptured several villages between Miawa and Przasnysz hitherto held by the Germans. "In the center, at the junction of the Bzura and Rawka rivers, where fighting has continued for more than a month, the Germans have begun a new vigorous movement. Their activity centers along a line east of Sochaczew and Skierki. There they have made four distinct efforts to advance during the last two days. After a furious artillery action the Germans occupied the district northeast of Boliow, including Bin Skupl and Sucha. Those positions are three or four miles east of the Bzura, whence they were reported officially to have been driven but at the bayonet point. "Russian newspapers print statements based on what they say is information from German sources to the effect that the German staff is preparing public opinion for the withdrawal of German troops from the Warsaw district."

GREAT CROWD THRILLED BY TILLMAN'S SINGING

When C. M. Dunaway, now conducting a revival meeting at the Old Tabernacle, suddenly called upon Charles Tillman to sing "The Ninty-and-Nine," after he had concluded his address by describing how he had been converted from skepticism to Christianity. Mr. Tillman sang the song in Texas, so great an impression was made Thursday evening upon those present that numbers of them gathered around the altar in response to the call of the Rev. Dunaway. The Rev. Dunaway spoke last evening on the prevalence of infidelity in the world. The larger part of this he attributed to the conditions in the modern home.

WHEN YOUR EYES

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HOUSTON OPTIMISTIC ABOUT AGRICULTURE

Secretary Strongly Urges Rural Credits Legislation—Future Bright for Farmers.

Topeka, Kan., January 14.—Secretary Houston, of the department of agriculture, took an optimistic view of the future of American agriculture in an address here today before the state board of agriculture, in which he strongly urged early enactment of rural credits legislation. "More helpful agencies are operating on rural life today," declared Secretary Houston, "than ever before in the history of the nation. The American farmer need not fear the competition of the world. He will inevitably control the home market, except for things which cannot be produced here, and will be called upon increasingly to supply the demands of foreign nations."

Rural Credits Legislation. Declaring that he strongly favored both federal and rural credits legislation, Secretary Houston said: "I favor a federal rural mortgage banking system for long time loans on the amortization principle operating through private funds, and I favor legislation, especially by the states, and if possible also by the federal government, stimulating and encouraging personal co-operative credit unions. "I do not favor intervention by the federal government or the state to the extent of voting money out of the treasury or of subsidizing the credit of state or federal government to support either system, which would mean, in effect, to take money contributed by the people to lend to a particular class of the people. This nation runs counter to our fundamental governmental principles. Such aid or subsidy is neither necessary nor desirable."

Pointing out that there had been too much misconception of the meaning of rural credits and of results abroad, Secretary Houston said that many misinformed persons believed it was proposed to take money from the federal government, stimulate and encourage personal co-operative credit unions. He characterized as fallacious the notion in the minds of many that rural credits is synonymous with government financial aid. He added that there was no foundation for the assumption that co-operation abroad results in credit extended upon character alone and at rates far below that prevailing in financial circles.

Loans on Farm Mortgage. Secretary Houston said that notwithstanding the wide prevalence of special rural financial establishments abroad, the great mass of farm loans were made by private institutions, adding that in this country no matter what federal or state rural credits legislation was had, much of the lending on farm securities would be done by private establishments. The department had ascertained after investigation, he said, that the business of farm mortgages in the United States by banking institutions and state and private funds and that insurance companies had invested \$600,000,000 in farm mortgage loans. "More would be invested and at more favorable rates," he continued, "if reliable machinery were devised for inspecting and offering rural securities, and the engagement of the government, client governmental supervision, and especially if long time loans on the amortization principle were possible; hence the necessity for legislation both in the field of land mortgage banking and of local co-operative credit unions just as soon as the federal government and the states can determine the wise course of action."

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525 Pairs of \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2 Gloves, 69c Consider a moment the quality of gloves that, selling at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00 a pair, have made ours the store of best kid gloves. These are the gloves that are marked 69c. And there are 525 pairs of them! It's a time to buy gloves for a year to come.

One and two-clasp gloves in tan, brown, navy, green, slate, red, cream and white; no blacks. All sizes; perhaps not of every style; from 5½ to 7¼. Why such a sale? It's our time to clear away, and these are a bit mussed (not to hurt), or else are numbers we will not reorder. 145 Pairs Misses' \$1.00 Gloves Are 39c Sizes 4¾ to 6½, in tan, brown and white, somewhat soiled, and so they go. The selling starts upon the opening of the store at 8:30.

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THE CONSTITUTION

Established 1868. THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

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STILL "FROM MISSOURI"

Discussing yesterday the proposed extension of Atlanta's school hours so that, with a recess of one and a half hours, they would range from 8:30 a. m. to 4 p. m., The Constitution disapproved the general principle, but withheld final condemnation pending receipt of more complete information.

We now have that information in the shape of a communication, published on this page, from President R. J. Guinn, of the board of education.

The Constitution has read the statement thoroughly and with thoughtful analysis, and is still "from Missouri" as to the suggested change. If these are the final reasons and justification for the change, we shall remain "from Missouri."

To President Guinn's sincerity, his zeal and his unselfish devotion to the schools we pay tribute. But the one effect of his argument, so far as The Constitution and, we believe, the overwhelming majority of parents in Atlanta are concerned, will be to confirm the opposing principles set forth in our editorial of yesterday before reviewing his detailed statement.

We are not intolerantly closed to conviction on the subject. With Mr. Guinn, we believe there should be full investigation, not only of this proposed change, but of every detail that touches the plan for the manufacture of efficient Atlantans of tomorrow. But it will require infinitely stronger arguments than have yet been advanced to convince The Constitution, and public sentiment in Atlanta, that this revolutionary change is desirable.

The statement that most appeals to us in Mr. Guinn's communication is that in which he says: "It should be stated that these remarks (as to the change) were my personal views and not the views of the board of education. . . . There is not now even before the board of education a proposition to effect this change. It will probably not be definitely considered and finally passed upon before a year or two yet."

The board, then, does not stand sponsor for the change, and will not formally pass upon it for "a year or two." If no sounder reasons are adduced for the change than those yet offered the board will never pass favorably upon the proposition.

WILL WAR'S TIDE TURN?

Rumors that Italy and Rumania will enter the European war on the side of the allies continue with significant persistence. The same phenomena was visible before Turkey formally took a hand in the hostilities, so it is fair to assume that these whippers in the air, so to speak, are forerunners of the event itself.

If these two powers do make an entrance into the great war, it may be that we shall see the scale turn decisively, and, at that, within a comparatively short time. Conservative estimates are to the effect that the combined and well-trained military forces of Italy and Rumania total from 900,000 to 1,000,000 troops. The throwing of this fresh material into the theater of conflict would, under any conditions, exert a perceptible influence. But when we remember that Italy and Rumania are militaristic countries, that have long been on a war footing, and that their soldiery is well trained, their possible participation takes on fresh importance.

Lord Kitchener has been saying that in the spring he would throw a million drilled and seasoned troops over into the continent. But even these accessions would not have the weight of armies from Italy and Rumania, for the simple reason that these two latter powers would employ professional soldiers, while those from England have been newly recruited and, therefore, factors more or less conjectural.

The ability of Germany and Austria to meet these new enemies is problematical. Austria has thus far not given a good account of herself, the brunt of conflict fall-

ing on Germany. Made up of heterogeneous elements, racial and political, Austria's army is not a cohesive fighting unit. There has even been substantial talk of widespread mutiny and of the refusal of Austrians to be conscripted even at the point of the bayonet.

From the very first it has been generally predicted that Germany must eventually lose by sheer weight of the odds against her. Whether the entrance of Italy and Rumania, if they do enter, is to hasten the end, remains to be seen.

PROSPERITY SIGNALS.

The commercial agencies of Dun and Bradstreet are unemotional and judicial. They do not play favorites. They do not lend their solid reputations for accuracy to mere boosting. That is why sentences in both weekly reports, published in a recent issue of The Constitution and relating to the south, carry unusual weight.

Here is the conservative utterance of the Dun agency:

"Several developments, highly significant of the improving tendencies in business, have attended the opening of the New Year. The advance in cotton gives promise, in spite of the speculative fluctuation, of ultimate relief to the south; and the sales of futures are distributing over a series of months, by the natural processes of the exchanges, the burden of carrying the great crop under war conditions. Over 1,000,000 bales of cotton have been exported in the last four weeks, and it is announced that large lines of German credit have been placed in New York banks in order to finance cotton shipments to Germany, which also materially aids the situation."

What Bradstreet says, as follows, is of even greater importance, from another angle:

"Sentiment in the south is mending. FARM PREPARATIONS SUGGEST LESS COTTON, BUT MORE FOOD CROPS, AND JOBBERS HAVE STARTED DRUMMERS ON THE ROAD FOR TRADE."

These two agencies understate, rather than overstate, the situation; when, therefore, the Dun agency reports a rapidly increasing foreign market for foreign cotton, and the Bradstreet agency, pronouncing that conditions are "mending," takes cognizance of the cotton reduction movement, the sum total is distinctly encouraging. It takes a decided gathering of momentum to induce recognition of any section-wide movement from one of the commercial agencies. We may, therefore, justifiably conclude that the reduction propaganda has taken deep hold on southern policy, and with it, the turning to food crops.

These prophecies, at close range, assure an early return of prosperity to the south, which is now about out of the tall timbers, thank you!

HOW TRAGEDY FALLS.

If a year ago, news had come from Italy that 12,000 persons had lost their lives and 20,000 injured in an earthquake, the whole world would stand aghast.

Today the story, which is probably exaggerated in its statistics, will be a three or four-days' wonder, and then be forgotten. It will make little impression on the memory.

The explanation is simple. Civilization's imagination and its susceptibility to emotion have been semi-paralyzed by the European war. We read of men slain by the fifty thousands in a drawn-out battle, and hardly blanch. Wholesale butchery has made smaller horrors commonplace.

HECKLING THE PRESIDENT.

The house of representatives the other day devoted a good deal of its own and the country's time to a discussion of its right to "heckle" President Wilson, in his formal appearances before the joint sessions of the house and senate. "Heckling," as it is practiced in England and some of the other European parliamentary bodies, has its use. Members of the opposition freely quiz the premier and his cabinet as to issues and the state of public affairs, with the result that the public is enlightened and sometimes vicious legislation thwarted.

Under our parliamentary system the gentle art of "heckling" the nation's leader would nearer approximate battling him. The opposition, as it now stands, has plenty of opportunity to griddle the dominant party through its floor leaders. If it be thought wise to extend this practice let members of the cabinet sit on the floor, as they do in England, and be subject to questions with right to debate, but not to vote.

But anyone who has witnessed the tempestuous and sometimes petty scenes in the American congress during a storm of "heckling" will hardly wish to subject the president of the nation, of whatever political faith, to such an undignified and unprofitable ordeal. Much of the tilting now between rival partisans on the floor is solely for purposes of political capital, and to manufacture a little cheap ridicule at the expense of the enemy. The spectacle of the president of the nation being under fire with these motives back of the catechizing will not appeal strongly to the American people. In house or senate there is certain to be some one or more obstreperous or boorish members who would seize the opportunity to indulge in satire and billingsgate rather than legitimate questioning.

We assume that if Mr. Wilson wants to submit to the process he will make his wishes manifest. But to our ideas there are plenty of methods for enlightening the public and embarrassing the administration, if that end be sought, without embarrassing personally the president of the whole country.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

When Joy Made Music. I. Sent wild Trouble down the road, With his heavy pack, But, on my road to Joy's abode, I met him coming back. Said he: "We have been friends so long, Let me but sing one farewell song!"

II. And then I glimpsed the face of Joy, With all its old-time charm; He walked the pathway to my door— His fiddle "neath his arm. Said I to Trouble: "Have your way, And you shall sing, and Joy shall play."

III. Then Trouble, with a solemn face, Sang of lost skies of June, And withered flowers; but merry Joy Reeled off a dancing tune. Our little world with gladness ringing, Joy's music shamed wild Trouble's singing!

His Own Editor, Publisher and Cashier. In an Appreciation of Michael Monahan, editor of that brilliant little magazine of real literature, The Phoenix, Richard Le Gallienne says:

"The fun of being one's own contributor, able to say what one pleases, because one is one's own editor; of being able to edit with the same freedom, because one is one's own publisher; the vicissitudes and surprises of a publication all one's own, including 'that exquisite emotion induced by opening a letter with a check in it,' the excitement of a new subscriber, particularly when that new subscriber happens to be James Whitcomb Riley:

"Here's a dollar from someone in Lockerbie Street, With the name plain as print in a handwriting neat. Yes! 'tis his, sure enough, and a pulse of joy flits Says a 'flowdy' to Riley in Lockerbie Street."

HUMAN NATURE



Spring and Winter. I. Miss Spring send word to Winter: 'Beho' yo' time ter go. I'll put yo' house in order. An' sweep away de snow.'

II. Den Winter call his blizzards— 'Des all dem winds er his. An' tell er: 'In dese settlements I'm all der boss de la'!

Wouldn't Fall for It. This one from the bright humorist of The Newark News:

"Columbus had returned to Spain, bringing news of wonderful new lands across the sea. 'How much shall write on it?' queried the maritime reporter of The Cadiz Evening Bulletin, who had brought in the story. 'Don't write anything,' replied the editor. 'Let Columbus pay for his advertising if he wants any. It's probably a real estate promotion scheme.'"

On a Retired List. He takes it from the starting wall— That new resolve of his. And hides it in the garret— Like the modest soul he is!

As the World Grows Young. "We never refer to it as 'this old world,'" says a veteran philosopher. "Praise the Lord, it's getting younger and younger every day the sun lights up the hills and sets the valleys singing." It's young in heart and hope, and strength for the sunlit, starlit journeys to come, and God keep us young to enjoy it!"

His Own Swift Word. He blew no trumpet, beat no drum, No glad regalia showing; He simply said: "Old boy, I've come," And then he kept a-going. And now for joy—for tears or laughter, The whole world will be racing after.

The Bliss Worth While. This picture, by the Bentztown Bard, has its every-day heart-appeal:

"There is a little child Kissing its mother in a still room, Where the soft shadows flicker, And silence pervades the gloom. Except for their little chatter And the cozy speech Of the twilight moment together. They utter each to each. They await a familiar figure Coming along the street. And arms are ready to clasp him. And lips are ready to greet. And I say that the whole world over, If there were nothing in life but this, It would be worth while ten thousand times To toil for such a bliss."

