

APPROVAL STAMPED
ON MONEY MEASURE
BY HOUSE CAUCUS

By Vote of 163 to 9 Administration's Plan for Currency and Banking Reform Is Adopted.

ONLY MINOR CHANGES
MADE IN THE MEASURE

Chairman Glass Will Introduce the Bill in the House Today and Speedy Passage Is Predicted.

Washington, D. C., August 28.—(Special.)—Overwhelming endorsement was given the administration currency bill in the house caucus today. Only two amendments were adopted. One changes the requirement as to reserves, turning loose more money for circulation; and the other extends from 9 to 12 months the time that loans on farm lands may run.

The provision permitting national banks to loan money on farm lands apparently failed by one majority. The vote was 90 to 91. Representative Samuel J. Tribble of Georgia moved a recapitulation. This was accomplished and showed the adoption of this section by 119 to 63.

Only Nine Votes Against Measure.
The bill, after nearly three weeks of discussion, was approved by the caucus by a vote of 163 to 9. The nine dissenters were Representatives Henry, Eagle and Callaway of Texas, Howard of Georgia, Lobeck of Nebraska, Buchanan and Fowler of Illinois, Neely of Kansas, and Sisson of Mississippi.

After agreeing to the bill, the caucus adopted a resolution by an almost unanimous vote, declaring the bill to be a party measure and that "members of this caucus are pledged to support it to its final passage without amendment, provided, however, the banking and currency committee may offer amendments in the house."

The feature of today's session was the adoption of a committee amendment as a substitute for the section on bank reserves, which in effect simply served to clarify the section as originally drawn.

The measure will be re-introduced in the house tomorrow by Chairman Glass and referred immediately to the banking and currency committee, which will meet next Tuesday.

It is expected the bill at once will be reported back to the house, which Mr. Glass predicted tonight would pass it within ten days, many republicans having indicated their purpose to support it.

Glass Sums Up Measure.
The measure as it stands after adoption by the caucus is summed up by Chairman Glass, who piloted it through the caucus, as follows:

"There has not been written into the bill from one end to the other a single sentence except by the initiative of the banking and currency committee itself, which has altered in the remotest degree the essential provisions of the bill as originally reported by the committee to the caucus."

"The bill establishes twelve regional reserve banks, each of not less than \$5,000,000 each, to which national banks are required to contribute an amount equal to 10 per cent of their own capital stock and to become liable for an additional 10 per cent in case of call. This, it is estimated, will give the regional reserve banks a combined paid up capital of \$105,000,000. These regional reserve banks also are made custodians of a large part of the reserve money of member banks, estimated at about \$410,000,000 in the aggregate. They also receive the government deposits, estimated at from \$150,000,000 to \$250,000,000."

"Over the whole system of regional reserve banks is to be a federal reserve board consisting of seven members. This board is given extensive powers of supervision, examination and control."

"The measure provides an advisory council of bankers without actual power composed of one member from each of the twelve regional reserve districts."

To Refund 2 Per Cent Bonds.
"One important provision is for the gradual refunding, for a period of twenty years, of the United States 2 per cent bonds issued by the government bonds without the circulation privilege. This will mean the eventual retirement of national bank notes. The circulation privilege will thus revert to the government itself, issuing through the regional reserve banks on a gold reserve of 25 to 30 per cent to be provided by the banks."

"The notable reserve features of the bill contemplate a reduction of the reserve requirements of reserve and central reserve cities from 25 to 18 per cent."

Continued on Page Three.

WHAT KIND OF MEN
DO YOU WANT?

It doesn't matter whether they're manual workers or the most highly trained salesmen or managers.

You can get any kind of men you need with a Constitution Want Ad. Just phone Main 5030 or Atlanta 109 and ask for an advertiser.

First thing every morning men out of work or looking for better jobs read The Constitution Want Ads.

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"You Can't Get Something for Nothing"

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

"The Standard Southern Newspaper"

BOLT FALLS IN MIDST
OF VETERANS' REUNION

Forty Old Soldiers Shocked and Ten Injured at Gathering at The Rock.

Barnesville, Ga., August 28.—(Special.)—Nearly forty old soldiers were shocked and ten badly injured when lightning struck a big tree today within fifteen feet of the platform at The Rock, where 3,000 people were celebrating the annual reunion of Upson camp of confederate veterans. The tree was sliced in two by the bolt, the top falling directly alongside the platform. It appeared almost a miracle that none was killed. Exercises were suspended until the afternoon, when the program was completed.

An immense crowd was present from Upson and the surrounding counties. There were several talks by veterans, war songs were sung and a number of recitations, one of which, "The Wounded Soldier," by Miss Pauline Baker, of Zebulon, completely captured the crowd. A magnificent barbecue dinner was served the veterans and all the visitors.

BLALOCK RUNS AFOUL
OF CIVIL SERVICE RULES

Revenue Collector in Washington to See Hoke Smith About Matter.

Washington, D. C., August 28.—(Special.)—A. O. Blalock, the new collector of internal revenue for Georgia, was in Washington today for a conference with Senator Hoke Smith. Mr. Blalock ran afoul of the civil service rules in filling the places of deputy collectors. These places are now protected by the civil service and the incumbents cannot be removed and democrats appointed, without cause.

Democrats and Merit System.
There is considerable dissatisfaction among good democrats in all the states on finding how extensive are the ramifications of the so-called merit system. President Taft before leaving office covered 40,000 fourth-class postmasters under the civil service. Examinations will be held next week to fill the vacancies in these offices paying less than \$180 a year of which there are 394 in Georgia.

The result of these examinations will be an eligible list from which the successors of the present incumbents must be appointed. Examinations for candidates for fourth-class postoffices paying more than \$180 will be held later.

Reunite Sponsor for Bram.
Representative William Schley Howard was pleased to learn today that a parole had been granted to Thomas C. Bram, a life term convict now confined in the Atlanta penitentiary. This is the first parole of a life term man under the Howard amendment to the parole law. Daniel W. Rountree, of Atlanta, will stand sponsor for Bram during the term he is out on parole, and Bram must report to him at regular intervals. When Bram's exemplary conduct as a prisoner became known, a number of persons in Atlanta interested themselves in his behalf and wrote Mr. Howard, who took the matter up with the parole board.

Georgians in Washington.
Among the Georgians visiting here today were Messrs. Hoke Smith, of Atlanta, and Orrin Roberts, of Monroe.

PRE-CANCELLED STAMPS
TO BE PLACED ON SALE

Washington, August 28.—Postmaster General Burleson today signed an order which provides that pre-cancelled stamps have printed upon them the name of the postoffice before they are sold. Such stamps will be valid for postage on second, third and fourth class mail.

Included are newspapers, magazines mailed by the public, books and other printed matter and merchandise or parcel post matter. The stamps will be recognized only at the office named on them.

By the use of pre-cancelled stamps, not only will transportation and delivery of mail bearing them be expedited greatly, but it is estimated that the government will have in excess of labor and cancellation \$250,000 a year.

"I have weighed carefully," said Postmaster General Burleson today, "the question as to whether the extension of the use of the pre-cancelled stamps would result in loss to the postal revenues through the re-use or fraudulent use of such stamps. I am convinced that the loss will be negligible as compared with the great saving in expense and the increase in efficiency to be effected by the use of the stamps. Pre-cancelled stamps may not be used on letters or other sealed mail matter, which, under the law, must bear the date of mailing."

P. L. RUSHIN BOUND OVER
UNDER WHITE SLAVE ACT

Valdosta, Ga., August 28.—(Special.)—P. L. Rushin, charged with violation of the Mann white slave act, was given a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner O. W. Franklin in this city today and bound over to the next term of the federal court here under a \$2,000 bond.

Rushin was unable to give the bond and is now in the county jail. The young woman in the case is also being held to testify against him.

The evidence against Rushin went to show that he and Fannie Griffin, alias Mamie Wright, went from Columbia to Tybee Island, Ga., together, from Tybee to Jacksonville, Fla., and from the latter city to Valdosta. The young woman claims that they walked the 113 miles from here to Jacksonville, Fla. Rushin claims that they had money enough to pay their fare to Blanton, ten miles south of here, from whence they walked into Valdosta. Dispatches from Charlotte, N. C., state that Rushin is wanted there for abandoning his family.

WRONGED WIFE
FACES MARSHA

Mrs. Diggs Hears Girl Tell of Trip to Reno With Diggs. Diggs Looked First at One Woman and Then at Other.

San Francisco, Cal., August 28.—For the first time since the story of her husband's infidelity became public property, Mrs. Maury I. Diggs heard it today from the lips of Marsha Warrington, "the other woman." Marsha told the same story she did in the Diggs trial. In the case of F. Drew Caminetti charged with violation of the Mann white slave act, as in that of Diggs, Miss Warrington remains the chief witness for the government, although the name of Lola Norris is the one coupled with that of Caminetti in the indictment.

Mrs. Diggs sat just inside the rail that divides the audience from the bar of the court. She listened intently, rigidly winching at certain parts of the testimony.

Girls Faces the Wronged Wife.
Concluding her testimony for the day Marsha Warrington walked to a seat at the table of counsel for the government. Facing her as she drew near, stood Mrs. Diggs at the table of counsel for the defense, staring her steadfastly in the face, with only the width of the aisle between the two tables separating them. The girl turned her head and looked away.

Midway between the two tables stood Diggs, who, after adjournment, joined his wife. He looked nonchalantly, first at one woman and then at the other, talking the meanwhile with Caminetti. The girl's story today was a somewhat curtailed repetition of her testimony in the Diggs trial and carried her through the earlier stages of her experience with Diggs to the point where Diggs said scandal had surrounded them and began to urge the necessity of flight. Her examination will be resumed tomorrow.

He Won't Contradict Lola.
Whatever the testimony of Lola Norris may be, Caminetti has announced that he will not dispute it. The prosecution has stated that it will attempt to prove that Miss Norris was pure until she met Caminetti and that it was in Reno that she yielded, after promise of marriage was made to her.

Thus far the wife, children and mother of Caminetti have not appeared in the courtroom.

Judge Van Fleet today reprimanded Marshall Woodworth, chief counsel for the defense.

Counsel for the government called the attention of the court to an interview with Woodworth in which Woodworth was quoted as saying of the Mann act:

"It is ridiculous to suppose that the law was framed with the intent of making felons of youths like Drew Caminetti. Everybody knows that congress enacted that law for the purpose of checking commercialized prostitution. Caminetti believed that the only way in which he could avoid disgrace for his family, himself and Miss Norris was to leave Sacramento for a short time—until public gossip had subsided. The Mann act is on trial today as much as Caminetti."

ASQUITH IS BEATEN
BY SUFFRAGETTES

Stalwart Women Pummel and Drag Premier Over Ground.

Miss Asquith Fights Women to Rescue Her Father.

Edinburgh, Scotland, August 28.—The British prime minister was the object of an attack this afternoon in which his chivalry restrained him from adequately defending himself. While he was golfing with his daughter on the Leshmouthe links, two stalwart suffragettes, who had quietly come up to the green, sprang at Mr. Asquith suddenly. They knocked off his hat, grabbed him by the clothing and dragged him some distance over the ground.

The prime minister bore his rough treatment complacently and refrained from using force to make them assist while they imparted to him their opinion that he was a scoundrel and a pastmaster in the arts of Ananias.

Miss Asquith, who was a little distressed off when the suffragettes pounced on her father, ran to his assistance and proceeded to apply militant methods to the militants.

The battle waged for only a few moments when two detectives rushed up with difficulty released Mr. Asquith from the clutches of the suffragettes. The detectives took the women to the lull lodge, where, after listening to various opinions of themselves hardly less complimentary than those they had expressed to the premier, they were placed in a motor car and driven to the Elgin police station to the accompaniment of much booing and hissing and repeated cries of "Let us get at them; we will duck them in the sea."

At the station the women refused to give their names or addresses. Mr. Asquith resumed play after the suffragettes had been taken away and was loudly cheered when he reached the last green.

ORGANIZED MILITIA
AND FEDERAL FUNDS

Washington, August 28.—Federal funds are not to be used after January 1, next, for the organized militia of the states unless the citizen soldiers complied with the law which declares their organizations "shall be the same as that which is now or may hereafter be prescribed for the regular army of the United States."

This order was issued by the war department today. The law was passed several years ago and Secretary Garrison expresses the belief that "a sufficient time has now elapsed to enable the states to more definitely conform in organization to the regular army."

GEN. HUERTA HAS BEGUN TO Wobble;
HE CALLS BACK SPECIAL ENVOY LIND
AND MAY YIELD TO WILSON'S DEMANDS

New Governor of the Philippines



J. F. HARRISON
NEW GOVERNOR GENERAL OF PHILIPPINES

Representative Francis Burton Harrison, of New York, who was selected for governor general of the Philippines, will arrive in Manila tomorrow. The islands in the Philippine commission was carrying out the democratic party pledges relative to independence. Mr. Harrison is a democrat, a native of New York city, a lawyer by profession and has been a representative in five congresses, his first service being in the fifty-eighth. He enlisted as a private in the Spanish war in the volunteers and was a candidate

Aged Man Pleads With Police
To Send Son to Penitentiary

A gaunt and haggard man with a wrinkled face walked into police headquarters last night and pleaded with Night Chief E. L. Jett to send his 22-year-old son to the penitentiary so that the erring youth might be able to cure himself of the drug habit.

He gave the name of John Mauldin, of Mountain View, and said his son, C. L. Mauldin, had been addicted to cocaine for several months. It was impossible, he told, to check the boy's love for the drug, and the only remedy lay in a year's enforced abstinence in prison.

Chief Jett issued orders for the police to look out for the boy and arrest him on a charge of idling and loitering. In case of arrest, he will be arraigned before Recorder Broyles on statutory charges which will permit a year's imprisonment in the penitentiary.

PUT BULLET IN HEAD
AND LEAPED INTO SEA

F. Nobel Commits Suicide in Sensational Manner at Atlantic Beach.

Jacksonville, Fla., August 28.—F. Nobel, a bookkeeper, created a sensation on the ocean pier of the Atlantic Beach hotel at 7:30 o'clock tonight by shooting himself through the head and leaping into the ocean. His body has not been recovered. He leaves a wife in Jacksonville, but she can give no reason for the act.

ACCUSED OF BRIBERY
TO GET ASYLUM TRADE

Milwaukee, Wis., August 28.—George B. Daly, manager of the Milwaukee branch of the Cudahy Packing company, was arrested today charged with offering bribes to Dr. William F. Butler, of the Milwaukee county insane asylum, and to John Falze, steward of the asylum.

It is alleged in both cases that Daly sought to secure the meat trade of the county institutions by offering money to officers in charge of purchasing provisions.

HE SHOT AT GROUND
AND WAS TORN TO BITS

Port Arthur, Texas, August 28.—Hunting on a site near the gulf once selected for coast defense guns during the Spanish-American war, Val F. Ball, aged 19, today fired the contents of a shotgun into a depression in the ground. An explosion followed that blew Ball's body into fragments.

Two companions five paces away were uninjured. Ball was struck as though he had been standing at the mouth of a cannon.

HE DITCHED HIS AUTO
IN ORDER TO DODGE CAT

Terre Haute, Ind., August 28.—Fearing ill-luck would follow him the rest of his days if he ran over a cat that meandered across the road in front of his speeding automobile, E. C. Brown, of Oakland, Ill., ditched his car containing five persons near St. Mary of the Woods late yesterday. Each of his guests was injured.

AMERICANS FLEEING
FROM HUERTA LAND

They Are Obeying Wilson's Warning to Return to U. S. Government Assisting the Needy to Leave Mexico.

Washington, August 28.—Americans in Mexico are heeding President Wilson's warning to get out and state department officials believe that two weeks hence there will be scarcely a thousand of them left the troubled southern republic. Although many had refused to consider leaving before the word came of the president's urgent advice, hundreds have been starting for home or abroad daily during the last three weeks and it is estimated that nearly 10,000, or about as many as still remain in Mexico, have gotten away.

4,000 Americans Need Help.
Of those now preparing to leave, 4,000 will need help from the government, so the \$100,000 appropriation asked for by Secretary Bryan some time ago to aid refugees will be needed immediately. Of the 4,000, about 3,000 will come out by the east coast ports and the northern border; the other 1,000 through west coast ports.

Since last February the state department has aided, it was said today, between 4,000 and 5,000 refugees, furnishing many transportation in some instances, in others securing special rates or reductions which the individuals themselves could not get.

Department officials estimated that there were about 60,000 Americans in Mexico two or three years ago and Ambassador Wilson places the number as high as 75,000. In aiding American refugees the American Red Cross has spent about \$23,000 and last year the trips which the army transport Buford made down the west coast to Mazatlan, Manzanillo, Tepic and other ports cost the war department about \$36,000.

British Consul Praised.
High praise of H. A. Cunard Cummins, British vice consul at Gomez Palacio, which was in the center of the recent fighting around Torreon, was given in a report today from American consular agent, Carothers, at Torreon, who said Mr. Cummins on several occasions risked his life in his efforts to assist British and American subjects, and that he harbored large numbers of refugees in his own home, among them about thirty Chinese who feared a repetition of the massacre of a few years ago.

The price of foodstuffs in certain sections has become almost prohibitive. It was reported, meat having gone from 50 cents to 25 a kilo, and eggs from 5 cents to 20 cents each. The only Americans remaining at Madera, it is reported, are H. Cooper, D. P. Barnum, Law Williams, F. C. Herr, Hicks, Gleason, Carruth and Schmidt, and two or three others whose names were not known. Those who left Madera are expected to arrive at El Paso in a day or two.

AMERICANS SCARED
BY WILSON'S WARNING

Mexico City, August 28.—It is fully expected that a resumption of negotiations between the United States and Mexico will occur tomorrow on the return to the Mexican capital of President Wilson's personal representative, John Lind. Mr. Lind is hurrying back from Vera Cruz on the strength of Senor Gamboa's note, which he received this morning, and, according to the understanding, the Mexican government is prepared to make some concessions to the American demands.

Among Americans resident in Mexico, the urgent warning from the United States government that they should leave the country immediately, at first caused anxiety in some cases approaching consternation, and later a general determination to abide by the government's injunction, no matter what the monetary cost. There doubtless will be a great exodus from the republic in the next few days, unless the warning is rescinded by reason of a prospective settlement of the more or less strained relations.

Americans resident in the capital are at a loss to know how to interpret the peremptory warning issued by President Wilson to leave the republic. Somewhat reassured by the declaration that armed intervention is not intended, they are now wondering whether there is a hidden meaning back of the latest warning.

The American consulate general was crowded throughout the day by Americans of all classes, seeking detailed information. The consul general, Arnold Shanklin, was unable to give any advice other than that based upon instructions from the state department to send to all consuls in his district a message to the effect that they should advise all Americans in their territory to leave Mexico at once, going to the nearest seaport, where ships would be in readiness to take them off.

Most of the Americans who called at the consulate are planning to register their property and obey Washington's injunction. A few are availing themselves of the fund appropriated for the refugees; a great many put the cost of transportation in a secondary place. The great majority of those who have been able to arrange their affairs have already departed from the capital, and some from other places. Those who remain have, for the most part, interests to leave behind which would mean the sacrifice of their only means of livelihood.

They Are Obeying Wilson's Warning to Return to U. S. Government Assisting the Needy to Leave Mexico.

Washington, August 28.—John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative, made hasty preparations this afternoon to return to Mexico City. Colonel Manuel A. Grasque brought a final message to Mr. Lind from President Huerta, as a result of which the American envoy hastened to make ready for a renewal of the negotiations at the capital.

WILLING TO MEET
LIND HALF WAY.

The contents of the message have not been made public, but it is reported that General Huerta has expressed willingness to meet Mr. Lind at least half way in the matter of the American proposals without absolutely yielding.

Other messages have been received and answered by Mr. Lind since he came to Vera Cruz. Members of his party express great gratification over the outcome, but say the most important part of the work yet remains to be done.

William Bayard Hale, another official agent sent here by President Wilson, will leave immediately for Washington to lay the situation before the president.

HUERTA IS DISPOSED TO YIELD TO WILSON.

It now is confirmed that General Huerta has notified Mr. Lind that his government is willing to renew the conference, and that he is disposed to accept President Wilson's terms in order to secure peace and further recognition of the Mexican government.

Conservative Mexicans here express themselves as hoping that General Huerta will abide by this determination, as they are anxious for the pacification of the country.

Mexico City, August 28.—The announcement of the return of John Lind to Mexico City, brought from Senor Gamboa, minister of foreign affairs, the declaration that Mexico had agreed to nothing, and that Senor Gamboa's note of August 26 to Mr. Lind was the last communication he sent.

It was suggested to the minister

Lind Is Returning From Vera Cruz to Mexico City at the Request of Huerta—Negotiations Will Be Resumed Today.

REPORTED THAT HUERTA
HAS COME TO DECISION
TO ELIMINATE HIMSELF

Washington Is Greatly Gratified at the Turn of Events, and Is Hopeful of a Speedy Adjustment of the Trouble. Situation Loses Much of Its Tension.

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Weather Prophecy
LOCAL RAIN.

Georgia—Fair north, local showers south portions Friday; Saturday local showers; light to moderate south winds.

Local Report.

Lowest temperature 69
Highest temperature 90
Mean temperature 78
Normal temperature 75
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches, .60
Deficiency since last of mo., inches, 1.51
Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches, 1.97

Reports From Various Stations.

STATIONS AND WEATHER	State of Sky	Temperature, 7 p.m.	High	Low	Rain
Atlanta, clear.		80	90	60	
Atlantic City, dr.		72	78	26	
Baltimore, pt. cly		78	84	60	
Birmingham, cl.		84	94	60	
Boston, cloudy.		70	74	60	
Brownsville, pt. c		82	94	60	
Buffalo, cloudy.		70	70	62	
Charleston, clear.		76	82	28	
Chicago, clear.		76	80	60	
Des Moines, clear.		74	76	66	
Galveston, cloudy.		82	88	60	
Hatteras, clear.		78	84	60	
Jacksonville, cl.		76	84	60	
Kansas City, pt. c		82	94	60	
Knoxville, clear.		84	92	60	
Louisville, clear.		88	94	60	
Memphis, clear.		88	92	60	
Miami, pt. cloudy		82	88	62	
Mobile, cloudy.		88	92	28	
Montgomery, cl.		88	94	60	
Monterey, pt. cly.		58	64	60	
New Orleans, cly		82	88	60	
New York, clear.		70	82	60	
Pittsburg, cloudy.		82	88	60	
Portland, rain.		72	86	68	
Raleigh, clear.		80	90	60	
San Diego, pt. c		74	78	60	
San Francisco, cl.		62	74	60	
St. Louis, clear.		86	102	60	
St. Paul, pt. cly.		78	74	60	
Salt Lake City, p. c		86	88	60	
Seattle, cloudy.		74	76	60	
Shreveport, pt. c		90	94	60	
Tampa, cloudy.		78	88	60	
Toledo, pt. cloudy		80	88	60	
Washington, cl.		78	88	60	

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Section Director.

that President Wilson's representative was coming to the capital to resume negotiations. Senator Gamboa replied that this appeared not unlikely, as he naturally expected a reply to his last note.

It is regarded here as possible that further conferences between Senator Gamboa and Mr. Lind may result in an agreement unless Washington continues to be a stickler for compliance to the letter of her demands for General Huerta's non-candidacy.

WILSON ENCOURAGED BY THE DEVELOPMENTS

Washington, August 28.—President Wilson received a long message from John Lind at Vera Cruz late tonight outlining the prospects of a settlement of the Mexican problem in most optimistic terms. While absolute silence was maintained at the white house, there was a well defined impression in official circles that the Huerta government and Mr. Lind had reached a preliminary agreement which might lead to peace in the southern republic. It was stated on high authority that the situation was more encouraging than it has been at any time since Mr. Lind went to Mexico. The message to the president was essentially a summary of the points made by the Huerta government in its last note, which was carried to Vera Cruz today by Colonel Manuel M. Guasque. While no details were made public, it is understood that both the United States and the Huerta government feel they can renew negotiations on a frank basis.

Huerta May Make Statement.
There were persistent reports current that Huerta had stated he would make public announcement of his intention not to be a candidate in the coming election, but they lacked confirmation in official quarters. Administration officials expressed themselves as pleased with the day's developments. President Wilson regarded as hopeful the tone of the note sent by Federico Gamboa, Mexican minister of foreign affairs, in reply to supplementary suggestions made by John Lind before leaving Mexico City for Vera Cruz last Monday.

The full text of the two communications was received here, and while neither side, according to official interpretation, yields any of the essential points in its contentions, the method of approaching the difficulties at hand admittedly is more friendly and framed with more regard for a

practical solution.

Lind Back to Mexico City.
Officials found encouragement, too, in Mr. Lind's decision to return to the Mexican capital, as they had left it to his discretion to return there if there was a prospect of renewing negotiations along tangible lines.

The two notes exchanged by Lind and Gamboa were published here today, and official Washington read them closely.

Much interest was manifest in the suggestion made by Lind that all proposals be laid aside for the present except that which asks Huerta to be a candidate in the coming elections. It was learned that while President Wilson knew the gist of Mr. Lind's second proposals, he was not acquainted, until today, with the text of the communication in which Mr. Lind promised that if his last suggestions were accepted, assurances would be given American bankers of the moral support of the American government for a loan to rehabilitate the finances of the present Mexican regime.

The white house view of the offer of the loan was that should the present effort to bring about peace appear to be bearing fruit, it would be incumbent upon the United States to help Mexico straighten out her financial tangles.

Huerta and Mexico Constitution.
The argument of Senator Gamboa that Huerta, as provisional president of Mexico, was prohibited by the Mexican constitution from succeeding himself, and that the American contention, therefore, was unnecessary, was scrutinized closely, and some officials pointed out that no guarantee existed that Huerta would not resign at some time prior to the election and thereby make himself eligible. It was suggested, too, that to accept the citation of the Mexican constitution as sufficient restriction on Huerta's candidacy, might be construed as a recognition of Huerta as the constitutionally chosen ruler of the southern republic.

Notwithstanding this view, however, hope was found in the vigorous disclaimer of Senator Gamboa that any one should have suspected Huerta of desiring to become a candidate for this was regarded as a tacit implication that Huerta finally would not enter the presidential race.

The chief difficulties of the present situation, it is recognized by administration officials, are the questions of pride and national honor involved.

Surrender of Sovereignty.
Protestations by Senator Gamboa that to yield to the contentions of the United States would be a surrender of sovereignty and would permit a foreign government to veto the candidacy of individuals in Mexican elections, hereafter, have been met by the statement of officials here that the United States has not the slightest intention of interfering with the sovereign rights of Mexico.

There was confidence in official circles that by the exchange of other communications, both Mexico and the United States would further clarify their positions on this point, imputations of dictation would be removed and any changes brought about in Mexico would result from the voluntary acts of the Mexican administration.

So far as the Washington government is concerned, it has been made plain that it hopes merely that a peaceful settlement of the difficulties may be reached, regardless of how the Mexican authorities are influenced to compose the situation. Evidence of this was given today through frequent cautions by administration officials to the press to avoid injuring the sensibilities of the Mexican people by reference to "concessions," "triumphs" or "defeats." In this connection pointed reference was made to the remark of Senator Gamboa in his latest note:

"We are really in the way of arriving at an arrangement equally dignified for both sides."

Situation Loses Tension.
"The situation is a tension which held the national capital in its grip during the last few days. Secretary Bryan felt able to leave Washington late today for a lecture at New Hope, Pa., though he will return early tomorrow morning. President Wilson had hoped to go to Cornish, N. H., today for the week-end and unless the situation grows acute, will leave late tomorrow.

The machinery of the Washington government continued to operate in enforcement of the policy outlined by the president in his address to congress yesterday. Customs agents and military authorities along the southern frontier were ordered to hold up all shipments of arms or ammunition destined for any point in Mexico.

Major General Wood, chief of staff, U. S. A., who returned to Washington

Pilfered Picture of Patrick Rescued by Detective 'Gene'



The Rescue of Patrick Henry.

Mona Lisas might be stolen over on your side and might be stolen successfully, but nobody can pull that kind of stuff in Atlanta and get away with it. No, sirree! That is not so long as Sherlock Gene Coker is on the job.

Gene is a detective down at police headquarters, and he can catch anything from a crap shooter in Snuff Alley to a severe cold in the middle of July. He's handsome, too; big Roman features, stout wrists and a pair of pedal extremities that provide foundation as stable as Gibraltar.

The other day Chief Lanford summoned Gene to his office and said: "Look-a-here, Gene, somebody's gone and stole a picture of some kind out of Mr. Carnegie's library. They might get away with that kind of stuff over where they swiped that Moaning Lisa thing, but not here, where we've got such men as you purely for the business of catching stolen things."

Gene Sets Out.
Gene set out to find the pilfered portrait. It was a handsome picture of Patrick Henry, he of declaration library as the Mona Lisa had been stolen as mysteriously from Carnegie library as the Mona Lisa had been flicked from its famous gallery.

Gene interviewed the library officials, and, from force of habit more than anything else, turned his sleuth-

ing nostrils to Decatur street, wherein thrive many pawnshops. No portrait of Henry there. He slouched about for headquarters to look up the on W. E. Brown, a local lover of art, to whom a well-dressed young man had tried to sell the missing portrait the day previous.

Gene took a description of the well-dressed young man, beat it hurriedly for headquarters to look up the rogues' gallery. Finding a familiar face, he went to the Grier house, on Luckie street, where he suspected his quarry was boarding. The quarry had skipped between suns, but the landlady, Mrs. Julia Grier, said that he had left his trunk and effects in lieu of a \$20 board bill.

The Picture Is Returned.

Gene searched the trunk, found the pilfered picture, and went gloriously to the hall of Carnegie, where he turned it over to Miss Wooten, head librarian.

The accompanying illustration was conceived by Harold History, the ambitious office boy, and only resident in the block who remembered just who was Patrick Henry and what it was he said that made him famous.

The artist, realizing Mr. Henry was quite distant from liberty in the merciless hands of Detective Gene, put in the handcuffs and visage of grimness on the Coker features.

ton today, did not go to the war department, but remained at the bedside of his sick wife. He kept in touch, however, with the situation in the border, where it is expected more troops will be used to enforce neutrality.

Secretary Daniels, of the navy department, announced that no additional battleships would be ordered to Mexican waters.

Hogansville High School.

Hogansville, Ga., August 28.—(Special.)—Hogansville High school opens September 1, with A. W. Strozier superintendent; Miss Lillian Moore, first assistant; Miss Mary Culpepper, fifth and sixth grades; Miss Inez Johnson, fourth and fifth grades; Miss Lillian Russell, second and third grades; Miss Neola McDavid, primary department. Miss Marie Sewell will have charge of the music department.

Mrs. Rea Frank, mother of the factory superintendent, left Thursday afternoon for her home in Brooklyn.

She returned to Atlanta shortly. Her husband, it is said, is ill at home. Frank is resting well in the Tower. Much of his time is spent in attending to business. He receives visitors daily, and his wife has been a constant caller. He slept nine hours Wednesday night. Many out-of-town friends came to see him Thursday morning and afternoon, some of whom were college mates at Cornell.

UNKNOWN THIEF ROBS ZETELLA POSTMASTER

Griffin, Ga., August 28.—(Special.)—While he was away from home last night, the residence of E. R. Rogers, postmaster at Zetella, Ga., was entered by burglars and money to the amount of over a hundred dollars and a large quantity of stamps were taken. Mr. Rogers was at the Mt. Zion camp meeting when the robbery was committed.

Entrance to the house was made through a kitchen window, and a trunk containing money was broken open. Suspicion rests upon a negro familiar with the house and surroundings. No definite clue has been discovered yet.

JUST MARKING TIME IN HARRY THAW CASE

Long Stay in Canadian Prison Seems Certain for Stanford, White's Slayer.

Sherbrooke, Quebec, August 28.—Harry K. Thaw's lawyers, successful so far in keeping their client in jail, safe from the immigration authorities, rejoiced tonight when they received word from Quebec that the trip of William Travers Jerome to see Sir Lomer Gouin, provincial premier and attorney general, has been in vain.

Mr. Jerome, leader of the New York state forces seeking Thaw's return to Matteawan, accompanied by Deputy Attorney General Franklin Kennedy, left here last night hoping to lay before the premier facts that would persuade him to sweep aside the commitment on which Thaw is held in Sherbrooke and place him in the hands of the immigration authorities. Presumably Mr. Jerome did not know that the premier was to leave Quebec for New York to join those paying tribute to Lord Haldane, who is to arrive there from England tomorrow.

Case of "Gentleman Roger."

"Gentleman Roger" Thompson, Thaw's chauffeur, will be arraigned tomorrow before District Magistrate Mulvana on a charge of aiding an undesirable to cross the border. If Thompson can prove he is a British subject, he cannot be deported, but can be fined a maximum of \$500 or imprisoned for three months.

Thompson said in court that he would plead not guilty and absolutely would not sue as to the details of Thaw's delivery from Matteawan.

It doubtless would be necessary for the prosecution to prove Thaw insane before they can establish that he is an undesirable alien and thus sustain the charge against Thompson. If this is the case, the Thompson trial may go over until all aliens can examine Stanford White's slayer.

Talk of Bail for Thaw.

There was renewed talk today of the possibility of Thaw's being admitted to bail pending the long wait for trial before the king's bench in October. The length of time it now appears he will be held. One of Thaw's counsel said that Thaw's admission to bail he would regard as an extremely unwise move.

"In my opinion," he added, the immigration authorities could take him in charge and anyhow. They could not deport him, in view of his being bound by a bond to appear in court, they might be able to emigrate him. For the present Mr. Thaw will remain in jail, perhaps later we will hit on a way to get him out in safety."

WOLFFE CHALLENGES HENRY SULLIVAN

London, August 28.—James Wolffe, the English swimmer, has challenged Henry P. Sullivan, the long distance swimmer of Lowell, Mass., to a long distance swimming contest for the championship of the world. Both men failed Tuesday in their attempts to swim the English channel, but Sullivan expressed willingness to make another test across the channel against Wolffe.

EXCURSION

GRIFFIN TO ATLANTA

\$1.00 'ROUND TRIP

Tickets on sale for all trains from Griffin, September 2.

Good returning on all trains up to and including train No. 8, leaving Atlanta 11:45 p. m., September 4.

For tickets and other information, ASK THE TICKET AGENT, CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

INDIGESTION?

Stop it quickly! Have your grocer send you one dozen bottles of

SHIVAR GINGER ALE

Drink with meals, and it not promptly relieved, get your money back at our expense. Wholesome, delicious, refreshing. Prepared with the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water and the purest flavoring material.

SHIVAR SPRING, Manufacturers
SHELTON, S. C.

E. L. ADAMS CO., Distributors, Atlanta

EDUCATIONAL

PEABODY
Conservatory of Music
BALTIMORE, MD.

The leading endowed musical conservatory in the country.

Scholarships and diplomas awarded. Circulars mailed. Tuition in all grades and branches.

GEORGIA MILITARY ACADEMY

THE SOUTH'S MOST SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED PREP SCHOOL
College Park, Eight Miles From Atlanta, Georgia

Fills every hour of a boy's life with wholesome mental development, body building, moral and social training, and preparation for a man's part in the world's work. A thoroughly disciplined, modernly appointed, attractive school for boys and young men—a gentleman's school, limited to about 125 boarding pupils, so grouped as to give every teacher about 12 Cadets for tutoring and oversight at night. Delightful home life—a big, happy family of successful, cultured teachers and pupils. Every sanitary convenience. Electric lights, steam heat, artesian water. Elevation nearly 1,200 feet, no malaria, perfect health.

BEST TABLE FARE AND PRETTIEST SCHOOL CAMPUS IN THE SOUTH

Three Regular Courses—Classical, Engineering, Commercial.

Members Southern Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools.

Active U. S. Officer in Charge of Military Department.

Classed A by U. S. War Department.

Alarms, accouterments and ordnance supplies furnished by U. S., just as at V. M. I. and the Citadel.

Magnificent outdoor gymnasium now being constructed.

Thorough work in Class Room.

Largest Faculty in any Prep School in Georgia.

Athletics, without any "hired or induced" players, properly encouraged.

Location in College Park, Atlanta's most beautiful suburb.

Special advantage for Atlanta Cadets.

Modern dairy operated for exclusive use of Cadets.

Prospective patrons urged to visit and compare the school with the best in America.

COLONEL J. C. WOODWARD, A. M., President.

J. C. MOORE BROUGHT BACK FROM CANADA

Athens, Ga., August 28.—(Special.)—The county bailiff is back from Alberta, Canada, with J. C. Moore, wanted here on sensational charges which assert that he worked the citizens of Athens and surrounding country for thousands of dollars—much of which has been made good. It was at first stated that he cleaned up in cash and notes from \$50,000 to \$70,000—but many of the notes have been straightened out and the alleged amount involved is not as large now.

"SEWELL'S" SPECIAL SNAPS FOR FRIDAY

No. 10 pall Pure Leaf Lard \$1.29
No. 10 pall Snowdrift Lard \$1.04
Carload Fancy Irish Potatoes, peck21½¢
Fresh Country Eggs, doz. 24½¢
Meadow Brook Butter, lb. 32½¢
Finest Georgia Yam Potatoes, peck31¢
Missouri Brand Breakfast Bacon, lb.17½¢
Missouri Brand Red Gravy, 19¢
Fancy White Cabbage, lb. 1½¢
Buy From First Hands and Save 20 to 50 Per Cent on Each Purchase.
SEWELL COMMISSION CO.
Wholesale and Retail,
113-115 Whitehall St.
Branch Store 161 Decatur St.

CONDITION OF KING REPORTED IMPROVING

Paris, August 28.—The condition of George H. King of Atlanta, Ga., who has been seriously ill at the Neully hospital, is improving. Relatives who were cabled for have now been advised not to come.

To Cure Tender and Bleeding Gums
Apply the wonderful, old reliable DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

ALUMINUM PLATES

NO ROOF GUMS

BEST WORK

Crowns (22-k)83
Bridge Work83
Full Set Teeth83
Filling83
R. R. fare allowed 25 miles. All work guaranteed 20 years.

EASTERN PAINLESS DENTISTS
38½ Peachtree, Near Walton.

FORSYTH TODAY AT 2:30 AND 8:30

SVENGALLI?
Bond & Benton-Lewis & Dady
Four Regals-Joe Flynn
Meredith Sisters-Claude Golden

Next Week: SAM MANN & CO.

Box Office Open Now—Hurry!

THE DAINTY LITTLE COMEDienne

EMMA BUNTING

In "THE CIRCUS GIRL"

Matinees Mon., Tues., Thurs. and Sat.