A Word to Patriots. Of a late long-time office holder of North Carolina The Houston Post says:

"We expect to see the time when appreciative patrons will contribute a penny each to erect a monument to old John Laws, of North Carolina, a democrat who held an office for 23 years without intermission. What a faithful servant in the Lord's vineyard! How nobly he obeyed the divine command, 'Hold fast to that which is good.' It took death to jar him loose."

Spring's Sweetheart. For all the winter's storming The world he raves at knows Miss Springtime in Love's garden And her sweetheart is a rose.

You Pay as You Go. The editor of The Dearborn Democrat remarks that while the School of Experience is not a pay-as-you-enter institution he has noticed that collections are always made somewhere along the line.

Perhaps You've Thought of It? The Sun has words of work to do— To keep his bright stars fair and fine; Somehow he thinks it's up to you To make just one world rise and shine.

The Holland Letter

Governor Hamlin, of the federal reserve board at Washington, made official announcement a day or two ago that negotiations between Great Britain and the United States with intent to perfect some arrangement which would facilitate international trade operations and the payment of American debts have been discontinued. The reason is of the best. There is no longer any need for negotiations of this kind. The official announcement which came from Washington differs only from the intimation which reached this city a few days ago in the fact that that information was private, although authentic, whereas the announcement made by Governor Hamlin is official and reflects the views of the secretary of the treasury, Mr. McAdoo.

Some time, perhaps when the war in Europe is ended, if that be long continued, the marvelous story of the change to strong and normal conditions, from chaos and from absolute deadlock in the financial relations between the United States and the rest of the world will be authoritatively told. It will, when told, constitute as remarkable a story of financing and of high ability, together with the maintenance of courage and hope, as is contained in the history of civilized nations.

When the chancellor of the exchequer of Great Britain, Lloyd George, sent Sir George Paish to the United States, in October, in response to a request made by those in authority at Washington that a semi-official mission of that kind be undertaken, the impression was general that the result of this mission would be the establishment in London of a very large credit in favor of the United States. Sir George knew that all that had been up to that time accomplished in the United States was secured through voluntary action under the leadership of the foremost bankers of the country and with the full moral co-operation of the federal treasury.

In this respect, we differed greatly from Great Britain, where the government itself took a leading and authoritative part. The British government permitted its own guarantee to be given for the payment of an enormous amount of obligations. The government authorized a large and special issue of a certain kind of currency. The government was the leader, although, of course, it found cordial co-operation among the leading bankers of London. The government established a moratorium which gave credit without account to all debts of all kinds of harvest, of mines, of lumber—and it was then shown that all that was necessary was only to convert some portion of this wealth into negotiable instruments in the form of bank notes and government paper in order to secure all the money needed for carrying on the war. This recommendation was accepted and the secretary of the treasury, Governor Chase, from that time on was not embarrassed about means for carrying on the war, although, of course, a great debt was created, most of which was paid within thirty years.

Bankers not only of New York, but of the large eastern financial centers, when discussing the situation as it was in September, obtained reliable information respecting the harvest and the production of the United States. They would come from other nations for American food products, as well as for manufactured commodities. The magnitude of these resources was estimated in dollars. The total sum was found to be colossal. The crops harvest, as estimated, were ten billion dollars. All that was necessary, therefore, was to secure a convenient "mode of living," as they say in diplomacy, until avail could be made of these resources. This "mode of living" was reduced to the proposition that a gold pool of \$100,000,000 be raised by a syndicate in which the United States and the rest of the world were to participate. The response to this proposition was instantaneous, so that it was possible at once to send to the representative of the Bank of England at Ottawa, Canada, millions in gold against which exchange could be drawn which would be sold to American debtors to England.

Palsh Didn't Realize Conditions. This movement was under way when Sir George Paish visited the United States. He did not then fully realize the magnitude of our resources or how they would be made immediately available in the emergency until he returned to the United States. He perceived that those with whom he talked were men of great ability and who were thoroughly fortified with exhaustive information. One of these was Henry P. Davison, now recognized as one of the great constructive forces in American financial and commercial life. Some think he is the leader in that respect, at least in our own financial district. Mr. Davison saw, as early as October, that there was to be a colossal movement of American wealth in the form of commodities to Great Britain and other parts of the world. He perceived that this movement would inevitably become so great as to furnish the means by which, without any further employment of gold or any artificial arrangements between the British treasury and the United States, American indebtedness on current accounts would be liquidated. Mr. Davison was inclined to think that within a few weeks the daily record made by the quotations for foreign exchange would reveal the magnitude of our exports.

When Sir George Paish was recalled to England by his chief, the chancellor of the exchequer, Mr. Davison went with him, probably feeling sure that all that was necessary for him to do was to persuade the English authorities that within a short time our foreign commerce would restore normal conditions—that is, at least, as trade and the method of liquidating trade were concerned. Gradually foreign-exchange quotations told the story, the quotations constantly dropped until at last, a few days ago, they passed below the point which is commonly regarded as the dividing line below which gold imports can be demanded by the United States.

Within three months, this momentous change has taken place. There is no longer any impasse or deadlock. American banking conditions are substantially normal. We are lending money to foreign nations. We have liquidated our indebtedness on current account abroad and apparently we are now, or speedily will be, in position to demand payment in gold of balances due us.

The common opinion in the financial district is that the United States will not insist upon imports of gold. We are more likely to establish great credits in London against which can be drawn the exchange which may be utilized in floating foreign obligations which are accepted by the United States. All indications point to a constant increase in our exports, and we now have abundant opportunity to consider the expansion of our foreign trade in other countries than those now engaged in war, especially in South America. This subject was extensively discussed at the convention of American industry which will be held in St. Louis next week.

HOLLAND. Editor Constitution: Nobody in Atlanta should doubt the willingness of the board of education to deal at all times with all questions for the good of the school children. Your issue of this date states that the board is considering what they call the Extension System, which, I feel, will need most careful consideration before adoption. For the sake of one hour more work at the school a day the children are to be required to make the double trip, which, in some instances, means double carfare, and in every other case (except those who live in the immediate vicinity of the school) a most hurriedly eaten meal. This dinner should be the most bountiful meal of the day, eaten without hurry and the fear of being late. Under wrong conditions it would hardly be conducive to good work in the afternoon or to good health. The system in which the afternoon system is being used, with which I am familiar, New York, Chicago and Cincinnati, have not found that it has done away with night work, which seems to be a reason here for the new hours.

Cities That Try Double Sessions Have Night Work

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Then, too, one must remember that those cities have different school facilities entirely—equipped with light for dark days, with gymnasiums for recreation. Even Atlanta's more modern school buildings are not all equipped with electric lights, which would prove a serious eye-strain to the children for at least four months of the year. So far as keeping children off the streets is concerned, I am by no means in favor of shifting the responsibility of the choice of my child's comrades upon either the school teacher or the board of education.

And now comes the principal objection in my mind, and that is no time to play out of doors. In the winter months, after being confined to a heated building with forty-five children in a room, the children should be allowed the early part of the afternoon for play, and not such time as remains, on the pleasanter days only, after 4 or 4:30 o'clock, when they reach their homes.

MRS. JULIAN V. BOEHM, 233 Myrtle Street, City.

This Patron Says the Hours Should Be Shorter, Not Longer

Editor Constitution: Permit me a few lines of your valuable space to enter in protest against the proposed change in the hours of the public schools.

The patrons of the schools had hoped in the dawning of new light that the hours of the schools would be changed—certainly not made longer, but shorter. From 8:30 to 1:30 is long enough for any child to be constantly occupied and supervised. After that length of time the mind and body is fatigued, and further application is of no benefit mentally, and physically is a detriment.

The school children of Atlanta are divided into two classes: First, the very poor children, who are obliged, by necessity, to assist their parents in work—the boys by earnings from newspaper routes and other afternoon employments, the girls by housework. If the school hours are stretched through the day, how can they do this?

Second, the children whose parents are able and desirous to give them accomplishments—music, dancing, expression. If they go to school all day, what time have they for this?

A third reason is that few people eat a substantial breakfast; few have the appetite, and the larger number of children in the public schools eat their dinner when they get home at 2 o'clock or 3:30. To eat a lunch at 1 o'clock and no hot food until night would be a disadvantage to their development.

Lists could be circulated among the parents and at least their views on the subject ascertained. The board of education must, in all fairness, consult the patrons before such a revolutionary change goes into effect. MRS. JAMES A. WILLIAMSON, 59 East North Ave., City.

Backs Federal Reserve Banks.

Editor Constitution: I notice in The Constitution of this date an article from a gentleman who fails to see any real merit in the federal reserve act under which the regional reserve or federal reserve banks were established. As my business brings me in daily contact with the many bankers throughout the district No. 6, I wish to say, from actual knowledge, that this new banking law has already (even in its short life) been of great benefit to me.

I mean by that not only the member banks, but through these to the many merchants, manufacturers and farmers that are customers of the banks. Through this law, financial assistance has been made possible for all legitimate enterprises, and to the one that knows, the fact is that the business interests of the entire country are being taken care of on less interest than ever before (considering the unusual conditions brought about by the European war), while the establishment of the district bank has placed in a community those men who have the real interest of their section at heart.

It is true that this law is not perfect as yet, but it is true everything possible is being done to make it so, and each day finds an answer and iron out some wrinkle that was there the day before. An answer to the criticism that this new law and its workings are surrounded by red tape, is absolutely without foundation, as proved by the fact that the bankers who had this attitude and have either written to the governor of the Atlanta bank or met him in conference are now loud in their praises of the simplicity and efficiency of the new system.

Another answer might be that many state banks, not now members, are so impressed with the help the national or member bank is getting in the handling of the financial conditions of his community, are deciding to nationalize themselves so they can also be members. LYMAN PARSONS WOOD, Collins Banking Service, Philadelphia, January 14, 1915.

A Tribute to S. M. Inman.

Editor Constitution: Samuel Martin Inman is dead. Church and state, city and many whom he has helped say, "A good man has gone." Such men do not die, for

"When a good man dies for years beyond our ken The light he leaves behind him lies upon the paths of men."

And he was a good man. This is the testimony that comes from many who he has comforted in sorrow, from many who he has cheered and strengthened when in despair. He lives—and will live in the years to come—in the splendid Atlanta which he has helped to build. He lives, and will live in the lives of the Christian women who have gone out from Agnes Scott college to bless the world. He lives, and will live in the material help going out from the School of Technology, for which he has done so much. His beautiful, simple, modest, Christian life will not be forgotten by the church he loved. It was my privilege to know and to love him. "He left sweet memories in the hearts of men, And climbed to God in little children's love." W. B. CANDLER, President Bank of Villa Rica.

"Longer School Hours My Views, Not the Board's, But I Favor the Change"

R. J. GUINN, President Board of Education.

Editor Constitution: In response to your request of this date I am very glad to submit some of the fundamental reasons for the suggestion made by me before the finance committee regarding the advisability of extending the school hours to 4 p. m.

It should be stated that these remarks were my personal views and not the views of the board of education, as the board has never given formal consideration to this proposition.

Within the proper scope of the statement you desire of me, it will not be possible to give all the reasons for this suggested change, nor to elaborate the ones that are advanced.

Among the many thoroughly sound reasons for a longer school session each day may be mentioned:

First, the absolute necessity for eliminating practically all home study and for establishing study hours at school wherein children may make preparation for their lessons under the supervision of their teachers, who can more quickly and more effectively guide them in their studies than the average father or mother. With the hours as arranged at present there is practically no time allowed in the daily program for the preparation of lessons at school, hence the major portion of lesson preparation must be made at home, thereby placing an unnecessary burden upon the overworked father and mother, and practically destroying during the school term the home circle so necessary to the development of proper relations in the family.

Second, there is an insistent demand for the introduction of domestic science, gardening and shop work in our public school course. All these must be added if our school system is to become an all-around education, and they cannot be taken care of with the time now at our disposal between 8:30 and 2 o'clock. Digestion Impaired. Third, the physical development of children is being handicapped and their digestion impaired by the disregard of proper meal hours. They are being forced in order to accommodate the hours of school, from 7:30 to 2:30 o'clock is too long a time for children to go without proper nutrition; and from 2:30 o'clock, the lunch hour, to 5:30 o'clock, the ordinary dinner hour, is too short a time. These hours for meals not only disarrange the natural order of proper nutrition for children, but also affect all the members of the family whose schedule in most cases must be arranged to meet the convenience of the school hours.

Fourth, the school plants, which represent a very large outlay of money, under the present arrangement of the school term and school hours, are not in use exceeding one-third of the time. This is an unbusinesslike waste.

Fifth, one of the chief benefits that ought to be conferred by any rightly conducted school system is that of instilling into the character of boys and girls an appreciation of the importance of time, as well as the right use of time. The schools certainly ought also to teach that to live to the highest purpose requires serious preparation, and the establishment early in life of habits of industry. Our present school schedule of five days in the week, with only about four hours and a half of actual working time each day, lays direct emphasis on the pleasurable, rather than the dutiful, aspects of living.

Sixth, if the schools stand for anything, they should stand for the ethical development of the rising generation. Whatever of teaching is done in this regard and it should be, should be done in all means, be conserved. Under our present plan a great deal of our ethical training is being dissipated between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon on the streets, back alleys and vacant lots, where hundreds upon hundreds of our children are constantly congregating for play and amusement, with supervision whatever. There can be no question that the effect of this is bad, especially since it more vitally touches in most cases those who stand in greatest need of what the department of education is endeavoring to do.

Seventh, it is in the matter of habits of ethical training, and since it is also true that a large portion of this time can be profitably and pleasantly used in acquiring right education.

If the reasons for the conservation of health and physical development and the convenience to home and the development of home life did not exist in support of this proposed change, this last reason would be sufficient of itself to influence my support of the proposition to put more hours into our school work and to make the most possible use of the school grounds as community centers.

It is, perhaps, unnecessary to state that in connection with this plan, ample time for outdoor recreation and physical exercise will be provided for the children, in addition to the recess of one hour at noon that will be given at 12:30 o'clock for the mid-day meal.

About the Teachers. I could multiply reasons almost without limit having important bearing upon this, as you rightly say, fundamental question. I could mention the number of cities in this country and in Europe whose schools are conducted on the plan of two sessions a day, and I may say schools, too, that are regarded as leaders in the matter of progressive education. I prefer, however, to base my reasons on what would be the effect of our school work and our own children without reference to what may be the practice in any other city.