LYRIC NEXT WEEK

EDUCATIONAL

Academy of the Immaculate Conception
149 Washington Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Boarding and Day school conducted by the Sisters of Mercy. The course is thorough, embracing all the branches for a solid and refined education. The school year begins September 8, 1913. For particulars apply to Sister Superior.

PEACOCK-FLEET SCHOOL

Offers trained and experienced Christian men to direct the work of their students at the critical period of their development. New, modern, steam-heated, brick schoolhouse, on Fourteenth street, between the Peachtree. Individual instruction in small classes. Daily physical work in gymnasium under a director. Fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth grade work and four years of high school. Fall term begins September 8. Professor J. H. Peacock will take a limited number of boarders into his home. For catalogue, address School, 41 West Fourteenth street. Phone 614-J.

BRENAU COLLEGE

Conservatory consists of 33 buildings, dotting a campus and park of 100 acres in the heart of Gainesville, the healthiest city in the South. In the foothills of the Blue Ridge Mountains its location from a climatic standpoint is ideal. The Brenau faculty is famous for its specialists.

Unsurpassed advantages are offered in Music, Art, Expression, Literature and Domestic Science. Brenau is the Southern representative among national colleges for women.

Write today for catalog and information.

College Conservatory
GAINESVILLE, GA. Box 14

Live among national colleges for women.

MARIST COLLEGE

Day School for Boys
Opens 12th session September 8th.

Sixth, seventh, eighth grades, four years high school.

Literary, Commercial, Science Departments.

Military and Physical training. Campus in the heart of city

Peachtree and Ivy Streets.

WASHINGTON SEMINARY

1374 PEACHTREE ROAD — ATLANTA
THE SOUTH'S MOST BEAUTIFUL SCHOOL

DISTINCTIVE FEATURES:

1. Boarding Department Limited, \$100,000.00 in Grounds and Buildings.

2. New School Building, modern in equipment, with provision for open-air class-rooms.

3. Courses in Domestic Science and Physical Training a part of regular curriculum.

4. Departments: Kindergarten, Primary, Academic, College-Preparatory, Music, Art, Expression.

Thirty-sixth Session begins SEPTEMBER 11th, 1913.

Write for illustrated catalogue — C

L. D. and EMMA R. SCOTT, Principals.

CASH GRO. CO. 118 WHITEHALL

NO. 10

98¢

10c Georgia Cane Syrup5c
No. 10 Cottolene\$1.14
No. 4 Cottolene25c
Recycled Storage Eggs17½¢

98BOTH PHONES 98

MILLERS MONARCH MESSENGERS MAKE GOOD
33 S-FORSYTH ST.

DR. GAULT

Successor to Dr. Hathaway & Co., 32 Inman Building, 22½ S. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga. Hours: 9 to 1 and 2 to 7. Sundays: 10 to 12.

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W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.50, \$4.00 & \$4.50 SHOES

\$726,564

Increase in the sales of W. L. Douglas shoes the past year.

This enormous increase proves their superiority over all other makes for the price.

BEGAN BUSINESS IN 1873 ON \$875 CAPITAL. NOW THE LARGEST MAKER OF \$3.50 & \$4.00 SHOES IN THE WORLD

LOOK IN W. L. Douglas store windows and you will see shoes for \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50 that are just as good in style, fit and wear as other makes costing \$5.00 to \$7.00, the only difference is the price. Shoes in all leathers, styles and shapes to suit everybody. If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price.

The Best \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00 Boys' Shoes in the World.

CAUTION! See that W. L. Douglas name is stamped on the bottom.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., 11 Peachtree Street

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TO LEVY HEAVY TAX ON LARGE INCOMES

Insurgent Movement Among
Democrats Forced Leaders
to Agree to Revise Income
Tax Section of Tariff Bill.

Washington, August 28.—An insurgent movement among democratic senators that threatened to break party lines on the income tax was stopped by democratic leaders today by an agreement to revise the tariff bill so as to levy a heavier tax on the incomes from large fortunes.

The insurgent leaders began with a demand for a party conference and claimed the support of 27 democratic senators out of the 59 in the senate in support of an increase in the tax. They finally agreed to withdraw their demand for a special caucus, but the question will be taken up in a party conference tomorrow or Saturday.

Extra Tax on Big Incomes.
It is understood that democratic leaders have agreed to a revision of the income tax section so that the extra tax on incomes of more than \$100,000 will be 5 per cent, with an increasing scale reaching 10 per cent on incomes of half million dollars. The bill as it now stands provides only 2 per cent tax above \$100,000. The present rates on incomes between \$20,000 and \$100,000 also will be increased.

The argument to redraft the bill came after Senator Vandaman left the party ranks and voted for Senator La Follette's amendment to increase the rates, and Senators Reed, Thompson and Ashurst had threatened to take similar action.

Sensors Reed, Ashurst and Thompson voted with their party only after expressly stating they had been assured an increase would be made for taxes on incomes more than \$100,000. Senator La Follette's amendment would have taxed all incomes more than \$100,000 10 per cent. Twelve republicans joined the democrats in voting it down.

Efforts to Amend Failed.
Ineffectual attempts were made repeatedly by republicans to amend the income tax provisions. An amendment by Senator Norris to allow an exemption of \$500 for each minor child instead of limiting the exemption to two children was defeated 34 to 27. Another by Senator Lodge to substi-

BIG MOB RUNS DOWN NEGRO WHO ESCAPED FROM BULLOCH JAIL

Statesboro, Ga., August 28.—(Special.)—A mob of 150 men, armed with shotguns, rifles and clubs, chased with murder, escaped from the Bulloch county jail this afternoon to be run down later by a big crowd who followed. The negro made his escape by bending one of the bars and lowering himself from a rope made of his suspenders and belt.

There were a number of prisoners in the jail at the time, none of whom tried to escape. Had Smith waited until night probably a complete delivery would have been effected.

APPROVAL STAMPED ON MONEY MEASURE

Continued From Page One.

per cent and of all country banks from 15 to 12 per cent. The federal reserve board is required to establish a graduated tax on the amounts by which banks may be permitted to fall below reserve requirements, such tax to be uniform in its application to all banks.

"National banks are compelled to become members of the system under penalty of forfeiture of charters, while state banks are permitted to become members under regulations of the federal reserve board."

"Concerning the provisions relating to re-discounts, over which there was such a prolonged fight, and as a substitute for which Representative Henry and others offered amendments comprising eighteen printed pages, the only change made was to add two additional clauses typewritten lines, declaring that nothing contained in the bill should be construed to prohibit the rediscounting of notes and bills of exchange secured by agricultural products and other goods, wares and merchandise."

tute "dependent" for "minor" children also was promptly voted down. Senator Cummins attacked the provision defining "income," declaring that the definition of the word as used in the constitutional amendment was for the courts to pass upon and the attempt of congress to do so might result in the entire income tax being declared invalid. He objected to what he termed the efforts of the committee to have "principal" reckoned as "income" and to have undivided profits of corporations regarded as part of the income of individual shareholders.

Just before adjournment, Senator Hitchcock proposed his graduated tax on corporations manufacturing more than one-fourth of the total production of any line of goods. During the afternoon Senator Lodge had written against levying the income tax as a class measure.

He suggested every person should be made to pay part of the tax, no matter how small his income.

ATLANTA BOYS BACK FROM CULVER



GEORGIA BOYS BACK FROM CULVER.

Bottom row (from left to right): Marcellus Butler, Frank Owens, Howell Cobb, Norris Broyles and Allen Sommerfield. Top row (left to right): William Ellis, Robert Foreman, Charles Coney of Savannah, James Budd of Macon, Eugene Black, Elijah Brown, Jr., and Wilmer L. Moore, Jr.

ever, have been studying in the woodcrafters' school, under Dan Beard, who is probably the most famous instructor of boys in the country.

With the Atlanta boys were Charles Coney, of Savannah, and James Budd, of Macon.

CREMATORY TEST TO BE MADE MONDAY

Upon These Tests Depends
Whether City Will Establish
Generating Plant.

After announcing the appointment of Frank Lederle, a consulting engineer, to be the city's representative in making the evaporation tests at the new \$276,800 crematory, Mayor Woodward yesterday stated that he will order the first test to be made Monday morning.

Engineer Lederle was appointed by the mayor under a resolution offered by Chairman Ashley, of the sanitary committee, and adopted by the board of health and the city council. His compensation for making the tests will be \$200. The New York Destructor company, the concern which erected the plant, has not yet announced who will conduct the test for it, but it is assumed that P. D. Canham, the engineer who was in charge of the construction details, and who is still on the job, will be assigned.

Ashley to Be Present.
Councilman Claude L. Ashley, himself an efficient steam engineer, will also be present at the test.

In making the appointment of the engineer, Mayor Woodward, for the first time since the crematory became a disputed issue, gave sanction for the expenditure of the city's money in carrying out a detail of the work. He says that he will hold the contractor to every guarantee it has made. Upon the tests which will be made by Engineer Lederle depends whether the city will expend approximately \$102,000, for a 1,500 kilowatt electric generating plant. By a resolution offered by Alderman Nutting and adopted by council over the veto of Mayor Woodward, the city obligated itself, by option, to allow the Destructor company to bid on the electric plant.

Ashley is Skeptical.
Councilman Ashley is of the opinion that the plant is not capable of generating 1,500 kilowatts of current, using garbage for fuel.

"Even though it does evaporate enough steam to drive turbines large enough to make 1,500 kilowatts, I will oppose paying the Destructor company or any other concern \$102,000 for the generating plant. I don't think such a plant will cost 20 per cent of what the company has offered it to the city. My honest opinion, based on the knowledge I have gained of the plant by daily visits, is that the city will be fortunate to get 80 kilowatts from it."

Mayor Woodward has called Sanitary Chief John Jentzen for a conference on the crematory to be held in the executive office, Friday morning.

There Are Still Dump Piles.
The mayor told reporters Thursday that he has been informed that the city is still maintaining garbage dump piles despite the fact that the crematory has been in full operation, with three furnaces working, since August 15.

"My informant says that it is costing the city \$40 a day to maintain these piles," Mayor Woodward said. "I am not sure of the cost, but I intend finding out. I want Chief Jentzen to conduct the incinerating tests himself, and I expect to conduct the reports as to the cost to the city for burning refuse."

In signing the commission to Engineer Lederle, Mayor Woodward informed him that what the city wants is a fair and complete report.

BERRY SCHOOL OPENS FOR ITS 14TH SESSION

Rome, Ga., August 28.—(Special.)—The Berry school opened this afternoon for its fourteenth session. During the summer the dormitory space was enlarged to accommodate 220 boys in all. Every place is taken and it was necessary to reject about fifty applicants for lack of room. During the summer a successful summer school was conducted and the schools are now practically in continuous session. Miss Martha Berry, the director, announces that the Martha Berry School for Girls will open its third session next week. The opening ceremonies were simple, consisting of a welcome to the new students from Miss Berry, the registration and assignment to classes and the starting of regular work.

VICTORY FOR FRIENDS OF BIRD PROTECTION

J. H. Rice Talks of Feather
Proviso in the Tariff
Bill.

A telegram from National Secretary T. G. Pearson to James Henry Rice, Jr., of South Carolina, field agent of the National Association of Audubon societies, now in Atlanta, conveyed the information that the feather proviso in the report of the finance committee of the United States senate had been referred back to the committee for further consideration. This is a victory so far for the friends of bird protection throughout the world.

An explanation of the situation is that the tariff bill carried a rider prohibiting the importation of the feathers of all wild birds, except ostrich feathers. Feathers of domestic poultry were also permitted to come in.

The finance committee of the senate clapped on an amendment, providing that the feathers of all birds which are game birds might be imported, inasmuch as practically all birds are killed as pests in some parts of the world, due to ignorance of their value, and as most birds are likewise killed as game birds, somewhere or other, by different races of men, the passage of this amendment would remove protection from all the birds of the world which live beyond our bounds.

The Work of the Society.
Mr. Rice says:
"The Audubon society seeks to bring such legislation in all civilized countries as will prohibit the use of feathers, taken from any wild bird, as an article of commerce. This is the whole of it in a nutshell."

"Insects are migratory to a wonderful extent. Some of the worst insect pests we have in the United States have been imported from abroad. The boll weevil is one of these, which is a native of Guatemala. The cabbage butterfly, or plume butterfly, is a native of the Malay Archipelago. The gypsy moth is a European insect, which costs the state of Massachusetts a million dollars a year to fight it. The migration of locusts, or grasshoppers, thousands of miles has brought ruin to many a country. An outbreak in Kansas and Nebraska in 1877 caused a famine, and cost two hundred million dollars. Therefore, without giving further details of a story which has thousands of illustrations, it will be clear to any thinking person that the destruction of the bird life of any part of the globe will affect more or less every other part. Simply because when insects are not checked they multiply beyond all reason and must migrate to get food."

Killed During Nesting Period.
"The objection to slaughtering birds for their feathers is fairly obvious from the foregoing; but it becomes vastly stronger when it is known that practically all birds whose feathers are used in commerce are killed during the nesting period. Many birds, for example the snowy herons, known to commerce as egrettes, have a special nuptial plumage or bridal dress. This plumage is moulted immediately after the nesting period."

"For these reasons the three hundred million birds which are used up annually in the trade, as decorations for women's hats, mean a far greater number of birds which are killed than is often realized. Indeed, so heavy have been the losses on the agriculture of the whole world that every civilized government has been forced to take notice of it and to pass laws for the conservation of the birds within their jurisdiction."

FIFTY FIRE ORPHANS TO UNVEIL MEMORIAL

New York, August 28.—Fifty young girls left fatherless by firemen who sacrificed their lives in the discharge of their duties, will unveil here on September 5 a firemen's Memorial on Riverside Drive at One Hundredth street. The children will be dressed in white, carrying bouquets of roses furnished by the park department. The event has been arranged in connection with the forty-first annual convention and exposition of the International Association of Fire Engineers, which will begin on Monday to continue through the week.

GIRL'S BRIGHT EYES AND SHOWER OF RAIN SOLVE JEWEL "THEFT"

Savannah, Ga., August 28.—(Special.)—The rain today unraveled a "diamond robbery mystery" which baffled the police for several weeks during the early spring.

While Little Miss Kite Shehan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Shehan, was playing with companions in front of the Burke home just after the rain today, she was attracted by a bright sparkle on the ground, which resembled that of a jewel. Picking it up, she found it to be a diamond earring and the next minute she found a diamond ring. The police learned of it and Patrolman Kearney notified headquarters.

The diamonds were identified as those which Mrs. Burke had lost several months ago. At the time Mrs. Burke reported the loss of two earrings and two diamond rings—one having one stone and the other having two stones. One earring and the solitary were found this morning. The diamonds are valued at several hundred dollars.

MACON TRADE SPECIAL LEAVES SEPTEMBER 9

Macon, Ga., August 28.—(Special.)—Plans for the operation of the Macon "trade special" through middle and south Georgia are fast maturing. The train will leave Macon September 9. It will carry a party of 100 business men and the crack Macon drum and bugle corps of fifty pieces and will be on the road four days, the party spending the night on St. Simons island to break the monotony of the trip.

The first day's run will be from Macon to Sandersville over the Central of Georgia railway and the Sandersville railroad. The second day the special will go first to Tennesse, then to Wadley, to Swainsboro and back to Wadley again, from where it will go to Millen on the Central, striking the G. S. & F. at Millen and continuing on to Brunswick, arriving there at 8 o'clock that evening and remaining until the next morning at 9 o'clock, when they will take the Atlantic Coast Line to Thomasville. Friday will be consumed with the trip over the A. B. & A. from Thomasville to Byronville and over the Central of Georgia from Byronville to Macon.

Order your tea by name—

Ridgways Tea

England's favorite for over 70 years



At This Time, When the Expense of Moving Makes Economy Most Imperative

Our "partial payment plan" makes it possible for you to invest while you save.

THE SUTHERLAND REALTY CO.

Offers three modern, "up-to-date" bungalows at a saving of 25 per cent to 50 per cent on city property. We will be glad to show you this property and give you further particulars concerning same.

THE SUTHERLAND REALTY CO.

PHONE MAIN 1946.

542 WHITEHALL ST.

Ladies' White Low Shoes At Very Low Prices

We have just received another shipment of White Canvas Colonial Pumps with turn soles and medium heels; \$1.45 \$2.50 values, now on sale at.....
Also several other smart styles of white canvas pumps and 5-button Oxfords with turn soles, only \$1.45
\$2.50 and \$3.00 nubuck and canvas pumps and low shoes; a large variety, at.....
Sorosis \$3.50 and \$4.00 canvas pumps and low shoes, only.....
Children's \$1.50 to \$2 canvas and velvet slippers to size 12, now on sale at.....

Just right to finish out the season.
Infants' 50c soft-sole slippers in sizes 3 and 4; all colors.....

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THE CONSTITUTION

Established 1868.
THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

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A SHAMEFUL INDICTMENT.

What greater indictment of our civilization could be made than in the announcement that "fourteen murder trials confront the solicitor general of Fulton county with the opening of the fall term of court?"

Commenting upon this, Solicitor Dorsey makes the striking, but altogether horrifying, statement that more homicides have been committed in Fulton county during the past month than at any time during the history of the county.

He might have added—and what do our people think of this?—that there are now in the Atlanta jail awaiting trial for murder more prisoners than are under indictment for capital offense in the entire city of London, or perhaps in the whole of England.

More murders are committed in the state of Georgia, with its three million people, than in the British Isles with its more than sixty million.

When will the decent, progressive, civilized people of Georgia awake to the horror of this indictment and take such steps as will be necessary to put an end to it?

Not until two things happen—first, until public sentiment revolts against it; second, until every man who commits a crime in Georgia is made to understand that punishment will be inflicted, and that the punishment will be commensurate with the crime.

Statistics of the bloody work of the pistol and knife in Georgia remind one of the chronicles of the "wild and woolly west" in pioneer days, when law was at a discount and when every man was expected to take care of himself and the devil of the hindmost.

These figures should bring a blush of shame to every man who has the good name of his state and his city at heart, and somehow, somewhere, there should be an appeal to the conscience of the community that will put an end to this sort of thing in Georgia and in the whole country—for Georgia is not an exception to the general rule.

Fewer crimes are committed in England than in this country, simply and solely because in England it is a matter of universal knowledge that crime means punishment, and that all the money and all the technicalities of the law cannot save a criminal from punishment.

When we reach that condition in this country we will have advanced a century in the march of civilization.

WHAT NEXT IN MEXICO?

President Wilson's message has clarified the situation in reference to Mexico. The whole country now knows what the administration has tried to do, and how it succeeded.

Diplomatic intervention has so far failed, and more drastic measures are in prospect. The country is growing impatient at the continued disorders in Mexico, which have claimed scores of lives and hundreds of millions of property.

Significant of what the administration contemplates in the future is this paragraph from President Wilson's address:

"We should let every one who assumes to exercise authority in any part of Mexico know in the most unequivocal way that we shall vigilantly watch the fortunes of those Americans who cannot get away, and shall hold those responsible for their sufferings

and losses to a definite reckoning. That can be and will be made plain beyond the possibility of a misunderstanding."

Friendship for Mexico and a desire for peace and amity characterizes the whole message. This country does not want war; the administration does not want war; congress does not want war. But disorders in Mexico must cease. The United States has been long suffering and patient.

Notice has now been served upon those claiming civil or military jurisdiction that this government will hold them personally responsible for loss or damage to Americans in their lives or property.

If this solemn warning is to be effective it must be backed up by force if necessary. To make the threat without intending to carry it out should the necessity arise would be futile. Failure to enforce the threat, once it is made, would be construed as a confession of weakness.

President Wilson has steadfastly refused to recognize Provisional President Huerta, or his blood-cradled government. Though pressure has been brought to bear to have him do so, he has persistently declined.

Had he sought an easy way out of the difficulty that course would have furnished it. But he has refused to recognize the tiger; has called for a cessation of fighting; the holding of an election in which Huerta shall not be a candidate; and an agreement to abide the result.

The United States has extended its good offices as a friend. It may yet be forced to sterner measures in discharging its obligation to its citizens temporarily sojourning abroad, and its obligations to European governments.

PARCEL POST POPULARITY.

It is hard to understand, now, how we ever got along without the parcel post.

Formerly the farmer had to take a laborer and a horse from the plow to send to town for a monkey wrench or do without. Now a post card or a phone message will bring almost anything the farmer wants to his door.

Postmaster General Burleson announces that the parcel post system is being increasingly used by farmers, merchants and manufacturers—especially since the order was sent out increasing the weight of packages that may be sent through the mail—and that the system will probably be further elaborated in the near future.

As the parcel post grows in popularity the farmer and his family—wife, daughters and sons—should take full advantage of its opportunities. This can be done by producing more to be sent from the farm to the city than comes from the city to the farm. It is our parcel post. Let us use it.

STREET DANGERS.

All over the country today there is a crusade against careless pedestrians that is destined to save many lives.

Heretofore when automobiles were fewer accidents were always attributed to reckless driving. The trials of the man at the steering wheel were not so generally recognized.

But the careless pedestrian is often the one at fault. The "jay-walkers" crowd the street at every hour of the day. Even the exercise of extraordinary care and diligence by drivers cannot prevent casualties when persons attempt to cross a crowded thoroughfare in absolute disregard of traffic.

The concentration that leads persons to ignore the perils of the street is partial insanity.

Even the most careful driver is helpless against the sudden impulse that leads men and women to step carelessly in front of an auto or a street car too close to permit its stopping; or that causes little children to dart into the street, engrossed in play.

The only precaution that will prevent these accidents is for parents and teachers to instruct children to use caution on the streets. An occasional warning will not suffice. Training from the earliest years is needed to impress the lesson.

Huerta has his troubles, and we have the tariff bill.

"Lookout for Teddy now," says The Baltimore Sun. No need to. He will doubtless be heralded by a Hopi warwhoop.

The Peace Dove is not greatly in evidence. As a "leader" for next Sabbath Brother Bryan might announce the hymn, "Oh, Tell Me Where the Dove Has Flown to Build Her Downy Nest."

Seems hard, but Huerta may have to cool down with iced grape juice.

With the infantry of the law guarding the place of Thaw's imprisonment it is deemed unnecessary to call out the Canadian troops.

Lind is willing to return and sit on the lid—if he can get Huerta under it.

Standing salutation between Glynn and Sulzer: "I don't recognize you, therefore, I can't place you."

The country recognizes the faithfulness of congressmen who are always on the job, and would be perfectly willing to retire some of them on a pension.

If, during the summer holidays, the easy schoolboy found "books in the running brooks" he laid low, and let them stay there.

There will be but little faith in Mexico's promise until she donates a site for a Carnegie peace temple.

Just From Georgia

By FRANK L. STANTON

Song of the Interests.

I.
Tell me, Envoy, if you know
How's my mine in Mexico?
While they wrangle round about
Is my gold mine panning out?
Let no general, high or low,
Fuse my mine in Mexico!

II.
Tell me, Envoy of our land,
How's my hot tamale stand?
Though the wranglers round it rave,
That's the interest I would save.

III.
Hunger now gets in her groans
Since they picked the Peace Dove's bones;
Now's the time when low and high
Make the hot tamales fly!
From the warriors of the land
Save my hot tamale stand!

Though all other things be banned,
Save my hot tamale stand!



He's with us, same as ever, from far wild west delights, but they have him sorted faded on the front page rights; however, trouble's booming; though now he's left alone, with all the trouble-makers he's left holding of his own.

"Corn!"
Our friend, the Bentztown Bard, turns to the poetry mill and grinds out this lyric of "Corn!"

"Corn with the pumpkins of gold between,
Ripening corn and green;
Corn full-cared and rounded out,
Corn in its baby sheen.
Corn, corn, marvelous corn.
Corn for the world, for the west,
Corn for the east and north and south,
Corn of the whole land's breast."

To the above the sweet singer of the Adams Enterprise adds:
"Corn, like dew from the dripping 'still,'
What lessons from thee we learn!
A gallon-jug for the major fill,
And next, it's the colonel's turn.
Corn, corn, sure as you're born,
March on the 'moonshine' plan;
Bend your mug to the unlovely jug—
'T'ell with the government man!"

Little Hard Luck Stories.
These two hard luck items come all the way from Kansas, via The Mulvane News: "John Logan, who went all the way from Atlanta to Sherman's Sea and never missed a meal, is laid up with a sore hand, the result of an old hen's pecking him. He is able to be out again."

"A big Indian went through town yesterday driving a \$5,000 motor car, and as we trudged through the sun on our way we thought to, the poor Indian!"

"The Poor Farmer."
Candidates who pity the "poor" farmer in their orations from the stump should read this little item from The Conway Springs Star:

"A farmer near Pratt attended a sale and made a few purchases amounting to \$172 and tendered a \$1,000 bill in payment. The Star infers that he borrowed some of his wife's butter-and-egg money."

The Frosty-Feelin' Time.
When comes that frosty feelin' to the country and the town;
When the roses seem to 'huddle' an' the green is turnin' brown;
Then a feller's glad he's livin' in a world that's goin' to be
The very best of all the shinin' worlds you see.

Fair was the summer
With blossoms and with birds,
But now's the song of plenty
From the hills that hie the herds.

Spring out o' bed fore sun-up, when the
And toss the gold of Autumn o'er Summer's
locks of snow:
Oh, your heart throbs with thanksgivin'—
the hills of Joy you climb;
Hallelujah just in livin' in the frosty feelin' time!

Get out in the woodlands,
Far away from town,
Autumn is the treasurer
Rainin' riches down!

Just a Billville Opinion.
Our representative wouldn't come home if he had a vacation, for we'd sure find out what he doesn't know the minute they asked him to explain the tariff. Once upon a time we put that question to a senator, and after a long and painful silence he looked far across the fields and said: "Hanged if it ain't a-goin' to rain!"

The Trouble-Border.
I.
"Borderin' on trouble o'er the border"—so they say:
"But pass the grape juice, brother, where the Peace Dove loves to stray."
That Dove, just at this minute, ain't a-flyin' very high;
But she'll grow some fine wing-feathers—in the sweet old By and By!"

II.
Borderin' on trouble—but that's the human way:
When you reach the shinin' summit and shake hands with the Day
The thunders roar around you; life takes a somber hue,
But we're in for joy or trouble, so we take the thunder, too!

13 Ears of Corn on Two Stalks.
(From The Douglas Enterprise.)
Dr. W. F. Sibbett brought to The Enterprise office on last Wednesday two stalks of corn, with six and seven ears, respectively, on each stalk. The doctor has fifteen acres of this corn on his farm, near the city limits, which promises to bring an abundant yield. The doctor is a good farmer as well as a splendid physician.

SAM SMALL WRITES ON MEXICAN SITUATION

By Sam W. Small.

It is the most natural thing in the world for an American living down in Mexico to feel, every now and then, that it would be a joy unspeakable and a great service to future generations to have this country thrash the whole Greaser outfit to an everlasting frazzle.

Perhaps somewhere on the planet there is a more ignorant, arrogant, inhuman and brutal people—but I think not. Any fair rival of them disappeared to my notion with the taming of the Zulus and the extinction of the Modoc Indians.

On second thought, however, a sane Christian yields rather to pity for them than to enmity. Their genesis, history and practical peonage for so many generations explains the vagaries and viciousness that are the hallmarks of this race. They are an odd mixture—combining the proud independence of the savage with the subservience of the serf who follows any hand that feeds him. Their traits and actions remind me most of those shown by our emancipated negroes when, after the war, they were following the military satraps and carpet-baggers of that era.

But we do not want any war with Mexico. How could it profit us to spend a million dollars a day for an indefinite period of years, sacrifice thousands of good young American lives, spread limitless sorrow over the lands, in a war with a people who would never understand its purpose and whose feelings toward us could never be changed by its outcome?

President Wilson's attitude in the present crisis is the right one. If the Mexicans will not accept our friendly offices in securing to them peace, order and constitutional government, let them fight it out among themselves unhelped and unhampered by us or by any other power.

There are 15,000,000 Mexicans, and it should not take long for one of the factions to grow strong enough to rule the roost, even though the roost does spread over 765,535 square miles.

Before the present fracas was started by Huerta, who "played like" President Madero and Vice President Suarez were trying to run away, and therefore had them conveniently and conclusively shot in their backs, the Mexican federal army was just short of 50,000 soldiers. Every seven soldiers had an officer, and every 520 of officers had a general! That was a total array of 107 generals, while we have only 21 in line and staff corps of our army. Manifestly we are not prepared to go to war with the Mexican generals just yet! Besides they may have more now than they had half a year ago.

Another reason why we don't need any war with Mexico is that she already has a debt close to \$250,000,000. That is \$18.66 per capita, while our public debt is only \$10.74 per capita. Really, we would hardly do well to lick Mexico and stand sponsor for the payment of her debts.

That country is enormously rich in resources, undoubtedly, and greedy capitalists and adventurers from all quarters are eager to exploit these resources and enrich themselves "beyond the dreams of avarice," as the orators say. And some of these speculators of our own breed who are down in Mexico, or back home now yelling for "intervention," could frisk old Hernando Cortez himself of his bank-roll and his checking account in old Madrid! They don't care a rap who or how many of their countrymen might be slaughtered in war, if only the war would confirm their concessions and fill their wallets with mine and plantation gold. The Mexicans cry, "¡Muerte a los gringos!" but we Americans should cry, "Down with the Jingos!"

Our only righteous and humane job is to help the Mexicans to civilize themselves, and not try to Americanize them. That is job before which Sisyphus himself would lie down!

BY ALWAYS THINKING.

By GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS

The salt of the world is sprinkled among those to whom every man and woman of lights to go—the Likable People. You know them. You are drawn their way whenever their atmosphere touches yours. They lift and honor life.

Likableness is one of the real essentials of Leadership—a thing felt because lived. You meet a Stranger. But straightaway he becomes your Friend—Likableness woven into his very makeup makes him akin to you. You look him in the eye, feel the warm, solid grasp of his hand and know that you can build upon his word.

You walk into a busy office. You face a busy man. But being sincerely Likable—approachable—you honor his time and his graciousness. You pay tribute to his character—you do not impose upon his responsibility.

Likableness is a wonderful asset. It is one of the vital necessities for Success—Success through Happiness and Services. Make yourself Likable—genuinely so. You can—for anybody can.

Heaven's An Apple Pie Famine.

Editor Constitution: A little timely warning to the readers of your paper may not be amiss at this moment, when the prospects are good for an immense harvest of crops with good profits to the entire American people. This will create a desire that their tables be supplied with everything of the best, not forgetting "juicy apple pies," and here are a few statistics that gathered which will prove conclusively that the lovers of apple pie may have to forego the pleasure of eating their usual share of their beloved "apple pies," because apple pies promise to be a real scarce article this season, as a result of a shorter apple crop than last year. The crop of the country is estimated at present around 68,484,000 bushels or 10,272,678,000 apples of average size.

It takes perhaps five average sized apples to make a good apple pie, therefore it is apparent that only 2,054,535,600 apple pies can be made from the crop this season. However, we will export about 9,000,000 bushels this year, or enough to make 27,000,000 pies, leaving only 1,784,535,600 pies for home consumption. This is a most serious condition when one comes to consider that the average American prefers apple pie to any other food. Considering the population of the country, and it is somewhat increased since the last official census, there will not be more than 20 pies for each person during the entire year. This is not enough. I could eat several times my proportion, and will probably do so, unless some one forestalls me by eating their share first.

LOUIS B. MAGID.

Timid Esperantists.

(From The Westminster Gazette.)
Doctors belonging to France, Germany, Spain, Great Britain, Russia, Poland, etc., who use Esperanto, held their first meeting yesterday. As this first meeting was primarily to show the weariness of many tongues and the need of one mutually understandable the speakers each used their native tongue to enforce the value of Esperanto.

The World's Mysteries

WHO WROTE MUSIC OF "STAR SPANGLED BANNER?"

Since the United States Navy has adopted Francis Scott Key's song, "The Star Spangled Banner," as the air to be recognized and to which the same honors are to be paid as a national air, and which has come to be recognized by every one as our national hymn, there has been a renewed effort made to ascertain the origin of the music to which Key placed his inspiring words.

Every one is familiar with the story of how Key wrote "The Star Spangled Banner" during the bombardment of Fort Mifflin, near Baltimore, in the War of 1812. How he jotted the words down on an envelope, and how it was first sung in public at a popular-priced theater in the Monumental City. The music for many, many years has been credited to an Englishman, and the English tune is known as "Anacreon in Heaven." This origin has been almost unquestioned. Several years ago an effort was made by the government to get all the information possible regarding "America," "Star Spangled Banner," "Yankee Doodle" and "Hail, Columbia," and the result was incorporated in a book which was issued. It was the investigation did not end here. Recently the War and Navy departments and congress have been advised that researches recently made in the British Museum show that the English claim to the music of "The Star Spangled Banner" is unfounded, and the identification of the composer is now a mystery.

John Henry Blake, of New York, who has devoted more time on the investigation of this subject than any other American, several years of which were spent abroad trying to trace the music in the country claimed to be its birth, in a recent article says: "The British since 1873 have claimed the composition of the music and the Americans have effeminately submitted to this unintentional imposition without investigation for forty years."

Mr. Blake states that William Chappell, in a book published in London in 1872, claimed the music for John Stafford Smith, an Englishman, but he found that Smith himself never claimed the honor of having composed the music. Smith, in 1799, published a book of canons, catches, canons and glees, and among them appeared the

Anacreon air harmonized by Smith. Chappell, it seems, failed to note that Smith simply introduced his arrangement of the tune for a glee with no thought, probably, of claiming the authorship of the tune itself.

Upon this statement by Chappell music dictionaries in edition after edition have claimed Smith as the author, and his name has been printed on top of millions of copies of the "Star Spangled Banner." After all his work Mr. Blake comes to the conclusion that the composer was just as likely to have been a Frenchman, a Scotchman, an Irishman, or even an American, as an Englishman.

Mr. Blake found that the words and music known as "To Anacreon in Heaven" are to be found in "Calliope, or Musical Miscellany," which was published in Edinburgh in 1788, and before that they were published in the "Edinburgh Musical Miscellany" of 1775. This would indicate that the music was as old as Smith himself. Besides, a careful study of the words would indicate that they were more likely to come from the pen of an Irishman than an Englishman.

"It is not unlikely," Mr. Blake adds further, "that the music may have originated on the continent of Europe. There was a lively interchange of music between France and Ireland from 1760 to 1790. So much so that the origin of music in these respective countries in those years is doubtful unless absolutely specified at that date."

It is found that A. E. Gretry, of Paris, who was born in 1741 and died in 1813, produced an opera about the year 1770 or 1780, called "Anacreon," in which there are unmistakable portions of the music of the American national anthem. Did Paris get this music from Dublin, or contrariwise? Gretry was one of the most prolific composers of his time, and wrote more than forty light operas.

As portions of the music of the American anthem can be unmistakably found in his "Anacreon," it is possible that it may also occur in other of his operas. It would certainly be a source of great gratification to the people of this country if it could be eventually shown that the music was of our own making, but this is not likely, although doubtful if the claim that it is English-made is based on an authentic foundation.

A Story of the Moment

By WALT MASON.

The Famous Prose Poet

HOW TO GET AHEAD.

"Mrs. Spoudulick was telling me something, this afternoon that opened my eyes," said Mrs. Jamesworthy. "She says that she buys all her groceries in quantities and saves a great deal of money. She buys everything far cheaper than if she bought a little at a time, as we do."

"No doubt she does," remarked Jamesworthy, "and her scheme is a good one when operated by a woman with a level head like hers, but that's no reason why I should draw out the few kreutzers I have in the building and loan, for you to blow in at the grocery store."

"What a rip-snorting time you would have chasing around from trade palace to trade palace, buying groceries and provisions by the ton. It seems almost a crime to deprive you of such a carnival, but we'll go ahead on the old plan until further notice, buying our cheese by the ounce and other things in proportion."

"Mrs. Spoudulick is a remarkable woman. She is the watchdog of the family treasury, and any coin that gets away has to have the countersign. But you are an easy mark, Mrs. Jamesworthy. Instead of standing guard over the treasure chest, determined to let no guilty plunk escape, you are always thinking up schemes for getting rid of our assets. And when the beladames of the neighborhood come over to pull your limb, you haven't the force of character to tell them to fade away. They know how easy you are, and they come here and sell you second hand baby carriages, although our youngest born is using a safety razor."

"I can't imagine one of these dames working off such stuff as Mrs. Spoudulick. She would turn the garden hose on such a visitor at once. But you are always picking up rare bargains in the way of dismantled churns and second-hand fireless cookers, and that's why the superintendent of the postoffice looks at me with a proprietary air when I meet him on the street."

"If you went on such an excursion as you propose, buying all the groceries in town at once, the news would spread among the beladames in less than no time. It would be bruited about that Mrs. Jamesworthy had filled her home, clear to the roof, with staple and fancy groceries, and all those hags would be rushing over here with baskets and buckets and wash boilers, borrowing you blind. Within twenty-four hours your stock would be distributed all over the neighborhood, and the whole community would be feeding at our expense. And as they fed they would laugh with flendish glee, and agree that of all the easy marks in the United States Mrs. Jamesworthy was the easiest."

"They couldn't work Mrs. Spoudulick that way. If they climbed over her front fence and asked to borrow bolted flour and seedless sugar and such things, she'd heave chunks of coal at them and tell them to go to."

"There isn't any scheme of economy that will work on right unless the woman who is personally conducting it carries her head where it will do the most good."

"Every once in a while you have an inspiration, and it always leads you to the dump. A few weeks ago you told me that you intended to buy a savings bank and drop every spare nickel into it. I thought that a good idea, and didn't see how you could lose out on it. I told you to go ahead, and you went. The first thing was to buy the savings bank, and instead of going to a hardware store, where you could buy a tin

LETTERS.

BY GEORGE FITCH.

Author of "At Good Old Sluagh"

Letters form one of man's greatest output.

Each day thousands of tons of letters are stuck into mail boxes and delivered by perspiring carriers. It takes several million typewriters and a river full of ink to produce the world's correspondence, and the stamps used daily could not be licked with a fire hose unless it worked overtime.

Letters are little cross-sections of human nature. A letter tells as much about its writer as a microscope slide does about a rare and costly disease. Sometimes a jury can take a single letter from a cold and haughty business man and discover from it that he has a warm and loving heart and is inclined to be absent-minded.

Now and then some great and generally admired statesman writes a few letters instead of slipping over behind a barn with a lobbyist, and when the public reads said letters it learns more about said statesman than it had ever been suspected before. Some of the most eminent men now in retirement might still have been running for office if they hadn't gotten into the letter writing habit.