As I stated to the finance committee on yesterday, as I may have the light to see it in the course of time, I will give you my purpose as long as I am a member of the city board of education to support to the limit of my ability every proposition that will contribute to the better training of the children of this city. If we achieve what we ought in the matter of public education, we must eliminate questions of personal convenience and matters of tradition wherever and whenever they conflict with the highest and best interests of our children.

It was surprising to your news story that many of our teachers would oppose this change. I cannot believe this statement is just to our teachers, for I am firmly convinced that a very large proportion of our teachers have the true teacher spirit, and the true teacher spirit gives very little consideration to personal convenience or personal ease, but welcomes every opportunity for sacrifice in order that the fullest possible equipment for living shall be brought to the child. I am inclined to the opinion, therefore, that when this suggested change is brought up for consideration an overwhelming majority of our teachers will consider anything except what is best for the children.

In conclusion, let me say that there is not now even before the board of education a proposition to effect this change. It will probably not be definitely considered and finally passed upon before a year or two yet, as the board has many important reforms already under way that should and will be firmly established before this question is brought forward for action. It is well enough, however, that our people should begin to think along lines of greater efficiency in our public school work, and that the public mind should be directed definitely to the one controlling factor in public education—that of the right training of the children of the masses. I would not have discussed this question before the finance committee on yesterday except that the chairman requested an expression of my opinion on the subject.

R. J. GUINN, President Board of Education, Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 13, 1915.

SAMUEL MARTIN INMAN NOW RESTS IN OAKLAND

Impressive Funeral Services Held at the First Presbyterian Church.

The funeral of Samuel M. Inman, which was held Thursday morning at the First Presbyterian church, was attended by hundreds of representatives from the various organizations from which Mr. Inman was in the habit of receiving delegations from every walk of life were present, including merchants, bankers, college officials, members of the chamber of commerce and also of Wheeler's cavalry, to which Mr. Inman belonged.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. S. Lyons, pastor of the church. The elders of the church acted as pallbearers and interment was private in Oakland cemetery.

Dr. Lyons spoke of Mr. Inman as a "man without an enemy, a citizen and leader without a peer, a friend without a fault, a philanthropist without boasting, a wealthy man without display, a true husband and father."

Servants Pay Tribute. Servants who have served in the family for years were present to pay their tribute. Sections of the church were reserved for Mayor Woodward and members of the council, and the chamber of commerce delegation of fifty.

Nearly every business house in the city closed during the funeral hour. The county courts and United States district court adjourned for the day, and the flag on the city hall was lowered to half-mast.

In adjourning the district court, Judge W. T. Newman said: "When a man like Samuel M. Inman dies it is not only to his memory, but is a fitting recognition of what we all regard as great and good in this world, and as a guide to us in our lives as he has left a shining example in such a life as his, that business men should emulate while the last word is said to his remains, and while his body is taken to and deposited in the last resting place. The court for this reason, will stand adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock."

Hundreds of telegrams and letters of sympathy continued to arrive Thursday from all parts of the country. Out of respect to Mr. Inman, who was for eighteen years a director of the Southern railway, the company's office building at Mitchell street and Madison avenue was closed from 11 o'clock until 1 o'clock Thursday, the city office, at 1 Peachtree street, was closed for fifteen minutes commencing at 11 o'clock, and at Inman yard, which was named for Mr. Inman, every engine and wheel was stopped and every man paused in his work for a period of three minutes.

Inman Is Lamented. The Retail Grocers' and Butchers' association held a meeting and passed resolutions in which they stated that Mr. Inman proved to the world his strength and wisdom as a thoughtful, earnest, true Christian and business man.

The executive committee of the board of directors of Oglethorpe university adopted resolutions perpetuating the memory of Mr. Inman forever in the history of that institution in planning to found a memorial professorship in the university to be called by his name.

Edward T. Ware, president of Atlanta university, pays the following tribute: "Possibly some of Mr. Inman's nearest friends do not realize how wide a circle is affected by his death. He was a friend of the colored people in the best sense of the word, and they have suffered a deep loss in his death."

LEADERS OF ALLEGED BUSINESS DIRECTORY GANG ARE ARRESTED. That four leaders of a notorious gang of business directory swindlers, alleged to have operated extensively all over the country, are now under arrest in Birmingham, Ala., was the assertion Thursday of Dan S. Lebon, manager of the southern division of the William J. Burns Detective agency.

Mr. Lebon declares that the four leaders and members of their gang have swindled a large number of business houses of Atlanta, Macon, Savannah, Augusta, Jacksonville, Mobile, Montgomery, New Orleans and other southern cities. They are being held under bonds of \$10,000.

EARLY MORNING BLAZE ENDANGERS NINE LIVES. An early morning blaze Thursday destroyed two Kirkwood residences and imperiled the lives of nine people, including a week-old baby and mother, who barely escaped death by cremation.

The residences were those of Mrs. J. A. Cochran, 322 Kirkwood avenue, and D. Y. Moore, 230 Kirkwood avenue. The property damage amounted to about \$2,000, and was total, nothing being saved from either by the occupants, except the clothing they fled in from the burning dwellings.

The heroic fire, which started in a boarder in the Cochran residence, probably saved the lives of the other occupants of the houses. He awoke to discover his room filled with smoke and flames, but awoke the other occupants in time for them to escape.

The origin of the fire, which started in the rear of the Cochran residence, is unknown.

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DR. ATWOOD TO SPEAK TO PYTHIANS TONIGHT

All arrangements have been completed by the Knights of Pythias of Atlanta for the reception of Dr. Frederick S. Atwood, who speaks Friday night at the Wesley Memorial church. He has delivered his lecture, "Fraternalism and



DR. F. S. ATWOOD.

Pythian Knighthood," 84 times in various cities of the country. James Kempton will preside over the meeting, and Walter P. Andrews, president of the Past Chancellors' association, will introduce the speaker.

W. G. Moore, representing the local Knights of Pythias, has gone to Rome, where he will meet Dr. Atwood and accompany him to Atlanta on the arrival of the party this morning at 11:30 o'clock, they will be met by the following reception committee: Walter P. Andrews, C. B. Myers, B. L. Owens, Dr. W. F. Cross, James W. Austin, Young H. Fraser, James Kempton, W. P. Blochworth, William S. Hess, J. L. Moore, W. T. Winn, Jesse M. Wood, G. W. Ackerman, Wallace Rhodes, J. C. Harrison, T. Brannen, Van B. Smith, Steve D. Tighe, E. L. Price, Earl Sims, Russell K. Smith, Newman Lasser and L. C. Greer.

An informal reception will be given in Dr. Atwood's honor at the Piedmont hotel during the afternoon.

Evans' Commissioners Are Holding Offices, But Have No Duties. The new board of commissioners of the county of Evans, recently created by constitutional amendment, is purely ornamental until the next legislature shall meet and assign duties to that body, according to the sense of a ruling handed down by Attorney General Warren Grice.

The office of county commissioner is a legislative office, while other county offices are constitutional. The commissioners of Evans county, however, having been created in the amendment which created the county, the legislature neglected to designate the duties of the commissioners and no duties were assigned in the amendment which created the offices and the county.

Evans county elected commissioners, according to the constitutional amendment, and the commissions were forwarded from the state house to the judge of the superior court in Evans county. The judge, however, questioned whether the commissioners could be commissioned and whether their bonds could be accepted under the existing conditions.

The general rule that the commissioners could be commissioned and that their bonds would be acceptable, but that they would have no duties to perform, was the ruling. The judge's ruling will act as fiscal agent of the county.

Committees Named To Find Employment For Atlanta's Idle. Cator Woolford, chairman of the chamber of commerce on employment, has appointed the following subcommittees in pursuance of the action taken yesterday at a meeting of the general committee:

City and country work—A. E. Adams, Rockwell Johnson, Charles W. Bernhardt, Work Among Manufacturers and Merchants—W. H. Wessels, W. D. Jones, C. T. Nunnally, Ivan E. Allen, Develop Trading Industries—Rockwell Johnson, F. Kamper, L. D. Hicks, Thomas W. Jackson, Employment Bureau—Cator Woolford, Edward H. Leop, J. M. B. Hoxsey, Work for Women—Co-operating with women's committee, Cator Woolford, Edward H. Leop, J. M. B. Hoxsey.

ALL SAINTS' CHOIR TO SING "HOLY CITY." Much interest centers in the announcement of William E. Arnaud, choirmaster of All Saints' Episcopal church, that the choir of All Saints will render "Gaul's oratorio, 'The Holy City,'" within the next few weeks. Rehearsals are now in progress.

Mrs. James H. Whitten, formerly soloist at the First Baptist church, has been engaged as contraalto soloist at All Saints' and will take part in the oratorio. Mrs. Whitten is regarded as one of the finest church soloists in the south.

NEW DEACONS NAMED AT CENTRAL BAPTIST. Central Baptist church has elected a board of deacons for the new year, consisting of twenty-five permanent members. New officers for the Sunday school have also been chosen, and the 11 o'clock noon next Sunday will be given to a public installation of the Sunday school officers with the pastor and the superintendent, J. W. Autry, making addresses.

Dr. Ridley will also speak at the evening service.

STATE DEPOSITORIES DO NOT NEED STAMPS. In response to a recent inquiry from Governor Slaton, W. H. Osborn, commissioner of Internal Revenue, has ruled that banks designated as state depositories are not required to place the state seal on the emergency tax law upon their bonds.

YOUR POCKETBOOK. Is interested in that few degrees in the temperature of your house. Make sure your thermometer is a dependable one, and you will note the difference in your room's temperature. L. Moore, Sons, the Opticians, have them. 42 N. Broad street.—(Adv.)

\$75,000 IS EXPECTED FOR FAIR AT LAKEWOOD

Men Backing Movement Believe Finance Committee Will Aid.

The finance committee of city council is expected today to reach the appropriation asked for by the chamber of commerce of \$75,000 as part working capital for the Southeastern fair project at Lakewood. The committee held a session Thursday morning and afternoon and made good headway in sifting through the various departmental needs and by noon today it expects to reach the Lakewood project.

A canvass of the committee members reveals the fact that virtually every member is in favor of the project and the matter has resolved itself into a question of sufficient funds on hand, after taking care of imperative appropriations. As A. W. Farlinger, chairman of the committee, pointed out Thursday, after the committee meeting, there is virtually no objection, so far as he personally knows, among the committee members to the fair plan. The project he considers one of the biggest schemes for boosting Atlanta that has ever been outlined.

"We know the importance and need of the project," said Mr. Farlinger, "and we are prepared to endorse it, if I feel certain, if there is any possible way of so doing. It's just a matter of finances. If we see our way clear to endorse the appropriation, I am sure it will be done. But you must remember that the schools, fire and police appropriations this year are nearly \$200,000 in excess of those of any other year. These are standing needs that must be cared for before we can go into new projects. I cannot, however, emphasize too strongly the importance of the fair scheme and the public may depend upon it that if there is any chance at all, the grant will be indorsed. As I have said, the plan is an excellent one and no one will boost it more strongly than myself."

In the event that the city council indorses the project and "O. K.'s" the grant of \$75,000 asked for, the county commissioners are ready to put in a similar amount and the chamber of commerce has pledged itself also to raise \$75,000 among Atlanta's citizens. In addition to the money grant, the county commissioners have under way a development plan for street extensions and grading and paving that will make Lakewood of easy access to any part of Atlanta.

"The Atlanta Chamber of Commerce," said Walter G. Cooper, its secretary, "has investigated the merits of fair projects in the United States and Canada and it is picking out the best features of each for development at Lakewood. Eventually, Atlanta will have the greatest permanent fair on this continent. There is hardly any need to outline the marvelous benefits in the way of advertising and general good results that will come from the plan. The big success of other cities testifies to this. One merchant in Dallas, Texas, which has a big annual fair, told me that he would rather give up \$5,000 in real money than have the fair taken away for one year. That's how the merchants everywhere regard these projects. What benefits the merchant naturally helps the entire town. We are in this project for the benefit of the entire city. It is planned as a public enterprise—of, for and by the public."

Mayor Woodward on Thursday reiterated his stand in favor of the fair plan and declared that because of the city's good financial condition he believes the money will be found to start the actual fair machinery in motion.

Young and Old Will Assist In Selling Belgian Flags

Woodberry school have each a committee to work for the success of flag day.

Young and old will assist Mrs. Henry DeGivie, wife of the Belgian consul, and Mrs. E. M. Horine and their many committees in the sale January 16 of the Belgian flags. The fact that the fund realized from this sale will be devoted especially toward the care and nourishment of the Belgian babies, many of whom are not only homeless, but fatherless, has made appeal to the human heart of the city.

College Park and Inman Park have also joined in the movement. The student body of the Georgia Military academy, who could not assist in the sale Saturday, have contributed to the cause from their school funds. The girls of the Washington seminary and the Woodberry school have each a committee to work for the success of flag day. Mrs. Alonso Richardson heads the committee in College Park, and Mrs. Blair Foster the one in Inman Park. Mrs. Charles A. Sisson and Mrs. Ewell Gay have been added to the list of chairmen with active committees, and Mrs. Frank Pearson and Mrs. Hugh Murray will head a large committee.

Mrs. DeGivie and Mrs. Horine will establish their central committee headquarters at the Piedmont hotel, and all those selling flags will wear a red and white badge in the Belgian colors, yellow, red and black. Further announcements as to the various places in which flags will be sold will be announced tomorrow morning.

SPENT \$10,000 ON WIFE, BUT IT DID NO GOOD. Declares Johnston in Divorce Suit—Tells of Crockery Bombardments.

After having spent \$10,000 in peace offerings to his allegedly belligerent wife, Henry C. Johnston yesterday resorted to the divorce courts, telling a story of crockery and rolling pin bombardments. A remarkable clause in his petition for total divorce sets forth the fact that he could have "stopped the savage onslaughts of his wife had he undertaken to seize hold of her, but that during these virulent moods, he did not deem it proper to lay hand upon her."

The Johnstons have been married twenty-five years. He avers he has spent \$10,000 on her during this time in efforts to restore domestic peace. His petition was filed Thursday afternoon.

CLEON B. ROE HERE ON TOUR OF COUNTRY

Mr. and Mrs. Cleon B. Roe, of Seattle, Wash., are visiting in the city for a few days. Until recently Mr. Roe was superintendent of the Washington State reformatory at Monroe. He is now making a tour of the country, visiting eleemosynary institutions.

REWARD FOR NEGRO BOY SOUGHT AS MURDERER

A reward of \$100 has been offered by the state for the capture of Son L. Faulk, alias Buddie Faulk, a negro boy, charged with the murder of W. F. Bonhart, a white boy, in Bibb county.

The murder, it is said, grew out of the attempt of several white boys, in East Macon, to "initiate" Son Faulk. Faulk resented the pranks of the boys and stabbed the Bonhart boy and escaped. The governor also offered a reward of \$100 for the capture of Clayton Edwards, wanted for the murder of Lem Anderson, in Troup county. Both parties in this case are negroes.

ATLANTA CLUB TO GIVE BIG FULL DRESS BALL

The Atlanta club will give a full dress ball tonight from 9 to 12 o'clock. There will be dancing on the roof garden, and there will be vaudeville in the intermissions.

BOY ROBBER IS GIVEN FREEDOM ON PAROLE

Lee Eilenberg, a 17-year-old boy, convicted in Atlanta of robbery in 1914 and sentenced to two years, was paroled yesterday.

He is the son of a street preacher in Atlanta, and was paroled upon the promise of his father to keep careful watch over him. He was represented by Attorney John Y. Smith.

W. & A. BILL IS FACING DEFEAT IN TENNESSEE

Judge John C. Hart and Attorney General Warren Grice, who have been in Nashville and Chattanooga this week in the interest of the state in regard to the bill which has been filed in the Tennessee legislature with the object of condemning the valuable Western and Atlantic railroad terminals in Chattanooga, returned to Atlanta on Thursday and made their report at the executive office, stating that they believe the bill will be defeated.

The report states that, while there is a strong feeling in Chattanooga in favor of the passage of the bill, Georgia's representative have every assurance that they will be given ample opportunity to present their side of the case and that any action taken will not be without serious consideration of Georgia's plea.

Georgia will be notified of the date of a hearing for this purpose in the near future. The report of Judge Hart and Attorney General Grice is as follows: "To His Excellency, the Governor, State Capitol, Atlanta—Dear Sir: With reference to the pending bill in the Tennessee legislature, introduced by the Hamilton county delegation in part, having for its purpose the condemnation of our terminals in Chattanooga for street purposes, we beg to advise:

"That we have just returned from Nashville and the assurance was given us that the fullest opportunity will be afforded Georgia and her representatives to present objections to its passage and we feel quite hopeful that whatever argument we may present in opposition to the bill will be carefully considered by the committee. The fact is, of course, not to be disguised that the feeling in Chattanooga is very strong in favor of the passage of the bill, and the delegation from Chattanooga will actively urge its passage. We believe, however, that Georgia's position in opposing it is so manifestly meritorious and that the enactment of the bill into law would be so destructive of our property without any corresponding benefit to Chattanooga as to be regrettable."

Advertisement for J. M. High Co. featuring 'O-Sighs' shirts. Text includes: 'O-Sighs TODAY 69c', 'SHIRT BARGAINS Mammoth Clearance "TODAY" Friday, Sale Men's Dress and Fancy Shirts Will Cause Some Commotion in Town—Big lot of \$1.00 and \$1.50 Fancy Shirts, also white plaited, and counter full of men's \$1.50 to \$2.50 Fancy Shirts, mostly big sizes, 15 1/2, 16 to 18, and the lot has some "Manhattans," Today (Friday), at, choice', and 'Clearance sale one lot of men's \$1.00 and \$1.25 Fancy Dress Shirts, at one fell swoop, for, choice 50c J. M. HIGH CO.'

Advertisement for Third National Bank. Text includes: 'Pay Your Taxes Without Effort', 'We Will Make It Easy For You', 'Paying Taxes is difficult; also inevitable. You can make it easy; we help you.', 'Join our Taxpayers' Club. A new and special Savings Feature. Deposit a small amount weekly or monthly. When tax day comes you have it, and no worry. Our plan will be in operation February 1. But you may begin now taking our receipts. We provide for the accumulation of \$25, \$50 or \$100. Or, you may save in multiples of these sums. We pay you 3 per cent interest on the average. If your taxes are \$50, you deposit \$1.10 a week. Or, you may make your payments monthly. Come in, and let us tell you about it.', 'Third National Bank Marietta and Broad Streets CAPITAL, SURPLUS and PROFITS, \$1,900,000 President, Frank Hawkins; Vice Presidents, John W. Grant, J. N. Goddard and Thos. C. Erwin; Cashier, A. M. Bergstrom; Assistant Cashiers, R. W. Byers, W. B. Symmers and A. J. Hansell.'

Advertisement for 'YOU'LL FIND IT HERE' at the Constitution. Text includes: 'The Constitution, ever awake to the interests of its readers, and desirous of giving them the highest quality service in all lines, has inaugurated this SHOPPERS' DEPARTMENT, wherein will be found practically everything of interest to the average family or business man. To Atlanta and out-of-town residents this department will prove equally valuable. Make liberal use of it and always say you saw the announcement in The Constitution SHOPPERS' DEPARTMENT. This list of firms is carefully selected, and we feel your dealings with them will be satisfactory to the highest degree. MAIL AND TELEPHONE ORDERS ARE ESPECIALLY SOLICITED. Advertising known by us to be objectionable or fraudulent will in no case be admitted. If there is any line you are interested in not listed here, write CONSTITUTION SHOPPERS' DEPARTMENT, and full information will be sent you free of charge.', 'BARBER SHOP— I Guarantee You Will Be Pleased —EVERYTHING NEW, MODERN AND SANITARY— A. NASH, 24 Edgewood Avenue', 'CIGAR FACTORIES—CIGARS—C. R. S. STRICTLY ATLANTA MADE 156 Whitehall Street BELL PHONE MAIN 1245 A Specialty of Box Trade', 'ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES, CHANDELIERS— Service—W. E. CARTER ELECTRIC CO.—Quality Phones Ivy 5666-67-68 72 North Peachtree Street', 'ELECTRIC WIRING and Repair Work— YOUR BUSINESS GETS OUR ATTENTION —McGAUGHEY ELECTRIC CO. Ivy 1956 28 Walton St.', 'FURNACES—MONCRIEF-ATLANTA CO. 73 Walton St. H. NINEKIRK, Manager IVY 4930', 'KODAKS—Glenn Photo Stock Co. Eastman Kodak Company : 117 Peachtree', 'MEAT AND GAME—CHELENA MARKET CO. Fish, Oysters, Poultry, Fruits, Meats, Game and Vegetables BELL PHONES IVY 151 AND 4650 ATLANTA PHONES 106 AND 265 64 N. PRYOR ST. 40 PEACHTREE ST', 'OFFICE FURNITURE—Baylis Office Equipment Co. "Standard" Desks—Globe-Wormicko Files Phone Main 241 No. 1 S. Broad St.', 'SHOES—MOON'S BIG SHOE STORES With Little Prices 29 Mitchell and 167 Peachtree'

Society

Nine O'Clock German Club To Give Valentine Dance

The Nine O'Clock German club will season to be given by the club, whose entertainments have been among the most brilliant on the winter's social calendar.

New Year Party.

An interesting event of last Friday evening was the New Year party given by Mr. and Mrs. Horace L. Fincher at their home on Williams street.

wearing a cream lace gown over blue charmeuse satin. She was assisted in entertaining by her mother, Mrs. James J. Green; Mrs. Ben May and Miss Lella Fincher.

DuBose, Muriel Pierce, Eula and Lorena Green, Mrs. Allan M. Pierce, Mrs. Leslie D. Mason, Mrs. W. B. Pope, Mrs. James J. Green, Mrs. David May, Mrs. George Snyder, Mrs. Ben May, Mrs. H. M. DuBose, Mrs. Horace L. Fincher, Rev. H. M. DuBose, Mr. H. B. Moore, Mr. E. J. Harbison, Mr. R. P. Ashurst, Mr. J. Elmo Green, Mr. J. J. Bracco, Mr. C. E. Roselle, Mr. R. C. Maxwell, Mr. J. C. Mellichamp, Mr. V. A. Henry, Mr. H. C. Rumble, Mr. George Snyder, Mr. T. J. Mason, Mr. Horace L. Fincher, Mr. H. Earl Green and Mr. Allan M. Pierce.

Unusual Entertainment.

The Progressive Young Men's Bible class of Georgia Avenue Presbyterian church at Grant street and East Georgia avenue will give a first-class entertainment next Saturday evening, January 16, beginning at 8 o'clock.

At Druid Hills Golf Club.

Among those who have made reservations for the tea-dance Saturday afternoon at the Druid Hills Golf club are:

Mrs. Goldie Robinson Lloyd Marries Dr. Cecil Stockard

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mason Robinson announce the marriage of their daughter, Mrs. Goldie Robinson Lloyd and Dr. Cecil Stockard, which took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at their home on Briar Cliff road, Druid Hills, in the presence of members of the two families.

The elaborate decorations throughout the handsome home were in white and green, making a beautiful setting for the ceremony.

The bride wore a becoming traveling gown of gray cloth, trimmed in fur, the coat opening over a blouse of cloth of silver and her hat was of silver lace and fur.

Miss Prue Ellinger, of St. Louis, was maid of honor and only attendant. She wore a beautiful gown of yellow chiffon, with a big butterfly bow of black lace in the back, and her flowers were an armful of Lady Hillington

roses. Dr. L. O. Bricker, of the First Christian church, officiated.

An informal reception followed the ceremony. The bride's table in the dining room was covered with a lace cloth and the centerpiece of the table was a plateau of white roses and valley lilies resting on a large mirror, which was outlined with smilax.

The bride's case was embossed in garlands of flowers and surmounted by a miniature wedding party.

The bride's mother, Mrs. Robinson, wore an elegant costume of black lace. The groom's mother, Mrs. C. C. Stockard, wore a handsome gown of black moire silk, combined with lace and pearl trimmings, and her black hat was trimmed with plumes.

Dr. Stockard, who is a son of the late Dr. C. C. Stockard, one of Atlanta's best known physicians, is one of the most popular of the younger men in his profession.

Returning from their wedding trip, Dr. and Mrs. Stockard will be at home at 116 Hurt street, Inman Park.

Beecher Curtis, of the Episcopal church of Columbus, will officiate, and the groom's sister will play the wedding march. There will be no attendants.

After a wedding trip south Mr. Perry and his bride will be at home with Mrs. Lowe.

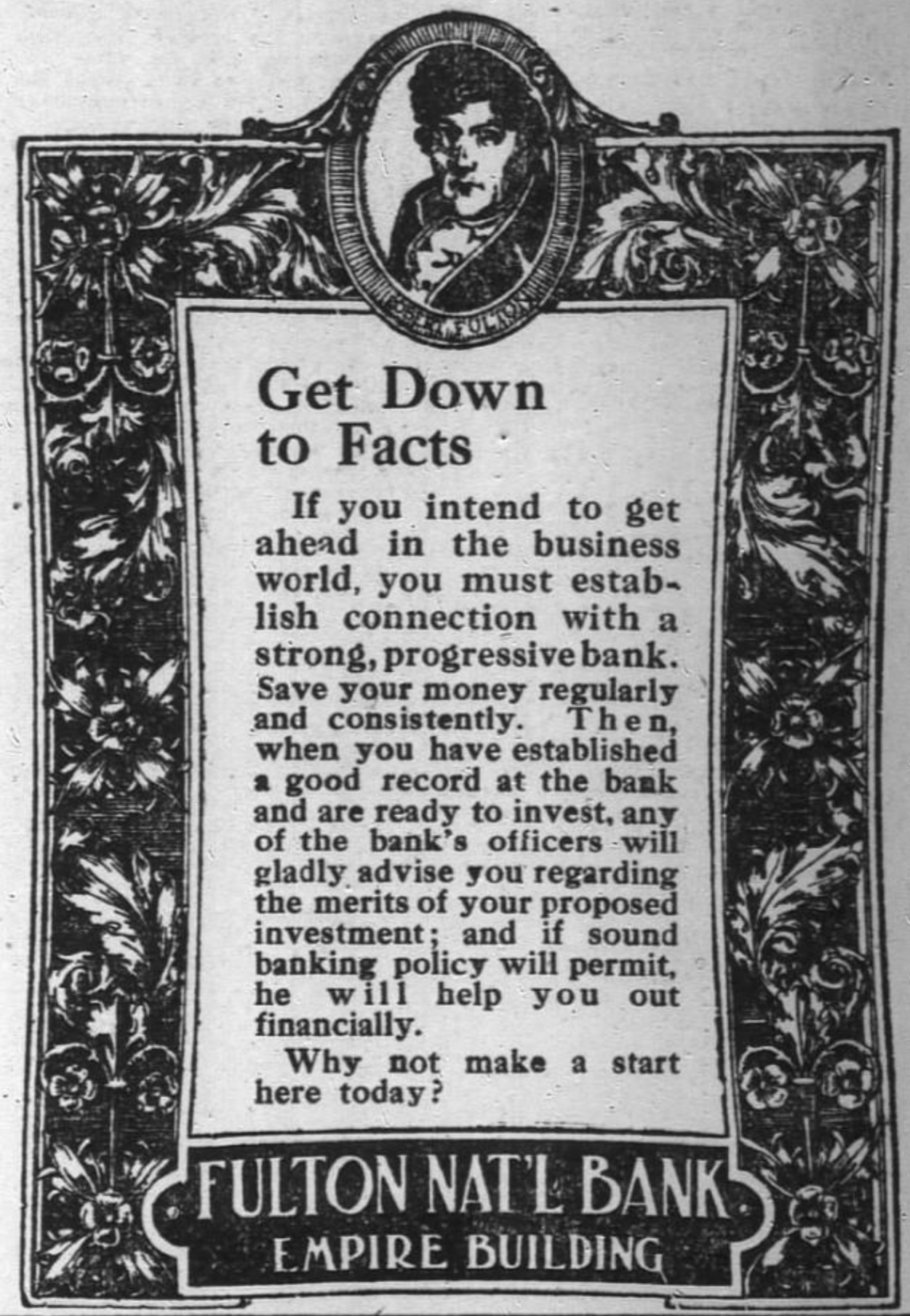
To Miss Hazen.

Miss Mildred Hazen, of Orange, N. J., arrives Tuesday to be the guest of Miss Mignon McCarty, and she will be entertained at both formal and informal affairs.

Miss Aurelia Speer will give a spend-the-day party Monday.

At the dinner-dance at the Driving club on the 23d, Mr. Lauren Foreman will entertain a small party, and Miss Elizabeth Dunson and others will entertain.

According to an English scientist the light of the sun exerts a pressure of 70,000 tons on the earth.