The letters of the world carry much of its joy and sorrow, rage and good nature, philanthropy and villainy. A thin, half ounce letter is a little thing, but it can make a strong man drop the task of strapping a competitor and travel a thousand miles to find out why the writer was so chilly when she wrote it.

Great men spend their lives in making speeches and writing books. But we have to wait until after they are dead and some literary ghoul has dug up their letters and published them, to find their inmost thoughts. We should all strive to become so great that when we die our love letters to our wives will be of interest to an impatient and over-curious world. Letters are the circulation of business. They are the

breath of life to lovers, the curse of politicians and the voice of old age which has to sit alone at home while the young are on the firing line ahead. If there were no letters, business would drop, wastepaper baskets would go out of business and the telephone connections would melt under the strain of promoting the marriages of a romantic land.

one for ten cents, you

SAYS STATE BUREAU OF STATISTICS NEEDED

Dan Hughes Discusses Plans of Agricultural Department for Gathering Figures.

The state department of agriculture is considering various plans regarding the collection of statistics concerning the production and movement of cotton. In this connection, Assistant Commissioner of Agriculture Dan Hughes said yesterday:

"I doubt the feasibility with our present facilities of gathering statistics regarding the movement of cotton that would be in any way reliable. Of course, we could gather reports from the various leading inland markets of the state as to the cotton received at stated periods, say weekly, and these receipts compared with receipts at the same markets for the corresponding period last year, might give a good general idea of the movement of the crop.

"A better plan than this would probably be to have the railroads co-operate with us and furnish us with weekly reports as to the number of bales moved. I do not know that they would do this but I rather think they would.

Need State Bureau.

"But it is a very difficult matter for us to gather anything like accurate statistics as to the movement of cotton when her feet become entangled in her dress and she plunges headlong to the lower floor, her head striking a stone jar as she fell.

"The aged woman arose at 8 o'clock Thursday morning and was going down the stairway to the breakfast table when her feet became entangled in her dress and she plunged headlong to the lower floor, her head striking a stone jar as she fell.

Federal Weighers Proposed.

"The suggestion has been made that the federal government establish a standard system of grading cotton and also government weighers. When this is done, I believe that it will be possible to follow accurately the movement of the crop, as a bale that had once received the government stamp could be numbered and located at any time.

"There would also be a great saving to farmers from our present extremely wasteful system of sampling and handling cotton. I am informed that this loss is not less than \$6,000,000 per year and that, in many cases, by the time the bale has reached the manufacturer, it has been so cut to pieces as greatly to expense and damage the lint. I understand that Mr. R. C. Neely, of Wayneboro, has worked out a feasible plan of grading and weighing by the government and that he also has some ideas as to the best method of keeping track of the movement of cotton."

Mr. Hughes said that his department was now in correspondence with the departments of other southern states as to the methods now in vogue as to gathering crop statistics.

LABOR DAY IS HOLIDAY AT THE CITY HALL

Mayor Woodward will issue a proclamation declaring Labor day a holiday, and ordering every department of the city to close. The mayor's order will be in the hands of City Clerk Taylor Friday morning, and will be conspicuously placed in the corridors of the city hall.

Mayor Woodward has been asked to attend several celebrations on Labor day, but has not accepted any. It is likely that he will spend his day in the executive office getting the city's business in order for the new month.

Labor day will not interfere with the regular meeting of council. The call for the meeting has been sent out, and if there is a quorum present, the body will adjourn to meet on some other day.

MISS CLYBURN SINGING AT THE HOTEL ANSLEY

An additional feature has been added to the new Hotel Ansley with a view to making it more popular. Miss Marie Clyburn, a well known local vocalist, has been engaged to sing there during the evening concerts on the mezzanine floor. Her first appearance was Sunday night, and a large number showed their appreciation for Manager Letton's innovation by frequent and liberal applause.

Diamonds Will Advance In Price Within 60 Days

Diamonds steadily advance in price every year.

The best quality has increased on an average of 17 1/2 per cent for the past eleven years. The increase of miscellaneous grades will average fully 11 per cent a year.

There has been three advances made by the syndicate since last August which we have noted. The new tariff bill will increase the duty on diamonds 10 per cent.

Our present stock will be sold at the old prices, as quoted in our diamond booklet, for the present, an advance of from 10 per cent to 20 per cent will positively occur within sixty days.

Selections sent prepaid for examination to reliable people anywhere.

Attractive monthly payment plans allowed.

Call or write for our booklet, "Facts About Diamonds," and 160-page illustrated catalogue.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Diamond Merchants
31-33 Whitehall Street
Established 1887

SMALL AUDIENCE HEARS FINE CONCERT AT THE AUDITORIUM

The concert rendered Thursday night by the Fifth Regiment band under the auspices of the Atlanta Music Festival association was an event deserving of a far larger attendance than was present at the Auditorium-Armory.

The reception given the Fifth's band by those who were present, however, was indicative that similar concerts in the future would be highly welcome and would receive a support more commensurate with the deserving work of the musicians.

Mr. Selton, on the organ, and Mr. Barber and Mr. Cox, in a cornet and trombone due, were enthusiastically encored.

MRS. E. M. WILSON DIES AS THE RESULT OF FALL

Mrs. E. M. Wilson, 65 years of age, died at Grady hospital Thursday afternoon as a result of a fall in the home of her son-in-law, R. G. Anderson, 4 Baltimore block, corner Peachtree and Spring streets, a few hours previous. Mrs. Wilson sustained a fracture of the skull, and never regained consciousness from the time the accident occurred until she passed away.

The aged woman arose at 8 o'clock Thursday morning and was going down the stairway to the breakfast table when her feet became entangled in her dress and she plunged headlong to the lower floor, her head striking a stone jar as she fell.

Mrs. Wilson is survived by a sister, Mrs. E. G. Taylor, and one daughter, Mrs. R. G. Anderson, with whom she resided in Baltimore block.

MANY DOGS MAKE ESCAPE FROM TAYLOR'S DOGGERY

Walter Taylor's doggerly in Manhattan avenue was raided Wednesday night, and when the city's official canine executioner went on the job yesterday morning to send a dozen or more flea-bitten mongrels to the happy bone-hunting grounds, there was not a captive within miles of the place.

Just who allowed the canines to escape City Clerk Taylor has no idea. He has reported the matter to the police, however, and will ask the city to put a watchman on guard.

One of the city's dog-catchers resigned Thursday as the result of an encounter he had with a victim he hoped on Butler street. The dog made a savage attack on the man with the loop, burying its fangs in the calf of the right leg.

BOLLING H. JONES HAS NOT GOT COMMISSION

Bolling H. Jones, president of the Atlanta Stove Works, whose appointment as postmaster at Atlanta was confirmed by the senate on Wednesday, has not received his commission and does not expect to receive it for about two weeks yet.

Mr. Jones, accompanied by his wife, expects to leave Atlanta Saturday for a ten-day or two weeks' vacation in New York and other eastern cities.

He expects to be in Washington next Monday, when he will pay his respects to the Georgia senators and representatives there.

Mr. Jones said Thursday that he does not expect to do anything definite in regard to the postoffice until his return from his eastern trip.

CENTRAL BAPTIST WILL HOLD A BIG REVIVAL

The congregation of Central Baptist church is planning a special series of evangelistic meetings for the last half of September, and the deacons have asked Dr. Ridley, the pastor, to do all the preaching. He is hoping to secure the services of Dr. Len G. Broughton for at least one week of the time, as Dr. Broughton will be sojourning in the city at that time.

His next Sunday night Dr. Ridley will begin a series of preparatory sermons looking to the coming meeting. His subject for Sunday night will be "The Human Soul and How May It Be Lost." The large chorus, which Mr. Witham declares is the best he has heard in America, will lead the congregation in old-time singing.

RANDALL HEIRS ARE RESTRAINED BY ORDER

Temporary Injunction Secured by McKenzies to Establish Clear Titles.

Judge George L. Bell has granted a temporary injunction to George McKenzies and William M. McKenzies restraining the P. H. Randall heirs from mining in the residence subdivision which the McKenzies are now marketing in the exclusive country residence section of northern Fulton county.

This is not that the subdivision is suspected of being a second Klondike, but to establish a clear title to the land.

The McKenzies, so the petition alleges, purchased 85 acres in land lot 214 of the seventeenth district of Fulton county from Thomas L. English about June 24, 1912, with the understanding that the title was good. The property was subdivided into small tracts, some of which have since been sold.

Walter McElreath, attorney-at-law, made the abstract of the title, showing that deeds recorded showed three transfers of the land and that no other deeds so far as known existed.

The first of these deeds conveyed the property from William A. Callahan to William M. Howell. No earlier deed than this was discovered at the time the abstract was drawn.

Another Deed Recorded.

It appears, however, that in July, 1912, another deed was recorded transferring the property from P. H. Randall to William A. Callahan, and reserving a right to one-half the minerals and mining interests in the land for the Randall heirs.

The petition sets forth that there are no valuable minerals in the land, and that the land is good only for residence purposes, for which it is now being marketed.

The record of former deeds, says the petition, were probably destroyed by fire in 1842, when all the DeKalb records were destroyed, but it claims that the title is, nevertheless, good, since Thomas English had established adverse possession of the property by long residence.

The Defendants Named.

The defendants named are: W. L. P. H. H. G. H. L. Mrs. L. C. Miss M. Miss Lorena and Prince Randall, and Mrs. J. D. Cleaton and Mrs. Neppie Clarke, of Fulton county; R. P. Randall, of DeKalb county; Mrs. Kate Roberts, Mrs. Laura Herlick and George Randall, of Jefferson county, Ala.

RECORD FOR AUGUST IS ALMOST EQUALLED

Thursday was the hottest day with the exception of but one that Atlanta has felt during this month of August. The mercury in the weather bureau registered 99 degrees about 1 o'clock Thursday afternoon. On August 11 the official figure was 93.

People on the streets Thursday had regular sweltering summer weather, although the official temperature was nothing outrageous. Downtown thermometers ranged around 93 degrees. The forecast for Friday is for fair weather, with little, if any, cessation in the heat.

IS A REAL MAJOR NOW INSTEAD OF COLONEL

Colonel A. R. Lawton, the well-known Savannah attorney, has been elected a major in the First Infantry with headquarters in Savannah. He will succeed Major George H. Richter, resigned.

Officers at the state military department in the capital received notice yesterday that Colonel Lawton had been elected and qualified. He will receive his commission as soon as the governor returns from the west.

Judge Roan Leaves City.

Judge L. S. Roan, after the strenuous four weeks of the Frank trial, over which he presided, has left Atlanta for New York and other eastern points on a vacation.

Judge Roan will probably be gone about ten days or two weeks. He is accompanied by his wife and son.

DR. L. G. BROUGHTON COMING ON A VISIT TO FRIENDS HERE

News has been received in Atlanta that Dr. Len G. Broughton, pastor of Christ Congregational church, London, formerly pastor of the Baptist Tabernacle in this city, will return for a few days in Atlanta some time next week.

Dr. Broughton is at present in New York city, and will pass through Atlanta on his way to Macon, where he will conduct a series of revivals under the auspices of the Baptist ministers of that city.

MRS. H. BROWNE WINS FINE RING OFFERED BY HAYNES COMPANY

Mrs. H. Browne, of No. 133 Spring street, won the diamond ring offered by the Eugene V. Haynes company. The award was made yesterday afternoon at the close of the sale, and Mrs. Browne was immediately notified of her good fortune.

The ring was set in diamonds clustered about a large emerald.

PANTHERSVILLE LODGE HOLDS ANNUAL MEETING

The Panthersville Masonic lodge, DeKalb county, held their annual all-day convention and barbeque on Wednesday. Prominent Masons from Atlanta and the state took part in the proceedings. Speeches were made by George M. Napier, past grand master, Thomas Jeffries, past grand master, and Dr. Horace Grant, past master of E. A. Minto lodge.

Worship Master Warren acted as chairman and master of ceremonies, Rev. C. V. Withers, chaplain. The Hon. Hooper Alexander spoke of the church and its affinity with fraternal orders.

EXPECT GOVERNOR'S RETURN NEXT TUESDAY

Executive Secretary Hardy Ulm is looking for Governor Slaton to return to Atlanta from his attendance on the governors' conference at Colorado Springs next Tuesday evening.

Mr. Ulm was in receipt yesterday of a telegram from Colonel Fred J. Paxton, the governor's chief of staff, who is with him, to the effect that the governor would leave Colorado Springs for Denver Saturday and would start for home from Denver Saturday night. That would put him in Atlanta late Tuesday night or Wednesday morning.

NUMEROUS APPLICANTS FOR MERCER'S PLACE

There is much speculation as to who will be the successor of Jesse E. Mercer, game commissioner. Mr. Mercer's term expires next month, but, under the law, he will remain in office until his successor is appointed and qualified.

There are a large number of applicants for the position and no one seems to have any idea whom the governor will select. He may take up the matter soon after his return from Colorado, when several other important appointments will be awaiting him.

ROAD TO EXTEND TRACKS ON AMERICUS STREETS

Americus, Ga., August 28.—(Special.) The Americus city council today extended to the Central Railway the right and privilege of extending its tracks along Hampton street by which means the railway lines will reach the business district, thus greatly advancing property values. This concession, it is generally believed, will result in the building eventually of a union passenger station by the Central and Seaboard railways, located at some point uptown. Both roads need enlarged passenger stations and the union depot will undoubtedly result.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tonic is a tonic of the highest quality. It contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. Drives out Malaria, enriches Blood, builds up the Whole System. 50c.

THE SUNDAY CONSTITUTION

Biggest, Best and Brightest

The South's Standard Newspaper

Great Features in Next

Sunday's Constitution

"THE VICES OF SOCIETY,"

BY ISMA DOOLY.

Every reader of The Constitution is familiar with Miss Dooly's capability of expression, her keen insight into all things of and pertaining to society. The text for this article was given by a country lady who wrote Miss Dooly asking some very pointed questions about what she had read regarding smart society, and Miss Dooly's answer is at once illuminating and conclusive. If you miss it you'll miss one of the smartest literary hits of the season.

"The Speed Mania,"

BY NED MCINTOSH.

Mr. McIntosh, in his own inimitable style, will give a new phase of the "speed mania," which is daily resulting in deaths in every nook and corner of the world. According to Mr. McIntosh, it is not those who risk their life and limb who are the sufferers from this modern madness, but the thousands who watch the feats of daring and urge the racers to even more desperate efforts. Mr. McIntosh's feature is gripping in its appeal to the every-day sort of a person, and will make intensely interesting reading.

"The Dream of the Man in the Tower,"

BY BRITT CRAIG.

Is a story that peers into the inner workings of the switch tower, that intensely interesting institution that guards the lives of the hordes of travelers that ride daily into Atlanta over the railroads. It reveals the intricate systems that operate the multitude of switches and the fearsome responsibility that rests upon the tower man in guiding the swift and roaring trains over their various paths.

Some of the Other Great Features

The above-mentioned are only a few of the great features contained in Sunday's Constitution. There are hosts of others; among them we will mention:

Best Sporting Section in the South.

Dick Jemison, sporting editor of The Constitution, is famed the south over for excellence in handling the news of the sporting world, and in addition to the telegraphic news, covering every feature of outdoor sport the world over, he has arranged for special articles by some of the foremost sportsmen.

Associated Press Dispatches.

The Sunday Constitution is in touch with the remotest corners of the world via the Associated Press, that marvelous organization that maintains correspondents everywhere and gathers and sends the news as fast as it becomes known.

Society Department.

The Sunday Constitution's society department, covered by alert correspondents the state over, is the wonder and admiration and envy of the newspaper world. The local field is always fully reported by a competent staff.

Fashion Page in Colors.

The latest and newest styles, direct from Paris, are pictured in colors in The

Colored Comics.

"The Quality Kid" is making the hit of his young life with the readers, both old and young, of The Sunday Constitution. Along with him are "Hank, the Hermit," an old friend of all, and the other bright spots that make the Sunday jolly for the kiddies and keep them at home and happy.

Foreign News.

A special page of happenings in the old world, fully illustrated, is one of the very interesting features of The Sunday Constitution.

Club, Federation and Women's Departments.

No other Sunday newspaper in the country devotes as much space as does The Sunday Constitution to departments of particular interest to women. Among them are: Federation of Woman's Clubs; Mothers' Congress; United Daughters of the Confederacy; Daughters of the American Revolution, and Political Rights of Women. They are all there. The Constitution is the official organ for all these organizations.

Order The Sunday Constitution left at your home. It will be there when you arise in the morning to amuse and instruct you and all the family.

Remember, "The Poison Belt," by Conan Doyle, starts Sunday, September 7.

EISEMAN BROS., Inc.

Men's and Young Men's

NORFOLKS!

Absolute Values \$20.00 to \$25.00

Now **\$12.50**

This collection of "nobby" NORFOLKS embraces this season's VERY BEST models, positively worth \$20.00 to \$25.00, and are brilliant bargains at \$12.50.

Included are many of "medium" weight or "slightly" overweight for critical summer selection; and are strictly O. K. for wear into the late fall, or longer. This will in all probability be the last opportunity offered you to secure the BEST SUIT VALUE IN ATLANTA, as quantity in this special lot is limited.

25% Reduction on Other Lines of MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S SUITS

FINAL CLEARANCE PRICES

In All Departments

Take Advantage of the Closing Clearance Sales!

EISEMAN BROS., Inc.

11-13-15-17 Whitehall

SOCIETY

Number of Congenial Parties
At Country Club Dinner Dance

Miss Jessie McKee entertained at the dinner dance at the Capital City Country club last night, in compliment to Miss Mary Brown, who leaves in a few days for Vassar.

In the party were Miss Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer Moore, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. McKee, Mr. Perrin Nicolson, Mr. Rayle, of Lexington, Ga., Mr. Saunders Jones, Mr. Wallace Draper, Mr. and Mrs. James T. Williams, Mr.

and Mrs. H. L. Stearns, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Meador, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph D. Rhodes, Mr. J. H. Nunnally formed a party, and others entertaining small groups were: Mr. and Mrs. John O. DuPree, Mr. W. P. McBurney, Mr. Westervelt Terhune, Mr. Winter Alfriend, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Speer, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Cohen, Mr. C. M. Ramspeck, Mr. Lee Harvey, Mr. F. Klopfer.

To Study in Atlanta.

A group of interesting young women from out of town who have entered the Washington seminary the coming session are:

Miss Alice Griggs, Montgomery, Ala.; Miss Kathryn Parrish, Montgomery; Miss Catherine Terrell, Greenville, Ga.; Miss Sarah Pearl Martin, Ocala, Fla.; Miss Ellen Smith, Prattville, Ala.; Miss Mary Yow, LaVonia, Ga.; Miss Nina Bridges, Quitman, Ga.; Miss Cornelia Brown, Pensacola, Fla.; Miss Mildred Woodward, College Park, Ga.; Miss Sammie Lowe, Washington, Ga.; Miss Vera Buchanan, Lakeland, Fla.; Miss Forrest Richardson, San Antonio, Texas; Miss Lois Ellis, Jessup, Ga.; Miss Martha Shippen, Ellijay, Ga.; Miss Marie Shippen, Ellijay, Ga.; Miss Elizabeth Shephard, Brunswick, Ga.; Miss Lorent Church, Atlanta; Miss Isa Talmadge, Athens, Ga.; Miss Mamie Jones, College Park, Ga.; Miss Gertrude Whitlatch, Chattahoochee, Ga.