Get Down to Facts

If you intend to get ahead in the business world, you must establish connection with a strong, progressive bank. Save your money regularly and consistently. Then, when you have established a good record at the bank and are ready to invest, any of the bank's officers will gladly advise you regarding the merits of your proposed investment; and if sound banking policy will permit, he will help you out financially.

Why not make a start here today?

FULTON NAT'L BANK
EMPIRE BUILDING

Infants', Children's, Misses' and Large Girls' Shoes at Special Low Prices--"Now" during our greatest reduction Shoe Sale.

Take care of the little ones' feet in cold weather.



Byck's

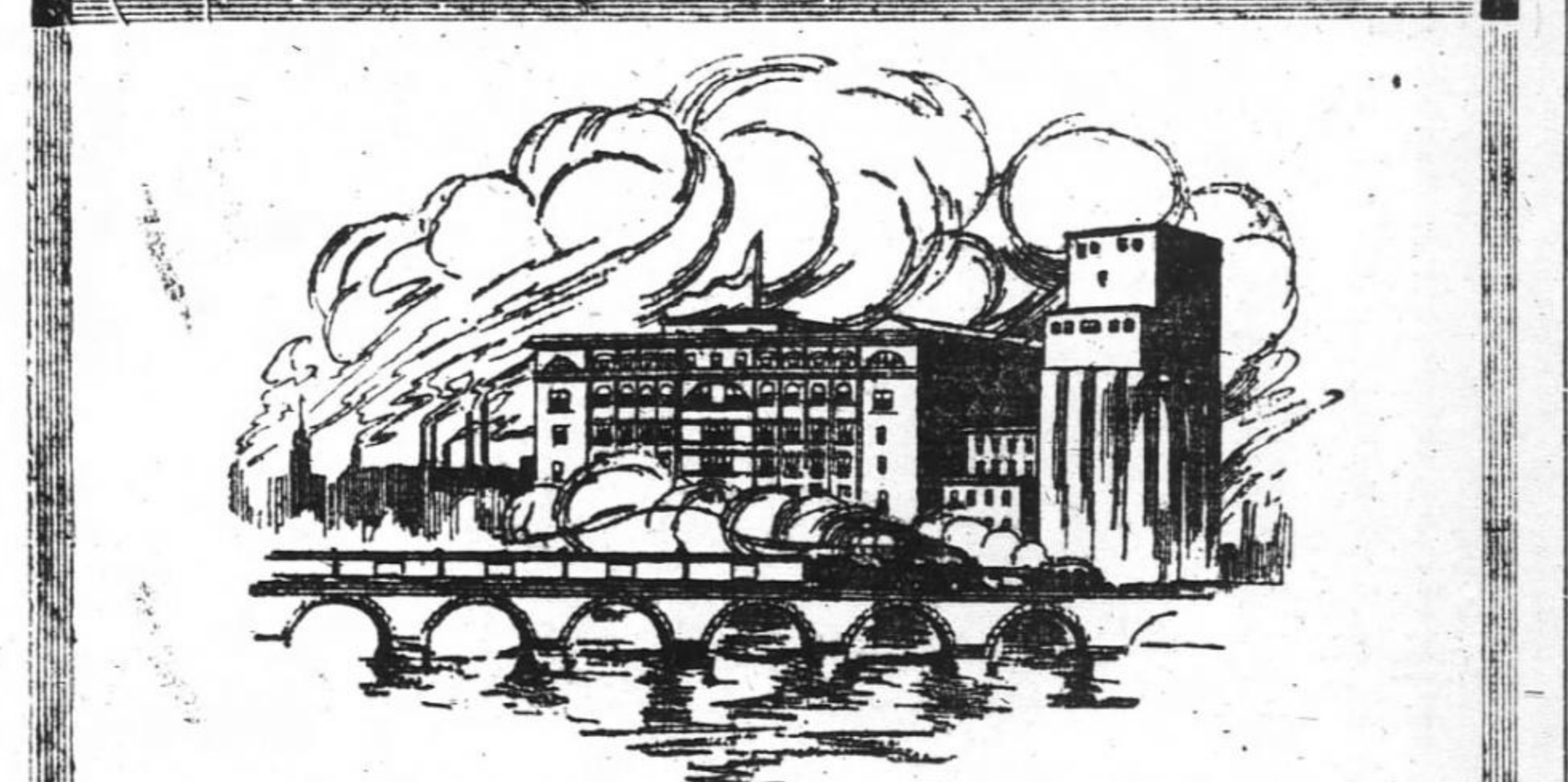
27-29 Whitehall

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company
ATLANTA NEW YORK PARIS

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company
Announces
The First Showing of
SPRING MILLINERY

At which time will be shown hats from Estelle Mershon, 20 E. 46 St., New York; hats from our own work rooms. A display worthy of particular note in that it brings the first of the authentic styles for the coming season—the oblong turbans, the satin sailors, the white hats, the new blue hats.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company



It Isn't the Mills

that make Pillsbury's Best what it is, though the Pillsbury mills are the most up-to-date that have ever been built. It isn't the machinery, though the Pillsburys have the most modern flour making machinery in the world. It isn't the wheat, for the makers of very indifferent flours have access to the same wheat supply.

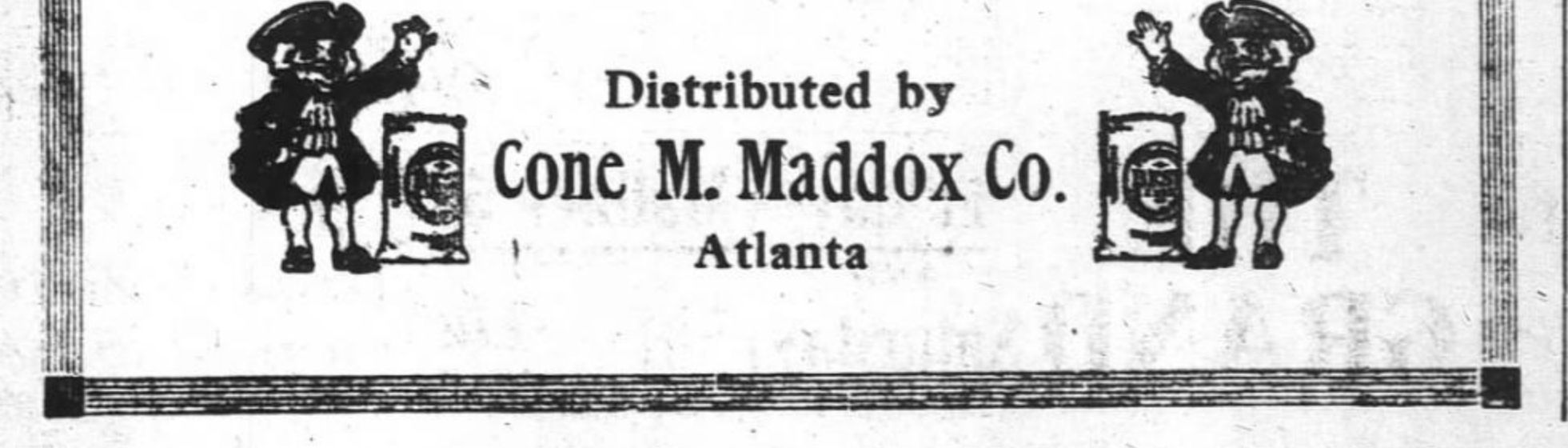
The thing that makes Pillsbury's Best what it is is the PILLSBURY STANDARD, the PILLSBURY IDEAL, the PILLSBURY LAW that makes it impossible for an ounce of flour ever to leave the mills under the label of Pillsbury's Best until it conforms in every minutest detail with the standard the Pillsburys have set.

That's why Pillsbury's Best is the best flour in the world.

Get Pillsbury's Best

The Sure Flour

Distributed by
Cone M. Maddox Co.
Atlanta



Atlanta Organizations to Tender Brilliant Reception to Brieux

The Alliance Francaise and the Drama league will unite in giving a brilliant reception the evening of February 6, to Eugene Brieux, the famous French dramatist, and Madame Brieux, who will accompany him.

Monseigneur Brieux comes under the auspices of the Alliance Francaise. In the two organizations the famous dramatist will draw a most appreciative audience in Atlanta. Last year under the auspices of the Drama league, M. Benedicte Papet, of the Columbia university lecture corps, delivered a series of lectures on French dramatists, M. Brieux's achievement the subject of two lectures.

In order to read and discuss more of the dramas of Eugene Brieux before his arrival on February 5, the members of the Alliance Francaise have asked Mme. Slifer to meet every Friday instead of every two weeks.

The next meeting will be this afternoon at 2:30 promptly, at the University club. Many entertainments are being planned for M. and Mme. Brieux.

Benefit Concert.

The program of unusual interest has been arranged for the benefit concert to be given at Cable hall this evening, for the Georgia Libby Circle of Kings Daughters.

The program is as follows: Overture, "Sunshine and Showers"—P. Hans Flath. Violin Solo, "Kulawak 2 de Mazourka"—G. Henri Wieniawski. Descriptive Fantasia, "A Trip Abroad"—Loesch. Cornet Solo, "Sequoia"—Ernest Williams. String Trio, "A Summer Dream"—P. Hans Flath.

Character Song, "In the Town Where I Was Born"—Harriman and Howard. Zolophone Solo, "Rose Leaf"—S. Joplin. Duett, Cornet and Trombone, "Ida and Dottie"—F. H. Perry. Novelty Medley—Lampa.

Dancing Party.

Miss Ruby Lawton will entertain at a dancing party on Wednesday evening at her home on West Tenth street.

To Mrs. Allensworth.

Mrs. Claud Frederick gave a pretty party yesterday morning at her home in compliment to Mrs. Lawrence Allensworth, recently of McDonough, who has come to make her home in Atlanta.

Birthday Dinner.

On Tuesday evening Mr. and Mrs. J. Sullivan entertained with a birthday dinner at their residence, 190 Lee street, in compliment to Mr. P. H. P. McDonald. The dining room was beautifully decorated with cut flowers and ferns. The table had as its centerpiece a large birthday cake, from which gleamed 81 dainty pink candles; at each end of the table was a wicker basket of pink and white carnations tied with butterfly bows of pink tulle. The favors were dainty little pink baskets filled with pink and white bonbons. The color motif was also carried out in the individual cakes and ices.

Seated with Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan were Mr. McDonald, Mr. and E. I. Armstrong, Mrs. Eva Hopkins, Mrs. Julia Setzer, Jr. and Mrs. J. E. Rusk, Jr. Mrs. Bertha Dalzell, Misses Louise Cozart and Myrtle Catherine Sullivan, Mr. Jack Cozart and J. E. Rusk, Jr. Mr. McDonald was the recipient of many beautiful gifts.

Y. W. C. A. Exhibition.

The gym classes of the Y. W. C. A. will give an exhibition this evening at 8 o'clock at the gymnasium, 52-54 Houston street. Miss Betzner, the physical director, has arranged that every class shall be represented and every feature of the work shown.

The feminine public is invited to attend the following program: Artistic exercise, "Jean et Jeanette"—Miss Betzner. Miss Stella Wiers. Games—Russian court dances, 8:30, folk dancing class, La Squette, Misses Jean Doudil and Mary H. Bloodworth. Hoedoller, members of the folk dancing class. "Class session," Misses L. A. Armstrong, Misses Annie Ruth Nichols and Mary Jenkins. "Trot"—Miss Betzner. "Hussars."

Important Meeting.

There will be an important meeting of the Atlanta Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the chapter house on Peachtree street. At the annual election of officers will be held. There will be a board meeting preceding the regular meeting.

Atlanta Chapter Meets.

Atlanta chapter, U. D. C., held an important meeting Thursday afternoon at the Woman's club.

Mrs. Williams McCarthy, the president, who has been in Florida during the last several months, expressed her delight over being able to return to the work again, after a long absence, which expression was appreciated by a rising vote of appreciation by the chapter for Mrs. McCarthy.

Reports of standing committees were read. Among them were Mrs. A. O. Woodward's report of committee on Soldiers' home, Mrs. W. S. Coleman, on scholarships; Mrs. W. B. Price-Smith, on building fund.

Mrs. James Bedell, corresponding secretary, read several letters, among them the resignation of Miss Elizabeth C. as directress of the U. D. C., which caused many expressions of appreciation for Miss Hanna's noble work for the past eleven years. The chapter unanimously voting appreciation of her and regrets over her resignation.

Miss Mary Griffith was appointed by the president to take Miss Hanna's place as directress. She is especially fitted to take up this department, as she has been for some time working with Miss Hanna in the U. D. C.

the great beyond recently, Mrs. W. P. Pattillo and Mrs. William Nixon.

Mrs. W. S. Yates sang the old hymn, "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Mrs. M. D. Wilson spoke of the beautiful Christian character of Mrs. Pattillo and read resolutions on her untimely death. These were followed by tributes of others who had known and loved Mrs. Pattillo for her gentle, unselfish nature.

Miss Alice Foster spoke of the noble qualities of Mrs. William Nixon and read resolutions, including tributes by Mrs. Nellie Peters, Mrs. Joseph Derry and Mrs. Robert Blackburn. Mrs. J. P. Womble spoke lovingly of Mrs. Nixon.

Spend-the-Day Party.

Mrs. S. C. Dobbs will entertain at a spend-the-day party today at her home in Druid Hills for Mrs. George Walker and for Mrs. Albert Barton White, of Birmingham, both recent brides.

Informal Dance.

Miss Laura Wyatt entertained at an informal dancing party Wednesday evening at her home in Ansley Park, the guests including a group of neighborhood friends among the married people.

Edwards-Persons.

Mrs. Milton H. Edwards, of Eastman, announces the marriage of her daughter, Carrie Belle, to Colonel Ernest E. Persons, also of Eastman, on Monday evening, December 11. The wedding was a very quiet one and occurred in Atlanta at the home of Mrs. R. B. Whitworth, on North Moreland avenue. Dr. L. O. Bricker, pastor of the First Christian church, officiated.

Purtell-Perry.

An interesting wedding to many friends will be that of Miss Wyoelene Lowe Purtell and Mr. Richard Kennon Perry, formerly of Union Springs, Ala., which will be on the afternoon of February 2 at 4 o'clock.

The ceremony will take place at the home of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. Emmett Ray Lowe, in the presence of relatives and a few close friends.

The bride's cousin, Rev. William

The Correct Corset Must Be

A trifle higher above the waistline—and the natural waistline is in evidence. This is the all-important note for spring, says Fashion. Which brings us to our story:

The New Nemo

Invisible Self-Reducing Corsets, \$3

Many women have sacrificed the physical comfort of the Nemo Self-Reducing Corset, because they had the absurd idea that the reducing straps on the outside gave a bulkiness under their costumes.

When the creator of this famous corset was designing his spring models he decided to make the self-reducing straps invisible. At first he fastened them to the inside of the corset's skirt, but that was not successful, for in adjusting them in the various eyelets it caused a fullness in the front. That would never do!

After a number of experiments the model was perfected. And without a doubt it is the most ingenious corset that has ever been created, for this new model gives the same wonderful support to the abdomen; the reducing straps may be adjusted on the inside, and the skirt of the corset is perfectly flat.

The Corset induces the new silhouette for military fashions.

Let us fit you in one of the new models. Price \$3.00.
Corset Shop—Third Floor.



342
INVISIBLE SELF-REDUCING
341
INVISIBLE SELF-REDUCING

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Miss Madge Bannagin, of Providence, R. I., who has spent the past two weeks with Mrs. Reese Marshall, Marshall, for St. Louis to attend the Cahill-Sullivan wedding. They will return Sunday. Mrs. T. L. O'Connor, of Providence, will arrive next week to visit Mrs. Marshall.

Mrs. Nellie Peters Black and Miss Louise Black are in Athens spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Lamar Rucker.

Miss Mary Lou Hendrix has returned home after spending the Christmas holidays with friends. Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hudson, East End, Pittsburg, Pa. Miss Hendrix was very pleasantly entertained during her stay in Pittsburg.

Mrs. T. W. Johnson will spend the week-end in Chattanooga, the guest of friends. Mrs. Johnson goes to attend the Saturday evening dance at Signal Mountain Inn.

Miss Lucy Smith has returned to her home in Nashville, Tenn., after two weeks spent in Atlanta the guest of friends.

Mr. B. R. Mountcastle has returned home from Cartersville, where he was the guest of relatives.

The many friends of Mrs. Henry Johnson will be glad to know that she has recovered from a recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Mable will be the guests of relatives in Mableton for the week-end.

Miss Ethel Johnson has returned to her home in Cartersville, where she will visit to her cousin, Mrs. Spurlock, on Georgia avenue.

Captain and Mrs. James F. McKinley have returned from Colorado, where Captain McKinley was stationed on active duty, and are with Mrs. J. J. Disoway. They will return to Fort Oglethorpe in a few days.

Miss Lawson Hines' informal supper party on Tuesday will be a pretty compliment to Miss Frances Godfrey and Miss Clarke, of Covington.

Captain Kurtz, of Winchester, Va., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank O. Headley.

Miss Dorothy Asbury is visiting her sister, Mrs. Bailey, in Troy, Ala. Mrs. Bailey has just completed a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Asbury, and Miss Asbury accompanied her home.

Miss Louise Hill, of Macon, will be the guest of Miss Laura Wyatt, the first of February, and she will be delightfully entertained.

Mrs. Francis Marion Sisk has been seriously ill for the past two weeks at her home on Capitol avenue. Her condition is improving.

Mrs. John Dozier Poy and daughter, Miss Elizabeth Poy, of Columbus, Ga., arrived Thursday night to visit Mrs. S. T. Weyman, 53 East Fourteenth street.

Mrs. Richard P. Brooks has sufficiently recovered from her recent illness to leave the sanitarium Thursday and will be at the Ansley hotel for a week.

Mrs. Albert Barton White, who is the guest of her mother, Mrs. C. C. Stockard, will return Sunday to Birmingham.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Fowler have returned from Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed L. Wright have taken possession of the home they have recently purchased on Peachtree road.

To Discuss Market Problem At Conference in Albany

Albany, Ga., January 14.—(Special.) Merchants and farmers of southwest Georgia will meet in the chamber of commerce rooms at Albany Thursday, January 23, for a heart-to-heart discussion of the problem of raising and standardizing the marketing of food and feed crops to be raised by Georgia farmers in 1915 on acreage formerly planted to cotton.

If the farmers of Georgia reduce their cotton acreage one-third in 1915, which is by the most conservative estimates, the minimum reduction that will prevent disaster, there will be not less than 1,500,000 acres that must either lie fallow or be planted in food crops. If this land lies idle at least 50,000 farm hands will be forced to seek employment in the cities and towns, which are already overflowing with unskilled labor hunting jobs. The farmers hesitate to plant food crops, stating they fear they will be unable to find a market for them.

Knowing there is no lack of consumption of foodstuffs in Georgia and that the only thing necessary is to

BRYAN SENDS PROTEST TO CARRANZA AGENTS

United States Objects to the Threat to Close the Oil Wells at Tampico.

Washington, January 14.—Secretary Bryan has sent a vigorous protest direct to the Carranza authorities at Tampico, against their threat to close the great oil wells in that vicinity because the foreign operators refused to pay a heavy assessment levied by the Mexicans. The matter also has been brought to the attention of General Carranza himself. Most of the oil plants are owned by American and British capital. There have been several complaints against decrees of Carranza officials. Reports coming directly from state department representatives as well as through the interested foreign embassies. Latest advices indicated that the Mexicans were preparing summarily to shut down all of the plants unless the money demanded was forthcoming.

LOVING CUP GIVEN HICKS AT LUNCHEON BY AD MEN'S CLUB

L. D. Hicks, chairman of the general committee from the Atlanta Ad Men's club, which succeeded so admirably in putting over the Hog and Hominy carnival in Atlanta last fall, was given substantial recognition of his splendid service in that work at the regular weekly luncheon of the Ad Men's club at the chamber of commerce yesterday, when he was presented by his associates with a handsome silver loving cup.

The presentation was made by H. W. Anderson, Mr. Hicks responded briefly, warmly thanking his associates, and insisting that there were at least as many as ten men connected with the carnival movement who deserved loving cups. There was loud applause for Hicks from the 150 Ad Men and members of the chamber of commerce present.

It was a combination luncheon of Ad Men and members of the chamber of commerce called especially to hear an address on soil cultivation by Dr. W. E. Taylor, soil expert of the John Deere Plow company. Dr. Taylor delivered a splendid address and one that proved most entertaining even to the business men who are supposed to give small attention to agriculture.

It was announced by President Masengale that the next regular luncheon of the club will be held at the Hotel Winecoff, Thursday, January 21.

WILKES NAMED MAJOR IN MEIGS ELECTION

Thomasville, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—In a lively election for municipal offices held in Meigs this week, Mac Wilkes was elected mayor and J. N. Carter, George L. Duren and R. E. Davis were elected councilmen. Meigs is one of the prosperous towns of Thomas county and as an evidence of its prosperity it has recently had a new bank opened there, which has started out with fine prospects for success.

HUDSON DIES SUDDENLY. Contractor Was Engaged on Work in Auburn, Ala.

More Money is Needed for the Principals of the City's Graded Schools.

B. E. Hudson, of 87 Peachtree Place, a prominent contractor, died suddenly yesterday in Auburn, Ala. His death was caused by heart failure, and comes as a complete surprise to his friends. Mr. Hudson was a native of Auburn, Ala., where he was born and raised. About ten years ago he moved to Atlanta, and since that time had been a resident of this city.

Mr. Hudson is survived by his wife, three daughters, Misses Ethel and Edith Hudson, and Mrs. S. L. McIntosh, of Atlanta; his mother and nine brothers. The funeral will be held in Auburn, Ala., his boyhood home.

Italian Reservists Playing in Atlanta Before Going Home

Two Italian reservists, on their way to rejoin the Italian army, are doing a musical stunt at the Grand theater. They have attracted much attention. One plays what he calls a "musette" and the other works away at an accordion. Both are clever musicians and are considered sensations in their home country. Tommaso Brothers is the name of the party.

SINGLETON WILL SPEAK TO BARACAS IN DALTON

Gordon G. Singleton, editor of the newly-established Baraca-Philadelphian Journal, was called to Dalton Thursday afternoon to speak at a Baraca banquet at night. Mr. Singleton resigned a government position in the census department at the invitation of Baraca and Philadelphian leaders to establish an official journal for these classes of young men and young women of the states of Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi.

CANTATA NEXT FRIDAY AT THE JEWISH TEMPLE

The sacred cantata, "Truth," by Gaul, will be given at the Jewish temple, corner of Baker and Peachtree streets, Friday evening, January 23, at 8 o'clock. The following voices will take part: Misses H. Wingfield, Mrs. Charles A. Shelton, Jr., Miss Ruth Buchanan, soprano; Miss Sylvia Spritz, Miss Bannagan, alto; Miss Zilla Johnson, alto; Messrs. Solon Drucker, Howard Davis, Paul Sutton, tenors; Messrs. John Mullin, Joseph Hubbard, T. H. Bradford, basses; and A. Shelton, Jr., organist and director.

DEAD BODY OF A BABY FOUND IN VACANT FIELD

A gruesome find was that of Officer J. W. Warfield, Thursday afternoon, when called to the corner of Crumley and Ormond streets to investigate a suspicious package. The blood-coated package that had attracted the attention of a passerby was lying in a vacant field. The officer found that its contents were a baby, who had been dead three or four days.

INCOME OF \$17,168,611 FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS

New York, January 14.—Total income of American foreign mission boards last year was \$17,168,611, according to statistics announced today at the annual meeting of the foreign mission boards. The figures cover the work of all American organizations doing educational, philanthropic and missionary work outside the United States and possessions.

Statistics show that contributions fell slightly below the amount received in 1914, but were exceeded by more than \$1,100,000 contributions of 1913.

Native in foreign mission fields, the report states, contributed \$4,242,924 to work conducted by American missionaries. There are 9,569 missionaries enrolled by the several organizations; 159,288 persons were baptized during the year—a gain of 37,475 over 1913. There are 60 colleges, theological seminaries and training schools and 12,619 other schools with a total attendance of 647,730.

Great Britain and continental Europe again fell below America in the amount of contributions, according to figures for 1913. The amount of their contributions was \$12,848,411. All Christendom, the report says, contributed \$22,131,234 to foreign missionary work in 1913. Americans giving approximately one-half.

ALL ATTACKS FUTILE ON WATERWAY MEASURE

Washington, January 14.—Attacks upon the \$170,000,000 rivers and harbors appropriation bill began in the house today as soon as the measure was taken up. Representative Fear, of Wisconsin, criticized the bill, item by item, proposing amendment after amendment. All were promptly defeated. Among his proposals was one to place such appropriations under authority of a general river and harbor board and to give the president authority to withdraw appropriations in his discretion.

Gen. R. G. Shaver Dead. Little Rock, Ark., January 14.—General Robert G. Shaver, 85 years old, a brigadier commander in the confederate army, died today at Foreman, Ark. At the outbreak of the war he was made a colonel and assumed command of his brigade when the commander was killed at the battle of Shiloh. General Shaver was twice wounded at Shiloh.

Colonel Mann Promoted. Washington, January 14.—The president today nominated Colonel William A. Mann, Third infantry, to be brigadier general.

WANT READJUSTMENT OF PAY OF TEACHERS

More Money is Needed for the Principals of the City's Graded Schools.

At a call meeting of the board of education Thursday afternoon it was agreed that there should be a readjustment of compensation paid teachers of the city schools. The members held it ridiculous that one teacher holding a position of responsibility or of peculiar exactions should receive smaller pay than another having a relatively less responsible position. This conclusion was reached regardless of whether the teacher affected was a man or woman.

In this connection the board passed a motion, made by President R. J. Guinn, to the effect that council be asked to add to the present budget a sum sufficient to increase the salaries of the principals of the graded schools to an amount equaling that paid the grade teachers of the high schools, recognizing, at the same time, the increase in high school teachers' salaries already proposed.

Authority was given the secretary, L. H. Latham, to make out the budget in detail, in accordance with the request of the finance committee of council.

Superintendent William M. Slaton presented the congested condition of the city schools, which involved additional teacher when the attendance required it.

BRIBE ATTEMPT LAID TO LEADING ATTORNEY

Parkersburg, W. Va., January 14.—A. Leo Weil, of Pittsburg, chief counsel for the Manufacturers' Light and Heat company, was arrested on a train at Williamstown, W. Va., today, by Sheriff C. H. Bronson, of the public service commission, in an effort to influence a decision in which the light company is interested.

Application was made by Federal Judge Dayton for the release of Weil on a writ of habeas corpus. This writ was granted and officers expected to secure service at Huntington.

Weil is one of the leading attorneys of this state and the company he represents is the most important natural gas corporation operating in West Virginia.

Charleston, W. Va., January 14.—Leo C. H. Bronson, who released him on \$25,000 bail.

A complaint against Weil alleges the offense was committed November 13, last, about which time G. B. Bidwell, a detective, and D. Elliott, former adjutant general, are said to have conferred in a hotel here with Bronson and other officers of the commission. A telephone device was said to have recorded conversations which involved officials and other persons to such an extent that further arrests were expected.

JOHN D. TO BE QUIZZED ABOUT HIS FOUNDATION

New York, January 14.—Names of the witnesses to be examined by the federal industrial relations commission, which began its hearings here next Monday, were announced today by Chairman Frank P. Walsh. The list includes J. P. Morgan, George W. Perkins, John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie and Samuel Gompers.

It is the purpose of the commission to obtain a full and candid discussion of the relation that exists between the centralization of wealth and power in the hands of a few and the social conditions associated with our great basic industries and a feeling of unrest among wage-earners, read a statement by Mr. Walsh.

Mr. Rockefeller is to be questioned, it is announced, regarding the Rockefeller foundation, Colorado mining situation and his interest in Standard Oil and other enterprises.

Other witnesses called are Samuel Untermyer, Ida M. Tarbell, John Mitchell, Congressman Charles E. Brandegee, of Maryland; J. H. Schiff, August Belmont, Daniel Guggenheim, Henry Ford, Charles E. Nelson, Louis D. Brandeis, Albert Bartlett, Dr. Charles W. Eliot, Amos Pinchot, Seth Low and John Hays Hammond.

BRYAN MAKES REPLY TO THE BRITISH NOTE

Washington, January 14.—In a note delivered today by Ambassador Page at London, Secretary Bryan acknowledged receipt of Great Britain's preliminary reply to the American protest against British interference with our commerce. He expressed appreciation of the friendly spirit in which the protest had been received, and noted with satisfaction that the international law set forth in it had been accepted.

Further comment, Mr. Bryan said, would be immature at this time in view of the intention of the British government to reply in detail following in a paraphrase of the secretary's note.