Cole-Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cole, of Lawrenceville, Ga., announce the marriage of their daughter, Lee, to Mr. Glenn Ernest Thompson, of Atlanta, the wedding having occurred Sunday evening, August 24, at 8 o'clock, the Rev. Dr. Holderby, of the Moore Memorial church, officiating. The bride is popular and attractive and has many friends who will read of her marriage with interest. The groom is

a prosperous young business man and holds a responsible position with the city of Atlanta. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson are at home to their friends at 14 East Lake drive, Decatur.

Suffrage Meeting at Capitol.

The Georgia State Suffrage association will hold its first meeting since it received a charter in the senate house of the capitol, on Friday evening, August 29, at 8 o'clock. Many prominent Atlantans will speak besides Dr. Harding, Dr. Conkling and Dr. Beattie.

All interested are invited and admission is free.

Dinner-Dance.

An informal dinner-dance will be given Saturday night at the Piedmont Driving club. A number of reservations have already been made, and the occasion promises to be a delightful one.

Civic League of Kirkwood.

This league will hold its regular meeting at the school house, Warlick place, on Tuesday, September 2, at 8 o'clock.

To Mrs. Cannaday.

Mrs. Thornton Mayne will entertain informally at bridge this afternoon, in compliment to Mrs. Cannaday, of Roanoke, Va., who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Dudley Cowles.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Speer will entertain at the dinner dance at East Lake Saturday for Mrs. Cannaday.

tertain at the dinner dance at East Lake Saturday for Mrs. Cannaday.

To Mrs. Donnelly.

Mrs. Henry Grady entertained at bridge luncheon Wednesday, in compliment to Mrs. Charles Donnelly, of Pennsylvania, who is visiting her mother, Mrs. Samuel Stocking. There were eight guests, and the occasion was a happily informal one.

Hyperion Club to Meet.

The Hyperion club will entertain at a dancing party this evening, the honor guests to be Miss Irene Berry, of Columbus; Miss Annie Will Pierce, of Columbus; Miss Lucy Harrison, of Texas; Miss Taylor Garden, Miss Ruth Small, of Macon.

Trustees to Meet.

The trustees of the Tallulah Falls schools of the Georgia Federation are requested to meet with Mrs. M. A. Lipscomb, of Athens, Ga., Saturday morning at 11 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. W. D. Ellis, Jr., East Fifteenth street, Atlanta.

For Miss Beattie.

Miss Beattie, of New York, was the guest of honor at a bridge luncheon yesterday given by Mrs. George Fauss at her home on North Boulevard. The prizes at bridge were a silver vanity box and a silver perfume bottle.

The guests were Misses Beattie, Aline Perryman, Margaret Farnsworth, Lallie Tipton, Marguerite Gauss, Margaret Green, Marie Oliver, Josephine Smith, Lella Ponder, Kathleen Law, Katherine Perry, Winnie Ison, Irene Bennett, May Holland Thomas, Edwina Harper, Mildred Roberts, Ethel Moss, Marie Dunning, Julia Norris and Mildred Harris, Miss Myrtle Harris and Mrs. Taylor assisted.

Mrs. Orme's Luncheon.

Mrs. Aquila J. Orme entertained at a beautiful luncheon yesterday at her home on Peachtree street in compliment to Miss Salie Cobb Hull, a bride-elect. All of the details of the table were in gold and white. The centerpiece was a tall crystal vase of Gloré d'Or roses and smaller vases at each corner of the table held the same flowers.

Mrs. Orme's guest included Miss Salie Hull, Miss Carolyn King, Miss Callie Hull, Mrs. Shephard Bran, Mrs. William L. Moore, Mrs. Charles Whitner, Mrs. Marion McHenry Hull, Mrs. Hinton Hopkins, Mrs. Henry Williams and Mrs. Marion Jackson.

For Miss Irwin.

Mrs. Clarke Frazier will entertain at a luncheon Friday for Mrs. William Jenkins' guest, Miss Irma Irwin, of Montgomery.

Inter Se Club Entertained.

The "Inter Se" club was delightfully entertained at a dance by Miss Katherine Darby, at her home in Ansley Park, last evening.

The house was attractively decorated with nasturtiums, and the lawn was strung with Japanese lanterns.

Punch was served on the porch by little Miss Martha Darby and during the evening delicious ices were enjoyed.

Miss Darby was assisted in entertaining by her mother, Mrs. W. M. Darby.

Those present were: Misses Charles McLean, Helen Atkinson Louise Couper, Mary Anderson, Marie Kitchens, Claire Booth, Christine Melson, Elizabeth Ramey, Lola Carroll, Messrs. Ernest Allen, Mace Lee, Clarence Protti, Alvin Lovinsgood, Pope Franklin, Forrest, Carroll, Herbert Kelly, Nat Spence, Matt Whaler, Herbert Snyder, Jo Heora, Luther Randall, Gordon Freeman, Archie Freeman, Phillips Ammon, Larnie Stroble, Harry Morris, Clyde Withers.

Haslup-Coleman.

News has reached Atlanta of the marriage of Mr. Guy Coleman to Miss Edna O. Haslup, of Washington, D. C., which was solemnized in Baltimore August 10. They will make their home in Atlanta after October 15.

Harrell-Fincher.

Mrs. and Mr. M. J. Harrell announce the marriage of their daughter, Thelma, to Mr. Thornton Fincher, which took place in the Harrell apartment at the Aragon hotel, Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Dr. Walker, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, officiated. The wedding was a very quiet affair, only a few relatives and intimate friends of the couple being present.

Mr. and Mrs. Fincher left Wednesday night for a trip to Cincinnati, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto and other points in Canada, and will be at home to their friends about September 10 in the Aragon.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mrs. Samuel Weyman is at Tokaway.

Mrs. G. W. Dwell, Jr., and son, of Savannah, who have been visiting in the city, left this week.

Mrs. Thomas H. Bell, who has been spending the summer with her sister, Mrs. Darden, has returned to her home at Jackson, Mrs. Darden, who was formerly Miss Jewell Durden, of Georgia, leased for the summer the lovely country villa of J. Lawrence Brees at Havre de Grace, Md.

Mrs. L. M. Davis, of Savannah, is the guest of Mrs. Charles Eliza.

Mrs. William Chandler, of New York, formerly Miss Caro Talley, of Atlanta, will arrive the early part of September to visit friends in Atlanta and Griffin.

Miss Helen Jones will return from Franklin tonight for the week-end, returning Monday to Franklin to remain until October.

Mrs. Rix Stafford returns today from Atlantic Beach.

Mrs. A. C. Talley and Miss Annie Lou Talley will go to Griffin next week to be the guests of Mrs. Bruce Montgomery, 645 South Hill street, until after September 10.

Mrs. Kitty T. Laury, with Mr. and Mrs. John I. Bishop, passed through Atlanta Tuesday on her way to Annapolis, Md., after a residence of two months in England. She will visit many old friends in Georgia and Alabama during the next few weeks before she returns for another trip abroad.

Miss Ruth Crumwell has returned from a visit to friends and relatives at Clarksville, Ga. During the visit quite a large party went camping in the North Carolina mountains near Highlands. It was a delightful and memorable one to all who took part.

Miss Gray Goodwin has returned to her home in Macon, after a visit to Miss Caroline Landon.

Honorable and Mrs. M. H. Couch, of Seneca, Ga., are visiting their daughters, Mrs. Stirling Elder and Mrs. George Pollock.

Miss Mary Brown, of Gainesville, is the guest of Miss Caroline Landon.

Mrs. George E. Nolan and little daughter, of Orlando, Fla., are visiting her sisters, Mrs. Brilling Elder and Mrs. George Pollock.

Mrs. William C. Spiker, who has been traveling and studying for the past three months, arrived home Tuesday. Mrs. Spiker was accompanied by her sons, Pierpont and Sterling, who spent the summer at their country home in Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. George McKenize have returned from New York. Miss Annie Lee McKenize will

Herald of Autumn Is Here
In a Black Taffeta Gown

NO "SLIT" SKIRT—WHAT A PITY!

By Isma Dooly

She made her first appearance yesterday in her fall costume. It was too early, yet—but she had not asked anybody whether they liked it or not; it is her fall costume, and nobody need have anything like it if they don't care to. She wore a black taffeta gown. "Nothing new about the material," you say. That is true. But the fashion of it was something to make people sit back and take notice. It had no suggestion of the "slit skirt," the "bloomer skirt," nor was there a suggestion of anything "suffragette" about it. It was the most feminine, frivolous looking skirt I have seen for many days out of a picture. It is hard to describe. The bottom of the skirt was narrow, but it was narrowly full; that is there was drapery about it, adding grace where scantiness formerly had been. Then there was an overskirt, or tunic if you prefer, of the same taffeta. It was scalloped—this tunic—and reached about the knee, and it was slightly draped, too, and stood out from the figure, accentuating the graceful narrowness of the lower skirt.

A MARVEL OF FEMININE EFFECT.

But the corsage—that was a marvel of feminine effect. There was a chemise of white shadow lace, the lace crossing surplice fashion over the bust, and the black taffeta waist opened back from this. There was a high Elizabethan collar of the white lace, which arose from the back, and there was a fall of sheerest black lace which softened the taffeta folds of the corsage in front. The silk sleeve reached to the elbow, it was gathered in tight and caught with a bow of black net, and from the elbow down was transparent sleeve of the net caught at the wrist with another bow of tulle. And that—that it was in shape very much like the old Normandy cap. The crown was of black velvet, and the narrow brim which framed the face was lined with lace. The only trimming was a band of peacock blue net drawn around the crown, and caught with a stinging little knot of flowers in soft colors.

THE SOUFFLÉ DRAPERY.

She heard the comments made about her—that the underskirt was too nar-

row and the tunic "trop bouffante," that her hat was "too close fitting," that it was "too early for her to appear in the 'costumes,'" but she cared not, and she answered not, for she was in a glass case, and protected from all the unkind things the world may have to say about the pretty, well dressed woman. She knew she had been born and reared—yes, actually created—for the one office of heralding the "première" of fall fashion. She knew that when she left the creative hand that made her in Paris that her message would be heard, acted upon, and that whatever people felt about her they had to take her. She represents first law made and to be enforced by this year's general assembly which meets each year in gay Paris, and sends forth the laws which American women above all others so readily obey.

Black taffeta will hold its own, for the first smart costumes for early fall, with their soft textured cousins, the charmeuse gowns, were given more than a welcome. The skirts will still present a narrowness around the bottom; there will be a bouffante drapery above. There will be the soft lace folds to accentuate the shape of the throat and neck. There will be lace softening everything, and there will be the hat—close fitting, first and foremost.

AND SHE HAS NOT COME TOO SOON.

This lady bringing the first message of fall fashions has not come too soon, for so lately will September have brought in the first tint of the autumn leaf, than the world of women will gladly discard the pinks and blues of the summer flower, and reach out for the more somber hues.

The swish of taffeta, silk will be heard again, and the tendency will be to wrap it around the "feminine form divine."

The coats are longer than last year, but still cutaway in front, and the real autumn colors will be seen in the sashes and finishing touches.

No, she is not in any of the windows. She is too precious and exclusive for that—this "first lady" of the fall season. You will have to look for her to find her, but don't worry, you will have plenty of time to see her for she has come to stay.

A Treat In TEA

The finest selections from the world's best markets are skilfully combined in

Rich, Pure and Refreshing

Ask your grocer for it

Cheek-Neal Coffee Company,
Nashville Houston Jacksonville

KRYPTOK BIFOCALS ONE TORIC (CURVED) LENSES

Nose Guards, all makes of merit. Opera and Field Glasses of High power. Lorgnettes, gold and silver. Oculist's Prescriptions always correct. Eyeglass Cases, gold and silver. Auto Goggles, best makes only. Mail Orders returned same day.

WALTER BALLARD OPTICAL COMPANY, 85 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

The Best Food-Drink Lunch at Fountains

Horlick's Malted Milk

Insist Upon ORIGINAL HORLICK'S

Avoid Imitations—Take No Substitutes

Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. More healthful than tea or coffee. For infants, invalids and growing children. Agrees with the weakest digestion. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Keep it on your sideboard at home. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. A quick lunch prepared in a minute.

The Auction Sale Is Over

But today and tomorrow we will make very low prices on anything in our establishment.

Act quickly; do not delay if you want genuine bargains.

Next week we will be in our new store, 49 Whitehall Street.

EUGENE V. HAYNES CO.
JEWELERS

Why Don't You Have Home-Baked Crackers?

❑ No, you need not bake YOURSELF in the process.

❑ But you can have home-baked crackers and biscuits just the same, without the toil of mixing and stirring and watching and baking them. No loss of time, either.

❑ You can buy BLOCK'S.

Never better crackers and biscuits came out of the oven than those baked by BLOCK—here in Atlanta.

They're the best that money and science and skill can get together.

They get to you fresh. They are crispily, delicately, nuttily good and flavorful. They have that snappy crunch that makes you want more.

Why buy crackers baked a thousand miles from where you live? Why let your biscuits journey over seas before they join the soup or the salad or the sweets upon your table?

Buy BLOCK'S—the kind that are baked every day just a few minutes from your home—the kind that have no superior.

BLOCK your grocer if he offers you the other kind.

Buy Block's Baking

Give Your Boys Muscle Food

Give that growing boy and girl of yours food that will nourish and build up their bodies, food that makes sound bone, strong muscle and healthy flesh. FAUST SPAGHETTI is just that kind of food. It is made from Durum wheat—a cereal extremely rich in gluten—a bone, muscle and flesh builder.

FAUST SPAGHETTI

can be served in many tempting ways. It always makes a savory, palatable dish and is very easily digested. You have no idea how many delicious ways you can serve FAUST SPAGHETTI until you read our free recipe book—write for it.

At all grocers—5c and 10c packages.

MAULL BROS.
St. Louis, Mo.



Southern Suit and Skirt Co.—Atlanta, New York—Southern Suit and Skirt Co.

Just Received and On Sale Friday
50 LOVELY SILK DRESSES

A charming collection of Charmeuse and Poplin Dresses in the latest Autumn styles, refreshingly new and beautiful. They come in all the new Fall shades, are daintily trimmed and made with chic new draped and Slit Skirt effects. On Special Sale Today at..

\$12.50

Southern Suit & Skirt Co.

"Atlanta's Exclusive Women's Apparel Store"

43-45 Whitehall Street

KODAKS

The Best Film and Camera. The Kodak is the most popular and complete stock amateur equipment. Kodak mail service for out-of-town customers. Send for Catalog and Price List.

A. K. HAWKES CO. KODAK OFF. 14 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA STRIDES
FROM DAY TO DAY

Continued From Page Eight.

Bungalow on lot 50x150, for \$4,350.
Mrs. Caroline B. Eggleston to Mrs. Georgia E. Palmer, lot on Holderness street, West End, 60x220 feet, 234 feet north of Gordon street, for \$5,600.
C. H. Ashford to Mrs. Jennie Ullendorf, lot 100x250 feet on Hurt street, for \$7,000.

Walker Street Developments.
Deeds have gone to record conveying to the Investment Company of the South from a number of prominent property holders, lots needed for the Walker street wholesale development, totaling \$49,000.

Among the former owners on Walker and Bradberry streets are W. A. Hancock, E. H. Inman, B. M. Blount, Robert A. Rutland and others.

Now that the steam shovels are working in this vicinity, preparatory to the laying of railroad tracks, an added impetus is given to the whole sale life of the city, to which this development will cater especially.

Courthouse Sales Tuesday.
Lowndes Connally, James L. Logan and Robert R. Jackson, commissioners, will sell at auction before the courthouse door Tuesday two lots on the north side of Decatur street, between Hill and Young streets, 23x100 feet, and a one-fourth acre of interest in two houses and lots at 23 and 25 Fort street, on terms of strictly cash. Sales will be subject to court confirmation. Other parcels will also be offered at that time.

Real Estate Agency Moves.
Hurt and Cone, well-known real estate agents in Atlanta, have leased from the Trust Company of the South the mezzanine floor at 54 Peachtree street, leaving their former offices in the Empire life building. This location is between Poplar and Walton streets, on the west side of Peachtree street. The lease will run for five years. No details were given out.

Transfer on Luckie Street.
Mrs. Mattie F. Huggins has conveyed to W. E. Treadwell, S. W. Carson and Mrs. Fannie Treadwell No. 313 Luckie street, for \$8,450. This property consists of a 45x100-foot lot, with a two-story ten-room house on it.

The deal was in the nature of an exchange as Mrs. Huggins took in part payment a 2-acre tract and cottage in Smyrna, valued at \$4,000. J. F. Mayfield, of the Harris & White agency, handled the transaction.

Big Auction in Turner County.
With an old-fashioned barbecue and a modern brass band, the Edwin P. Andley agency, through J. Hope Tigner and others, sold at auction Thursday morning at 10 o'clock a number of farms in Turner county, near Dekota. Terms of the sale were 10 per cent cash and the balance from one to five years.

PROPERTY TRANSFERS.
Warranty Deeds.
No consideration Named—James McDonald to O. C. Childers, lot on the north side of Beckwith street, 220 feet west of Peachtree street, 30x100, August 26.

\$12,000—W. T. Ashford to Charles W. Ford, lot on the southeast corner of Parsons and Elm streets, 30x78, August 27.

\$720—Forest Park Land Company to J. T. Turner, lot on the southeast corner of Lanier and Evans streets, 162x20, August 27.

\$1,450—Atlanta Development Company to J. T. Willey, lot on the east side of Highway No. 815 feet west of Highland avenue, 50x150, August 27.

\$1,200—Richard C. Bone to Mrs. Sarah A. Bone, lot on the west side of East Ontario avenue, 20x211, part of Westwood Park property, August 28.

\$200—W. G. Patrick to James T. Cowan, lot on the southeast side of Atlanta avenue, 100 feet northeast of Chestnut street, 50x200, August 28.

\$200—P. M. Coker to J. R. McAdams, lot on the west side of Peachtree street, 33x150, August 19, 1913.

\$3,900—Mrs. Eliza N. Dennis to James E. Anderson, No. 31 Park street, 50x152, November, 1907.

\$31,000—William S. McKimble to Investment Company of the South, lot on the southeast side of Walker street at the southwest corner of Bonworth street, lot 90x200, September 28, 1912.

\$19,000—W. A. Anderson to same, lot on the southeast side of Walker street, 45 feet south west of Nelson street, 50x150, December 2, 1912.

\$2,200—Mrs. Salina J. Smith et al. to same, lot on the east side of Highway No. 815, land lot 40, December 12, 1912.

\$13,100—Robert A. Smythe to same, No. 12 Walker street, third third interest, 45x135, September 28, 1912.

\$1,250—William J. Morrison to same, same property, 45x135, September 28, 1912.

\$1,650—D. J. Lee to J. G. Morris, lot on the east side of Highway No. 815, lot 213 feet east of Peachtree street, 50x150, August 19, 1913.

\$500—G. C. Drummond to Julius Smith, lot on the north side of West Mitchell street, 40 feet east of Ashby street, 40x200, March 21, 1912.

\$1,700—Mrs. Ida Pare to S. R. Tarnish, lot on the northeast corner of West Peachtree street and Kentz avenue, 90x150, April 18, 1912.

\$800—Miss Annie King to same, lot on the northeast corner of West Peachtree and Francis streets, 45x135, August 25.

\$400—Josephine Kemp to L. F. Dreyfus, lot on the northeast corner of Stewart avenue and Grant street, 50x150, August 25.