The friendly spirit in which the British government received the American note of December 28 is appreciated. No doubt is entertained by us that the cordial relations between the governments will continue pending diplomatic discussion. This government notes with satisfaction that the principles of the international law, as set forth in the American notes, are accepted by his majesty's government.

As the original note is being examined with care by the British government with a view to replying further and in detail, it would seem premature for me to make further answer at this time.

SAHARA OF A MEASURE PROPOSED FOR ARIZONA

Phoenix, Ariz., January 14.—A bill to carry out provisions of the prohibition amendment which went into effect January 1 was introduced in the legislature today. It deals with all liquors containing more than one-half of 1 per cent alcohol, and would empower the governor to enforce the law. Importation of wine for religious purposes would be exempt.

The selling or giving away of liquor would be classed as a misdemeanor for a first offense, but a second offense would be a felony, punishable by imprisonment from one to five years.

B. & O. Cuts Dividend. New York, January 14.—Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company declared today a semi-annual dividend of 2 1/2 per cent on the common stock instead of the usual 3 per cent dividend. The stock has been on a 6 per cent dividend since 1911.

WILSON TO FAVOR WOMAN SUFFRAGE FOR NEW JERSEY

Washington, January 14.—Dr. Anna Howard Shaw and other suffrage leaders called on President Wilson today and discussed the suffrage amendment to the constitution in New Jersey pending in the legislature.

After their meeting Dr. Shaw issued a statement which, concluded as follows: "We have come away from our interview with the distinct impression that very shortly the president will come out with a statement favorable to suffrage in the state of New Jersey."

President Wilson has repeatedly told delegations of suffragists he believed their question was one for the states. At the white house it was stated the president had not indicated what position he would take.

RELIGIOUS TRAINING IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Chicago, January 14.—A thousand educators and church executives, here today, began efforts to devise a program of religious training in public schools and colleges that will show results in graduates of a higher moral standing. The conferees included delegates to the Council of Church Boards of Education, the Conference of Church Workers in State Universities, the Association of American Colleges and the Board of Education of the United Presbyterian Church of North America.

Woman's Health Requires Care

Women are so constituted as to be peculiarly susceptible to constipation, and their general health depends in large measure on careful regulation and correction of this tendency. Their delicate organisms rebel at the violence of cathartic and purgative remedies, which, while they may afford temporary relief, shock the system and seriously disturb the functional organs. A mild laxative is far preferable, and, if properly compounded, much more effective.

The combination of simple laxative herbs with peppin sold in drug stores under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, is ideal for women's use. A free trial bottle may be obtained by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 462 Washington St., Monticello, Ills.

M. RICH & BROS. CO. Twice-Yearly Shoe Sale

Specials for Two Days Black Cloth Whole Quarter Boots



\$4 and \$5 values for \$2.95

Patent ramp, plain toe, curved heels and black cloth whole quarters. An unusually nice range of sizes.

A Bargain Table

—shows many fine shoes, all leathers, \$1.95 small sizes only; values up to \$6.00, for \$1

\$5.00 Cloth Top Lace Boots



Patent or Gun Metal. Latest design gray cloth top, curved heels and plain toe.

Any Tan Boot

In the house, values up to \$7.50, for \$1.95

Main Floor, Shoe Dept.

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

Cottolene advertisement. The world has known what Cottolene is for over a quarter of a century. Cottolene established a class of its own over a generation ago. Cottolene was in the front rank of the great movement for bettering household service and for improving food products. Cottolene has always held its place. There is nothing to which it may be compared. There are no secrets in the production of Cottolene. Its manufacture and its constituents are as well known as the simplest things done in every kitchen. Cottolene is an exact combination of the two finest cooking fats nature produces. The cotton seed oil in Cottolene is pressed from selected seed—it is a grade so choice that it is not listed on the market. It is purer, sweeter and better in food value than most salad oils. The beef stearine is the product of the freshest, finest leaf beef suet known. It is the exact combination of these two fats which gave Cottolene its high place over a quarter of a century ago, and which has held this place for it. Cottolene is economical, but better than that it actually improves the quality and flavor of all foods cooked with it—whether it is used for shortening, frying or cake making. Your grocer has Cottolene now. Tell your grocer you want a pail now; arrange with him for your regular weekly supply. Write to our General Offices, Chicago, for our real cook book—"HOME HELPS"—free. THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY. Cottolene makes good cooking better.



MACLYN ARBUCKLE "Puss in the Well" Bring the Children GRAND Friday Matinee 5c AND Saturday Night 10c EXTRA! Tomasso Brothers Novelty Musical Duo

His Term About to Expire Blease Resigns to Escape Contest With Legislature

Legislature Very Hostile to Governor, and Had Considered Impeachment Proceedings—Sketch of Gov. Blease's Stormy Career in South Carolina Politics.

Columbia, S. C., January 14.—(Special.)—Gov. Blease today retired as South Carolina's governor, five days before his second term of two years would have ended. His resignation, sent to Secretary of State McQueen, was supplemented by a brief message to the general assembly informing the members that it also was tendered to them.

Some members of the house of representatives and senate cheered the announcement of the governor's resignation. No formal action, however, was necessary, and by direction of the presiding officers in the house and senate the message was received only as information.

Lieutenant Governor Charles A. Smith was immediately sworn in as the state's chief executive to serve out the unexpired term, Chief Justice Gary, of the state supreme court, administering the oath of office. Mr. Blease and several state officials then accompanied him to the governor's office.

Proposals to impeach. No previous intimation of the governor's action had been given and no reason for it was assigned. The present legislature is chiefly composed of men who are political opponents of Mr. Blease and it was said that proposals to institute impeachment proceedings against him were made at a meeting of legislators yesterday night, but that no action was taken.

"I hereby resign my office as governor of South Carolina," was the full communication of Governor Blease to the secretary of state. It was written by hand and in red ink. Both the governor and his friends refused to add anything to the brief statement. The message to the general assembly was equally terse, it simply saying "I hereby tender my resignation to you as governor of the state of South Carolina."

Governor-elect Richard I. Manning will be inaugurated next Tuesday. He has been a political opponent of Mr. Blease and defeated Lieutenant Governor Smith, endorsed by Governor Blease, for the democratic nomination last August. Governor Blease, at that time, was defeated for the democratic nomination for United States senator by Ellison D. Smith, the incumbent.

Blease "Stormy Petrel."

Governor Blease, sometimes called "the stormy petrel of South Carolina,"

was accounted one of the most picturesque figures in American public life. Original in conception and daring in execution, his administration has been marked by many unusual actions. Extensive clemency to state prisoners, public statements which were construed to mean that he was opposed to using state troops to prevent the lynching of negroes when they attacked white women and the recent disbanding of the South Carolina national guard helped make his official career notable.

"I love the pardoning power," he once said. "I want to give the poor devils another chance. I hope to make the number an even thousand before I go signed off."

Records show that the governor surpassed even his own expectations. Just before retiring today he issued twenty-seven clemency grants. Four men sentenced to life imprisonment were paroled and four others received commutations. Most of the remaining number were given commutations. Today's action made a total of 1,708 prisoners granted clemency during the governor's four years' administration.

Pardoned 1,000 Convicts at Once. Full pardons recently were granted approximately 1,000 prisoners who previously had been paroled, this action restoring their citizenship. Superintendent D. J. Griffith, of the state penitentiary, said tonight that less than one hundred prisoners are now held there.

Governor Blease is the first South Carolina chief executive who has resigned to enter private life. Other governors have resigned, but only for the purpose of accepting some other office. Mr. Blease has made no announcement as to his future plans.

GA. BREEDERS TO MEET
To Discuss Seed Selection at Athens Tomorrow.

Athens, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—The Georgia Breeders' association will hold its annual meeting Saturday in Athens. The president, Dr. R. J. H. DeLoach, head of the experiment station at Griffin, and editor of The Constitution's weekly agricultural department, has planned a program which should appeal to the farmers in their work of selecting better seed for their crops and breeding better cotton, corn, and other products. From the expert talent of other states some of these addresses of the one-day session have been drawn.

A brief list of papers is as follows: Invocation—Rev. James W. Lynch, Athens. Address of Welcome—Chancellor D. C. Brown. "Winter Legumes the South's Greatest Need." R. E. Lumber, Darlington, Ala. "Selection of a Seedling." J. B. Carmichael, Columbus, Ga. "The Success of Woodlawn Farm." Joseph E. King, Mechanicville, Ga. "The Part Improved Seed Has Had in the Success of Woodlawn Farm." Joseph E. King, Mechanicville, Ga. Address of President—R. J. H. DeLoach, Experiment, Ga.

SOPHOMORE SPEAKERS
CHOSEN AT GEORGIA

Athens, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—The following were today announced as the sophomores declaimers for the university at the commencement in June, the competitive speaking occurring yesterday: E. M. Braxton, New Port News, Va.; J. B. Carmichael, College Park; R. V. Harris, Wrens; I. M. Levy, Athens; H. H. McCall, A. C. McPhail, Athens; M. M. Reid, Montezuma; W. Sanford, Athens; O. D. Watson, Loganville; J. P. Stewart, Atlanta; Albertson, H. M. Willet, Jr., Atlanta; A. Lowrey, Jr., Dawson, and G. H. Westbrook, of Commerce.

NEGRO SLAYER CAUGHT
BY POSSE WITH HOUNDS

Villa Rica, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—Ed Lockhart, colored, was shot and instantly killed here today about 3:30 by James Embry, a negro desperado. Lockhart was an industrious and law-abiding citizen. Embry, without cause, it is stated, opened fire on him with a single-barrel shotgun loaded with buckshot. The slayer then tried to make his escape. Bloodhounds were put on his trail and a posse formed. A. Lowrey, Jr., captured him two miles north of here.

DR. E. G. GRiffin's
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS
5 W. Alabama St. Over Brown & Allen's
Phone M. 1708 Lady Attendant
Best Work at Most Reasonable Prices:

Gold Crowns \$4 Bridge Work \$4
Set of \$5 Painless Extraction 50c
All Work GUARANTEED

TRIPOD PAINT CO.
Can supply all our products from factory and warehouse.
Full Line Paints, Stains and Varnishes
Temporary Office 302 Foote & Davies Building.
Main 4710. Atlanta 406.
Factory and Warehouse 169 South Forsyth Street.

MARDI GRAS
NEW ORLEANS, LA., and return \$15.05
MOBILE, ALA., and return \$10.85
PENSACOLA, FLA., and return \$10.35
Bigger and Better Than Ever
February 11 to 16, 1915
6-BIG RACES DAILY IN NEW ORLEANS-6
For detailed information, sleeping car reservations, etc., call Bell Phone Main 53, Atlanta Phone 157, Atlanta and West Point Railroad Office, Fourth National Bank Building, and Terminal Station.

PHYSICIANS OF MACON USE "TWILIGHT SLEEP" Scopolamin Tried Out at City Hospital With Successful Results.

Macon, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—The much heralded "twilight sleep," which was tested out in New York some months ago and which, since that time, has been tried elsewhere, was given its first demonstration in Macon a few days ago at the city hospital and worked entirely satisfactory.

According to the physicians who used the scopolamin on a Macon woman just previous to her giving birth to a child, the experience was a charm and the patient came out of her semi-conscious condition without having felt the least pain and desirous of getting up at once. Her physicians declared that she was advanced several days ago at the city hospital as a result of the application of the scopolamin and will be up and about again within a week.

In administering the scopolamin a medium dose was given at 4 o'clock and again at 5 o'clock, and at 6 o'clock, after which the patient lapsed into semi-consciousness during which she was fully capable of assisting the doctors and nurses, but without feeling the least pain.

Market for City Bonds. Macon, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—Macon with a population of 10,000 is the seat of the municipal bonds. If they are voted on favorably at the special election called for that purpose on March 9, already numerous inquiries have been received from brokers who say they are in the market for municipal bonds, asking whether they ought to be sold at public or private sale and requesting that they be notified as soon as possible.

The \$300,000 in bonds which Macon is desirous of issuing will be used for street paving, sewer building and in enlarging the water works. The registration for the special election is now in progress.

Parkhurst Plans Boost. Macon, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—William F. Parkhurst, southern representative of the McKesson Service company, of Indianapolis, Ind., who has headquarters in Atlanta, was in Macon today conferring with officers of the Macon Chamber of Commerce relative to launching a campaign for the city for the local chamber. No decision has yet been reached, but it is believed with the right kind of campaign fully 200 new members can be added to the chamber and work of that institution revived to no little extent. Mr. Parkhurst, asking whether he might be invited to come back for another conference within a short time.

Mrs. Condon Named Matron. Macon, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—Mrs. Lillie Condon has been chosen matron of the Tabernacle Rescue home in Macon, succeeding Mrs. Mabel Evans, who died recently. Mrs. Condon has had valuable experience in the work of this kind, having been connected with the management of various orphanages. She has already assumed her duties.

Joynes to Probe Fire. Macon, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—State Fire Marshal J. W. Joynes, who is in Macon a short time today en route to Marshallville to investigate a recent fire there, which he said had been of incendiary origin. No details were given by Captain Joynes. During his stay here he conferred with Chief Monroe Jones, of the Macon fire department, who was elected to that position at the recent election. Several Macon fires are also being investigated.

Armour Will Build. Macon, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—Plans have been announced by Armour & Co. for the building of a 2-story modern fire-proof structure in Macon, to cost not less than \$50,000. The building will be located on Broadway in the rear of the Macon hotel, on property known as the old Catholic church lot.

This is the first big building undertaking announced in Macon since the financial depression of a few months ago. Armour & Co. has been forced out of their old quarters on account of the present high price of lumber, which will occupy the ground on which their present home now stands. They expect to have the work started on the new building by February 1. The plans are now in the hands of contractors who have been asked to submit bids.

E. Y. CLARKE ELECTED
HEAD OF DEVELOPERS

Moultrie, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—Delegates from 12 counties of Georgia attended a meeting here today of the "Developers," an organization for the promotion of business. The following officers were elected for 1915: Edward Young Clarke, Quitman, president; Isidor Gelders, Fitzgerald, vice president; and J. M. Ashley, Valdosta, secretary-treasurer. Following is the executive committee: E. A. Jones, J. M. Ashley, Isidor Gelders, J. G. Weatherly, Brunswick; Dr. B. W. Mills, Tifton; J. Farrell, Bainbridge, and John W. Greer, Moultrie.

Among those in attendance were Charles Parker, of Tifton; S. T. Carter, Dr. L. E. Lyons, B. E. Mayes, A. R. Graham, O. C. Hooters, of business, The Fitzgerald; H. Wheelless, J. B. Luke, of Nashville; J. M. Wilkinson, W. H. Mashburn, J. M. Ashley, T. E. Harris, of Valdosta; W. T. Gault, of Young, Pete Young, D. G. Malloy, H. F. Coyne, E. E. Vann, of Quitman.

Howe, John W., secretary of the Moultrie packing house and chamber of commerce, had an elaborate dinner at the hotel for the members. A special attention was paid all delegates who visited the packing house. A number of the members were admitted to membership in the organization, and Tifton selected as place for holding next meeting.

OCILLA CITIZENS' BANK
HAS RESUMED BUSINESS

Ocilla, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—The Citizens' bank of Ocilla, which has been closed since October 22, today reopened its doors for business. The finances of the bank have been materially strengthened, which enables the institution to reopen under the most favorable circumstances. The success of the plan for reopening the bank was due in a large measure to the hearty co-operation of depositors and creditors and to the untiring efforts of its stockholders and directors. The new officers of the bank are: D. J. Henderson, Jr., president; D. R. Henderson, vice president; and J. W. Mangham, cashier.

DROPS YOUNG HOWITZER
UNDER FEET OF JUDGE

Tifton, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—There was considerable excitement in Justice Sellers' court for a few minutes yesterday when a colored witness in leaving the stand dropped a young howitzer under the judge's feet. The warrants were immediately sworn out against the negro for carrying a pistol concealed, for carrying a pistol without license and for carrying a pistol into the courtroom. He was bound over to city court under three bonds of \$50 each.

Eastman Store Burglarized.

Eastman, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—The store of J. W. Eastman was burglarized Tuesday night. The robbers gained entrance to the store by cutting the wire screen and taking a pane from the back window. They failed to find any money.

"WILSON COUNTY" IS LATEST BOOM STARTED IN STATE SAYS ALLEGED RIVAL LOVES ADVERTISING

Waycross, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—Reports received from Nahant, in Wayne county, say a movement has been launched for the creation of a new county to be known as Wilson, after the president. It is proposed to make Nahant, the county seat, and cut the county from Wayne, Pierce, Charlton and Camden.

The boom was started by a meeting held at the home of E. Buesz. At the preliminary meeting a new county association was organized, with the following officers: W. W. Robertson, president; F. O. Knox, vice president; Dr. J. A. Moore, second vice president; J. W. Brooker, treasurer; Rev. J. T. Brown, secretary; J. S. Bobb, assistant secretary.

Next Saturday a second meeting will be held at Nahant. Citizens of Nahant and the territory proposed for the new county are being urged to attend the meeting.

NAT HARRIS WILL SPEAK.
To Address Farm Meeting at Athens Today.

Athens, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—Governor-elect Harris arrived in Athens from Macon tonight and will speak at noon tomorrow to a large assembly state college of horticulture, corn clubs, canning clubs and demonstration agents from over the state.

Dr. L. H. Hardman, candidate for governor in the race in which Judge Harris was elected, is also here and will speak at the same audience tomorrow afternoon.

Charles Rand, chief of the government bureau of markets at Washington, is to be here for an address before the conference on marketing Georgia farm products tomorrow afternoon.

QUARANTINE DECLARED
BY CITY OF CALHOUN

Calhoun, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the county board of health here yesterday it was decided to quarantine the city against Chattanooga and all points between Dalton and Chattanooga, because of the cases of smallpox reported to be in Chattanooga. Inspectors have been placed on Calhoun & S. C. railroad and on the Southern to prevent passengers alighting here from Chattanooga and all intermediate points.

LEROY PHARR NAMED
MAYOR OF EASTMAN

Eastman, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—The general election held this week resulted in the election of Leroy Pharr, cashier of the First National bank, of this city, as mayor, and M. H. Cannon, alderman at large; Roy Pennington, alderman first ward; S. D. Bowden, alderman second ward; J. D. Williams, alderman third ward; E. S. Moon, alderman fourth ward; and G. M. Clements, clerk and treasurer.

FIRE STARTED BY PIPE
BURNS VETERAN FATALLY

Fitzgerald, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—L. J. Maynard, a union veteran of the civil war, is dead at his home in this city as the result of burns received in a fire which broke out here tonight. Being entirely helpless and alone when the fire started, he was fatally burned before help arrived.

THIRD MISTRIAL FEARED
IN NEGRO MURDER CASE

Covington, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—L. J. Maynard, a union veteran of the civil war, is dead at his home in this city as the result of burns received in a fire which broke out here tonight. Being entirely helpless and alone when the fire started, he was fatally burned before help arrived.

Held as Corn Thief.

Tifton, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—Dempey Willis, a young white man living in west Tift county, was arrested yesterday afternoon under charges of stealing corn from the crib of a negro tenant on R. L. Warren's place.

CHAIRS AT OGLETHORPE HONOR DIXIE LEADERS REV. JAMES W. BIGHAM PASSES IN FLORIDA

That \$50,000 is now being raised to found professorships at Oglethorpe university to the memory of great men of the south was the announcement Thursday of the executive committee of the Oglethorpe board of directors. Resolutions were passed by the committee to name one of these professorships for Samuel M. Inman. A professorship of English will be named for Sidney Lanier.

The committee also passed the following resolutions in regard to Mr. Inman's death: "In the ripe years of a fine old age it has pleased God to gather unto his Father our friend, Samuel Martin Inman, and we bow reverently and humbly before the will of His Providence.

"It has pleased into a proverb that when God would give a blessing to any city He gives it a great man; a man the quality of whose virtue lends inspiration to all noble deeds for the community and whose loyal assistance may be relied upon in the consummation of all good plans for its welfare.

"We bear record that such a man has been taken from our board of directors, by whose help and generous assistance the founding of Oglethorpe university was most effectively aided. The vacant place on the program for the laying of the cornerstone of our building, a place which only he could fill, we also the broad wisdom of his counsel, of which we are now deprived."

A third set of resolutions passed were: "Resolved, That Samuel Inman, Jr., son of the chairman of our grounds committee and grandson of Samuel M. Inman, our benefactor, be requested to place the box in the cornerstone of the first building of Oglethorpe university on the occasion of its setting, Thursday, January 21, 1915."

Perry Court to Meet.

Perry, Ga., January 14.—(Special.)—City court convenes Monday in regular quarterly session. There are 113 civil cases on the docket, all set for three days. There are 22 criminal cases, all set for two days.

Those who know say that sunny California is the ideal place for automobiling; for golf, tennis and other outdoor sports.

There are more miles of oiled highways here than in any other section of U. S. A. Just the place to bring your touring car. Bring along your golf clubs, too, and keep on playing when Eastern links are snowbound.

Go "Santa Fe all the way" The California Limited is an all-steel train, exclusively for first-class travel.

Three other daily Santa Fe trains to California; and the Santa Fe de-Luxe, weekly in winter.

Fred Harvey meal service.

On your way visit the Grand Canyon of Arizona.

Nineteen-fifteen is Exposition year at San Francisco and San Diego.

Write to C. L. Seagraves, General Colonization Agent, 2301 Railway Exchange, Chicago, for Arizona and San Joaquin Valley land booklets.

Ask me for Panama Expositions, California Limited and Grand Canyon booklets.

P. E. Rogers, Son, Pass. Agt., 1 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga. Phone, Main 242.

THE GLOBE CLOTHING COMPANY

wants to thank its hundreds of friends and patrons who came to the big sale yesterday and the day before, and to extend the invitation to come to all who have not yet had a chance to come.

OCILLA CITIZENS' BANK
All Depositors

This bank is designed to be helpful to ALL depositors, whether their accounts be large or small.

Moreover, we wish to make it very plain that small accounts are not only cordially invited, but are just as welcome in this Bank as are the larger ones.

We wish you to know that this is YOUR BANK.

100% Safety

Central Bank & Trust Corporation

CANDLER BUILDING, ATLANTA
BRANCH BANK CORNER MITCHELL & FORSYTH STS.

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Bankers Advise Drinking

BUSINESS MEN that the banker's experience and observation prompts him to deny credit to their best customers when they commence using liquor or drugs regularly or excessively.

Before your credit with self, family and associates is further reduced or destroyed, spend a week-end vacation taking the Neal Treatment at home or Neal Institute (Successor Keeley Institute), 223 Woodward Ave. (Main 2795), Holding this as our agreement to refund the full amount paid to any patient who is not entirely satisfied at end of treatment. (City Constitution Office, 705 Silvey Bldg. (Main 1078), Atlanta, Ga.)

60 Neal Institutes in Principal Cities.

To Wilmington, N. C., VIA

Georgia Railroad and Atlantic Coast Line. Only through sleeping car service Atlanta to Wilmington, N. C. Leave Atlanta 8:45 p. m., arrive Wilmington 12:50 p. m.

Those who know say that sunny California is the ideal place for automobiling; for golf, tennis and other outdoor sports.

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WHEAT ADVANCED OVER TWO CENTS

May Option Sold at Price Not Equalled in Years. Rye Brought \$1.17, Highest in Fifty Years.

Chicago, January 14.—Wheat jumped today to virtually 10 cents a bushel higher than last Monday's high record.

European needs became so acute today that finding no wheat available, exporters bought thousands of barrels of flour here.

Chicago Quotations. Following were quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade today:

Table with columns: Articles, High, Low, Close, Prev. Close. Rows include Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Flour, etc.

Receipts in Chicago. Wheat—Receipts 1,150,000 against 692,000 last year.

Primary Movement. Wheat—Receipts 1,150,000 against 692,000 last year.

CHARLES J. METZ, CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

Advertisement for Charles J. Metz, Certified Public Accountant, featuring a large '\$15,000 TAX-FREE AUGUSTA, GA.' graphic.

Atwood Violet & Company. ESTABLISHED 1865. COTTON MERCHANTS.

ALONZO RICHARDSON & CO. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUBBARD BROS. & CO., Cotton Merchants. HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK

ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK. Our Proven Safety. A SAFE bank is one whose security has been proved to the public.

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Grain. Chicago, January 14.—Cash: Wheat, No. 2 hard \$1.40 1/4; No. 2 white \$1.40 1/2.

Coffee. New York, January 14.—There was a further decline in the market for coffee.

Rice. New Orleans, January 14.—Clean Japan rice, in addition to the rough grade, ruled active today.

Metals. New York, January 14.—Lead \$1.65 @ \$1.75; London 118 1/2 @ 119.

Naval Stores. Savannah, Ga., January 14.—Turpentine firm at 4 1/2; sales 121; receipts 21.

Liverpool Cotton. Liverpool, January 14.—Cotton spot market, good middling 5 1/2; speculation and export 5 1/2.

Atlanta Quotations. (Corrected by the Fidelity Fruit and Produce Company.)

Poultry and Eggs. Hens, alive, each, 15c; Ducks, alive, each, 15c.

GROCERIES. (Corrected by Groceries Company.) Candy—Stick, 5c; mixed, 7c; chocolate, 10c.

Flour, Grain and Feed. Flour, Sacoed, Per 100-lb. (in 100-lb. bags), \$7.75.

Provision Market. Cornfed hams, 12 to 14-lb. average, 15c; Cornfed hams, 14 to 16-lb. average, 16c.

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RENEWED SPONGING ON MARKET. Market Fluctuated Within Narrow Range and Closed at Net Decline of 3 to 5 Points—Spot Quiet.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON. Table with columns: Open, High, Low, Last, Close, Prev. Close.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON. Table with columns: Open, High, Low, Last, Close, Prev. Close.

Comparative Port Receipts. Following were net receipts at United States ports on Thursday, January 14.

Interior Movement. Houston, 1915, 1914. Houston, 1915, 1914.

Financial. New York, January 14.—Merchants' bank, 100-lb. sacks, \$2.50.

Dry Goods. New York, January 14.—Canton flannels for fall were today priced from 1 1/2 cent.

Country Produce. New York, January 14.—Butter weak; receipts 6,778; creamery, extra (92 score), 28 1/2.

COST OF LOCAL WANTS ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION. 1 Insertion 10c a line; 3 Insertions 6c a line.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr., Hugh M. Dorsey, Arthur Heyman.

COTTON MOVEMENT. Atlanta, January 14.—Cotton, steady; middling, 7 1/2.

Market Had Been Irregular and When B. & O. Dividend Was Known Stocks Became Active.

New York, January 14.—The tone of today's stock market ranged from irregular to firm, with a total output of 100,000 shares.

Special Prices. MAY'S DRY CLEANING CO. Suits dry cleaned and pressed 75c.

LADIES' TAILOR-MADE CLOTHES. Have your long coats shortened and remodeled.

MUSIC AND DANCING. HURST'S Dancing School, 44 1/2 East 12th Street.

HELP WANTED—Male. WANTED—A-1 bookkeeper, with best of references.

SALESMEN WANTED. STOVE SALESMEN WANTED FOR THE STATES OF ALABAMA, GEORGIA AND FLORIDA.

SEED AND PET STOCK. FULL BREED BIRDS, 4 months old; will sell reasonable.

PLANTS AND SEEDS. RASPBERRY PLANTS, \$2.50 hundred; Strawberry plants, \$2.50 hundred.

HORSES AND VEHICLES. WANTED—First-class fertilizer salesman for south Georgia territory.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING. DROP a card; will bring cash for clothing.

LOST AND FOUND. LOST—Articles sometimes are never found; often they are stolen with a view to recovery.

PHRENOLOGISTS. MILE VALAIRE. RECOMMENDATION for best advertiser; private parties 10c.

PERSONAL. SPRAWLING IS DYING. MOURNING BLACK IN ONE DAY'S.

EDUCATIONAL. PROF. J. A. CAMPOAMOR. TEACHER OF SPANISH, COMMERCIAL, ENGLISH, FRENCH, PIANO, VOICE.

MUSIC INSTRUMENTS. A SPECTACULAR 'Huntington' piano, \$100.00.

TEACHER OF PIANO. PROFESSOR ALBERT, 159 Capitol, now open; terms reasonable.

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HELP WANTED—Female. WE HAVE position we can offer to lady of experience.

SALESWOMEN—SOLICITORS. WANTED—For permanent employment fifty percent commission.

MILINER'S WANTED. "Will be the 'ad' you will see soon.

WANTED—Teachers. ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY—Best service, most liberal terms.

SITUATION WANTED—Male. or several of them may be sent in as late as a week after our last appeared in the Constitution.

WANTED—Position as office manager, bookkeeper, or will take set of books few hours daily.

WANTED—Position as farm manager, assistant, or will take set of books few hours daily.

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