\$735—John S. Dwyer to Josephine Kemp, same property, March 4, 1911.

\$10 and Exchange of Property—City of Atlanta to W. C. Harwell, lot on the northeast corner of Bellwood avenue and Chestnut street, 52x108, August 26.

\$130—Mrs. Annie R. Williams to Lucy J. Reeves, lot on West Park street, 150 feet west of Ashby street, 40x100, May 2.

\$825—Robert H. Jones, Jr. to L. J. Hulsey, lot on the south side of Drewry street, 410 feet west of Highland avenue, one-half interest, 40x150, August 25.

\$825—L. J. Hulsey to Robert H. Jones, Jr., one-half interest in same property, August 28.

Bonds for Title.
\$12,000—L. W. Franklin to L. E. Barton, lot on the east side of Highway No. 815, east of Bonaventure street, 47x100, August 12.

\$1,300—Josephine Kemp to John Kemp, lot on the northeast corner of Stewart avenue and Grant street, 50x150, August 19, 1913.

\$11,200—Mrs. Caroline B. Eggleston to Mrs. Georgia E. Palmer, lot on the north side of Gordon street, 234 feet north of Gordon street, 60x220, August 26.

\$1,445—J. W. Honour and W. M. Middlebrooks, Jr. to P. F. Henry, lot on corner Kentz and Nebraska avenues, 50x150, August 22.

\$1,545—Same to same, lot on the northeast corner of Kentz and Nebraska avenues, 50 feet west of Nebraska avenue, 50x150, August 22.

\$1,545—Same to same, lot on the north side of Kentz avenue, 100 feet west of Nebraska avenue, 50x150, August 22.

\$1,545—Same to same, lot on the north side of Kentz avenue, 150 feet west of Nebraska avenue, 50x150, August 22.

\$15,000—T. C. Weller and James H. Bennett to Miss Hudson, lot on the west side of Peachtree street, 200 feet south of Rugsley street, 40x150, August 27.

\$24,000—W. A. Hancock to Charles Loring, lot on the southeast side of Walker street, 75x200, land lot 84, lot on the west side of Bradberry street, 21x75, land lot 8, June 21, 1912.

Transferred to Investment Company of the South, September 28, 1912.

\$70,000—State Bank of Georgia (by executor) to B. M. Blount, No. 7 Bradberry alley, 50x107, also No. 18 Haynes street, 30x75, also No. 25 and 27 Bradberry street, 40x75, No. 17 and 19 Bradberry street, 45x75, lot on the north side Haynes street at Stewart's corner, 72x111, also lot on the northeast side of Bradberry street, 294 feet southwest of Haynes street, 23x78, July 1, 1912.

Transferred to Investment Company of the South, September 28, 1912.

\$20,000—Robert A. Rutland and Bertha R. Mason to B. M. Blount, lot on the southeast side of Walker street, 225 feet west of Haynes street, 60x150, July 16, 1912.

Transferred to Investment Company of the South, September 28, 1912.

south of Palatine avenue, 63x150 feet, August 27.
\$1,600—Walter H. Bell to Mrs. Emma Robertson, lot on east side Lee street, 75 feet south of Gordon street, 50x200 feet, August 26.
\$250—J. W. Washington to James Krohn, No. 239 West Fair street, 40x100 feet, June 7.
\$500—Robert H. Jones, Jr. to Savings Building and Loan association, lot on south side Drewry street, 410 feet west of Highland avenue, 40x150 feet, August 26.
\$1,900—Mrs. Ida J. Randall to Mrs. Robert J. Wagner, No. 658 Edgewood avenue, 90x170 feet, August 16.
\$500—Ollie Chivers to Dollie C. Parks, lot on north side Beckwith street, 500 feet west of Leitch street, 50x100 feet, August 25.
\$1,500—Benj. Neely to Mrs. Mary B. Martin, lot on west side Maiden Lane, 85 feet north of Harvard avenue, 100x200 feet, August 27.
\$2,000—W. C. Harwell to Aaron Guthman, lot on west side Marietta street, 252 feet west of Peachtree street, 40x100 feet, August 27.
\$1,000—Mrs. Lolla B. Quinby to Mrs. Katherine A. Mead, No. 29 and 31 South Forsyth street, 15x200 feet, August 27.

Quit-Claim Deeds.
\$10—Western Investment Company to J. O. Moore, lot on south side Garden street, 210 feet east of Stewart avenue, 50x157 feet, December 6, 1912.
\$1—Georgia Savings Bank and Trust company to J. J. Jackson, No. 55 Lawns street, 50x100 feet, August 22.

\$5—Aaron Guthman to W. C. Harwell, lot on west side Marietta street, 212 feet north of Base avenue, 50x10 feet, August 12.

\$1—Annie F. Taylor to L. J. Hunsley, half interest in lot south side Highway No. 815, lot on the north side of Beckwith street, 250 feet west of Peachtree street, 100x100, August 26.

\$200—Mrs. S. W. William to L. W. Franklin, lot on north side St. Charles avenue, 50 feet east of Bonaventure street, 47x100 feet, July 14.

\$357—A. P. Herrington to A. G. Rhodes, No. 21 Park street, 50x101 feet, August 25.

\$1,250—John H. Reynolds to James E. Archer, No. 31 Park street, 20x132 feet, August 25.

\$1,250—Mrs. Eliza Dennis to John H. Reynolds, same property, November, 1908.

\$1—Mary L. Stranahan to J. W. Washington, No. 239 West Fair street, 40x100 feet, July 2.

\$10—Thomas F. Stocks to estate Hugh Inman (by executor), lot on northeast side Bradberry street, 294 feet southwest of Haynes street, 23x78 feet, July 1, 1912.

\$1—John R. Williams to J. L. Edwards, lot on northeast corner East Boulevard and Hardin avenue, 52x100 feet, lot on northeast corner East Boulevard and Garden street, 100x400 feet, lot on southeast corner Hardin avenue and Lee street, 20x150 feet, August 22.

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\$1—John R. Williams to J. L. Edwards, lot on northeast corner East Boulevard and Hardin avenue, 52x100 feet, lot on northeast corner East Boulevard and Garden street, 100x400 feet, lot on southeast corner Hardin avenue and Lee street, 20x150 feet, August 22.
\$1—J. B. Hardin to same, same property, August 22.

to J. J. Jackson, No. 55 Lawns street, 50x100 feet, August 22.
\$5—Aaron Guthman to W. C. Harwell, lot on west side Marietta street, 212 feet north of Base avenue, 50x10 feet, August 12.
\$1—Annie F. Taylor to L. J. Hunsley, half interest in lot south side Highway No. 815, lot on the north side of Beckwith street, 250 feet west of Peachtree street, 100x100, August 26.
\$200—Mrs. S. W. William to L. W. Franklin, lot on north side St. Charles avenue, 50 feet east of Bonaventure street, 47x100 feet, July 14.
\$357—A. P. Herrington to A. G. Rhodes, No. 21 Park street, 50x101 feet, August 25.
\$1,250—John H. Reynolds to James E. Archer, No. 31 Park street, 20x132 feet, August 25.
\$1,250—Mrs. Eliza Dennis to John H. Reynolds, same property, November, 1908.
\$1—Mary L. Stranahan to J. W. Washington, No. 239 West Fair street, 40x100 feet, July 2.
\$10—Thomas F. Stocks to estate Hugh Inman (by executor), lot on northeast side Bradberry street, 294 feet southwest of Haynes street, 23x78 feet, July 1, 1912.
\$1—John R. Williams to J. L. Edwards, lot on northeast corner East Boulevard and Hardin avenue, 52x100 feet, lot on northeast corner East Boulevard and Garden street, 100x400 feet, lot on southeast corner Hardin avenue and Lee street, 20x15

COTTON FUTURES MARKETS.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.									
Open	High	Low	Sett.	Close	Prev.	Open	High	Low	Sett.
Aug. 28	12.42	12.41	12.40	12.39	12.38	Aug. 28	12.42	12.41	12.40
Sept. 1	12.38	12.37	12.36	12.35	12.34	Sept. 1	12.38	12.37	12.36
Oct. 1	12.34	12.33	12.32	12.31	12.30	Oct. 1	12.34	12.33	12.32
Nov. 1	12.30	12.29	12.28	12.27	12.26	Nov. 1	12.30	12.29	12.28
Dec. 1	12.26	12.25	12.24	12.23	12.22	Dec. 1	12.26	12.25	12.24
Jan. 1	12.22	12.21	12.20	12.19	12.18	Jan. 1	12.22	12.21	12.20
Feb. 1	12.18	12.17	12.16	12.15	12.14	Feb. 1	12.18	12.17	12.16
Mar. 1	12.14	12.13	12.12	12.11	12.10	Mar. 1	12.14	12.13	12.12
Apr. 1	12.10	12.09	12.08	12.07	12.06	Apr. 1	12.10	12.09	12.08
May 1	12.06	12.05	12.04	12.03	12.02	May 1	12.06	12.05	12.04

BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2d, registered, 99 1/2

U. S. ref. 2d, coupon, 99 1/2

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STOCKS ADVANCE
GOOD BUYING

Better Look to the Mexican Problem Was Main Factor in Advance—Bonds Were Active and Firm.

New York, August 28.—Wall street reached the conclusion today that the country's relations with Mexico had improved sufficiently to justify a more confident position in the stock market. With choice eagerness to anticipate as far in advance as possible a solution of the Mexican problem and with choice readiness to jump to conclusions, speculators bought stocks on a scale that produced a broad and active market.

Progress upward was uninterrupted from the opening of the market to the close and material gains were scored in all departments. Although it was realized that no definite development had occurred, sentiment was decidedly bullish.

Standard dividend paying shares led in the advance, with the Harbison stocks and the copper companies. The copper companies were helped by the strong technical position of the metal market. The price of standard warrants in London has reached the highest figure of several months and some domestic producers were said to be holding out for more.

With such a bull market on their hands, speculators were oblivious to unfavorable news. Southern Pacific did not weaken with the appearance of a statement, showing a decrease in net earnings of \$758,000.

Reading was well in the front, despite rumors of a new government suit. The withdrawal of \$1,000,000 gold for shipment to Canada was announced. The shipment follows a recent sharp decline in Canadian exchange on New York.

The bank loss on the subcommittee operation reached an unusually large figure so far this week and a poor bank statement is not unlikely.

The Bank of England made a particularly strong showing, the present proportion of reserve to liabilities being given as \$9.46, not having been equalled at this season for seventeen years.

The bond market was active and firm. The United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Money and Exchange.

New York, August 28.—Money on call steady at 2 1/2%; ruling rate 2%; closing bid 2 1/2%.

Time loans steady; sixty days 3%; ninety days 3 1/2%; three months 4%.

Sterling exchange paper 4 1/2%; sixty days 4 1/2%; three months 5%.

Bar silver 50%.

Mexican dollars 48.

Government bonds steady; railroad bonds firm.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, August 28.—The condition of the United States treasury at the beginning of business today was as follows:

Net balance in general fund, \$125,341,477.

Total receipts yesterday, \$2,610,517.

Total disbursements, \$2,675,231.

The deficit this fiscal year is \$115,815,217.

Actual deficit of \$244,518 last year, exclusive of Panama canal and public debt transactions.

London Stock Market.

London, August 28.—Settlement on the stock exchange was concluded satisfactorily and the market finished firm in most sections. Most canals recovered from a period of early weakness despite political uncertainty.

The London market showed a slight decline, but the losses were regained on covering. No New York support values made further gains.

Closed.

Consols for money, 7 1/4%; consols for account, 7 1/2%.

London, August 28.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England.

LOSS OF 9.7 POINTS
IN COTTON CONDITION

Only One in Ten Years Has This Decline in August Been Exceeded.

New York, August 28.—(Special.)—Reports from 1,939 special correspondents of The Journal of Commerce, bearing on the average of August 22 all show a condition of 71.4 per cent, as compared with 81.1 per cent a month ago, or a loss of 9.7 points. Only once in the past ten years has this decline in August been exceeded, namely, the year 1911, when it was 14.3 points and the ten-year average loss is about 5.5 points.

Conditions a year ago were 75.4 per cent, while in 1911, the banner year, it was 72.6 per cent and 70.7 per cent in 1910. Then ten-year average is 71.5 per cent.

It remains to be seen how far a loss of 9.7 points in condition will be offset by an increase of \$56,000 per bale over last year, or about 2 1/2 per cent.

Percentage condition by states follows:

State	Sept. 1913	Sept. 1912	Sept. 1911	Sept. 1910
North Carolina	80.2	79.5	79.5	79.5
South Carolina	77.5	76.6	76.6	76.6
Georgia	79.5	78.5	78.5	78.5
Florida	79.4	78.4	78.4	78.4
Alabama	78.6	77.6	77.6	77.6
Mississippi	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Louisiana	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Texas	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Arkansas	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Tennessee	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Missouri	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Oklahoma	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Illinois	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8

Deterioration has been greatest in Texas, Oklahoma and Missouri, where continued drought and high temperatures were chiefly instrumental in points and 1.4 points respectively.

Other important states showing losses were Georgia, 0.5 point; Alabama, 0.6 points; Mississippi, 0.4 points; Louisiana, 0.6 points; Arkansas, 0.8 points; Tennessee, 0.8 points.

Grain.

Sept. 1913

State	Sept. 1913	Sept. 1912	Sept. 1911	Sept. 1910
North Carolina	80.2	79.5	79.5	79.5
South Carolina	77.5	76.6	76.6	76.6
Georgia	79.5	78.5	78.5	78.5
Florida	79.4	78.4	78.4	78.4
Alabama	78.6	77.6	77.6	77.6
Mississippi	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Louisiana	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Texas	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Arkansas	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Tennessee	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Missouri	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Oklahoma	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8
Illinois	78.8	77.8	77.8	77.8

Country Produce.

(Corrected by Fidelity Fruit and Produce Company, 150 Broadway Street.)

Apples, 10 to 12 ave. \$2.00 to \$2.25

Oranges, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.50 to \$1.75

Lemons, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Tomatoes, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Cucumbers, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Peppers, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Onions, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Potatoes, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Beans, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Peas, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Carrots, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Spinach, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Broccoli, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Cauliflower, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Kale, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Turnips, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

Swiss chard, 10 to 12 ave. \$1.00 to \$1.25

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, August 28.—Hogs—Receipts 10,000; steady; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

Cattle—Receipts 5,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

Sheep—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c lower; bulk of sales \$5.50 to \$6.00; light \$6.50 to \$7.00; heavy \$5.00 to \$5.50; rough \$4.50 to \$5.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Cattle—Receipts 5,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Hogs—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Sheep—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c lower; bulk of sales \$5.50 to \$6.00; light \$6.50 to \$7.00; heavy \$5.00 to \$5.50; rough \$4.50 to \$5.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Pigs—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Calves—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Lambs—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Hens—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Ducks—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Geese—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Turkeys—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Pheasants—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Guinea fowls—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Cranberries—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Raspberries—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Blackberries—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Strawberries—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.50 to \$9.00; heavy \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough \$6.50 to \$7.00.

St. Louis, August 28.—Rhubarb—Receipts 10,000; steady to 10c higher; bulk of sales \$7.50 to \$8.00; light \$8.5

PROMINENT MEN WILL SPEAK FOR SUFFRAGE

Organization of Men's Equal Suffrage Leagues to Be Discussed at Capitol Tonight.

The organization of a men's equal suffrage league will be discussed in the senate chamber at the open suffrage meeting which will be called to order at 8 o'clock tonight.

All of the principal addresses will be delivered by men, who will urge votes for women. College men will also be on hand, ready to subscribe to the organization of intercollegiate equal suffrage leagues.

Mrs. Mary L. McLendon, president of the Georgia Woman's Suffrage Association, will preside at the open meeting, and the following speakers will be introduced: Rev. A. M. Hughlett, Dr. M. C. Hardin, Attorney Leonard J. Grossman, Victor Victor, and Charles McDaniel.

On the eve of the open suffrage meeting the membership of the Atlanta Equal Suffrage Association has been strengthened by the addition of many new suffragists who are anxious to enroll in the only local suffrage organization recognized by the state association which has entered into a statewide campaign to secure the passage of a suffrage bill at the next session of the legislature.

"NEVER AGAIN," SAYS WOMAN WHO TRIED TO TAKE HER LIFE

Macoon, Ga., August 28.—(Special).—Mrs. S. A. Bush, 502 Telfair street, attempted to end her life this morning by taking ten morphine tablets. She told the doctors that she was tired of living because of her domestic troubles. It took the attending physicians an hour to get her out of danger.

The discovery that Mrs. Bush had taken the poison was made shortly after she had reported for work at the Bibb knitting mill, where she has regular employment. Later she promised the doctors to return home and never again make a similar attempt on her life.

No Money Order Extension.

Washington, August 28.—An effort by Postmaster General Burleson to extend the postal money order system came to naught today when Comptroller Downey decided that money orders may be paid only by the offices on which they are drawn. Mr. Burleson contemplated having orders paid by any money order post-office to which they might be presented.

Enrollments Steadily Increasing In Constitution's Prize Contest For Street Car Conductors Only

Every Man Out for the \$100 in Gold—All Enthusiastic Over Fact That If They Don't Win a Prize They Get Paid for Their Efforts.

"I certainly am going to do my best to win that \$100," said a man in line to the Circulation Manager. "But, if I don't land any one of the prizes, I'll have a pretty tidy sum to show for what I've done. It's the best contest I ever heard of, and the best I ever entered. The money paid for subscriptions will win enrollments from everywhere. Who wouldn't enter a contest to compete solely for a prize. They know that under your plan they have nothing to lose and all to gain."

On the Square. And that's the right way to look at it. We can't all be winners. All but six will be losers—losers of prizes, but gainers in money. And what man wouldn't jump at the opportunity to "make a little on the side"? Especially when he knows that everything is on the square. The lists will be turned over by The Constitution at the close of the contest to a committee of distinguished business men who will count the votes and compare them, and then, after making absolutely sure that things are right, will announce the winners to The Constitution.

Meet the Demand. That's all you need do. For the people want The Constitution more and more every day, as they realize more fully what a great and good paper it is, and the high ideals it stands for. Those who have not been regular readers will soon become subscribers. They would just as soon give you the benefit of their subscription. Those who through oversight have allowed their subscriptions to expire without instant renewal will turn them over to you.

Use Every Minute. Don't let a moment pass you idle while this great contest is on. Time flies and soon October 4 will be around. You're not the only one who's after the prizes. Your competitors will give you a merry run for them. Give them one in return. Show just how popular you are with the people of Atlanta. You're just as good as showing for that \$100 in gold as any other conductor.

Watch The Constitution daily for special vote coupons which will be issued from time to time. Clip them and bring them to the Circulation Manager the day they are published and show your figure up a notch or two. And if at any time there are questions you want answered, don't hesitate to phone or come and see the Circulation Manager at The Constitution office.

NOMINATION BLANK

GOOD FOR 5,000 VOTES.

The Atlanta Constitution:

Please enter Mr. _____

Conductor's No. _____ Street _____

As a candidate to the Street Car Conductors' Popularity Contest.

The above person is now an employee of the Georgia Railway and Electric company as a conductor in good standing.

Entered by _____

Address _____

The contestant will receive a credit of 5,000 votes on receipt of this Nomination Blank at The Constitution office.

NOTE—No candidate is allowed to enter the contest more than one time.

GREAT SHIP IMPERATOR IS SWEEP BY FLAMES

Steering Passengers in a Panic. Second Officer Loses Life.

New York, August 28.—The steamship *Imperator*, largest vessel afloat, was swept by fire early today as she lay at her dock in Hoboken, with her crew and 1,121 steerage passengers aboard.

Second Officer Gohrecht, who led the crew into the hold to fight the flames, was cut off from his men, enveloped in a cloud of smoke and suffocated. His body was found an hour after wards, untouched by fire, and brought ashore.

A fleet of fire-fighting craft augmented by apparatus on shore, surrounded the ship and poured tons of water into her hold. When the fire was checked at 8 o'clock the great vessel had listed 15 degrees.

The small army in the steerage, aroused from their sleep by the crackling flames, rushed panic-stricken for the pier, where most of them spent the rest of the night huddled in discomfort at the shore end of the pier. The *Imperator* has suffered several mishaps, more or less serious, since her launching May 23, 1912. Her maiden trip was postponed from month to month, first because she ran aground while on her way to Hamburg and then because of trouble with her turbine.

A benzine explosion occurred on board the vessel April 24, which caused the death of two men and serious injury to six others. Reports in May from Hamburg said the *Imperator* had been gravely damaged by vandals.

DYNAMITE USED IN WAR AGAINST THE TICK LAW

Huntsville, Ala., August 28.—(Special).—A report from Jackson county says some of the people in the Paint Rock valley have become violent in their fighting against the restrictions of the cattle tick law and have blown up two dipping vats with dynamite. At Trenton a gang of men cut the telephone wires leading out of the place and destroyed the vat, then left a note giving the warning, "If this vat is rebuilt, blood will flow through the streets of the town."

An attempt was made to blow up the vat before, but three sticks of dynamite having been placed in the vat, it was destroyed. The vat, a tick of dynamite was thrown into a cornfield belonging to one of the most active of the law's adherents in the neighborhood.

The destruction of the dipping vat is an offense against the United States government and secret service men will be put to work on the case.

WHIPPING IS PROMISED TO SULZER'S FRIEND

Senator Frawley Says He Will Chastise Editor Arnold—Legislators in Ugly Temper.

Albany, N. Y., August 28.—Formal recognition of Lieutenant Governor Martin H. Glynn as acting governor of New York pending the issue of the impeachment proceedings against Governor Sulzer, was completed by the legislature today when the senate accepted three messages sent in by Mr. Glynn last night. The legislature later adjourned to September 17, the day before the Sulzer impeachment court convenes.

The day's proceedings in both houses were characterized by sharp denunciations of Governor Sulzer's close friend, Judge Lynn J. Arnold, who is seeking to procure indictments for felony against Senator Robert F. Wagner, majority leader; Senator James J. Frawley, chairman of the committee which laid the foundations for the impeachment, and Speaker A. E. Smith and Majority Leader Aaron J. Levy, of the assembly.

Levy was charged by Judge Arnold, through Arnold's newspaper, with receiving a \$5,000 bribe from former State Engineer Skene for influencing legislation. Senator Frawley was charged with bribery and other offenses, while Senator Wagner and Speaker Smith were accused of perjury in falsely certifying to a quorum.

The men impugned declared their intention of seeking redress through civil and criminal actions. The plans of democratic leaders to put through a resolution today's session of the financial measures recommended by Acting Governor Glynn, failed through inability to scrape together the three-fifths attendance of each house necessary to pass appropriation bills.

Frawley to Whip Arnold.

Senator Frawley's remarks on the floor in answer to the Arnold charges against him were construed as a threat to chastise his accuser.

Senator Frawley's voice trembled with feeling as he arose to make his statement respecting the criminal allegations made against him. "I have listened for six weeks to the statement every twenty-four hours—'Frawley will be in jail,' he said. 'In line with that I receive every day a letter from somebody in Albany saying, 'Don't you dare visit the capitol or they will kill you.' Now I want to say to the people that all this shooting stuff or killing stuff don't frighten Frawley. If Frawley is a criminal, he is a criminal, and the district attorney to prosecute him."

As to Mr. Arnold, I will try to provide for him a little later. I am going to apply to him the remedy that should be applied to all men of his type. It is not a criminal remedy, but a magistrate's—but something else. Thank God, I am able to apply that to him—and I will."

As Senator Frawley resumed his seat an audible whisper from somewhere in the senatorial circle—"Bully for the author of the Frawley boxing bill," produced a general titter.

Levy Admits Getting \$5,000.

In a formal statement read before the assembly today, Levy admitted that he received \$5,000 from Mr. Skene, but explained that this was a fee, "as counsel to Mr. Skene in the matter of some sixteen indictments pending against him, the supreme court of Albany county. These indictments, he says, he succeeded in having dismissed 'after long and arduous professional labor.' He adds that he made no concealment of this transaction with Skene.

AT THE THEATERS.

Kinmacolor Pictures.

(At the Grand.)

Kinmacolor at the Grand today and Saturday will show the splendid new comedy "Other People's Children" and Beach Scenes Around New York. There will also be first run exclusive black and white subjects. Kinmacolor has been just what was anticipated. This wonderful motion picture had not been seen in Atlanta since its one week visit at the Forsyth more than a year ago. It was then an experiment, but it was a success. The picture is a masterpiece of the great feature and since Kinmacolor has been in the Grand there has been the best of interest.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Forsyth.)

All of the acts in this week's Forsyth bill seem tailored to the feet and fancy of the average theatergoer. People are talking about the show and advising friends to see it, not that it is unusual for the Forsyth to have a great big sure enough vaudeville bill, but because of the unusual features. Evergall has caused more guessing than what the result of the series of juries, or whether Mexico is going to listen to Mr. Wilson or not. And it is a lot more pleasant guessing at that. The people are trying to wonder just how Evergall does his stunts. The mysterious person uses a very pretty young lady in his act.

Jewell Kelley Company.

(At the Bijou.)

The Jewell Kelley company is drawing large audiences to the Bijou, and the popular Little Marietta street theater is adding another success to its long record. "Her Pal Shadow" has struck the popular cord and both play and players are receiving unlimited applause. The premier Jewell Kelley made in advance of giving Atlanta amusement seekers one of the best organizations that has played the city years is being fully realized and the knowledge are predicting a successful season and one that will run many months into the winter.

Emma Bunting.

(At the Lyric.)

In "The Circus Girl" the play which Miss Emma Bunting is to present at the Lyric theater next week, is one that she might properly call "home." It is with some regret that her many admirers learn that the engagement is limited to a single week. A holiday matinee will be given on Monday afternoon and the regular ones of Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday will prevail.

MORGENTHAU NAMED FOR THE TURKISH POST

Washington, August 28.—President Wilson today nominated Henry Morgenthau, of New York, to be ambassador to Turkey.

Conger Is Reduced.

Washington, August 28.—As punishment for alleged political activity, Norman R. Conger, weather bureau inspector at Washington, today was reduced in grade and pay and made local forecaster at Detroit. It was found Conger had received his promotion in reward for his activities in behalf of Willis L. Moore.

ATTACK BY GOVERNOR ON TWO-HOUSE SYSTEM

Hodges Tells Fellow-Executives Unwieldy Legislatures Must Be Abolished.

Colorado Springs, August 28.—Madison, Wis., was selected as the next convention city for the conference of governors of the United States at a late session last night.

The entire executive committee, consisting of Governors McGovern, of Wisconsin; O'Neal, of Alabama, and Ammons, of Colorado, was re-elected. The office of secretary-treasurer was abolished, separate offices being created.

M. C. Riley was re-elected secretary, and J. F. Fort, treasurer. In a discussion of "distrust of state legislatures, the cause, the remedy," Governor Hodges, of Kansas, assailed the two house system of legislative government as unrepresentative and inefficient. He said if the people were to gain control of the law-making bodies of the states they must abolish unwieldy legislatures and elect in their stead 16 legislators who could devote their entire time to state business.

"I have proposed to the Kansas legislature the substitution for the present system, a one-house legislature consisting of not to exceed 16 members," Hodges said. "One-half of them may be elected from districts and one-half elected at large, with provisions for recall, initiative and referendum. I believe these legislators should be elected and elected upon a non-partisan ballot. If not that, then with provisions for minority representation."

Governor O'Neal suggested far-reaching reforms in the make-up and method of legislatures, including more frequent sessions, smaller membership, better salaries for members and a greater percentage of members at large.

Governor Hunt, of Arizona, advocated a single house and said that the double house cannot be defended in state government, "except in the interest of royalty."

FIVE MEN ARE DYING AS RESULT OF FEUD

Indian Harbor, Ind., August 28.—A feud born in the mountains of Rumania was fought to a bloody finish in the streets of this city and five men are dying of knife wounds as a result of the battle. The injured are: John Campeau, Samuel Motes, Joseph Sarbu, Samuel Braza and Nicholas Georges.

Those of the wounded men who are able to speak refuse to give any account of the fight or its cause. Their countrymen are equally reticent beyond stating that the battle was the outcome of a Rumanian feud.

No firearms were used. The fighters grappled and stabbed each other with their long knives. Others probably were seriously injured and several had to be helped away by a crowd when they accidentally ran into the street from the field, leaving the five probably fatally wounded men lying on the ground.

MARKSMAN IS KILLED ON CAMP PERRY RANGE

Camp Perry, August 28.—The first fatal accident to happen on the Ohio ranges at Camp Perry occurred today, when Francisco Zegarra Ballon of the Peruvian team was killed by one of his fellow countrymen, Francisco Zegarra, who accidentally pulled the trigger of his loaded rifle. Francisco Zegarra Ballon had gone to his tent to rest when Zegarra, who had just returned from the range, knelt in the street and aimed his rifle at the pole of Ballon's tent. Believing his gun unloaded, he pulled the trigger. The bullet went through the tent pole and Ballon's left side. Ballon succumbed immediately.

Zegarra is frantic over the accident.

ROBERT NORTON NABBED SAVANNAH WHO RAISED CHECK

Caught in New York.

Savannah, Ga., August 28.—(Special).—The Savannah police were notified tonight that Robert G. Norton, who left here Monday night after obtaining \$1,100 from the People's bank on a raised check, had been arrested in New York.

A detective will leave for New York tomorrow with a warrant to bring Norton back. He had a good portion of the \$1,100 on his person when arrested. Most of it was in New York exchange which he had not negotiated. Norton, who is a member of one of the most prominent families in Savannah, raised a check signed by his mother from \$16 to \$1,100. He had \$500 of the money deposited to his credit, got \$100 in cash and the rest in New York exchange.

Peace Palace Dedicated.

The Hague, August 28.—In honor of the ceremonies incident to the dedication of the palace of peace, Andrew Carnegie gave as a home for the permanent court of arbitration, the capital was gallantly decorated today. Diplomats were here from many countries, including Lloyd Bryce, American minister to The Netherlands.

'SPEED'S HAY FEVER' WINS POSTPONEMENT

Judiciary Committee Will Not Begin Its Investigation Until Late Autumn.

Washington, August 28.—The house judiciary committee met late today to consider its procedure in the investigation of charges of official misconduct against Federal Judge Spear, of Georgia.

The committee voted to defer until late autumn the beginning of the investigation into the charges against Judge Spear. This action was based on the pressure of business in congress and on representations by the judge that it would be injurious for him to come to Washington until after the danger of hay fever passed.

PUT FEET ON DYNAMITE AND SMOKED HIS PIPE

Milwaukee, Wis., August 28.—For two days Colonel William Paulus, station keeper at the Central Police station, rested his feet on a neatly tied package which had been laid beneath his desk. For two days Mr. Paulus hit his pipe and threw the matches beneath his desk and today this same official says he is the luckiest of mortals.

This state of mind resulted when Mr. Paulus investigated the package and discovered that it contained three hundred dynamite caps and eight pounds of dynamite.

A woman entered the station Monday and handed the package to a policeman saying she had found it. The policeman, not wishing to spoil the appearance of the station keeper's desk, placed the package beneath it, but it has been impossible for Mr. Paulus to ascertain what officer it was who so kind as to place the dynamite right beneath his feet.

HOTELS AND RESORTS

Hotel Bretton Hall
New York
Broadway, 85th to 86th Streets, Between Central Park and Riverside Drive. Large and Most Attractive Modern Hotel. Within 10 Minutes of Theatre and Shopping District. Subway Station and Taxicab Cabs at Door. Also Elevated Station, 85th Street. SPECIAL SPRING & SUMMER RATES. All the Comforts of the Better New York Hotels at one-third less price.

ALAMAC HOTEL
NEWEST BEACH-FRONT HOTEL
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
On the famous Boardwalk at Tennessee avenue. ABSOLUTE FIRE PROOF. Furnished for comfort and attractiveness. Sea water in all baths; running water in bedrooms; modern cafe and grill. Also New Hotel Merion.

Weak, Nervous and Diseased Men Permanently Cured
DR. J. D. HUGHES is an experienced specialist. Dr. Hughes successfully treats and permanently cures PREMATURE WEAKNESS, BLOOD POISON, KIDNEY, BLADDER, PROSTATIC AND CONTRACTED DISEASES AND ALL CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASES cured in a few days. YABICOC-CELE, HYDROCELE, STRICTURE PILES and FISTULA. I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. You will find my charges very reasonable and no more than you are able to pay for skillful treatment. Consult me in person or by letter and learn the truth about your condition, and perhaps save much time, suffering and expense. I am a regular graduate and licensed, long established, and reliable. FOR 30 DAYS MY FEE WILL BE JUST ONE-HALF WHAT OTHER SPECIALISTS CHARGE. WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS ACCEPTED.
FOR BLOOD POISON I use the marvelous GERMAN REMEDY, "BOR" OR "BIA," and such improved remedies used for the cure of this disease. No detention from work.
FOR WEAK MEN, LYMPH COMPOUND, combined with my direct treatment, restoring strength and vitality.
IN CHRONIC DISEASES my patients are cured in less time, quickly, and I use the latest improved methods. Consultation and advice FREE. Call or write. HOURS: 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.; SUNDAYS, 9 to 1.
DR. HUGHES, Opposite Third Nat'l Bank, 16 1/2 N. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

MORPHINE
Optim, Whiskey and Drug Habit treated Free. DR. R. M. WOOLLEY, 7 N. Victor St., Savannah, Ga.

CASE OF MRS. GODBEE PUT OFF INDEFINITELY

Slayer of Former Husband and His Wife Returns to Her Cosily Furnished Cell.

Millen, Ga., August 28.—Mrs. Edna H. Godbee, charged with the killing of her divorced husband and his wife in the Millen postoffice two weeks ago, was given a preliminary hearing today before Magistrate Dickel and Rhodes. When Mrs. Godbee was first brought in her attorneys were not present. Asked if she had any thing to say, she replied that she could say nothing until her lawyers appeared. They were finally found and the hearing proceeded. There are large crowds here from Augusta and Waynesboro, where the deceased and the defendant have many relatives.

At the request of the state the defense finally agreed to an indefinite continuance of the case. The date when it is to be heard will be determined at some future time.

Mrs. Godbee was returned to jail, where she has had her cell very comfortably and cosily furnished.

LODGE NOTICE

Georgia Lodge, No. 152, Knights of Pythias, will meet tonight, at 8 o'clock, at Castle Hall, Kiser building. Members are urged to be on hand. All Knights welcomed. YAN B. SMITH, Chancellor. J. S. LANIER, Keeper of Records and Seal.

UNDER HEAVY BOND AS "WHITE SLAVER"

Pensacola, Fla., August 28.—After changing the place for holding the preliminary trial of Benjamin C. Heinberg, a prominent merchant of this city, on the charge of white slavery, in order to keep newspaper men out of the United States commissioner this afternoon held the defendant to the federal grand jury on an increased bond of \$5,000.

While the hearing was secret, the agent for the department of justice, who attended the trial, stated tonight that the girl in the case, 15-year-old Nellie Ward, swore that she had occupied the same berth with Heinberg from Pensacola in Birmingham, and spent three nights with him in a hotel room in Birmingham, but that there had been no improper relations.

WEST END PARK HOME

Most people who are in a position to own homes and whose situation is such that they can afford to pick locations, have a tendency to buy in sections where their homes will be protected, and where individuality is displayed in the surrounding residences.

We offer an unusually nice, stone-front, 7-room bungalow, on lot 55x165, all conveniences, in just such community.

In West End Park, just a half block from the car line, we have had consigned with us for sale No. 26 South Gordon street. This house is of a type that would appeal to almost anybody who wants an individual home. Price, \$7,000. Reasonable terms.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

FOR RENT—A Two-Apartment House—Close In.

At 165-7 Ivy street, between Cain and Ellis, you will find a very desirable two-apartment house, five rooms each, is brick, nicely arranged and is in the best of repairs. Has just been repainted and papered. Rental, \$35 per month each.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE
REAL ESTATE—RENTING—STORAGE
PHONES—BELL IVY 671, ATL. 618. 12 "REAL ESTATE ROW."

WEYMAN & CONNORS
LEND ON REAL ESTATE, IMPROVED OR UNIMPROVED, AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES. QUICK ACTION. NO RED TAPE. INTEREST OF BORROWERS SAFEGUARDED. EQUITABLE BUILDING ESTABLISHED 1890

Talks to Business Men

PLAYING THE GAME

In the business game, as in the national pastime, the home run does not count unless you touch the home plate. In your business literature it's the finishing touch (which only the printer who "knows how" can give) that scores the run that wins the game (lands the orders). We are the "know how" printers. We play the game to win for you. Let us show you on your next booklet, brochure or catalogue. Now is the time to go after the fall business.

Foot & Davies Company
North Pryor St. and Edgewood Ave.
JUST ONE MINUTE FROM EVERYWHERE

BROOKWOOD LOT

On Peachtree road, right at Brookwood, we offer a beautiful lot, 100x300 feet. This lot has all city improvements, is well laid out and is just the place to build a home. We are offering this lot at \$150 per foot; other lots in this section are being held around \$200. Will sell 50 feet at the same price. This looks like a bargain.

B. M. GRANT & CO.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2nd, 11 A.M.

Before Courthouse (South Pryor and Hunter Streets), two Lots on Decatur Street (north side), between Hilliard and Yonge Streets. Each lot 28.3x100 to 10-foot alley. Also one-fourth interest in two Houses and Lots, Nos. 32 and 38 Fortress Avenue. Terms, cash. Deposit of \$200 on each lot required. Sold subject to confirmation of court.

JAMES L. LOGAN,
ROBERT R. JACKSON,
LOWNDES CONNALLY,
Commissioners.

PEACHTREE HOMES

\$18,000, \$25,000, \$30,000, \$32,500, \$35,000
\$40,000, \$45,000, \$50,000, \$60,000

We have a number of special offerings on Peachtree properties. Fine homes and splendid investments. If you are in the market for a choice home or an investment on Peachtree for a large apartment house be certain to consult us.

E. RIVERS REALTY CO.

TO LET 3 New Stores

Marietta St., Near City Hall

Plate Glass Fronts
A. G. RHODES & SON, 202 Rhodes Bldg.

Save \$20 On your wagon
This is our Standard Open Express Wagon, stands rough usage, built especially for city merchants.
We will save you \$20 on your express or delivery wagon. Our plant located in the heart of the hardwood timber section covers five acres with an annual capacity of over 15,000 vehicles. We are the largest manufacturers in the South of business wagons. We build anything from a goat wagon to a three-ton truck—our wagons are built right too, every one guaranteed. We build them to your specifications.
Write us to send you our Special Wagon Price List containing illustration of the wagon you need and other information.
Established 1876
The Rock Hill Buggy Company,
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